ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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THE TIMES, Tuesday, October 28, 1930.

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' automatic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Paris Bureau of The Times, 7, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Classified Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

BERRIDGE.—On Oct. 28, 1930, at 117, The Ridgeway, Wimbledon, to KATHLEEN, wife of S. C. BERRIDGE, of Hankow, China—a son.

BERRY.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at 29, Rivercourt-road, W.6, to DULCIE, wife of A. SYTON BERRY—a daughter.

BEVANLEAN.—On Oct. 27, 1930, at a nursing home, Hove, to DOREEN (*née* Morris), wife of OWEN BEVANLEAN—a daughter.

BLAIR.—On Oct. 22, 1930, at Auckland, New Zealand, wife of LIEUT.-COMDR. RONALD HUNTER BLAIR, D.S.C., R.N., of a son.

BROWN.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Lamorna, The Uplands, Loughton, to IRENE, wife of WILLIAM ROBERT BROWN—a daughter.

CHERRY.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Depot Barracks, York, to MARIE PORZIA (*née* Dullin), wife of CAPTAIN R. E. M. CHERRY, M.C., The West Yorkshire Regt. (P.W.O.), of a daughter (MARIE OLGA).

DAVID.—On Oct. 24, 1930, at 27, Ferncroft-avenue, Hampstead, N.W.3, to GERALDINE (*née* Mackenzie), wife of FLIGHT-LIEUTENANT E. J. B. DAVID, Royal Air Force—a daughter.

EWART.—On Oct. 19, 1930, at 282, Bath-street, Glasgow, to Mr. and Mrs. DAVID S. EWART (Gwendolyn Robertson)—a daughter.

GARDNER.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at Crawley, to MARJORY, wife of GEOFFREY GARDNER—a daughter.

GEDGE.—On Oct. 28, 1930, to GLADYS MARY (*née* Lefroy), wife of REV. P. W. GEDGE, of 52, Tel.-ple-road, Croydon, and 3rd daughter of the late Sir GEORGE LEFROY, K.C.B.—a son.

GLEDHILL.—On Oct. 25, 1930, to ELSIE (*née* Atkinson), wife of A. T. (GLEDHILL, Rhodes House, Prince Edward's School, Salisbury, Southern Rhodesia—a daughter.

GOFFE.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at The Red House, Kingston Hill, Surrey, to EDNA, the wife of E. G. LEOPOLD GOFFE, M.D., R.S.Lond.—a son (ROBIN LEOPOLD).

HALL.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at 39, Branston-grove, Hendon, to DOROTHEA, wife of CAPTAIN ALWYN GWYN HALL—a daughter.

HART.—On Tuesday, Oct. 14, 1930, in a nursing home, Paris, to JEANNE, wife of MAJOR H. EATON HART—a son (GERALD).

HILL.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Copthorne, Wallington, Surrey, to DR. and MRS. S. REGINALD HILL—a daughter.

LINZEE.—On Saturday, Oct. 25, 1930, at Stormont Castle, Dunbar, to ARLENE, wife of LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER R. G. H. LINZEE, Royal Navy—a son.

LOWRY.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at St. George's, Bamld-street, Hereford, to AUDREY MANLEY, wife of the REV. C. F. LOWRY—a son.

MACKENZIE.—On Sept. 18, 1930, at the Kashmir Nursing Home, Srinagar, Kashmir, India, to IRENE, wife of MAJOR E. A. H. MACKENZIE, 1/7th Rajput Regt. (P.W.O.I.)—a son.

MANASSEH.—On Oct. 27, 1930, at 9, Palace-green, W.8, to PHYLLIS, wife of E. J. MANASSEH—a son and daughter.

MARCHANT.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at Dover, to NAN, wife of CAPTAIN D. S. MARCHANT, M.C., The Seaforth Highlanders—a son.

MIDDLETON.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Little Culverwood, Little Berkhamsted, Herts, to MARY, wife of CHARLES MIDDLETON—a son.

MORGAN.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Miri, Sarawak, to HELEN, wife of DR EDWARD MORGAN—a son.

MORRICE.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at a nursing home, Glasgow, to JANE, wife of CAPTAIN WM. MORRICE—a daughter.

NOTT.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Cwcrtie, Wenallyd-road, Bangor, to DORIS (*née* Long), wife of STANLEY CHARLES NOTT—a son.

PEAKE.—On Oct. 21, 1930, at Berne, to CATHERINE, wife of CHARLES PEAKE, British Chargé d'Affaires—a son. (Associated bottles.)

SCALES.—On Oct. 25, 1930, to JANET (*née* Rankin) wife of F. HUGH SCALES, of Dundrennan, Rupert-road, Blackpool—a son.

ST. [illegible].—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Waterbaghatty, Kent, to Dr. A. DE M. STEVENS and Mrs. Stevens—a son.

SMITHWICK.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Cranoagh, Sonth, Ireland, to MARJORIE, wife of MAJOR S. G. SMITHWICK, late Royal Dublin Fusiliers—a daughter.

STIRLING HAMILTON.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at the Close, Chichester, to EILEEN (*née* Southwell), the wife of LIEUTENANT R. W. STIRLING HAMILTON, Royal Navy—a daughter.

SWANN.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Jordans, Cheltenham, to JOAN (*née* Harding), wife of ROBERT SWANN—a son (HENRY).

TERRY.—On Oct. 22, 1930, to Mr. and Mrs. DOUGLAS TERRY, KENYA—a daughter. (New Zealand papers, please copy.)

WARREN.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at a nursing home in Newport, Mon.), to WINIFRED CECILE, wife of A. ARTHUR WARREN—a daughter.

WILSON.—On Oct. 23, 1930, to KATHLEEN, wife of W. EFFERDITOON WILSON, F.R.C.S., of Hillsborough, Torquay—a daughter.

MARRIAGES

BLACKBURN : HARDIE.—On Oct. 18, 1930, at St. Peter's, Pronfield, AUBREY, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Blackburn, to MARION, younger daughter of the late THOMAS DUNN HARDIE and of Mrs. Hardie.

BODDINGTON : CHAPPLE.—On Oct. 27, 1930, at the Chapel of the SAVOY, CHARLES, only son of the late ARCHDEACON BODDINGTON and Mrs. Boddington, to ELIZABETH, younger daughter of DR. and MRS. W. A. CHAPPLE, Westminster.

GOMPERTZ : KOONS.—On Oct. 18, 1930, at the Church of the Sacred Heart, Kobe, Japan, by Rev. Fath. GODFREY, O.S.B., GUSTAVE MONTAGU GOMPERTZ, youngest son of the late R. L. D. Gompertz, Esq., and of the late Mrs. Gompertz, of Bedford, to ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of REV. E. W. KOONS and Mrs. Koons, of Seoul, Korea.

GYBBON-MONYPENNY : AIRD-REID.—On Oct. 16, 1930, at H.M.'s Consulate-General, Beyrout, Syria, LIEUT. D. GYBBON-MONYPENNY, H.B.M.'s Consular Service, Ahwaz, So. Persia, and second son of the late H. d'A. Gybbon-Monypenny, Darjeeling, and Mrs. M. Gybbon-Monypenny, to MARJORIE LOGAN AIRD, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. REID, Ahwaz, Persia, and "Oakvale," Dumbarton, Scotland.

MANDER : PEGG.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at The Abbey, Bath, HENRY THOMAS, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. MANDER, 56, St. John's-park, Blackheath, to GWENDOLEN MARY, younger daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. W. E. PEGG, 139, Chesterton-road, Cambridge.

NESBITT WOOD : ENGLAND.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at St. Augustine's, Edgbaston, by the Ven. the Archdeacon of Birmingham, DR. LIONEL NESBITT WOOD, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Nesbitt Wood, of Whitaker-road, Derby, to CORDELIA HELEN, eldest daughter of Mr. E. T. ENGLAND, King Edward's School, Birmingham, and Mrs. England.

RAMSDEN : ROBINSON.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at St. Laurence's, Downton, by the Rev. J. Robinson, Vicar, father of the bride, assisted by the Rev. W. J. M. Coombs, Rector of St. Maurice's, York, GEOFFREY CHARLES PERCIVERELLE RAMSDEN, I.C.S., son of Colonel H. F. S. Ramsden, C.B.E., and the Hon. Mrs. Ramsden, of Wadhurst, Sussex, to MARGARET LOVELL, only daughter of the Rev. J. and Mrs. Robinson, of Downton, Salisbury.

WARDELL : McCAIN.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at St. Columba's, Oxford, by the Rev. D. C. Lank, LIEUT. COLONEL GEOFFREY WARDELL to KATHARINE, widow of JUDGE FARRAR MCCAIN, of Little Rock, Arkansas, U.S.A.

SILVER WEDDINGS

ALDRIDGE : GREEN.—On Oct. 23, 1905, at Rode, J.W., ROWLAND GEORGE ALDRIDGE to WINIFRED FRANCES GREEN. Present address: Bankton, Lower Kinnwood.

GLOVER : LUGG.—On Oct. 28, 1905, at St. Mark's, Camberwell, PHILIP THORNHILL GLOVER to CLARA ELIZABETH LUGG. Present address: Wykall Vicarage, J.W.

DEATHS

ADYE.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Windcliff, Old Bath-road, Cheltenham, ALICE JANE, widow of the REV. W. F. ADYE, of Tarrant Monkton, Dorset, and daughter of the late Rev. C. H. Steward, of Northway.

ADYE.—On Sunday, Oct. 26, 1930, at 19, Wilton-street, Grosvenor-place, S.W.1, after a very short illness, MAJOR-GENERAL SIR JOHN ADYE, K.C.M.G., C.B., late Royal Artillery, aged 72. Funeral service at St. Peter's, Church, Eaton-square, S.W., at 2 p.m. on Thursday, Oct. 30.

BARRY DREW.—On Oct. 27, 1930, LIEUT.-COLONEL GEORGE BARRY DREW, D.S.O., late the 14th Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regt.), of The Chalet, Sheringham, Norfolk, son of late Major-General F. Barry Drew, C.B., aged 62. Funeral, St. Peter's, Sheringham, Thursday next, at 2.15 p.m.

BLAKE.—On Oct. 24, 1930, at Toronto, Canada, HUBERT BLAKE, eldest son of the late Honourable Edward Blake, in his 71st year.

BOOTY.—On Oct. 26, 1930, suddenly, in a Hove nursing home, HUBERT ERNEST BOOTY, of 46, Bedford-row, W.C.1, beloved husband of Kathleen Mary Booty (*née* Heath), aged 50 years. Funeral, Hove Cemetery, Thursday, Oct. 30, at 2.30. Flowers to Aldine and Kent, Church-street, Brighton.

CAMERON.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at Merton Villa, St. Helier, Jersey, C.I., AGNES MIRA, widow of LIEUTENANT-COLONEL LEWIS CAMERON, M.D., I.C.S.

CLARKE.—On Oct. 25, 1930, ELLA MARY POLEY CLARKE, wife of Major Eric Clarke, M.C., R.E., daughter of Mrs. Kingsford, Weybourne House. Funeral this Church, near Farnham, to-morrow (Wednesday), 2 p.m.

COUGHMAN.—On Oct. 25, 1930, after a short illness, the Rev. ERNEST HERBERT COUGHMAN, M.A., Rector of Easton, Herefordshire, aged 68.

DOUSE.—On Oct. 24, 1930, suddenly, after an operation, LIEUT.-COLONEL EDWARD CECIL DOUSE, late Commander Royal Bath. Sherwood Foresters, of Balsford, The Park, Cheltenham.

FILER.—On Oct. 27, 1930, at The Rectory, Ulley, SABELLA FILER, aged 87.

DEATHS (continued)

GODFREY.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Redbourne Vicarage, Kirton-Lindsey, GEORGE GODFREY, Priest, Vicar of Redbourne and Hon. Canon of Lincoln, aged 90. R.I.P.

GOSSET.—On Oct. 21, 1930, in Jamaica, B. S. GOSSET, aged 78.

HALL.—On Oct. 26, 1930, FRANCIS HALL, dearly beloved husband of Clara Hall, of "Lorraine," The Ridge, Purley, Surrey, aged 79.

HARCOURT.—On Oct. 28, 1930, at Dane Cottage, Hythe, Kent, ADELAIDE MARY, widow of COLONEL GEORGE JOHN HARCOURT, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers.

HEAD.—On Oct. 24, 1930, at "Rosewarne," Cross-in-Hand, Sussex, JOHN HEAD, the loving husband of Beatrix Head, aged 71. No flowers, by request. (South African papers, please copy.)

HIGGINS.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Kilmorie, Hook Heath, Woking, JOHNSTON HADLEY HIGGINS, formerly of Buenos Aires, in his 85th year.

HODSON.—On Friday, Oct. 24, 1930, at his residence in London, FRANK HODSON, beloved husband of Mary Hodson, and eldest child of the late Joseph Hodson. At rest.

HUTTON.—On Oct. 24, 1930, at Freiburg, Germany, WILLIAM HOLDEN HUTTON, Dean of Winchester. Funeral on Thursday, Oct. 30, at 11.45 a.m., in Winchester Cathedral. Sung celebration at 10 a.m.

IVES.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Hertford Heath, GEORGE WILLIAM IVES, for nearly 50 years a faithful and devoted servant of Haileybury College, aged 66. Funeral Little Amwell Church, Thursday, Oct. 30, 3 p.m.

JOHNSON.—On Oct. 28, 1930, at "The Croft," Chalfont St. Giles, Bucks, CHARLES FREDERICK JOHNSON, in his 90th year. Funeral at Chalfont St. Giles, Friday, Oct. 31, at 3.30.

LACY.—On Oct. 27, 1930, at 45, Matheson-road, West Kensington, W.14, MARIA SUSAN, widow of CAPT. DE LACY LACY, 12th Regt., in her 90th year. Funeral on Thursday, at St. Andrew's, West Kensington, at 12.30 p.m., and afterwards at Boxmoor Cemetery, Hemel Hempstead, about 2 p.m.

MANNING.—On Oct. 28, 1930, at 20, Ponnereau-road, Ipswich, the REV. CHARLES UPWOOD MANNING, M.A., late Rector of Diss, Norfolk, in his 74th year. Funeral Diss, Thursday.

MITCHELL.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at 8, Park-avenue, Bedford, suddenly, PAYMASTER CAPTAIN FREDERICK MATTHEW MITCHELL, Royal Navy (retired). Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), Golders Green Crematorium, at 3.30p.m.

MONEY.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Exmouth, very peacefully, ADELAIDE META, widow of COLONEL ROWLAND EARLE KYRLE MONEY, late Indian Army. Funeral Hawkchurch, 2.30, to-day (Tuesday).

MOUNT.—On Oct. 27, 1930, at Oaklands, Aughton, Lancs, EDWARD MOUNT, in his 80th year. Funeral at Lindeth Parish Church, 2.30 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday).

MOWER.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at Vevey, Switzerland, CHARLES HUDSON MOWER, of London, formerly of Boston, U.S.A., after a long illness, aged 64. American papers, please copy.

MYATT.—On Oct. 25, 1930, WILLIAM WALTON MYATT, of Red Cot, Wilmslow, aged 68 years.

NASH.—On Oct. 27, 1930, at 14, Eton-avenue, N.W., MARY ANN, widow of FREDERICK NASH, aged 82. Funeral arrangements later.

NEALE.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at 21, Alexandra-court, Queen's-gate, London, SIMEON WATTS NEALE, late of Reigate, Surrey, aged 85. Service at St. Mary Abbots, Kensington, to-morrow (Wednesday), at 10 a.m. Interment at Putney Vale Cemetery.

NELSON.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at 7, Warren-road, Bournemouth, ANNA MARIA HYDE NELSON, aged 81. Funeral 2.30 to-day (Tuesday).

NEWTON.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at Wisborough Green Vicarage, GEORGE HERBERT, formerly Vicar of St. Matthew's, Willesden, and of St. Leonard's, Bromley-by-Bow. Funeral Thursday, Oct. 30, 2.30 p.m., at Wisborough Green, E.I.P.

NORMAN.—On Oct. 27, 1930, at a nursing home, MARY NORMAN, widow of Edward White Norman, late of 13, Aynhoe Mansions, Brook Green, W.14, and Deal, aged 77. Funeral, Golders Green Crematorium, 2 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday). Flowers and inquiries to Sharman & Son, 154, Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

NORRINGTON.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Oxted, WALTER SHAW NORRINGTON, second son of the late Arthur Norrington, of Purley.

PARNABY.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at "Devonia," St. Saviour's-road, Bath, JOHN MURRAY PARNABY, M.B.E., for 30 years Borough Accountant of Middlesbrough, aged 73. Funeral at Lansdown Cemetery, Bath, at 2.15 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday).

PEARSON.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at Vectis Lodge, Augustus-road, Edgbaston, WALTER ERNEST, dearly beloved husband of KATIE PEARSON, in his 69th year.

PERRY.—On Oct. 27, 1930, suddenly, at 50, Greencroft-gardens, N.W.6, WINIFRED PERRY, second daughter of Madame Perry and the late Alfred Perry.

RYVES.—On Oct. 22, 1930, in London, ALFRED EDWARD RYVES, B.A., Barrister-at-Law, Puisne Judge of the High Court, Allahabad, India, son of T. J. Ryves, late Indian Police. Interred at Great Missenden, Oct. 28, 1930. (Indian papers, please copy.)

SMITH.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Corrie Lodge, Lockerbie, HENRY DODDRELL SMITH. Funeral at Rowe Tracey Cemetery, Torquay, at 2 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday).

THAL.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at 11, Hyde Park-terrace, FANNY, the beloved wife of ERNEST THAL. Funeral will leave house at 10 o'clock to-day (Tuesday) for Golders Green Crematorium.

TODD.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at 3, Prince Gardens-terrace, Kensington, THOMAS FREDERICK D'ARCY TODD, Barrister-at-Law, in his 79th year. Funeral service at St. John's Church, Southwick-crescent, Hyde Park, on Thursday, Oct. 30, at 2.30. Interment at St. Mary's Churchyard, Mortlake. No flowers, by request.

TURNER.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at 11, Carlyle-mansions, S.W.3, after a very short illness, ALFRED MAYON TURNER. Service at Golders Green to-morrow (Wednesday), at 12.30 p.m. No flowers, by his request, but would friends thinking of offering flowers very kindly send their equivalent to Cheyne Hospital, next door, with their card?

UNDERHILL.—On Oct. 28, 1930, at Southbourne, Tettenhall Wood, Wolverhampton, JAMES EDWARD UNDERHILL passed peacefully away, in his 96th year.

VIRTUE-TEBBS.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Gold Hill Cottage, Shaftesbury, LIONEL VIRTUE-TEBBS, aged 63. No flowers, by request.

WALL.—On Oct. 20, 1930, at Mogden Hospital, Middlesex, of scarlet fever, WILLIAM JAMES WALL, of Heatherbrae, Heston-road, Hounslow, and Glenthorne, Green Lane, Ruislip, aged 23 years.

WALTHEW.—On Oct. 25, 1930, at Harpenden, GRACE WHITTAKER, widow of FREDERICK HAWKS WALTHEW, late of Tuticoris, S. India. Funeral at Harpenden to-morrow (Wednesday), 2.30 p.m.

WEEKS.—On Oct. 24, 1930, ARABELLA C. WEEKS ("BELLA"), for many years a devoted servant in the family of the late Richard William Welford.

WILLIAMSON.—On Oct. 27, 1930, in London, ALEXANDER BALFOUR WILLIAMSON, of Alvie, Kincraig, Inverness-shire, and 6, Princes-gardens, S.W., dearly loved husband of Louie C. Williamson, third son of the late Sir Hugh and Mrs. Williamson, of Copley, Thorpe-le-Hough, Chester, aged 65. Service at All Saints' Church, Campton, to-morrow (Wednesday), at 3.20 p.m. Cars will meet the 1.45 p.m. train from King's Cross at Hitchin. Return train leaves Hitchin at 5.3 p.m. Interment in the Abbey Parish Church, Kincraig, on Thursday, Oct. 30, at noon. Memorial service at St. Michael's Church, Cornhill, on Thursday, Oct. 30, at 12.30 p.m. No flowers.

WOMERSLEY.—On Oct. 26, 1930, at Richmond, NALTON (NOLLY), eldest son of the late ALBERT WOMERSLEY, of Snaresbrook, Essex, aged 71. Funeral at Old Church, Wanstead, to-morrow (Wednesday), at 3 p.m. Train 2.10 Liverpool-street to Snaresbrook.

IN MEMORIAM
ON ACTIVE SERVICE

COSENS.—In honoured and cherished memory of H. F. COSENS, Lieut., 1st East Yorks Regt., Oct. 28, 1914. "He died in doing a kindly act to one of the enemy who wanted to surrender . . . he died a brave gentleman."

COSENS.—LIEUT. H. S. F. COSENS (FREDDIE), East Yorks, killed near Armentières, Oct. 28, 1914.

"Not gone from memory or from love."—M.

COULES.—In proud, God honoured memory of ERIC A. G. COULES, 2nd Lieut., R.E., killed in action near Hargicourt, Somme, Oct. 28, 1917, aged 19.

FITZE.—In proud and very loving memory of my dear son GERALD, Captain "C" Battery, R.H.A., missing since Oct. 28, 1914, at the first Battle of Ypres.—MOTHER.

GOODMAN.—In proud and undying memory of GILBERT ANTHONY, dearly loved son of ALFRED and PENELOPE GOODMAN, of The Temple, London, and Batchelors, Kent, Lieut. 1st/11th Battn., Loyal North Lancashire Regt. (Regular Army, Old 47th Foot), attached Royal Air Force, who was killed in action, Oct. 28, 1918, in aerial combat with two enemy aeroplanes.

"Their memorial is from generation to generation."

HAYES-SADLER.—In proud and ever-living memory of LIEUTENANT E. J. B. HAYES-SADLER, R.E., 20th (Field) Company, Third Sappers and Miners, reported missing at Neuve Chapelle, Oct. 28, 1914.

"To the Boy Babe from the Girl Babe.—A Salute!"

ROOLEY.—In ever-loving memory of my dear husband, RAOUL TERRAH ROOLEY, M.C., Major, Tank Corps, who died on Oct. 28, 1918.

KENNEDY.—To the proud memory of my darling husband, CAPT. ALEXANDER KENNEDY, R.I. Rifles, fell in action France, Oct. 28, 1914, son of the late General Kennedy, 60th Rifles, grandson of the late Rev. J. Lampen, M.A., of St. John's-by-Antony, Cornwall.—D. K., Aythan, 27, Rosmoth, Devonport.

LOVE.—In ever-loving memory of HAROLD CHARLES LOVE ("DEDA"), Honourable Artillery Company, killed in action in France on Oct. 28, 1916, aged 21, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles K. Love, Ravelyn House, Cranley-gardens, Palmers Green, London.

He is enshrined in the hearts of those who loved him.

MADDICK.—In ever-loving memory of HERBERT MADDICK (BERTIE), Captain, 5th Royal Irish Lancers, who died Oct. 28, 1915, at St. Thomas's Hospital, one hour after landing from the Dardanelles.

RAWLING.—To the honoured memory of BRIG.-GEN. C. G. RAWLING, C.M.G., C.I.E., D.S.O., Commanding 22nd Infantry Brigade, killed at Houge, Oct. 28, 1917. —His BROTHERS.

SALOMONS.—In loving memory of D. REGINALD SALOMONS, Captain, 1/3rd Kent Field Co., R.E., who was drowned off Madras whilst in command of his Company on H.M.S. Hythe on Oct. 28, 1915, and sacrificed his life, as he refused to save himself until his men were rescued, and gave his lifebelt to one of them.

WASEY.—In proud and loving memory of CYRIL W. C. WASEY, M.C., Chev. Legion of Honour, mentioned in despatches, Captain, the R. War. Regt., aged R.F.C., who was killed in action Oct. 28, 1917, aged 24. Also of his little brother GEOFFREY, who died of influenza Feb. 24, 1917, aged nine years.

WEAVER-ADAMS.—In memory of our beloved CLIVE, 2nd Lieut., R.A.F., killed on service in Lincolnshire, Oct. 28, 1916, aged 19.

"Let me feel the wind on my temples
When I answer the Last Great Call;
Let my spirit go out in a windstorm,
Clean, pure, on my last ride of all."
"For of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

GARDINER.—In ever-loving memory of M. H. GARDINER, M.B., C.M. (Edin.), who passed away at Richmond on Oct. 28, 1921.

IN MEMORIAM (continued)

KEER.—In ever-loving memory of EDITH LOUISA KEER (*née* Atkin, of Hall), of 73, Foxbourne-road, Balham, London, S.W., a darling wife and sweet mother, who died Oct. 28, 1918.

"I have lived and die in the belief that 'God is Love,' and the more we love each other the nearer we are to Him."

LAWRENCE.—In ever-loving memory of SIR JOSEPH LAWRENCE, Bt., Oct. 28, 1919.—M. A. L., M. B. P.

PEMBERTON.—In ever-loving and grateful remembrance of ANNIE PEMBERTON, who passed out of this life on Oct. 28, 1929.

SMITH.—On Oct. 28, 1924, at 2, Wellington-court, Knightsbridge, S.W.1. In dearest memory of ARTHUR GERALD, the darling and devoted husband of NELLIE SMITH. "And with the morn those angel faces smile, Which I have loved long since and lost awhile."

WAY.—On Oct. 28, 1928, at Barrymore, Shoreham-by-Sea, Sussex, CAPTAIN ROBERT LEWIS WAY, O.B.E., R.N., aged 49.

BROOKWOOD CEMETERY.—The Cemetery Beautiful (Estd. 1852). Illustrated Brochure post free.—The London Necropolis Co., 121, Westminster Bridge-rd.

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WITHERS, LTD., MARBLE ARCH GARAGE (entrance Bryanston-mews) 206 Bryanston Mews mews 7181 (8 lines). 6d. High-class cars for hire.—35, Edgware-road, W. 'Phone, Padd. 0430.

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ROBINSON'S REMOVAL SPECIALISTS. SPLENDID MOTOR VANS WEEKLY, London, S. Coast, Devon, Cornish Midlands, Yorks, Manchester, Liverpool, Wales, 307, Broadway, Cricklewood, N.W.2. (Willesden 7181 (8 lines). Knolls House, Manchester; Moseley, Birmingham. Est. free.

JOS. MAY'S RETURN LOADS SAVE POUNDS. MOTOR PANTECHNICONS, SKILLED PACKERS, GOING TO MOST PARTS FROM LONDON. ALSO OVER THE COUNTRY DAILY. ESTIMATES FREE. 8.—HOWLAND-STREET. W.1. MUSEUM 2410-11.

BUSINESS OFFERS

3 lines 15s. (minimum)

COMPLETELY FURNISHED OFFICE IN LONDON from £125 per annum, including rates, taxes, lighting, heating, cleaning, 'phone (unlimited local calls), and service.—Sentinel House, 37, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

PROSPEROUS GARAGE wants responsible BRANCH MANAGER with not less than £2,500; fully secured; splendid chance for right man; no commission paid to agents.—Write Box 7749, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

PARTNER. London metal chemical exporters, with excellent Far Eastern connexions, shortly returning to establishment in Hong Kong and Japan, desires to undertake a few additional AGENCIES or business commissions for first-class British metallurgical and chemical works.—Write Box M.412, The Times, E.C.4.

CAR GARAGE.—London, has VACANCY for ACTIVE INVESTOR £1,000; exceptional security and excellent prospects; public school preferred.—Write Box F.1044, The Times, E.C.4.

AMALGAMATION.—Civil Engineering Contracting Company, with principals known in H.M. Government and Corporation construction works and directed by engineers of wide experience at home and abroad, requires to extend considerably its organisation to secure and execute further contracts it is in a position to obtain. Will consider amalgamation or alternative proposals.—Write Box E.1823, The Times, E.C.4.

AN IRISHMAN, 26, with CAPITAL, who has travelled extensively in Europe, Canada, U.S.A., and Australia, seeks advice or offers which may lead to employment abroad or partnership.—Apply Box "B," Eason's Advertising Service, Belfast.

MANUFACTURERS requiring a British process to invite APPLICATIONS for the limited number of 10 per cent. PREFERENCE SHARES. Full particulars to principals or their solicitors only.—Write Box B.1140, The Times, E.C.4.

PROGRESSIVE FIRM having exclusive manufacturing rights REQUIRES £2,500 (secured by Debenture); good interest and share of profits. Solicitors or principals only.—Write Box B.1676, The Times, E.C.4.

PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY, £29,000 capital paid up, manufacturing ladies' sports, coats, &c., &c., wholesale, requires to extend business; £10,000 wanted. REQUIRES fresh CAPITAL £10,000 upwards, to develop business. Big trade now being done to these figures. Profits over £5,000 yearly. Interest of nearly 200 in the hands of trade promoters; highest references; interest to company's accountants.—Write Box 0696, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

CHARTERED Accountant (Glasgow), 25 years; competing six years in private practice after three years' American experience, desires appointment with reliable and progressive commercial or manufacturing company.—Box 6751, Dawsons, 121, Cannon-street, E.C.4.

SECRETARY with £500 for large industrial company; closest investigation invited, and highest references given and required; principals or their solicitors only should reply.—Write Box B.1674, The Times, E.C.4.

DIRECTOR and GENERAL MANAGER with £2,000 REQUIRED by large undertaking; knowledge of building trade essential; excellent prospects; closest investigation invited; highest references given and required; only principals or their solicitors need apply.—Write Box B.1679, The Times, E.C.4.

TO PARENTS, &c.—Established progressive firm of merchants REQUIRING further capital for expansion have opening with assured income for young gentleman; solicitor's, accountant's references available.—Write Box W.101, The Times, E.C.4.

FOR ENGLISH-TYPE tradesman's approved bills for hire purchase. REQUIRED, annual purchase rewards; own control; 10 per cent. per annum. Principals only; write Box R.1635, The Times, E.C.4.

THE "BUSINESSES FOR SALE" COLUMN will be found interesting, further on page four.

DIRECTORS AND PARTNERS

3 lines 15s. (minimum)

A MAN is WANTED who has some capital and real business vision; one prepared to "take a chance" on his own initiative; a man, 30 to 40 years of age, well past the experimental stage, with an unlimited field for expansion, needing more money for rapid development; only one now loans a controlling interest. A worker; Directorship is open to the right man for him. Experience in sales organization, advertising, or publishing an advantage. Principals only address for interview Box 7749, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

BUSINESS MAN WANTED as ACTIVE PARTNER to invest £4,000 in extensive manufacturing concern; established pre-war.—Principals only, write Box B.1434, The Times, E.C.4.

ACTIVE OPENING for gentleman with £6,000 in sound business producing income over £1,500 per annum.—Hilliard Pratt, 10, Walbrook, E.C.4.

A BUSINESS which, for over a year has been marketing a commodity with great success, and making good profits, is about to spend nationally; accountants' report open to inspection; co-operation invited; ASSISTANT MANAGING-DIRECTOR with organising ability required; good salary and share of profits; INVESTMENT £2,000-£2,500.—Write Box R.1681, The Times, E.C.4.

ACTIVE DIRECTORSHIP offered in company with substantial assets and profitable business; commencing salary £500; investment £2,000.—Principals only write, stating name and full particulars, to—Box B.1146, The Times, E.C.4.

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EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.—Company owning rights to manufacture small car retailing at £65 suitable for commercial or pleasure purposes requires sum of £500 to £1,000 to fulfil orders. Positions open for directors, secretary, and managers. Large profits on investments assured.—Write Box R.1683, The Times, E.C.4.

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FINANCE WANTED for Coach Body Building Firm with great possibilities; capital required to finance existing contracts and extend business; principals or solicitors only.—Write Box W.55, The Times, E.C.4.

DIRECTORSHIP.—£3,000; sound progressive business London; freehold assets; income £650 per annum; audited; great scope.—Write Box R.1674, The Times, E.C.4.

ESTABLISHED LIMITED COMPANY possessing the valuable agencies foreign building stones, Tiles, Marble, to enter Colchester, with well-equipped wharfage, requires finance to carry out big developments. Splendid OPPORTUNITY for GENTLEMAN with CAPITAL.—Write Box V.371, William Os, Strand, W.C.2.

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GENTLEMEN requiring SOUND OPENINGS where capital together with SERVICES can be profitably utilized are advised to consult Midwinters, 265, Strand. Genuine needs receive personal attention.

PUBLIC SCHOOL MAN, aged 27, business and journalistic experience, with literary tastes, seeks POSITION with interest in business.—Write Box D.IN-VEST up to £3,000.—Write Box F.1678, The Times, E.C.4.

SECRETARY and OFFICE MANAGER REQUIRED to join Company with brilliant prospects; £500 to £750 investment required; salary and profits yield over £500 per annum.—Call Midwinters, 265, Strand.

TITLED EX-OFFICER with large business and organisation experience seeks post of ACTIVE DIRECTOR or MANAGER; small capital available; highest references given and required. No agents.—Reply A. R. F., care of

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MAIL, PASSENGER, AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

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P. & O.

Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	M'seilles
†Mantua	11,000	Jack	Oct. 31	Oct. 31
Ranchi	17,000	Brooks	Oct. 31	Nov. 7
†Viceroy of India	20,000	Townshend	Nov. 7	Nov. 14
Mooltan	20,000	Browning	Nov. 14	Nov. 21
†Kaisar-I-Hind	11,500	Headlam	Nov. 21	Nov. 28
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	Nov. 28	Dec. 5
†Rajputana	17,000	Mills	Dec. 5	Dec. 12
Valdera	16,000	Harrison	Dec. 12	Dec. 19
†Ranpura	17,000	Furlong	Dec. 19	Dec. 26
Malwa	11,000	Hilton	Dec. 27	Jan. 2
†Mantua	11,000	Hignett	Jan. 2	Jan. 9
Narkunda	17,000	Parker	Jan. 9	Jan. 16
†Viceroy of India	20,000	Obison	Jan. 16	Jan. 23

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.

From London and Marseilles.

§Chitral	15,000	Sigrem	Oct. 31	Nov. 6
Malaya	21,000	Browning	Nov. 14	Nov. 21
Valdera	16,000	Harrison	Dec. 12	Dec. 19
‡‖Mongolia	17,000	Rhodes	Dec. 26	Jan. —
Narkunda	17,000	Parker	Jan. 9	Jan. 16
§Chitral	15,000	Niven	Jan. 23	Jan. 29

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

"One Class" Service at Special Fares. Calling Southampton.

Burdwan (cargo)	6,000	—	Nov. 7	—
Behar (cargo)	6,000	—	Nov. 21	—
†Novara	7,000	Pivot	Dec. 5	—
†Nagova	7,000	Cochrane	Dec. 19	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Ranchi	17,000	Brooks	Oct. 31	Nov. 7
‡Perim (cargo)	7,648		Nov. 7	—
Kashmir	9,000	Mallaby	Nov. 13	—
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	Nov. 28	Dec. 5
Kashgar	9,000	Budell	Dec. 11	—
†Ekma	9,000		Dec. 29	—

Taking Passengers † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan.
†Taking also 3rd Cabin Passengers. ‖ Not calling Southampton.

BRITISH INDIA.

(Under Contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) and KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	Antwerp.
**HATIMURA	6,686	Nov. 5	Nov. 14	Nov. 16
**INDORA	7,277	Nov. 19	Dec. 2	Dec. 4
†WARFIELD	6,060	Dec. 20	Dec. 24	Dec. 27
†KENYA	10,000	Jan. 7	Jan. 16	Jan. '18

* Cargo steamer. ¶ Calls Southampton. † Calls Port Sudan

COLOMBO. MADRAS AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON
MASHOBRA	8,324	—	—	Nov. 1
MANDALA	8,246	Oct. 29	Nov. 8	Nov. 15
PANDELA	8,309	Nov. 12	Nov. 22	Nov. 29
MERKARA	8,284	Nov. 26	Dec. 6	Dec. 13

PORT SUDAN, ADEN AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	M'seilles.
MALDA	9,066	—	—	—	Nov. 1
MODASA	9,070	Nov. 1	Nov. 12	Nov. 21	Nov. 29
MAIDA	9,070	Nov. 29	Dec. 10	Dec. 19	Dec. 27
MATIANA	9,067	Dec. 27	Jan. 7	Jan. 16	Jan. 24

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Immingham.	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE.

Manager, F. H. GROEVENOR.

P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1. City Passenger Office, 120, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3. Strand Office, Passenger and Freight Agency, A. F. Case, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2; Paris, Société Française P. & O., 41, Bd. des Capucines; Monte Carlo (Col. C. Fane, P. & O. Agent); Avenue de Grande Bretagne.

FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS:—P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.

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P. & O., Becombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; R.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey, and Co., Ltd., Doxat, Billiter-street, E.C.3; (Middlesbro' to Bombay and Karachi) Gosman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line) Hirt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

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Regular Four-Weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.

Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	Nov. 29
MARAMA	11,000	Dec. 18
‡RUAPEHU	9,000	Dec. 19
RANGITATA (new motor vessel)	17,000	Jan. 16
RANGITANE (new motor vessel)	17,000	Feb. 13

† Cabin and Tourist Passengers only.

Apply the N.Z.S.S. Co., Ltd. (J. B. Westray and Co., Ltd. Agents), 125, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tels., Avenue 5220), or the Tourist Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tels., Regent 8724), or for Vancouver service any office of the Canadian Railways.

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FAST STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.

Via Malta, Port Said, Suez and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

	Tons.	LONDON.	Plymouth
BENDIGO	13,000	Nov. 7	Nov. 8
TRARADINE	13,000	Nov. 21	Nov. 22
BARRABOOL	13,000	Dec. 5	Dec. 6
BALRANALD	13,000	Jan. 30	Jan. 31

¶ Carrying HIS MAJESTY'S MAILS and calling at Aden. Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	17,000	Nov. 28	Dec. 4
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	17,000	Dec. 26	Jan. 1

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; or Australia House, Strand, London, W.C.2.

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	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORFORD	20,000	—	Oct. 31	Nov. 2
OTRANTO	20,000	Nov. 8	Nov. 14	Nov. 16
ORMONDE	15,000	Nov. 22	Nov. 28	Nov. 30
ORSOVA	12,000	Dec. 20	Dec. 26	Dec. 28
ORONTES	20,000	Jan. 3	Jan. 9	Jan. 11
ORCADES	20,000	Jan. 17	Jan. 23	Jan. 25
ORAMA	20,000	Jan. 31	Feb. 6	Feb. 8

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES

CITY HALL

BUCKNALL

FAST AUTUMN PASSENGER SERVICE.
LIVERPOOL, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date.	Destination.
bCity of Baroda	7,129	Oct. 28	Colombo and Calcutta
bCity of Canton	7,344	Nov. 11	Bombay and Karachi
City of Marseilles	8,567	Nov. 13	Bombay and Karachi
City of Lahore	4,962	Nov. 14	Colombo and Calcutta
bCity of Hongkong	8,678	Nov. 25	Bombay and Karachi

Calls (a) Marseilles. (b) Port Said. (c) Madras. (d) Direct from Marseilles.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Karachi	5,878	Nov. 21	C. Town, Algoa B.,
City of Canton	7,344	Nov. 28	Durban.

Trafford Hall ... 5,321 | Dec. 2 | E. London, Natal.

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.

Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.

LONDON: 104-6, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tels. Ave. 9240
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. .. Cent. 9240
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street .. Cent. 9222

ELLERMAN'S WESTCOTT & LAURANCE LINE LTD.

LEITH, TYNE, ANTWERP, and LONDON to MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, LEVANT & BLACK SEA

Steamer.		Closing London.
Gibraltar, Malta, Piraeus, Salonika, Ismir (Smyrna), Istanbul (Constantinople)	Grodno	Oct. 30
Malta and Alexandria	Kyno	Nov. 5
Gibraltar, Malta and Alexandria	Rosmelian	Nov. 15

Loading Berth—West India Dock (A Shed).

Taking goods by trans-shipment to Tunis, Tripoli (Barbary), via Malta, Carnaro, Lemnos, Panama, Cyprus, Syrian Coast Ports, via Alexandria, Bourgas, Varna, Odessa, and Constanza via Constantinople, all Greek Ports.

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WESTCOTT & Co., 21, Canal des Brasseurs, Antwerp.

N.Y.K. LINE. (JAPAN MAIL.)

FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
KATORI MARU	16,000	Nov. 7	Nov. 13	Nov. 14
KASHIMA MARU	16,000	Nov. 21	Nov. 27	Nov. 28
YASUKUNI MARU	11,950	Dec. 4	Dec. 11	Dec. 13

Also calling at Gibraltar.

FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE FROM SAN FRANCISCO, via HONOLULU, to JAPAN & CHINA. Through Bookings from Europe.

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CHRISTMAS CRUISES.

	Steamer.	Tons.	Days.	From
Dec. 19	"Arandora Star"	15,000	19	28 Guineas
Dec. 19	"Alaunia"	14,000	17	24 Guineas
Dec. 20	"Laconia"	14,724	17	£26

Full particulars from:—

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SHIPPING (continued)

NORTH ATLANTIC SAILINGS

UNITED STATES TO NEW YORK.

Oct.	Steamer	From	Line
29	HOMERIC ..... b	Southampton	White Star
31	TRANSYLVANIA ..... c, f	Glasgow	Anchor
Nov.			
1	AQUITANIA ..... b	Southampton	Cunard
1	SAMARIA ..... f, c	Liverpool	Cunard
1	AURANIA ..... g	Southampton	Cunard
5	OLYMPIC ..... b	Southampton	White Star
8	BALTIC ..... f, c	Liverpool	White Star
8	MINNEWASKA ..... h	London	A.T.L.
8	FRANCONIA c	Southampton	Cunard
8	FINLAND ..... b	Southampton	Red Star
12	MAJESTIC ..... b	Southampton	White Star
14	EMP. OF AUSTRALIA b, c	Southampton	Can. Pac.
14	CAMERONIA ..... f, c	Glasgow	Anchor
14	AUSONIA ..... g	Southampton	Cunard
15	MAURETANIA ..... b	Southampton	Cunard
15	SCYTHIA c	Liverpool	Cunard
19	HOMERIC ..... b	Southampton	White Star
22	AQUITANIA ..... b	Southampton	Cunard
22	ADRIATIC c	Liverpool	White Star
22	MINNETONKA ..... h	London	A.T.L.
22	CALEDONIA ..... f	Glasgow	Anchor
22	WESTERNLAND ..... b	Southampton	Red Star
22	LANCASTRIA ..... b	Southampton	Cunard

† Also calls BOSTON. b Via Cherbourg. c Via Belfast. f Via Belfast and Glasgow. g Via Queenstown. / Via Moville. o Via Havre. h Via Boulogne. k Via Quebec.

CANADA TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.

Oct.	Steamer	From	Line
29	DUCH. OF RICHMOND m	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
31	LAURENTIC c	Liverpool	White Star
Nov.			
1	MONTCLARE ..... s	Southampton	Can. Pac
1	ARCADIA ..... s	Southampton	Cunard
7	DUCHESS OF ATHOLL m	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
8	ANTONIA c	Liverpool	Cunard
14	EMP. OF AUSTRALIA b, s	Southampton	Can. Pac.
14	DUCHESS OF BEDFORD	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
14	DORIC ..... m	Liverpool	White Star
14	MONTCALM c	Glasgow	Can. Pac.
15	ALAUNIA ..... s	Southampton	Cunard

TO HALIFAX, N.S.

Nov.	Steamer	From	Line
8	PENNLAND ..... n	Southampton	Red Star
22	ADRIATIC ..... m	Liverpool	White Star
22	WESTERNLAND ..... n	Southampton	Red Star
22	LANCASTRIA ..... n	Southampton	Cunard

TO SAINT JOHN, N.B.

Nov.	Steamer	From	Line
20	DUCHESS OF YORK .. m	Liverpool	Can. Pac.

b To Quebec, m Via Belfast and Glasgow, s Via Cherbourg, c Via Belfast.

Apply COMPANIES' OFFICES or local agents.

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.

PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO NEW YORK.

"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER."

LAND AT PLYMOUTH AND SAVE ANYTHING FROM TWELVE TO SIXTEEN HOURS. (THE MAILS TAKE THIS ROUTE.) EMBARK PALE AT PLYMOUTH. THE ADVANTAGE IS PRECISELY THE SAME.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"LAFAYETTE" (c)	Oct. 29	Nov. 7
"FRANCE" (c)	Nov. 5	Nov. 11
"ILE DE FRANCE" (c) ..	Nov. 12	Nov. 18
"DE GRASSE" (c)	Nov. 19	Nov. 28
"PARIS" (c)	Nov. 26	Dec. 2
"ILE DE FRANCE" (c) ..	Dec. 3	Dec. 9

(c) Express First and Second Class Liners.
(c) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Liners.

PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.

TRINIDAD, VENEZUELA, COLOMBIA, PANAMA.
S.S. "CURA" .. .. Nov. 3
S.S. "FLANDRE" .. .. Nov. 17
and then: Dec. 1st, 29th, Jan. 26th, Feb. 23rd, Mar. 23rd.

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S.S. CAP POLONIO .. .. from Boulogne Oct. 31
S.S. CAP ARCONA .. .. from Boulogne Nov. 23

Boat Train leaves Victoria 9 p.m.

For particulars apply: STELP and LEIGHTON, Ltd., 9-15, Fenchurch-buildings, London, E.C.3. 'Ph. Mon.4361. Or Principal Passenger Agents.

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LARGEST & LATEST LINERS FROM LONDON TO RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, and BUENOS AIRES.

SUNSHINE TRIPS TO SPAIN, PORTUGAL and CANARY ISLANDS.

	Sat.
M.V. HIGHLAND BRIGADE ..	Nov. 1
M.V. HIGHLAND HOPE	Nov. 15

Full details on request to—
Passenger Office: 98, LEADENHALL-STREET, E.C.3. West End Agency, 11, (Lower) Regent-street, S.W.1.

ROYAL HOLLAND LLOYD.

SOUTH AMERICAN SERVICES

from SOUTHAMPTON, via SPAIN, PORTUGAL, LAS PALMAS.

PERNAMBUCO / BAHIA	S.S. "ZEELANDIA" .. 6 NOV.
RIO DE JANEIRO / SANTOS	S.S. "ORANJA" .. 20 NOV.
	S.S. "FLANDRIA" .. 11 DEC.
MONTEVIDEO / BUENOS AIRES	S.S. "ZEELANDIA" .. 8 JAN.

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Nov. 7 " NAPLES		
" 8 " GIBRALTAR		N.G.I. LINE.
Nov. 7 from GENOA		"CONTE GRANDE"
" 8 " NAPLES		
" 10 " GIBRALTAR		LLOYD SABAUDO LINE.

Other Sailings: Nov. 25, Dec. 10, Jan. 6, Jan. 27.

Nov. 11 from TRIESTE		"SATURNIA"
" 14 " NAPLES		
" 15 " CANNES		COSULICH LINE, Ltd.

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Via France, Spain, Portugal, and *Madeira.

Vessel	Gross Tons.	From Southampton.	From Liverpool.
*ARLANZA	14,622	Nov. 6	—
*ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Nov. 20	—
DARRO	11,444	—	Nov. 22
*ALMANZORA	15,551	Dec. 4	—
DESEADO	11,427	—	Dec. 6
*ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	Dec. 18	—
DESNA	11,483	—	Dec. 20
DEMERARA	11,484	—	Jan. 3

EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE TO WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.

CHILE, BERMUDA, HAVANA — Via France, Spain. — PERU, PANAMA CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
†ORBITA	15,495	Oct. 30
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,257	Nov. 13
ORCOMA	11,580	Nov. 27
ORITA	9,296	Dec. 11

† With liberty to call at St. Michael's, Azores.

TOUR ROUND SOUTH AMERICA.
ORDUNA, January 6, 1931.

R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS." CHRISTMAS CRUISE TO MEDITERRANEAN, &c.

From SOUTHAMPTON, DECEMBER 19.
19 Days. Fares 38 Guineas and upward.

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PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

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Largest and fastest ships on the Pacific Ocean.

EMPRESS OF ASIA	Nov. 13
Latest connecting steamer from Liverpool	Oct. 31
EMPRESS OF CANADA	Nov. 27
Latest connecting steamer from Liverpool	Nov. 14

NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA

(Fastest route to New Zealand).

To and across Canada by Canadian Pacific—and from Vancouver by Canadian Australasian R.M. Service. To Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.

AORANGI .. Nov. 12 | NIAGARA .. Dec. 10

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BRITAIN'S LATEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS to LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

"AVELONA STAR"	From London and Bordeaux	31 OCT.
"AVILA STAR"		14 NOV.
"ALMEDA STAR"		28 NOV.
"ANDALUCIA STAR"		12 DEC.

NO EMIGRANTS—FIRST CLASS ONLY.

ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY. Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from £50.

STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, Monthly from £60.

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"ARANDORA STAR,"

With Perfect Cuisine and Service.

DEC. 19TH for 19 DAYS to CEUTA (for TETUAN), PALERMO, NAPLES, VILLEFRANCHE (for MONTE CARLO), MALAGA, LISBON.

38 Gns. and Upwards.

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ONE CLASS ONLY.

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Esperance Bay	14,184 tons from Southampton Oct. 29
Euripides	14,184 tons from Southampton Nov. 26
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Fares from £38 to £52.

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NEW ZEALAND VIA PANAMA CANAL.

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE.

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†CORINTHIC	12,500 tons from Southampton	7 Nov.
†IONIC	12,554 tons from Southampton	5 Dec.
**MATAROA	12,500 tons from Southampton	2 Jan., 1931
**AINSDALE	11,000 tons from Southampton	30 Jan.
**TAMAROA	12,500 tons from Southampton	27 Feb.

** Oil Burner. 1st and 3rd class only.
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SARPEDON	8 Nov.	HECTOR .. .. 31 Jan.
PATROCLUS	6 Dec.	ANCHISES .. .. 14 Feb.
ANTENOR	3 Jan.	AENEAS .. .. 28 Feb.

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Special Winter Rate—Return Fare, Port Said £48, Colombo £95. The Straits £112 10s.

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A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

(1) S.S. ULYSSES	From Liverpool	8th	NOV.
(2) S.S. EURIPIDES	" Liverpool	6th	DEC.
(1) S.S. NESTOR	" Liverpool	3rd	JAN.

(1) First Class only.
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	London.	Southampton.
‡GLOUCESTER CASTLE	Oct. 30	Oct. 31
SAXON (Refrigerator)	—	—
†LANGIBBY CASTLE	Nov. 6	—
ARUNDEL CASTLE	—	Nov. 7
‡LLANSTEPHAN CASTLE	Nov. 13	—

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Next Sailing from Nov. 28

SPHINX	Nov. 28	DJENNEH	Dec. 26
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.			
GEN. VOYRON	Nov. 14 and Nov. 28	EX. GRANDIDIER	
FIR. EUG. ISTAMBUL, IZMIR, & BEYROUT.			
THEOPHILE GAUTIER	Nov. 6 and Nov. 18	LAMARTINE	
EGYPT, PALESTINE, BEYROUT.			
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Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Staffordshire	13,000	Oct. 31	Nov. 6
Gloucestershire	13,000	Nov. 14	Nov. 20
Devon	13,000	Nov. 28	Dec. 4
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AUTOMOBILE Engineering Training College, Chelsea, London, S.W.3. Day and Residential. Founded specially to train boys of good education for the motor industry; theoretical and practical training by experienced modern works experience with training in administration appointments for qualified students. Candidates will be accepted for Probationary Term.—Syllabus and Principal.

DANCING.—Suitable girl trained as Teacher in country connexion, companion to another; small premium required; good prospects.—Write Box B.1135, The Times, E.C.4.

JOURNALIST has vacancy in his Fleet-street office for personal pupil with literary ability.—Write Box M.432, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY CLERKS AND TYPISTS

REQUIRED, experienced Sales Correspondent (lady) with some executive training; age 25-35; must be capable and "well educated"; opportunity for suitable applicant in fast-growing organization with headquarters in Oxfordshire, where residence will be necessary; state age, education, experience, and enclose copies of recent testimonials.—Write Box B.1101, The Times, E.C.4.

SECRETARIAL Clerk (lady) required; must be capable and well educated and have some executive training; age 25-30; opportunity for suitable applicant in fast-growing organization with headquarters in Oxfordshire, where residence will be necessary; state age, education, experience, and enclose copies of recent testimonials.—Write Box B.1101, The Times, E.C.4.

A Private Secretary's Post is within the grasp of every qualified shorthand-typist accepted by the Institute of Women Secretaries for training as a private secretary. Postal tuition. Appointments offered to qualified students. Send now for your copy of "The Personal Secretary." Free and no obligation.—Institute of Women Secretaries, Ltd., 20, Goschen-buildings, Henrietta-street, W.C.2.

LADIES.—Private Secretaryship offers you a well-paid, interesting and dignified career. Most efficient practical training in Secretarial subjects which may be taken at home in spare time under expert guidance; bookkeeping, shorthand, languages, typewriting, &c. Most informative and interesting book "Private Secretaryship," offered free.—Write to-day, Metropolitan College, Dept. P.2, St. Albans.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED
3 lines 3s. (minimum); Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

ABILITY, Brains, and Character.—Young Englishman, late Assistant Secretary to Foreign Embassy, Spanish, French, German, with native fluency, thorough business knowledge, books and accounts, through change of Government is available for position at home or abroad; unimpeachable references.—Write Box K.1838, The Times, E.C.4.

ACCOUNTANT requires any position of trust; would travel; salary and commission basis.—Write F. M. Butler, 80, Clive-road, Merton, S.W.19.

ADVERTISER, accustomed to responsibility and with wide experience in a managerial and executive capacity, desires a change. A scientific training and a wide commercial experience make him particularly suitable to those requiring a man of high principles for investigation and control of a manufacturing business or company; widely travelled and has a first-hand knowledge of many countries. Successful results of past work and excellent credentials available.—Write Box M.265, The Times, E.C.4.

ADVERTISER, Dutch, 45, until recently General Manager leading merchant firm in Burma and British India, seeks appointment with concern of repute in Europe; wide experience and thorough knowledge of the Eastern market; highest references.—Write Box B.1140, The Times, E.C.4.

A Man of wide experience, gained in progressive business career, at present holding responsible executive position, desires appointment in sales, commercial, or general management with wider scope; remains part work, ideas, intelligence, and initiative; Public School education; thorough experience sales and commercial control; highest references; age 36. No agencies.—Write Box B.1107, The Times, E.C.4.

A Maintenance Engineer, accustomed to turbines, Lancashire boilers, Green's economisers; interview solicited.—Wetherald, 7, Alberta-ave., Chapel-Allerton, Leeds.

AMERICA (South).—At the present time, when Great Britain is trying to develop business with Latin America, a gentleman, member of very well-known South American family, now established in England, with the best diplomatic and manners' references, an ex-member of Parliament, ex-editor of important newspapers, young, energetic, and full of initiative, offers his services to any industrial or commercial concern, the Press, or to any advertising firm or publisher wishing to utilize an authorized adviser, special correspondent, or representative in any important activity in London or other large town of England; willing to travel abroad if necessary.—Write Box 06998, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

BUSINESS man with very extensive administrative experience as Managing Director of manufacturing concerns is desirous of taking up an executive position in a company where his qualifications can be utilized to the fullest extent. Letters from leaders of industry as to testimony in the above sense will be thoroughly appreciated, and will gladly arrange interviews with proprietors looking for good men.

LADY HOUSEKEEPERS, HOUSE-KEEPERS, AND COOKS

CAN anyone recommend a really good Cook-Housekeeper for Sussex? Forty-five minutes from London; must be good manager and a thoroughly nice woman; two in family and four children; excellent kitchenmaid and daily help; very good wages if entirely suitable.—Write Box W.1985, The Times, E.C.4.

COOK-HOUSEKEEPER.—Starting Housekeeper, or Domestic Help; plain cooking; clean kitchen; temporary or permanent; Nov. 1; £50.—Gaines, Oxted, Surrey.

COOK-HOUSEKEEPER, 25-35; all duties small house, S.W.; family two; personal reference.—Write Box 8650, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

COOK-HOUSEKEEPER, 40-48; family two; kitchenmaid; good wages. Ability to-day or to-morrow, 11-2, after 6, 14, Cavendish-place, W.

CAPABLE person, good sewer, look after young children; two in family; good wages.—Apply Mrs. Vaughan Hughes, Knighton Grange, Bishop's Castle, Salop, Shropshire.—Write Box B.1122, The Times, E.C.4.

WORKING Housekeeper or General Maid for small household; no cooking; age 18 to 25; good outings.—Write Box B.1163, The Times, E.C.4.

WORKING Housekeeper wanted; good plain cook; two in family; woman with child school age; must like children; Putney, Nettlebed, near Henley-on-Thames.

WORKING Housekeeper, under 40, wanted for flat, 3 South Kensington; must be thoroughly experienced; good place; excellent references essential; state length and wages; gas cooker; constant hot water.—Write Box 8682, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

COOK and House-Parlourmaid, or Married Couple; both have help; personal reference essential; for Belgravia; four servants kept.—Write Box B.1123, The Times, E.C.4.

COOK, good plain, wanted; four maids, betweenmaid; near village and town; on bus route; wages £52.—Mrs. Hodgson, Westons Place, Warnham, Horsham.

COOK required for Herts, age not less than 35; three in family; six maids.—Miss Chetwynd, Broad Oak End, near Hertford.

COOK or experienced Cook-General, November 14; 30-40; non-basement; three adults; house-parlourmaid kept, man for rough; £55-£60.—Mrs. Barratt, 27, Holland-park, W.11.

COOK, experienced, wanted; betweenmaid kept; own bed room; four maids.—Write or call to-day from 9 till 5 p.m., 13, Inland Revenue-road, Holland Park, W.

COOK, single-handed, wanted; family two; wages three; age 25 to 40; personal reference.—Write first, Mrs. St. Hyde Park-gate, S.W.7.

COOK, Good Plain, required for modern non-basement house; good outings; bath room; every labour-saving appliance; frequent outings; wages £60.—Apply Mrs. Blaiberg, "Priworth," West Heath-road, Hampstead, N.W.3.

A Good Single-handed Cook, where betweenmaid kept. A wanted for near Windsor; two in family and nursery; four servants kept; good wages.—Apply, stating wages and age, to Mrs. Crisp, Moram House, Old Windsor, Berks.

A Single-handed Cook and House-Parlourmaid wanted for flat; age 35; own bed rooms.—Apply to-day, Mrs. Lathom, 3, Hamilton-terrace, N.W.8.

CAN any lady recommend a thoroughly reliable single-handed Cook for an officer's household? Wanted early in December for Tidworth; two in family, two children in holidays; age about 40; wages £45-£50; Protestant or R.C.—Write Box W.60, The Times, E.C.4.

EXPERIENCED Cook (with betweenmaid) and L.P. Parlourmaid, wanted for Curry Rivel, near Taunton, Somerset; electric light and modern conveniences; good references; two in family; four maids kept.—Apply Mrs. T. B. Davison, Hans-crescent Hotel, til Wednesday.

GOOD Cook wanted, good wages and good outings.—Apply Mrs. Petersen, The Lea, Esher, Surrey.

GOOD Cook wanted occasional evenings and lunches; must be good; waiting on three or four people; make-omelette. Maids Vale.—Write Box 8667, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

MOTHER and daughter, experienced, good plain Cook and Housemaid; personal reference essential.—Write Box 05442, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

LADY seeks post as Confidential Secretary; expert knowledge bookkeeping and figures generally; interviewing ability; correspondence; thorough knowledge of French of office routine; has acted as company secretary.—Write Box 05449, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

PRIVATE Secretary (lady) seeks new post; expert shorthand-typist; good knowledge bookkeeping; six years' experience; free in four weeks or sooner if necessary.—Write Box B.1774, The Times, E.C.4.

SECRETARY (Lady), thoroughly competent to take charge if required, well educated, good appearance, willing to travel; excellent references.—Write Box B.1169, The Times, E.C.4.

SECRETARIAL post by lady; shorthand, typing, good German, French; six months' experience Germany.—Write Box 8666, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

SECRETARY or part-time Secretary's post required by experienced shorthand-Typist (150-170); French own machine; £3 or proportionate.—Telephone Harrow 2156 or write Box 09233, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

YOUNG lady (25), experienced, seeks post as Private Secretary; club or hotel preferred.—Write Miss H., 52, Western-avenue, W.12.

A Private Secretary or Senior Shorthand-Typist) can be provided by the Institute of Women Secretaries, Ltd., 12, Henrietta-street, W.C.2 (Temple Bar 9055) (permanent and temporary).

B188 Kerr-Shaker, 175, Piccadilly, W.1. Tele. No. Gerrard 6010, recommends Shorthand-Typists, Secretaries, and Foreign Correspondents for responsible positions where a good education and initiative are required.

DRAPERS, DRESSMAKERS, AND MILLINERS

EXPERIENCED Visiting Dressmaker, evening and day dresses, coats, costumes; good work and highest references.—Write Box B.1056, The Times, E.C.4.

FRENCH Milliner, models and renovations.—Marguerite, 15, Quadrant-arcade, Regent-street, W.1. Gerrard 4516.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT
3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum)

GOVERNESSES, COMPANIONS, MATRONS, AND LADY NURSES

CAN lady thoroughly recommend experienced Governess for three boys (eldest 7 years) for Hereford?—Write Box R.1874, The Times, E.C.4.

CHARMING Lady recommends Nursery Governess. English with fluent French, or French-Swiss. Protestant. Wanted November or March; girl 5 who goes kindergarten; London and country; health, wardrobe, nature study; firm but kind disciplined; real child lover; age about 30; salary about £100 according to experience.—Write Box B.1131, The Times, E.C.4.

CAN any lady personally recommend Companion-Nursery Governess, girl 7? No teaching, but real child lover who can interest and keep them happy; musical and needlewoman an advantage; trustworthy; Church of England; under 30; interview essential.—Mrs. Davenport, Elmhurst, Marlborough.

DAILY Governess required afternoons, supervise home work, violin, piano practice.—Apply, stating terms, qualifications, salary, Mrs. Lang, Lakland Lodge, Blackheath, S.E.3.

GERMAN or German-Swiss Nursery Governess; knowledge of English and experience with children essential; Sept. or Oct.—Apply Mrs. Lubbock, Chalkeford-gardens, Chalkeford-green, Oxon.

GOVERNESS-HELP for girl 10 years; needlework, light duties.—Levi, 34, Ambleside-avenue, Streatham, S.W.

NURSERY Governess, gentlewoman, wanted for little girl nearly 5; about 25 to 30; one nationally fond of children essential.—Mrs. Richardson, Rockwood, Walton-on-Thames.

COMPETENT Nurse wanted, entire charge girl aged 1 year and able to take baby from the month; nurserymaid waited on; personal references necessary; salary £50-£60, according to capabilities.—Apply by letter or preferably in person to Winterton Lodge, Forty-hill, Enfield (Waltham Cross 95).

FULLY trained Nurse required for private staff of hospital; salary £70; uniform allowance.—Apply the Superintendent, Kensington, Fulham and Chelsea Hospital, 184, Fulham-road, S.W.10.

PRINCESS Christian Nurse required for child 14 months, Norfolk and London, age 28 to 28.—Write Mrs. Philip Gribble, 62, Cadogan-place, S.W.1.

COMPANION-GOVERNESS required, girls 9 and 5, good teaching and musical, £120.—Swan; Lady Nurse, boy 2½ years, girl 10 months, £84. Hong-kong; ditto, baby 18 months, £70. Hove; ditto, boy 4 months, girl 2 years, £90. Woking; Lady Cook and House-Parlourmaid, small flat, £50 each. Town.—The Ladies' League Agency, 118, New Bond-street, W.1.

LADY Nurse required; Paris (first baby), American family, Lorraine, and Pratet, Surrey; £100; Worcester, £90; Buchan-Rutland, £80; Ceylon, Ireland, Oxford, Warwick, Scotland, £70; India, £55; many others.—Mrs. Boucher, Ltd., 6, Basil-street, Knightsbridge.

LONDON; £60-£70.—French or Swiss Protestant Nursery-Governess, boy 7; good sewer, child lover.—Anglo-French Bureau, 306, Regent-street.

WELL accredited Governesses and Good Nursery Governesses should apply to Hoopers (Educational Agents), Ltd., Radnor-House, 93, Regent-street, W.1. No charge for registration.

HELPS AND NURSES

CAPABLE Help, all duties; new labour-saving home; one child 3½; £52; help given.—Write fully Advertiser, Rydens End, Walton-on-Thames.

LADY returning Australia shortly requires Help; essential daily food; country.—Write full particulars Box W.80, The Times, E.C.4.

NURSE-HOUSEMAID, thoroughly reliable, healthy, and cheerful, for two boys (2 and 3); Caterham, Surrey.—Write, stating salary required and age, Box W.109, The Times, E.C.4.

NURSE wanted, country near Brentwood, later Hants Coast, for little girl of 3 and supervision of daily food and clothes of two older children at school; good needlewoman and lover of country life; four maids and nurse kept.—Write fully to Mrs. Blundell Brown, Wrightsbridge, near Brentwood.

CAN any lady recommend nice Nurserymaid for country after situation? Must have had some experience in good service; only ladies' letters answered.—Hamble, Mrs. Methuen, Furzics Castle, Reynoldston, Glamorgan.

EXPERIENCED young gentlewoman, 20-25, under Governess, to assist for infants from birth-3; £40-£45.—Chesterfield, Worcester Park, Surrey.

TEMPORARY Nurse, 24th Nov.-9th Dec.; flat, Bayswater; boy 1 year; do own nursing.—Write Box 4797, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

WANTED, Nurse for boy 4, girl 2½, boy 9½ (prep. school).—Apply Mrs. Glynne Jones, Bradfield College, Reading.

NURSE-HELP, £50, Devon (near Exeter); baby 13 months; one maid; doctor's house; no housework.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., Gentlewomen's Dept., 86a, High-street, Marylebone, London, W.1. No engagement; no fee. Office close 5.30 from 3rd November (Saturdays 1 o'clock).

NANNIES required: Town, £100; Retford, Germany, Ireland, Portugal, £80; Hants, Kent, Oxford, Surrey, Devon, Kent, Argentine, Ceylon, Africa, £70.—Mrs. Boucher, Ltd., 6, Basil-street, Knightsbridge. No booking fee.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

LADIES' MAIDS AND MAIDS

WANTED, Personal or Useful Maid, good needlewoman, experienced packer or traveller, for Town; week-ends near Reading; personal reference essential.—Apply by letter, Lady Hirst, 40, Park-lane, W.

CAN Lady recommend experienced Useful Maid, age 30? Must be excellent needlewoman, make lingerie, wash and iron crêpe de chine; personal references essential; good wages.—Write Box B.1181, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY'S Maid (Useful); country and London; small household; must be good dressmaker, fine needlewoman; wash all fine things; English, French, or Swiss.—Write Box K.1892, The Times, E.C.4.

THOROUGHLY experienced French Maid, 25-35; dressmaking essential.—Lady Poole, 47, Great Cumberland-place, W.1.

WANTED, experienced Maid for lady and daughters aged 10 and 16; good dressmaker and packer; accustomed to children.—Mrs. Gibbs, Admington Hall, Shipston-on-Stour, Worcestershire.

WANTED, a French Children's Maid for two children, aged 5 and 7 years, to live in nursery with nannie and baby; nurserymaid kept; former experience necessary; age about 25 years; good wages and outings.—Apply 33, Cranley-gardens, S.W.7.

FRENCH Lady's Maid; London, country; dressmaker; travelling; £55. Ditto, country; travelling; good post; £45.—Anglo-French Bureau, 306, Regent-street.

PRIVATE SECRETARIES AND SECRETARY-HOUSEKEEPERS

WANTED, Secretary-Companion to Doctor's household; good presence, tact, elementary bookkeeping essential; previous experience preferable.—Write Box 4764, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

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CAN anyone recommend a really good Cook-Housekeeper for Sussex? Forty-five minutes from London; must be good manager and a thoroughly nice woman; two in family and four children; excellent kitchenmaid and daily help; very good wages if entirely suitable.—Write Box W.1985, The Times, E.C.4.

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CAPABLE person, good sewer, look after young children; two in family; good outings.—Apply Mrs. Vaughan Hughes, Knighton Grange, Bishop's Castle, Salop, Shropshire.—Write Box B.1122, The Times, E.C.4.

WORKING Housekeeper or General Maid for small household; no cooking; age 18 to 25; good outings.—Write Box B.1163, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED immediately, Good Cook for country situation, 25 miles from London, one mile from country town; kitchen and scullerymaid kept; two in family; woman with child school age; must like small home.—Mrs. Poole, Nettlebed, near Henley-on-Thames.

WORKING Housekeeper, under 40, wanted for flat, 3 South Kensington; must be thoroughly experienced; good place; excellent references essential; state length and wages; gas cooker; constant hot water.—Write Box 8682, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

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COOK, single-handed, wanted; family two; wages three; age 25 to 40; personal reference.—Write first, Mrs. St. Hyde Park-gate, S.W.7.

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DRAPERS, DRESSMAKERS, AND MILLINERS

EXPERIENCED Visiting Dressmaker, evening and day dresses, coats, costumes; good work and highest references.—Write Box B.1056, The Times, E.C.4.

FRENCH Milliner, models and renovations.—Marguerite, 15, Quadrant-arcade, Regent-street, W.1. Gerrard 4516.

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DAILY Governess required afternoons, supervise home work, violin, piano practice.—Apply, stating terms, qualifications, salary, Mr

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS REQUIRED
(Continued from Page Three)

BUTLER, experienced; single; 5ft. 11in.; free.—Dale, 2, Elmwood, Addersbury, Bunbury.

CARETAKER/VALET to bachelor flats in London, or as Footman; age 28; height 5ft. 9½in.; good experience in private service; excellent references and Army character; smart, military appearance.—Write Box 00459, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

GENTLEMAN recommends footman as single-handed Butler or Parlourman; free November 1st.—Cleaver, Alderton, Friday.

MAJOR J. Carlton Cross highly recommends Mr. William Hazlett as Butler or Manservant; leaving due to reduction of staff.—Wyke Hall, Gillingham, Dorset.

MAN, good Cook; reliable; exceptional references; single.—Mrs. C. Priory-cottages, Esher.

R. C. Browning, Esq., Alresford, Hants, recommends his Butler, now with Mrs. Benson, 102, Park-street, W., who also recommends.—Apply letter or 'phone, Mayfair 2600.

SINGLE-HANDED Butler-Valet requires situation; hunting and shooting; good personal references; thoroughly good.—Box 845, Beauchamp's Registry Office, 10, Beauchamp-place, Knightsbridge, London. 'Phone, Sloane 5564.

BUTLER or Parlourman; 30; £75; carve and valet; first-class references.—Percy's Agency, 37, Berners-street, W.1. Museum 1375, 6063.

COOK-GENERAL (male); several smart men seek situations; good references.—Elite Agency, 60, New Oxford-street, W.C.1. Museum 0478.

FOOTMAN under butler in Surrey wants London; 20, 5ft. 8in.; £35-£40; nearly three years present place; hallboy, then us; knowledge of all footman's duties; trustworthy; good appearance; free 14th.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Tele. Welbeck 7777. No booking fee. Offices close 5.30 from 3rd November (Saturdays 1 o'clock).

MENSER/WEBB, Butler-Valets, House and Parlourmaids, Footmen, Oddmen; personal references.—Knightsbridge Agency, 18, Sloane-street. Sloane 3515.

HOTEL ASSISTANTS AND OATERERS

YOUNG Lady, with 6 years' hotel experience (2 years as manageress) in best part of London, wishes to change her post; thoroughly conversant in social catering and financial departments.—Write care of 56, Gloucester-gardens, N.W.2.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY

3 lines 7s. 6d.; 2s. 6d. per line after

PARISIAN Dressmaker. Model gowns, also own materials; high class; moderate.—Louise Mantles, Maison Française, 40, Queen's-road, W.2. Park 4302.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE

3 lines 3s. (minimum); Agencies 2s. per line (minimum 4 lines)

LONDON AND SUBURBS

LANCASTER-GATE.

A Bare Minute Kensington Gardens.—FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION for two visitors. Personally recommended for comfort and excellent food. English meat, &c. Not run as a boarding house or private hotel. Men (Services, Varsity, or Public School) or married couple. Bed-sitting room, single 3gns., double 5gns., quite bachelor, or 4gns. and £2 12s. without luncheon.—Write Box F.1315, The Times, E.C.4.

HYDE PARK, W.2.

A BARE MINUTE LANCASTER-GATE or PADDINGTON STATION.—A nicely appointed newly decorated Residence for Business or Professional Men; two bed-sitting rooms, music room; 70 attractive bed rooms (gas fires, slot meters), 15 bath rooms; constant hot water; excellent food; mending by arrangement. Inclusive terms (no lunch) from £3 7s. 6d. per week; bed, breakfast, and dinner from 90s. 6d. per week.—Apply Sutherland House, 23-24, London-st. Phone, Padd. 6770.

16, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.

A Bare Minute HYDE PARK.—Exclusive modern Residence for Professional Only. Newly furnished and decorated throughout. Hot and cold running water all bed rooms. Night porter. Daily, weekly, or longer terms on request. Padd. 3015.

A BARE MINUTE British Museum.—ROOM, breakfast, 6s. day, from 35s. weekly; undercooked breakfast.—Ingleton-square, W.C.1.—Miss Jackson. (Museum 6806.)

123, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE.

A Bare Minute Paddington.—Ideal Residence for COLONIALS and VISITORS to LONDON. Newly decorated. Breakfast and dinner only from 5gns. weekly. Large doubles now available.—Padd. 8855.

EGMONT HOUSE.

A BARE MINUTE PICCADILLY TUBE.—ONE ROOM FLATLETS; sitting room furniture; single, 27s. 6d.; double, 35s.; newly decorated; electric light and hot baths; gas fires, central heating.—8, Grenville-place, S.W.7 (Gloucester-road Tube). Western 1256 (and adjoining) 14, Emperor's-gate, S.W.7. Western 0256.

A Bare Minute Paddington Station.—Burn's Chambers, 81, Gloucester-gardens, W.2.—Comfortable BOARD-RESIDENCE, from 45s.; excellent food. Padd. 4290.

A BARE MINUTE TUBES and BUSES. Just off Edgware-road.—Newly decorated, quiet, well-furnished BED-SITTING ROOMS; catering as desired. Terms moderate.—21, Linden-gardens, W.2. Park 7802.

A Beautifully appointed Residence, 12, ROLAND-GARDENS, three minutes Gloucester-road and South Kensington Stations; hot and cold running water; excellent cuisine; from 3½gns. inclusive. Kensington 6252.

VICTORIA.

A Beautifully decorated old-world ROOM; beam roof, antique furniture, fixed basin concealed; other pretty rooms; constant hot water; moderate terms, including baths, breakfast. 108, Cambridge-street, Warwick-square, Pimlico, S.W.1. (Opposite St. Gabriel's.)

A Beautifully FURNISHED SUITE, private bath, in gentleman's flat; Hyde Park; good cooking and service.—37, Westbourne-terrace, W.2. Padd. 6165.

DUDLEY COURT, HYDE PARK.

A BEAUTIFULLY Appointed RESIDENTIAL in Inverness-terrace; excellent cuisine; bridge; partial board from 47s. 6d.—Resident Proprietress. Park 1276.

A Beautifully appointed RESIDENTIAL CLUB offers unequalled facilities for BOARD-RESIDENCE; hard court tennis, bridge, and dancing; cleanliness and good catering; attractive bed rooms, fitted constant hot and cold water, some with private bathrooms; gas fires; 2 minutes from pass the grounds and Tubes to all parts.—Apply Manager, West Side Club, Eaton-rise, Ealing, W.5.

MARBLE ARCH.

A Beautiful Residential House, 5mins. Hyde Park; excellent table; large bed rooms; constant hot water. Inclusive terms from 2½gns. 'Phone Padd. 4671 or write Box 7381, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

SAYES COURT,

2-4, INVERNESS-TERRACE, HYDE PARK, W.2.

A BEAUTIFUL and most comfortable PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL HOTEL, personally recommended for excellent table and service; English meat; constant hot water, gas fires in bed rooms; minute's walk of Kensington Gardens; central all parts. Inclusive from 8gns. Park 2040.

A Beautiful homely Christmas is assured at the LADBROKE HOUSE Residence, which is ideally situated by the proprietor; terms moderate.—28, Ladbroke-gardens, Kensington Park-road. Park 5127.

47, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.

A BRIGHT REFINED PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL; resident Proprietress; hot and cold water all rooms; constant hot water; near Tube, buses and Park. From 2½gns. single, 5½ double.—Burlington House, Padd. 5706.

GRANVILLE COURT.

A Charming Establishment most centrally situated in Granville-place, W.1, between Oxford-street and Portman-square; excellent accommodation at 3 and 3½ guineas; bathroom to every floor; inclusive terms; a unique proposition in London. Tele., Mayfair 3503 and 6920.

53, PRINCES-SQUARE, W.2.

A Comfortable BOARD-RESIDENCE, near Hyde Park; central heating; French cuisine. From £2 10s.

NEW MANSION RESIDENTIAL

38, 39, and 40, LANCASTER-GATE, HYDE PARK, LONDON.

A FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL ESTABLISHMENT overlooking beautiful Recreation Gardens, central for all parts of London. Gas and electric fires. Hot and cold running water in every bed room. Nothing but the best English food served. Special terms for families. FULL BOARD from £2 12s. 6d. weekly (or 15s. 6d. daily). Bed room, table d'hôte breakfast, bath, boots, and attendance, 7s. 6d. per day. Telephone, Padd. 1008. Also Strand House, 40, Leinster-gardens.

THE ARMY AND NAVY,

1-2, QUEEN'S-GARDENS, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2. MANSIONS SUITE of four reception rooms, GAS FIRES IN ALL BED ROOMS; hot spring and bath taps; constant hot water; quiet, refined, and select. QUALITY, EXCELLENCE, AND LIBERALITY of out table, with good cooking and dainty service. South Kensington Station only eight. Three minutes from three Tubes, buses, and Hyde Park. Terms inclusive from £2 12s. 6d. and £2 18s. 6d. Double 6, 7, and 8 guineas. By the day from 10s. 6d. Padd. 3528. Illustrated Tariff.

A LADIES' RESIDENCE for professional or business workers; breakfast and late dinner if required; gas fires.—Beaumont-street, W.1.

A Lady offers ROOMS, part board, 3gns.; private sitting room; meals optional.—B., care of 72, High-street, St. John's Wood.

111a, GLOUCESTER-ROAD, S.W.7.

A LARGE and SMALL ROOM. Furnished or not; use of kitchen, bath; moderate; close Tube. Daniel, 'Phone Western 4412 before 1 o'clock for appointment.

A LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED SUITE a few yards of Marble Arch, artistically decorated; running hot water, electric fires; moderate rent.—40, Seymour-street, W.1. (Padd. 07448.)

A Luxuriously FURNISHED SITTING-ROOM, TWO BED ROOMS, use bath room; let with board only; lady's private house; excellent cook.—Lever, 22, Cleveland-gardens, Hyde Park, W.2.

A QUIET square, minute Notting Hill-gate Stations.—An Attractive ROOM; running water; breakfast; baths; 25s. inclusive; 2 weekly; gas fires, electric.—7, Kensington Park-road. Park 7057.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

A Quiet select Residential; South; gardens; gas fires and hot water; highly recommended. From Victoria Proprietress, 62-64, Lexham-gardens, W.8. Kelvin 8770.

ARLINGTON COURT.

A Quiet, comfortable house; 20 bed rooms, with running hot and cold water; gas fires; billiards; 2 gns. —27, Craven-hill-gardens, Leinster-gate. Padd. 4183.

95, QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.

A QUIET comfortable RESIDENTIAL; well-heated; electric lift; 2 rooms, constant hot water, gas fires; from 12s. 6d. daily, weekly terms.—Kens. 8137.

MARBLE ARCH.

A Very attractive FIRST-FLOOR BALCONY SERVICE SUITE; one or two bed rooms, sitting room, private bath; meals if desired; excellent cook-housekeeper.—71, Seymour-street, W.1.

A Well FURNISHED SUITE, private house; two bed rooms, sitting room, bath, every convenience; 3½gns. weekly.—3, Nottingham-place, Gloucester-street, W.1.

A Well FURNISHED DOUBLE DRAWING ROOM to VACANT; also single bedroom; attendance; gas fires; from 1gn. Padd. 8661.—110, Westbourne-terrace, W.2.

GLOUCESTER HOUSE.

A RESPECTABLY RESIDENTIAL HOUSE, 19, CROMWELL-ROAD, S.W.5.

A ROOM LET; suitable for good cuisine and attendance; box-spring beds and hair mattresses; gas fires, constant hot water; luxurious reception rooms; personal supervision; moderate terms. Frobisher 4570.

VICTORIA.

A Beautifully decorated old-world ROOM; beam roof, antique furniture, fixed basin concealed; other pretty rooms; constant hot water; moderate terms, including baths, breakfast. 108, Cambridge-street, Warwick-square, Pimlico, S.W.1. (Opposite St. Gabriel's.)

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A QUIET square, minute Notting Hill-gate Stations.—An Attractive ROOM; running water; breakfast; baths; 25s. inclusive; 2 weekly; gas fires, electric.—7, Kensington Park-road. Park 7057.

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A Well FURNISHED DOUBLE DRAWING ROOM to VACANT; also single bedroom; attendance; gas fires; from 1gn. Padd. 8661.—110, Westbourne-terrace, W.2.

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A ROOM LET; suitable for good cuisine and attendance; box-spring beds and hair mattresses; gas fires, constant hot water; luxurious reception rooms; personal supervision; moderate terms. Frobisher 4570.

RIVIERA, 73, HOLLAND-PARK.

ABSOLUTELY BEST PART IN LONDON.—Most up to date (minute Tube, omnibuses all parts, eight minutes West End); all bed rooms with hot and cold water, gas fires, box springs, hair mattresses, central heating and coal fires. Cuisine and comfort specially studied. From 3gns. single; £6 double. Park 9173.

ACCOMMODATION for gentlemen only. Best-class and most inexpensive. Facing Park. Bed rooms, single or double, with breakfast and late dinner. General dining room.—112, Regent's Park-road, N.W.1. Primrose 1528.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

ACCOMMODATION of the best; excellent cuisine; box-spring beds; near Gloucester-road Tube; from 3gns. single, 5gns. double.—43, Stanhope-gardens, Kens. 4300.

7, CLANRICARDE-GARDENS,

HYDE PARK, W.2.

ALL newly decorated. Central heated. BED-SITTING ROOMS fitted hot and cold running water, gas fires all rooms; one minute Tube, omnibus, and Kensington Gardens. From 35s., with breakfast. Park 7875.

AMERICAN ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Catering as desired. Moderate prices. LADIES ONLY. 75, Linden-gardens, W.2. Park 8057.

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WEST HILL, SYDENHAM. 'PHONE 2701. AN IDEAL GUEST HOUSE, five miles London, one mile Dulwich; central heating; ballroom; garages.

PORTMAN-SQUARE (just off).

ARISTOCRATIC STREET.—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED SERVICE SUITE; private bath, 'phone; breakfast; 7gns. Welbeck 2956.

126, QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.

ARTISTICALLY FURNISHED BED and BREAKFAST HOUSE (newly decorated), just been opened by Mme. M. A. Allen, of 130, Queen's-gate; every room fitted hot and cold water, gas or electric fires; close South Kensington Station; from 2gns. single, 3gns. double, including breakfast, baths.—'Phone, Kens. 3241.

ATHERSTONE HOUSE,

6 and 7, ATHERSTONE-TERRACE, GLOUCESTER-ROAD, S. KENSINGTON.

One minute Gloucester-road Station. Tube and District. Redecorated. Gas fires. Running water. Under personal supervision. From 2½gns. Tele., Western 4443.

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS with full or partial board from 2½gns. single, reduction sharing; running hot and cold water day and night; quiet, healthy situation; excellent cooking and attendance; personal supervision of resident proprietress.—1-2, Ladbroke-gardens, Notting-hill-gate, W.11. Park 2575.

ATTRACTIVE Bed-Sitting Rooms, breakfast, bath, attendance; dinner optional; clean, quiet, select; minute Kensington Gardens; moderate.—14, Prince of Wales-terrace, W.8 (next De Vere-gardens). Kelvin 8793.

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ATTRACTIVE ROOMS in quiet, well-appointed house, suitable for business or professional people; also bachelor Suite; boarding terms or meals by arrangement; five minutes Hampstead Tube Station.—Phone: Miss Jean Macdonald, Maids Vale 5137, or write Box 01043, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

ATTRACTIVE SERVICE ROOMS, 2gns. to 5gns., including breakfast; constant hot water; manservant. —19, King-street, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 9281.

ATTRACTIVE One-room SERVICE FLATLETS, temporary or permanent, double or single; divan beds, geyser baths, cookers; meals if required; Gloucester-road Station.—12, Bina-gardens, South Kensington. 'Phone, Kensington 2824.

63, NEW CAVENDISH-STREET, W.1.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE. Also Bed-Sitting Room; constant hot water excellent service. Meals by arrangement or in restaurant opposite. Welbeck 7320.

10, SUSSEX-GARDENS, W.2.

ATTRACTIVE one and three room well-furnished SERVICE FLATS; kitchenette, bath; 'phone, hot and cold running water, gas fires, central heating; from 3gns.; meals or full board if required. Padd. 5655.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS, single 2½s., double 3½s. each person, including service, electric light, constant hot water, and baths (14 tiled bath rooms, shower baths); divan and concealed beds and washstands, fitted wardrobes, gas fires, gaspipe heating; luxurious dancing floor; liveried hall porter; Dutch garden.—Bayswater Court, St. Stephen's-road, W.2 (Westbourne-grove). Park 3661.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOMS, ground floor and first floor; three minutes Lancaster-gate tube; meals optional.—Apply Redfern, 71, Gloucester-terrace, W.2.

CROYDON.

AT HILLCROFT, PARK HILL-RISE.—A Country Residence for Professional Gentlemen; full board; heating; hot and cold water basins, gas fires bed rooms; first-class cuisine; courteous, efficient service; large grounds; five minutes golf, station, splendid train service (Victoria); 30 minutes' terms. Tele., Croydon 2956.

AT 28, REDCLIFFE-GARDENS, S.W.10.—BED-SITTING ROOMS, fitted hot water, bedside lights; breakfast, baths; from 2½gns., double 3½gns.—Flax 5528.

EGMONT HOUSE.

AT 40, BELGRAVE-ROAD (three minutes Victoria Station); beautifully decorated and furnished bed rooms; running hot and cold water, gas fires; breakfast optional (7s. 6d. nightly); central.—Victoria 7106.

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AT 38 to 40, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. board-residence from 2gns.; partial board from 35s.; now vacant large double front bed-sitting room; excellent cooking and service. Park 1982.

AT 90, HARCOURT-TERRACE, Redcliffe-square, S.W.10.—Luxuriously furnished and charmingly decorated ROOMS (ground and first floor); 20s. to 45s. Electric fires and grillers; divans. Flax. 6900.

AT 22, DORSET-SQUARE, two mins. BAKER-STREET STATION.—Attractive Bed-Sitting Rooms and Suites; meals; moderate. Ambassador 1814.

WHITE HALL.

AT Kensington Gardens-square, Bayswater.—BOARD-RESIDENCE; single from 3gns.; double, from £2 15s.; personal supervision; billiards. Park 2974.

AT 71, GOWER-STREET, W.C.—Well Furnished Bed-House, with hot and cold water all bed rooms; gas fires. From 25s., including breakfast. Museum 0598.

AT 9, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2 (minute Whiteley's); facing Gardens; every comfort; Resident Principals; moderate terms. Park 0408.

AT 24, HARRINGTON-GARDENS.—LARGE BACHELOR ROOMS, two minutes Gloucester-road Tube; baths all floors; dining room; meals optional. From 14s.

At 7, OBSERVATORY-GARDENS.

Three minutes from Kensington High-street Station. Newly opened and Decorated. Furnished by Maples. MOST ATTRACTIVE CHAMBERS; divans; gas fires, rings, constant hot water, central heating. Western 1381.

THE NORFOLK.

AT KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2.—42 BED ROOMS (all gas fires); full board from 45s. 6d. Two large first-floor double, with balcony. Park 8501.

AT 6, SUSSEX-GARDENS, W.2, comfortably FURNISHED RESIDENTIAL CHAMBERS; also modernly equipped; inclusive with breakfast 35s. single, 5gns. double.

AVAILABLE end Oct., owing to short lets.—SELF-CONTAINED SUITE and large bed-sitting room. Central heating. Meals as required.—Sloane 6785.

AUTUMN 1930.

HOLLAND COURT,

81 and 82, HOLLAND-PARK, W.11.

A First-class Residential Establishment

Before making winter arrangements call and inspect above, which is under the expert management of resident owner.

60 ROOMS.

Hot and cold water in bed rooms.

Many having own baths.

Highly recommended by guests in residence.

Terms from 3 guineas per week

One minute from Holland Park Tube Station.

Telephone, Park 0684.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.

BACHELORS' newly decorated and tastefully FURNISHED single SERVICE ROOMS in quiet, open position adjacent to Harrods Stores; fitted basins (hot and cold), gas and electric fires; 2½-3gns., including service and light.—9, Beaufort-gardens, S.W.3. Sloane 7658.

MARBLE ARCH.

BACHELOR ROOMS in well-appointed house; first-class service; meals served in own rooms as desired.—44, Seymour-street, W.1. Padd. 4088.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED Self-contained SERVICE SUITES and Single Rooms; hot and cold water all rooms; everything new; quite out of the ordinary; prices from 2 guineas inclusive of plain breakfast, service, and electric light.—12, Petersham-terrace, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. Western 4739.

1, GRANVILLE-PLACE, W.1.

PORTMAN-SQUARE.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SERVICE SUITES and ROOMS; hot and cold water all rooms; attractive decorations; ceiling, electric and gas fires; telephones. Furnished Maples.—Write or 'phone Mayfair 1067.

BEAUTIFULLY sunny BED-SITTING ROOM; breakfast optional; 25, New (Cavendish)-street, W.1, facing Devonshire-street. Welbeck 9281.

BEAUTIFUL SITTING ROOM, Bed room adjoining, first floor; sole guest; private house, Hampstead.—'Phone Maida Vale 7558.

BED-SITTING ROOMS with bath, breakfast, light attendance, from 35s.; all fitted with heating (hot and cold water), gas fires; all newly decorated.—10, Chester-street, Chelsea. Flax 8502.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly furnished and decorated; baths in rooms; ample bath rooms; single from 1½gns.—66, Oxford-terrace, Hyde Park.

HYDE PARK.

BED-SITTING ROOMS with hot and cold water, gas fires; well furnished and decorated; with breakfast, baths, 42s6d. service from 35s.—12, Cambridge-terrace, W.2. Padd. 5246.

BED-SITTING ROOM to be LET, lady's flat; quiet, comfortable, well furnished; constant hot water; electric light; telephone; breakfast if required.—'Phone, Park 2024, or write Box 05480, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated, all fitted hot and cold water; electric light, gas fires, breakfast, bath, attendance, from 35s.; double 3½gns.; dinners optional.—10, Chester-street, Chelsea. Flax 8502.

BED-SITTING ROOMS from 25s. 6d., including breakfast, gas fires, bath; convenient City or West End. —92, Cambridge-street, Warwick-square, Victoria.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated; hot water every room; from 2gns., including breakfast.—7, Queen's-gate-terrace, S.W.7. Western 4139.

BED-SITTING ROOM (light basement), bath room, unfurnished; Queen's-gate; £5 monthly; attendance optional.—Write Box 8676, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

BED-SITTING ROOM to be LET, with breakfast; gas fire.—'Phone Welbeck 9138, or call 9, Welbeck-street, W.1.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, with breakfast, 3s. 6d. daily, 25s. weekly; constant hot water.—86, Redcliffe-gardens (close Earl's Court Station). Flax. 8241.

BED-SITTING ROOMS (two) in quiet, comfortable maisonette, facing gardens, 2-3gns.; or as Bachelor Suite; reading lamps; two minutes from station; meals as required; excellent cooking, hot water day and night; gentlemen only.—Frore Kelvin 0647, or write A. J. Stanhope-gardens, S.W.7.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, with breakfast, 3s. 6d. daily, 25s. weekly; constant hot water.—86, Redcliffe-gardens (close Earl's Court Station). Flax. 8241.

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BED-SITTING ROOMS with breakfast in Yorkshire lady's house; 3gns. single, 31s. 6d. each double; newly decorated; gas fires; excellent cuisine.—Mrs. Rod-ham, 24, Upper George-street, Marble Arch, W.1.

BICKLEY, KENT.

HOLMFIELD PARK RESIDENTIAL; central heating; gas fires all bed rooms; excellent cuisine; separate tables; 'phone, 1gn. Field, 0661.—Bickley 0070.

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BUSINESS and professional men.—Large, well FURNISHED ROOMS, breakfast, from 30s.; good bath rooms.—2, Nevern-road, Earl's Court. Frobisher 1408.

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CENTRAL, near Oxford-street.—Well Furnished Bed-Sitting Rooms; running water; from 3gns.—Welbeck 1724, write Box 8654, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

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Delightful home for married couples or business people; 15 minutes City, West End; large dance, card, music, tennis rooms; running hot and cold water bed rooms, baths; CENTRAL HEATING; chef cuisine; garage; free parking; inspection invited; from 2gns., reduction doubles.—Get brochure, Resident Proprietor, 17-18, Aberdeen-park, Highbury, N.5. (North 1214.)

CHARMING FLATLETS and bed-sitting room and kitchenette, private house, St. John's Wood; suit quiet business person.—'Phone Maida Vale 4131.

CHARMING FURNISHED SITTING ROOM, DOUBLE BED ROOM, bath room, one floor, partial board; quiet bachelor or friends.—Lever, 22, Cleveland-gardens, Hyde Park, W.2.

CHELSEA.—BED-SITTING ROOMS, fitted hot and cold running water, gas fires; inclusive breakfast, bath, light, attendance, from 35s.; double 3½gns.—A8 64, Oakley-street. Flaxman 9425.

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Law Report, Oct. 27

SUMMARY OF CASES

The Court of Appeal—the Master of the Rolls, Lord Justice Slesser, and Lord Justice Romer—in allowing an appeal by the Seaham Harbour Dock Company from a decision of Mr. Justice Rowlatt, held that a grant received by the company from the Unemployment Grants Committee equivalent to half the interest on approved expenditure met out of loans was capital and not revenue and was not taxable income of the company. (SEAHAM HARBOUR DOCK COMPANY v. CROOK, INSPECTOR OF TAXES.)

The Court of Criminal Appeal—Mr. Justice Avory, Mr. Justice Swift, and Mr. Justice Acton—dismissed the appeals of Leslie Brennand, Walter Daniels, and Herbert Newby, who were convicted at the Lancashire Quarter Sessions on July 18 of offences against the Betting Act, 1853, and the Gaming Houses Act, 1854, and were bound over. An automatic machine, known as the "Little Stockbroker," was held to be used for the purposes of unlawful gaming. (REX v. BRENNAND AND OTHERS.)

Mr. Justice Horridge and a special jury began the hearing of an action in which the Rev. Arthur Traviss Faber, of the Rectory, Hurworth-on-Tees, Durham, and his wife, Mrs. Millicent Elizabeth Faber, claim damages from Tyler, Wilson and Co., Limited, of 35-39, Broad-street-avenue, E.C., Mr. Alexander C. Bowles, of Gresham-street, E.C., and other defendants for alleged fraudulent misrepresentation and conspiracy relating to share transactions. The defendants deny having made any fraudulent misrepresentations, or having been guilty of any conspiracy. (FABER AND ANOTHER v. TYLER, WILSON AND CO., LIMITED.)

Mr. Justice Roche and a City of London special jury continued the hearing of the action in which Mrs. Caroline Wisenthal, of St. Mary's-avenue, Finchley, Middlesex, claims under a policy of insurance effected with the World Auxiliary Insurance Corporation, Limited, of Cornhill, E.C., in respect of a loss of £7,300 on furs and skins which she alleges were stolen in June, 1929, from her stock room at Glasgow, where they had been sent to be sold by auction. The defendants deny Mrs. Wisenthal's interest in the goods and allege that the claim is fraudulent and that there has been fraudulent concealment of material facts. (WISENTHAL v. WORLD AUXILIARY INSURANCE CORPORATION, LIMITED.)

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
KING'S BENCH DIVISION
£7,300 CLAIM FOR FURS UNDER AN INSURANCE POLICY
WISENTHAL v. WORLD AUXILIARY INSURANCE CORPORATION, LIMITED
(Before Mr. JUSTICE ROCHE *and a City of London Special Jury)*

The hearing was continued of the action in which Mrs. Caroline Wisenthal, of St. Mary's-avenue, Finchley, Middlesex, claims against the World Auxiliary Insurance Corporation, Limited, of Cornhill, E.C., under an all-risks policy for £10,000, in respect of a loss of £7,300 on furs and skins which she sent to Glasgow for sale by auction and which, she alleges, were stolen from her stock room at Union-street, Glasgow, in June, 1929. It was stated that at 4 p.m. on June 29 Mrs. Wisenthal's son, Mr. Alfred Wisenthal, left the premises where the auction was to be held in Union-street. The goods were then safe, but when Mr. Wisenthal went to the premises on June 30 he found that the door had been forced. The premises of an optician next door had also been broken into. The packages of furs had been opened and such of the furs as were left were in disorder.

The defendants deny Mrs. Wisenthal's interest in the goods insured and allege that the claim is fraudulent, and that there has been fraudulent concealment of certain facts.

Mr. Eastham, K.C., and Mr. Robert Fortune appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Norman Birkett, K.C., and Mr. Philip Vos for the defendants.

The jury asked whether they might see the pleadings to learn what was the case alleged against Mrs. Wisenthal.

His LORDSHIP read the pleadings to the jury and pointed out that fraud was definitely alleged by the defence. The suggestion, he said, was that Mrs. Wisenthal was a party to, or connived at, the loss.

Mr. EASTHAM said that it was true that fraud was "splashed all over the pleadings," but he had not heard it suggested that the Wisenthals stole their own goods in Glasgow.

His LORDSHIP.—It has been suggested, and will no doubt be developed in Mr. Birkett's speech.

Mr. EASTHAM.—I am prepared to meet fraud when it is alleged, but it has been laid down that when fraud is alleged it must be specifically set out, and what your Lordship has said is not in the pleadings.

His LORDSHIP.—The matter is covered by the pleadings. If I thought that the defence had not given you sufficient information I would adjourn the trial. Not only is it technically covered, however, but you have had sufficient notice during the trial and have been actively meeting it.

AN ACCOUNTANT'S EVIDENCE

Mr. Stanley Makin, chartered accountant, gave particulars of the skins and furs alleged to have been lost by the plaintiff. He had made out from the books that Mrs. Wisenthal had previously had the goods which she alleged she lost on the occasion of the burglary.

Mr. EASTHAM.—Have you found any trace of evidence of any concealed trading transactions?—No, I have not.

Or any trace of anything that was not in order?—No; so far as the sales and purchases are concerned they are in the books.

In answer to his LORDSHIP, the witness said that the books were slovenly kept.

Mr. EASTHAM.—Of the £7,300 claimed, how much had been paid for the goods by the plaintiff?—About £6,000.

His LORDSHIP.—What is the difficulty about the other £1,300?—There is no difficulty; it has not been paid. Bills were given which have been held over, and they amount roughly to £1,300.

The witness produced a schedule of the plaintiff's accommodation transactions which showed that the payments exceeded the receipts by about £5,000. So far as he could tell from an examination of the books, those transactions had nothing to do with the sales and purchases of goods, except, perhaps, to facilitate the business.

In cross-examination by Mr. BIRKETT, the witness admitted that he had to rely for information as to some of the disputed items on the unsupported word of Mr. Alfred Wisenthal. He saw the plaintiff at her business premises, but did not consult her. It did not strike him that Mr. Alfred Wisenthal's personality was the dominating factor in the business, but he seemed to know more about it than any other member of the Wisenthal family.

In answer to his LORDSHIP, the witness agreed that it was unusual to find that the amount of the accommodation transactions exceeded so largely that of the legitimate trading.

Mr. Alfred Wisenthal was recalled by Mr. EASTHAM to explain some of the items in the plaintiff's books. He denied that an apparent discrepancy on a duplicate invoice made out to his uncle two months before the alleged burglary for furs supplied and returned showed any fraudulent intent. In another case, furs which had been sold were taken back into stock. No claim had been made on the defendants for any goods which the witness had sold at Buenos Aires or elsewhere.

The hearing was adjourned.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Davis and Davis; Messrs. William Charles Crocker.

NEW JUDGE SWORN IN

Mr. JUSTICE LANGTON was sworn in yesterday before the Lord Chancellor.

EDUCATIONAL (continued)

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COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEAL
THE "LITTLE STOCKBROKER"
REX v. BRENNAND AND OTHERS
(Before Mr. JUSTICE AVORY, Mr. JUSTICE SWIFT, *and* Mr. JUSTICE ACTON*)*

The COURT dismissed the appeals of Leslie Brennand, Walter Daniels, and Herbert Newby, who, at the Lancashire Quarter Sessions, on July 18, 1930, were convicted of offences against the Betting Act, 1853, and the Gaming Houses Act, 1854, and were bound over. Newby was charged as the manager of a shop at 133, The Promenade, Blackpool, in which there were a number of automatic machines, including one called the "Little Stockbroker," which, it was alleged, was nothing but a gaming machine. The other two defendants were charged with assisting in the management of the premises.

In his summing up, the Chairman expressed the hope that in the event of a conviction the case would be brought to the Court of Criminal Appeal.

The "Little Stockbroker" machines, of which there were several on the premises, had over them a printed notice as follows:—

Children under sixteen are not allowed to use this machine. The "Little Stockbroker" is provided for amusement only, and contains no element of chance or lottery. The machine does not compete with the player, but it charges a fixed price of one penny for nine games on the average, and it returns all the other coins to the player if he continues to play.

Your penny buys the "stock" that is shown behind the pointer, and if the "stock" carries a dividend, such as "sterling," "textiles," "shipping," "rubber," or "coal" you can purchase that dividend by inserting one penny in the slot and pressing the lever. If the stock showing is "bonds," "loans," or "trusts," you will get nothing. The disc then moves to a new position offering a fresh "stock" for sale, which you may purchase if you choose.

The diagram affixed to the front of the machine is an exact copy of the spinning disc, and this disc does not stop by chance but it moves five spaces in the direction shown by the arrow every time the machine is operated. As the combination of the four stocks shown through the window is never revealed on the spinning disc, you can easily find out where the disc is standing before you play. Then you have only to count five spaces back and you can read all future purchases.

All the results are therefore certain and pre-determined, and you cannot gamble on a certainty. At a charge of one penny for nine games the "Little Stockbroker" is one of the cheapest amusements ever devised.

EIGHT DIFFERENT STOCKS

It was explained at the trial that the machine bore on the face of it the name and value of eight different stocks—namely, "Sterling, 6d.; textiles, 5d.; shipping, 4d.; rubber, 3d.; coal, 2d.; loans, nil; bonds, nil; trusts, nil." Those appeared in groups of four at a window in the machine, and by putting in a penny and pressing a lever another set of four stocks appeared. A fixed pointer indicated the third name on the list, and the player, for his penny, received the value of the stock indicated. If he read the printed instructions and followed them closely he could tell exactly what would turn up by counting five spaces on a dial on which the names of the stocks were printed 69 times, but the printing was small and half of it upside down. "Sterling" and "textiles" had only one chance in 69 of turning up, "shipping" three, "coal" 10, and "rubber" six chances, the rest all being losses to the player. It was said that people crowded round the machines and not one in 20 read those elaborate instructions.

The grounds of appeal were (1) that the Chairman was wrong in law in holding (*a*) that the "Little Stockbroker" machine was an unlawful game; (*b*) that the "Little Stockbroker" machine was a betting machine; (2) that he was wrong (*a*) in not directing the jury what in law constituted an unlawful game and/or a betting machine; (*b*) in not leaving it to the jury to apply the facts of this particular case to such a definition of law.

Sir Henry Curtis Bennett, K.C., and Mr. St. John Hutchinson appeared for the appellants; Mr. Jackson, K.C., and Mr. J. Catterall Jolly for the Crown.

Sir HENRY CURTIS BENNETT said that the transaction was not a bet or a gamble, because it was an absolute certainty. If the player found the pointer at "bonds" he knew with certainty that he would get nothing for his penny then inserted. He could see by counting back what would come for his next penny: it might be "bonds" again, and he would again get nothing.

Mr. JUSTICE AVORY.—Then he's a fool!

Sir HENRY CURTIS BENNETT.—Not necessarily, because he might see that the third time would bring up "sterling," and he would get 6d. There was neither skill nor chance in it; players were told that on an average they would lose 1d. for every nine turns. That being the position, the case of the prosecution was that the way in which the machine was in fact used, to the knowledge of the appellants, was such as to turn it into a gaming machine.

ARGUMENT ON THE LAW

Sir Henry Curtis Bennett then dealt with the law. He referred to the definition of wagering in Thacker v. Hardy (4 Q.B.D., 685). That did not apply, because nothing was left to uncertainty. He referred also to Carlill v. Carbolic Smoke Ball Company (9 *The Times* L.R., 124; [1892] 2 Q.B., 484, at 490). On those cases he submitted that the Chairman was wrong in law in telling the jury that this was a betting machine. It was, in his submission, a question of law for the Judge whether the machine could be a gaming machine.

It was clear that it was for the jury, on a proper direction, and not for the Judge, to find the facts when it was suggested that the particular way in which the machine was used made it a gaming and wagering machine. (See Rex v. Pitt, 79 J.P. Newspaper, 148, and the questions there left to the jury.)

All that the Chairman was entitled to do was to direct the jury what constituted gaming and wagering, and leave them to apply the facts to that definition, instead of holding that this was a machine used for purposes of gaming. The summing-up was a finding of everything by the Judge and the leaving of nothing to the jury. (Reference was made to R. v. Kirby (20 Cr. App., Rep. 12) and R. v. O. K. Whist Club (45 *The Times* L.R., 570).)

Mr. JACKSON was not called on to argue.

JUDGMENT

Mr. JUSTICE AVORY, in giving the judgment of the Court, said that the Court had nothing to do, and the jury had nothing to do, with the fact that there were other machines on the premises which might be perfectly harmless. The only question was whether the machine called the "Little Stockbroker" was being used for purposes contrary to the Betting Act, 1853, or the Gaming Houses Act, 1854, and whether the keeping of the premises amounted to the keeping of a gaming house.

It was unfortunate that the expressions "unlawful machine" or "gaming machine" had crept into the discussion, both in that Court and in the Court below, and the Chairman was misled by the use in argument of those expressions into using them himself. The question was not whether the machine was a "betting machine" or a "gaming machine," but whether it was being used for the purpose of betting or gaming by persons resorting to the premises.

It had been forcibly impressed on the Court by Sir Henry Curtis Bennett that there were printed directions and dials on those machines, and that, if people read those directions and strictly followed them, they might make a certainty of winning some money. The evidence before the jury was that, with few exceptions, the persons using the machines were persons who did not read the directions or study the dials, but who were simply dropping in pennies and taking their chance of finding something to their benefit. It might be observed that anyone wishing to make a certainty of winning would have occupied the machine for the best part of the day to the exclusion of others.

On those facts, the Chairman held that the machine, as it was being used, was being used for unlawful gaming, and that the premises were being kept for purposes prohibited by the second part of the section of the Betting Act.

It was not disputed that on the authorities, this was a question of law. In the latest case in that Court, R. v. O. K. Whist Club (*supra*), the Lord Chief Justice referred to the judgment of Lord Russell of Killowen in R. v. Davies (13 *The Times* L.R., 405; [1897] 2 Q.B., 297), which had been approved over and over again. Therefore, the Chairman was right in deciding as a question of law whether the machine was being used for unlawful gaming or purposes prohibited by the Betting Act.

It was further submitted that he should have left it to the jury to find whether persons were resorting to the premises for the purposes of gaming, and if there had been any contradiction it might have been proper to have left it to the jury to say. In point of fact he did leave to the jury that question, in these words:—

I tell you that in law this is an unlawful machine and you have to decide whether the people going to that Arcade were going there for the purpose of unlawful gaming in a common gaming house with these machines.

Again, he said:—

The question to be left to the jury was one whether it was true that the premises were premises where a large number of people were invited to congregate for the purpose of playing an unlawful game.

Having come to the conclusion that the Chairman was right in law in the decision that the machine was being used for unlawful gaming, the Court could find no ground of complaint in his direction to the jury, and the appeal must be dismissed.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Slaughter and May; Messrs. Sharpe, Pritchard and Co., for the Town Clerk, Blackpool.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
KING'S BENCH DIVISION
CHARGES OF SHARE FRAUDS: CLERGYMAN'S CLAIM
FABER AND ANR. v. TYLER, WILSON AND CO., LTD., AND OTHERS
(Before Mr. JUSTICE HORRIDGE *and a Special Jury)*

The hearing was begun of an action in which the Rev. Arthur Traviss Faber, of The Rectory, Hurworth-on-Tees, Durham, and his wife, Mrs. Millicent Elizabeth Faber, claim damages for alleged fraudulent misrepresentation and conspiracy from Tyler, Wilson and Co., Ltd., of 35-39, Broad-street-avenue, E.C.; Mr. Thomas Charlton, of Pleydell-avenue, Upper Norwood; Mr. Alfred Walter Chignell, of Elmcroft-street, Clapham, S.W.; Mr. Alexander C. Bowles, of Gresham-street, E.C.; and the Prudential Trust Company, Limited (of Canada), of Moorgate-street, E.C.

The defendants deny having made any fraudulent misrepresentations, or having been guilty of any conspiracy.

Sir Patrick Hastings, K.C., and Mr. Paley Scott appeared for Mr. and Mrs. Faber; Mr. T. F. Davis for Mr. Bowles; and Mr. Singleton, K.C., and Mr. G. W. Wrangham for the Prudential Trust Company, Limited. Mr. Charlton and Mr. Chignell appeared in person, and it was arranged that Mr. Chignell should represent Tyler, Wilson and Co., Limited, of which he is a director.

SUBSTANCE OF THE PLAINTIFFS' CASE

Sir PATRICK HASTINGS, in opening the case, said that it was difficult for him to employ terms of moderation. The case seemed to him to be one of the most barefaced swindles that could possibly be imagined. In substance, the case was that the defendants—although the position of the Prudential Trust Company, Limited, might be a little different—had induced Mr. Faber and his wife to invest their money in a concern called Allied Mines Syndicate, Limited, which, so far as he had been able to discover, had never existed.

The first defendants were a limited company, Tyler, Wilson and Co., Limited, who called themselves stockbrokers. He (counsel) would satisfy the jury that that firm merely came into existence for the purpose of the alleged swindle. The company consisted of persons who were only paid touts of Mr. Bowles, but it was represented by Mr. Bowles as a firm of independent brokers who could be trusted completely.

Mr. Charlton and Mr. Chignell were the nominal directors of Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co., but they were merely servants of Mr. Bowles. What exactly was the business of the Prudential Trust Company, Limited (of Canada), he did not know.

There had apparently been in Canada a firm with which Mr. Bowles had been connected called Allied Mines Syndicate, Limited, which seemed to have fallen into discredit. When Mr. Bowles came to England, in August, 1927, he brought with him a large number of shares—or rather pieces of paper bearing the name of the Allied Mines Syndicate—which he apparently wished to "plant" on people of an unsuspecting nature in England. He had arranged with the Prudential Trust Company, Limited, to act as what he called "transfer agents." The shares were really Mr. Bowles's shares, although his name did not appear on the transfer, and he recommended them as a good investment. "If," said Sir Patrick Hastings, amid laughter, "one of these share certificates was framed and placed on the wall, it would be a very handsome addition to the furniture of a room, but otherwise it would not be of much value to anybody."

On October 12, 1927, a firm of Tyler, Wilson and Co. was registered as stockbrokers, with an address in Broad-street-avenue, in the City of London. The business was carried on by a man named William James Williams, who was nothing more nor less than a servant of Mr. Bowles. The firm at once circularized people about a marvellous scheme for making money. They called it their "three months' scheme." It was one of those schemes by which money was given to Messrs. Tyler, Wilson, they bought shares, the client did not pay for them, if there were a profit the client took it, and if there were a loss the client did not lose. (Laughter.)

Mr. Faber received one or two circulars, and then he "fell right bang into it." (Laughter.) In a very short time Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. had got everything which he and his wife had. After a Mr. Green had been to see him, Mr. Faber requested Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. to buy for him whatever shares they should consider advisable, and he left it entirely at their discretion when to sell his existing securities and when to re-invest the proceeds. Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. bought a few sound shares for Mr. Faber, and periodically wrote and told him that he had made a profit on them. On November 5 Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. wrote, and told Mr. Faber that they had also bought for him 1,500 Allied Mines shares. Presumably they gave Mr. Faber's £1,500 straight to Mr. Bowles in exchange for his bogus shares.

"RECORD OF ACCOMPLISHMENT"

On November 11, 1927, Mr. Faber received from Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. a document in which it was stated that "our record of accomplishment of operations and of the profits made by our enormous clientèle speaks for itself, and we do not hesitate to assert that during the time we have been serving them we have NEVER HAD A DISSATISFIED CLIENT." "They had only been in existence for a month," commented counsel, "and the enormous clientèle had not had time to be dissatisfied."

On November 14, 1927, Mr. Faber wrote to Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. expressing doubts whether he was wise in investing all his money in one undertaking. Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. replied that he need have no fear about the investment.

On November 17, the firm of Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. was formed into a limited company with a capital of £10,000 to carry on the business of stock and share brokers. Mr. Williams, Mr. Charlton, and Mr. Chignell were the directors of the company. The company was Mr. Bowles and nothing else. The three directors were only clerks at a small salary.

In the previous September a newspaper called the *Financial Recorder* had come into existence. That was a few days after Mr. Bowles's arrival in England. It was mainly devoted to the business of Mr. Bowles, who was editor and proprietor. Curiously, the first number was numbered "1001." (Laughter.) Curiously, too, in the first number there were a lot of answers to financial inquiries. One could not help wondering whether Mr. Bowles had written the inquiries to himself and had then answered them to show that his large clientèle was entirely satisfied. (Laughter.)

Mr. Faber received a gratuitous copy of the *Financial Recorder*, and after that he took it regularly. He had no idea that there was any connexion between Mr. Bowles and Allied Mines. In November, 1927, he wrote to the *Recorder* asking whether they considered Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. to be a reliable firm. In reply, Mr. Bowles wrote: "We have no hesitation in recommending Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co., Limited, as a reliable and trustworthy firm with whom you may deal with every confidence. We cannot, however, accept any responsibility, as we have no connexion with any stockbroking firm."

That, said Sir Patrick Hastings, seemed incredible. Mr. Bowles was strongly recommending Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co., and was saying that he had no connexion with any stockbroker when he himself was Tyler, Wilson and Co. If Mr. Edgar Wallace put a story like that on the stage, no one would believe it. (Laughter.)

On December 1, 1927, Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. again sent Mr. Green to see Mr. Faber. It was difficult for Mr. Green to speak too highly of Allied Mines shares. He said that they had been quoted at 27s. 6d. on the Montreal Stock Exchange and that they would be dealt in at a premium when dealings opened on the London Stock Exchange. At that period Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. had got £2,340 out of Mr. Faber. Of that amount they put £1,875 into Allied Mines. The balance of the money was invested in sound securities and Mr. Faber had had it back. After Mr. Green's visit Mrs. Faber gave them £2,821, of which £2,450 was invested in Allied Mines.

A perusal of the correspondence showed that quite a number of maiden ladies seemed to have been unfortunate over the shares. One seemed to have bought 1,900 of them.

ARTICLES IN THE PRESS

When articles appeared in the Press in 1928 saying that Mr. Bowles and Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. were the same people and that Allied Mines was a swindle, Mrs. Faber telephoned to Tyler, Wilson and Co., who reassured her. Mr. Bowles replied to the attacks in the *Financial Recorder*, and Mr. Faber was satisfied with his refutation of the charges.

"Nobody," said counsel in conclusion, "has ever given Mr. Faber any information about the mine. We do not know whether there is a mine at all. On the London Stock Exchange no one has ever heard of it. The shares have never been 'listed' at Montreal.

"The shares are not worth a halfpenny. It was a barefaced swindle engineered by Mr. Bowles. It seems dreadful that this sort of thing should be allowed to continue."

Mr. Faber gave evidence in support of that statement.

Mrs. Faber, in evidence, said that at her first interview with Mr. Green she asked him about her investments. He told her that Allied Mines were an extraordinarily good investment. He said that he was very pleased that he had been able to get her husband so many of the shares at the price of £1, because they were then worth 27s. in Montreal and would be worth much more than £1 when they were dealt with on the London Stock Exchange in January, 1928. He said that he would try to get her some Allied Mines shares, but he might not be able to do so.

Mr. Green took her investment book with him so that he could think things over in the train. He said that his firm would write and advise her what to sell.

After the Press attacks in February, 1928, she (Mrs. Faber) telephoned to Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. and asked them to sell the Allied Mines shares. She said that she and her husband were not satisfied with the investment. The representative of the company who answered the telephone said that there was no need for her to be anxious and that the shares were perfectly safe.

Cross-examined by Mr. CHIGNELL, Mrs. Faber agreed that, apart from the transactions in Allied Mines shares, she had nothing to complain of in her dealings with Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co.

Mr. Charles Jennings, assistant secretary of the Committee for General Purposes of the London Stock Exchange, said that no application had ever been made to the committee for leave to deal in the shares of Allied Mines, Limited, or Allied Mines Syndicate, Limited.

Sir PATRICK HASTINGS.—Has the committee at any time granted permission to deal in those shares?—No.

Has there ever been any dealings in them on the London Stock Exchange?—No.

JACOB FACTOR

Mr. Harry Thomas Salt said that in November, 1927, he was introduced to Messrs. Tyler, Wilson and Co. by a firm of accountants. He saw Mr. Williams and a Mr. Davis.

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Sporting News

RACING

HOUGHTON MEETING

TO-DAY'S PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

The Houghton Meeting, the last of the season's Newmarket meetings, will be begun this afternoon. For many people this meeting marks the end of the season under Jockey Club Rules, which, so it seems, was begun only the other day at Lincoln. Much has happened since that meeting, but this is not the time to consider all that has happened during the season; the season's racing must be left for another day, for there is yet a month of racing under Jockey Club Rules to be decided. There is no indication at Newmarket at the present time that the going will be unduly hard for the Cambridgeshire, which is to be run to-morrow, so that it seems that there will be no reason why I should change my view that the winner will be The Recorder, but at the same time I am convinced that there is a real danger in Midlothian. If this good colt should be back in his form of last spring he would surely have a winning chance with the weight which he has been given by Mr. Dawkins. After all, Mr. Jinks, with 7st. 6lb. and at his best, would look rather well handicapped, and that is what Midlothian means with his weight.

I give below an analysis of to-day's programme:—

1.30.—RUTLAND HANDICAP (1¼m.).—Servus ran very well at Newbury on Saturday, and on that form must have a good chance of success. He should beat Coster Boy on that form, and Coster Boy is very well handicapped with Calvados on their last running over this course. Burnside is apparently not the horse that he was and, using Coster Boy and Calvados, should not beat Servus, who had had a good rest before his race at Newbury. Timber seems to me to be fairly handicapped, as is Carl's Caress, but the latter seems to have a better chance later in the week. I know nothing about the French candidate, Prince Vanitas. SERVUS seems to me the best selection; in his absence I should be inclined to give another chance to Burnside.

2.0.—CRITERION STAKES (6f.).—Alexis keeps on winning, and therefore must be considered to have a chance in any race for which he is started. Homer ran promisingly in the Middle Park Stakes, but may need time before he is seen at his best. Lampeto is not without a chance, but the winner may well come from R. Dawson's stable. Pickpocket, for example, has run only once, but he then showed definite promise, and, using Pisa, must surely have a good chance here. He is a full-brother to Le Volcan. His trainer also has Aberystwyth and Jacques Emile Blanche in the race. Owners should not be allowed to give horses such names as the last. There are also some newcomers in the race who are well bred, but about whom nothing is known on the racecourse. I suggest that the winner may be R. DAWSON'S SELECTED.

2.30.—FORDHAM WELTER HANDICAP (5f.).—Mellin is well handicapped on his general form and especially on his Kempton Park running, when he finished fourth. Masor has a chance, while it is to be remembered that Vernella was well backed to win her last race at Kempton Park. She, however, is better handicapped by some 4lb. at Alexandra Park at the end of the week. Quothquan is well handicapped on direct form with several horses here, notably Golden Legend, but she is badly handicapped with Phonemeter on their running at Liverpool, where Phonemeter finished in front of her and now meets her on better terms. Hakem has run well several times and comes from a stable that can do no wrong, but at the same time he is not so well in here as Mellin on their Kempton Park form. Trochee may also run well. This is not an easy race on which to make a selection. Perhaps the consistent MELLIN will win from Phonemeter.

3.0.—OLD NURSERY STAKES (1m.).—On the handicap, after her running at Doncaster, this looks to be a handicap good thing for MELODRAMA. In her absence, and she is in another race later in the week with an equally obvious chance, the winner might be BOLD VENTURE, who has not run since winning easily at Gatwick a few weeks ago.

3.30.—DALHAM STAKES (6f.).—Two-year-olds have generally won this race in recent years, but the two-year-olds in the race to-day are not so good as those often found in it. At the same time the older horses engaged are very moderate on all known form, so that a two-year-old may still win. The best of them may be EXTENSION, who was beaten at Doncaster, but who was giving weight away all round and did not run too badly. Elixir would also have a chance if started.

4.0.—LIMEKILNS STAKES (1¼m.).—Both Artist's Proof and Empire Builder, who are engaged in the Cambridgeshire, are entered here, but I do not know whether either is to be started. If one of them is, he should win. Of the two I like better the chance of EMPIRE BUILDER, who beat Artist's Proof at level weights in the spring at Kempton Park. If neither is started, Butters's selected might win.

NEWMARKET NOTES

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

To-day sees the beginning of the end of another Flat-racing season at Headquarters. The programme is an interesting one, and there will be fairly good fields for the majority of the events. The Rowley Mile course is at its best.

In the Rutland Handicap Plate we hold a strong hand with nine prospective runners. Servus returned to Headquarters none the worse for the race he had at Newbury on Saturday. Montclair likes this galloping course. Both Calvados and Timber have gone up in the handicap, but they are improving animals. Culloden, Marlborough, and Carl's Caress have made headway during the last few weeks. However, I feel confident that whatever wins this race will have SERVUS to beat.

In the Criterion Stakes I hear that Alexis, Homer, Needle Eye colt, and Paul Pry may not be started, in which case it will leave us with only Molly and POMME D'ARGENT. The latter has done as well as anything trained by Beatty lately, and will give a good account of herself.

Most of the entry in the Fordham Welter Handicap will face the starter, but Mellin may be missing. Leach, jun., will saddle both Doch-an-Doris and Wearing a Crown. Of these two I like the chance of the latter, but I intend to make my selection GOLDEN LEGEND. I have liked the way Leader's horse has gone since his last race. Diocletian is the danger.

In the Old Nursery Stakes Happy Mood is a favourite of mine and will not be easily beaten. PINNACLE ran very well at our last meeting. He will get the distance and has an obvious chance.

The Dalham Stakes is an open race. Eland, Elixir, and EASTERN QUEEN are the most fancied, and I fully expect Grigg's filly to win.

Our runners in the Limekilns Stakes will be Algonquin and SALMON LEAP, and at a difference of 10lb. the Stanley House representative should prove the better.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS

NEWMARKET MEETING

FARDENHAM STAKES.—Sunny Polly, Bacchus, and Medallist.

CHESTERTON NURSERY.—Ballydine gelding and Brucen colt.

CRITERION STAKES.—Regleray.

FORDHAM HANDICAP SWEEPSTAKES.—Theresina.

ROCKERY CUP (Div. 2).—Grimsel Princess.

QUEENSBERRY HANDICAP.—Seaforde.

RUTLAND HANDICAP.—Royal Scout.

MIDDLETON STAKES.—Medallist.

DALHAM STAKES.—Eastern.

HAMLEY TWO-YEAR-OLD STAKES.—Skibbereen.

MOULTON STAKES.—Silken Shot and Fortunette.

MEMBERS' (UNDER 25) HANDICAP.—Bacchus.

FROGMORE NURSERY.—Vincent and Step Lively.

COLLEGE NURSERY.—Tyne.

CECIL HANDICAP.—Revelry.

BLACK BEAR HANDICAP.—Seaforde.

MIDDLE ANNEXE

HARBOROUGH HANDICAP (LICENSED).—Bearskin.

APPLEBY (APPLEBY-ASKRIGG) NURSERY.—Debonnaire.

HUTTON AND RIVERSIDE NURSERY (WORCESTER).—Pale Copy.

DOUBLED NURSERY (WORCESTER).—Pegasus Sky.

SOUTH MIDDLE ANNEXE.—Miss Lofty.

PUBLICITY SELLING PLATE (ALEXANDRA PARK).—Tyne.

THE MIDDLE SELLING STEEPLECHASE (WOLVERHAMPTON).—Fleet.

MILE SELLING STEEPLECHASE (MANCHESTER).—Dunin.

TOWNLEY PLATE (THIRSK).—Nonsuch.

ALL-AGE HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE (LIVERPOOL).—Mrs. Nash's Name.—No Other.

COWLEY HURDLE (CHELTENHAM).—Master Bibb and Black Moss.

WEST SELLING STEEPLECHASE.—April Fool.

ALL-AGE HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE (LIVERPOOL).—Mr. A. M. Fife's Name.

MIDDLE HANDICAP HURDLE (LIVERPOOL).—Mr. Hodgkinson's Name.

ALL-AGE HANDICAP HURDLE RACE (LIVERPOOL).—Mr. E. V. Buckley's Name.—King's Counsel.

ALL-AGE HANDICAP HURDLE RACE (LIVERPOOL).—Mr. Theobald's Name.—Trivium. Sunny Sue.

ALL-AGE HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE (LIVERPOOL).—Best Horse. Fly Bob. Allagash. Rivulla Valley. Sister North. Poetry, and Valentine.

NEWMARKET PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived or are trained at Newmarket.)

1.30.—The RUTLAND HANDICAP PLATE of 400 sovs. Last mile and a half of the Cesarewitch Course.

	Yrs	st	lb
COSTER BOY (Mr. W. M. G. Singer)....Lawson	5	9	0
aPOCKLINGTON (Mr. H. C. Sutton).....Gooch	4	9	12
aSERVUS (Lord Derby).....Frank Butters	5	8	9
aBURNSIDE (Sir W. Gilbey).....T. Cannon	4	8	6
aMONTCLAIR (Mr. W. Kendall).....J. Jarvis	4	8	6
aPRINCE VANITAS (Mr. A. K. Macomber)...Choat	3	8	5
aCALVADOS (Sir Abe Bailey).....H. Day	5	8	1
CASTLEBERG (Mrs. G. R. L. Whitelaw) Whitelaw	a	8	0
aNORMAN BARON (Mr. H. L. Cottrill).....Cottrill	4	7	12
aTIMBER (Mr. M. E. Kavlon).....F. E. Butters	3	7	12
aSALTHAMPTON (Lord Portsman)...Farquharson	3	7	12
FRIAR WILD (Sir E. McAlpine).....J. E. Bell	a	7	11
aINTRUDER (Captain F. Forester)...M. Hartigan	3	7	7
aCULLODEN (Mr. J. A. Dewar).....Pickering	3	7	6
aMARLBOROUGH (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) Leach, jun.	3	7	6
aCARL'S CARESS (Mr. E. C. Nolan)...R. J. Colling	4	7	4
aBOU-SAADA (Mrs. A. D. Sadler).....A. Sadler	3	7	2
aMUREEN (Mr. C. E. Taylor).....F. Lesser	4	7	2

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

SERVUS, T. Weston; BURNSIDE, J. Sirett; MONTCLAIR, H. Jelliss; PRINCE VANITAS, —; CALVADOS, B. Petty; NORMAN BARON, H. Wragg; TIMBER, W. Alford; SALTHAMPTON, F. Fox; FRIAR WILD, S. Robertson; INTRUDER, G. Richards; CULLODEN or BOU-SAADA, J. Simpson; MARLBOROUGH, G. Baines; CARL'S CARESS, J. Dines; MUREEN, T. Lowrey; STOCKCROSS, P. Lane.

2.0.—The CRITERION STAKES of 15 sovs. each, 3 sovs. forfeit if declared by October 21, with 300 sovs. added, for two-year-olds; second to receive 75 sovs. and third 25 sovs. out of the stakes. Bretby Stakes Course (6f. furlongs).

	st	lb
aLAMPETO (Major D. McCalmont).....Perse	9	2
aALEXIS (Mr. J. S. Austin).....C. Waugh	8	13
aPLANTAGENET (Sir G. Hennessy).....T. Cannon	8	6
aMOLY (Lord Howard de Walden).....D. Waugh	8	6
JACQUES EMILE BLANCHE (The Aga Khan) R. Dawson	8	6
aPICKPOCKET (The Aga Khan).....R. Dawson	8	6
AVLEEN C. (Sir Scherzo (Mr. Clowes).....East	8	6
aPERMITTED (Mr. M. Caldwell).....Lawson	8	6
aHOMER (Mr. A. de Rothschild).....Wells	8	6
aNOLSEANT (Mr. S. Tattersall).....Lawson	8	6
aNEEDLE EYE C, by Spion Kop (Mr. J. E Widener) Boyd-Rochfort	8	6
aPAUL PRY (Lord Woolavington).....Gilpin	8	6
aWILMA'S PRIDE (Lord Woolavington) F. Darling	8	4
aPOMME D'ARGENT (Lord Beatty).....Beatty	8	4
aPOLIGNY (Lord Astor).....Lawson	8	4
aCOUNT DEVON (Lord Astor).....Lawson	8	4
ABERYSTWYTH (Mr. R. Dawson).....R. Dawson	8	4

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

LAMPETO, H. Beasley; ALEXIS, R. Perryman; PICKPOCKET, M. Beary; PERMITTED, C. Ray; INGLESANT, R. Jones; PAUL PRY, P. Beasley; WILMA'S PRIDE, F. Fox; POMME D'ARGENT, T. Weston; POLIGNY, R. Dick; ABERYSTWYTH, T. Bartlam; PLANTAGENET, —.

2.30.—The FORDHAM WELTER HANDICAP, a sweepstakes of 10 sovs. each, 3 sovs. forfeit if declared by October 21, with 200 sovs. added. Rous Course (five furlongs).

	Yrs	st	lb
aDOCH-AN-DORIS (Mr. D. L. Wilson).....Leach, jun.	5	9	11
aMELLIN (Mr. S. B. Joel).....East	5	9	8
aKNIGHT ERRANT (Sir G. Noble).....Whitaker	4	9	2
HOLIKOKI (Mr. A. H. Walker).....Pope	a	8	15
aQUOTHQUAN (Lord Hamilton of Dalzell) Peacock	3	8	12
aHAKEM (The Aga Khan).....R. Dawson	3	8	11
aDARK FIRE (Mr. J. B. Joel).....Peck	5	8	9
AINDY (Mr. H. G. Bisgrave).....Bisgrave	5	8	9
aFLY-LEAF (Lord Harewood).....W. Jarvis	3	8	6
aBRIDESMAID (Mr. M. G. Sharer).....Watts	3	8	6
aPALA (Mr. Wallace C. S. Whitbread).....Beatty	3	8	5
aMOUNT ZION (Sir G. Noble).....Dundas	3	8	1
aGROUP (Mrs. F. W. Horlock).....Walter Griggs	3	8	0
aJANE EURET (Lady Tredegar).....Wragg	3	8	0
aSILVERBURN (Mr. J. A. Dewar).....Darling	3	8	0
aELIXIR (Lady Cunliffe-Owen).....Leach, sen.	3	8	0
aTEMPO (Mrs. C. Beatty).....T. E. Leader	3	8	0
AMY SILK (Mr. M. Boyd).....Dundas	3	8	0
ESSENDA (Major H. Cayzer).....Gooch	3	8	0
aGREY ROWLEY (Lady A. Compton-Vyner) Olde	3	8	0
aNEPENTHE (Lord D'Abernon).....Beatty	3	8	0
EXTENSION (Mr. S. B. Joel).....C. Peck	3	8	0
SULTAN RANEE (The Aga Khan).....R. Dawson	3	8	0
aPRINCEMONT (Mr. C. Leader).....Leader	3	8	0
aMOYA (Mrs. Long).....Hanshaw	3	8	0
aDUCHAG (Mr. T. C. Nolan).....R. J. Colling	3	8	0
BEAUTY ROSE (Mr. F. Ballie).....A. Sadler	3	8	0
aCOUDERCERT (Mr. A. de Rothschild).....Watson	3	8	0
ZOZE (Mr. A. de Rothschild).....T. Cannon	3	8	0
aEASTERN QUEEN (Mr. H. Smith-Turberville) Walter Griggs	3	8	0
aKNIGHTSHOOD (Mr. D. L. Wilson).....Leach, jun.	3	8	0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

WALTER RALEIGH, H. Wragg; ISMAILIA or GRANDSHA, G. Richards; BRIDGEND, C. Ray; HELL'S BELLS, —; SPOOK, W. Watkins; EASTERN QUEEN, G. Richards; FLY FOX; SULTAN RANEE, M. Beary; PRINCEMONT, —; CLOUDBURST, —; ZOZE, —. R. Perryman will ride either Cloudburst or Zoze.

4.0.—The LIMEKILNS STAKES of 20 sovs. each, 5 sovs forfeit if declared by October 14, with 300 sovs. added, of which the second will receive 75 sovs. and the third 25 sovs. A.F. (one mile and a quarter).

	Yrs	st	lb
aEMPIRE BUILDER (Lady H. McCalmont) Perse	4	9	10
aARTIST'S PROOF (Mr. H. E. Morriss) F. Darling	4	9	10
aALGONQUIN (Mr. W. Astor).....Watts	4	9	7
SALMON LEAP (Mrs. A. James).....Frank Butters	3	9	4
POLYPHONTA (Lady V. Henderson).....Sneyd	3	8	5
EGERIA (Lady Ludlow).....W. Nightingall	3	8	5
aLEMPO (Lord Derby).....Frank Butters	3	8	5

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

EMPIRE BUILDER, H. Beasley; ARTIST'S PROOF, F. Fox; ALGONQUIN, C. Ray; SALMON LEAP, T. Weston; EGERIA, R. Dick.

NOTTINGHAM PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived)

1.30.—The THREE-YEAR-OLD SELLING HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs.; second to receive 5 sovs. One mile and a half.

	st	lb
WATER MAID (Mr. J. T. Power).....Bullock	10	12
AVOUETA (Mrs. J. Power).....Bullock	10	12
SWAN UPPING (Mr. G. S. L. Whitelaw) Whitelaw	10	12
VENUS TWO (Mr. D. Adams).....Prichard	10	8
LUCIUS (Mr. J. Aiken).....Aiken	10	8
TRANSITIVE (Mr. W. F. Bissill).....Bissill	10	8
ABELARD (Mr. A. A. Briscoe).....Briscoe	10	8
CRONY (Mr. J. T. C. Burn).....Morgan	10	8
MANX MIST (Mrs. J. W. Elder).....Yapp	10	8
BANK BEY (Mr. C. S. Green).....Cox	10	8
PEEL'S RIVAL (Lord Londesborough) H. A. Brown	10	8
RUTH SWAN (Mrs. H. S. Martin).....Gilbert	10	8
HENRY (Sir Cecil Neumann).....R. J. Colling	10	8
HONEY DU (J. Pendarves).....Pendarves	10	8
MARSHALL (Mr. C. O. Bandall).....O. Bell	10	8
NONSENSE (Mr. R. Pulford).....Pulford	10	8
IMPERTINENCE (Mr. R. Benton).....Benton	10	8
PRINCE DUCHESNOIS (Mr. J. Scott).....Scott	10	8
SANTA CHANTINA (Mr. F. Sedawick).....Hall	10	8
WARRINGHAM (Mrs. R. Southwoode).....Macnee	10	8
WARRENPOINT (Mr. T. Stokes).....A. Sadler	10	8
aTOMATE (Miss E. Strong).....R. Gordon	10	8
GAMA (Mr. G. S. L. Whitelaw).....Whitelaw	10	8

2.0.—The NOTTINGHAM SELLING HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. Two miles.

	Yrs	st	lb
JERU (10b. ex.) (Mr. C. H. S. Dixon).....Beaby	a	12	0
aKISSEN (Mr. H. de Trafford).....F. Hartigan	5	12	5
CORNAPULLA (Mr. A. Lowry).....In Ireland	5	12	5
PARSON (Mrs. James Jones).....Gilbert	a	12	2
MARTOT (Lieutenant-Colonel R. Palmer).....Fenwick-Palmer	a	12	0
AUBRETIA (Mrs. G. Peace).....Peace	a	11	12
aABBOT (Mr. W. Harris).....G. Young	a	11	12
HARD COURT (Mr. W. Hutchinson).....Hodges	a	11	5
SOLOMON'S CHOICE (Mr. W. Hutchinson) Hodges	6	11	4
COURTDALE (Mr. R. Ranken).....Ranken	a	11	0
BETTING TAX (Mr. D. Heneage).....Pendarves	6	11	0
GAVIN (Mr. J. E. Whiting).....Whiting	a	11	0
Miss GAYZUR (Mrs. A. S. Baliville).....J. Hall	4	10	10
NURSEMAID (Mr. G. S. Langlands) G. Langlands	5	10	10
ASPIRANT (Mr. C. S. Green).....Cox	a	10	7
CAITHOE (Captain T. McDonald).....McIntosh	a	10	7
GOLD LABEL (Mrs. Masters).....Bletsoe	a	10	0
aHUGH O'NEILL (Mr. J. Pendarves).....Pendarves	a	10	0
THE MERCHANT (Mr. D. E. Hutchinson) Osborne	a	10	0

2.30.—The COLWICK HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 200 sovs. Two miles.

	Yrs	st	lb
KNIGHT BACHELOR (Mr. C. B. Taylor) Coulthwaite	a	12	7
CANDLEMAS (12b. ex.) (Lady Lindsay).....Blair	5	12	0
MICHAELMAS DAY (Mr. C. M. H. Hartsworth) Pope	5	11	13
aTHE WOLF (Mr. H. Simmonds).....Rimell	5	11	10
ORSAN (Mr. F. Rimell).....Rimell	a	11	0
aTIN O' MUNT (Mr. A. Cresswell).....H. Watkins	5	11	0
FORMAL (Mr. R. C. Hunt).....Hunt	5	11	0
RACELOW 6 RUNNER (Mr. J. W. Pollock) Rimell	6	11	5
aBUTTERSLEE (Mrs. J. Rich).....Butchers	6	11	3
aEASAT (Mr. R. Wappett).....Anthony	6	11	0
aCLARENDER (Mr. F. C. Kain).....H. Harrison	5	10	10
HORSALIS (Princess Wisemsky).....Powell	a	10	10
MARTIN (Mr. J. A. Wilson).....Bulmer	a	10	9
aLEO PULLER (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) O. Bell	7	11	9
aPINNACLE (Mrs. C. Beatty).....T. E. Leader	7	11	2
aBOLD VENTURE (Sir W. Gilbey).....T. Cannon	7	11	2
aSOLDIER APPLE (Mr. W. Murray).....Cottrill	7	11	2
TOBERMORY 2, by Hapsburg (10b. ex.) (Mr. S. Wootton) S. Wootton	7	9	9
aCLOUTSHAM (Lord Glanely).....Hoare	7	7	7
aSELBORNE (Mr. H. F. Charlton).....Morgan	7	7	7
aMELODRAMA (Lady Hillingdon).....Boyd-Rochfort	7	7	7
aMINX (Mr. T. Davidson).....Day	7	7	4
TOM WILLOW (Mr. T. Lant).....M. Hartigan	6	13	

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

HAPPY MOOD, C. Elliott; MANCHESTER, R. Perryman; MYLER, P. Beasley; LESS PULLER, H. Wragg; PINNACLE, S. Wragg; BOLD VENTURE, J. Sirett; GOLDEN APPLE, —; FOX or TOM WESTON; TOBERMORY FILLY, R. Dick; CLOUTSHAM, G. Richards; PHILIPPOS, H. Stubbs; MELODRAMA, J. Dines; MINX, G. Archibald.

2.30.—The DALHAM STAKES of 2 sovs. each, and 3 sovs. extra for starters, with 200 sovs. added. Last six furlongs of the Abingdon Mile.

	Yrs	st	lb
aWALTER RALEIGH (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) O. Bell	3	9	6
aISMAILIA (Lord Glanely).....Hoare	3	9	6
aGRANDSHA (Lord Glanely).....Hoare	3	9	6
aELAND (Lord Harewood).....W. Jarvis	3	9	6
aFLY-LEAF (Lord Harewood).....W. Jarvis	3	9	6
aBRIDESMAID (Mr. M. G. Sharer).....Watts	3	9	6
aPALA (Mr. Wallace C. S. Whitbread).....Beatty	3	8	5
aMOUNT ZION (Sir G. Noble).....Dundas	3	8	1
aGROUP (Mrs. F. W. Horlock).....Walter Griggs	3	8	0
aJANE EURET (Lady Tredegar).....Wragg	3	8	0
aSILVERBURN (Mr. J. A. Dewar).....Darling	3	8	0
aELIXIR (Lady Cunliffe-Owen).....Leach, sen.	3	8	0
aTEMPO (Mrs. C. Beatty).....T. E. Leader	3	8	0
AMY SILK (Mr. M. Boyd).....Dundas	3	8	0
ESSENDA (Major H. Cayzer).....Gooch	3	8	0
aGREY ROWLEY (Lady A. Compton-Vyner) Olde	3	8	0
aNEPENTHE (Lord D'Abernon).....Beatty	3	8	0
EXTENSION (Mr. S. B. Joel).....C. Peck	3	8	0
SULTAN RANEE (The Aga Khan).....R. Dawson	3	8	0
aPRINCEMONT (Mr. C. Leader).....Leader	3	8	0
aMOYA (Mrs. Long).....Hanshaw	3	8	0
aDUCHAG (Mr. T. C. Nolan).....R. J. Colling	3	8	0
BEAUTY ROSE (Mr. F. Ballie).....A. Sadler	3	8	0
aCOUDERCERT (Mr. A. de Rothschild).....Watson	3	8	0
ZOZE (Mr. A. de Rothschild).....T. Cannon	3	8	0
aEASTERN QUEEN (Mr. H. Smith-Turberville) Walter Griggs	3	8	0
aKNIGHTSHOOD (Mr. D. L. Wilson).....Leach, jun.	3	8	0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

WALTER RALEIGH, H. Wragg; ISMAILIA or GRANDSHA, G. Richards; BRIDGEND, C. Ray; HELL'S BELLS, —; SPOOK, W. Watkins; EASTERN QUEEN, G. Richards; FLY FOX; SULTAN RANEE, M. Beary; PRINCEMONT, —; CLOUDBURST, —; ZOZE, —. R. Perryman will ride either Cloudburst or Zoze.

4.0.—The LIMEKILNS STAKES of 20 sovs. each, 5 sovs forfeit if declared by October 14, with 300 sovs. added, of which the second will receive 75 sovs. and the third 25 sovs. A.F. (one mile and a quarter).

	Yrs	st	lb
aEMPIRE BUILDER (Lady H. McCalmont) Perse	4	9	10
aARTIST'S PROOF (Mr. H. E. Morriss) F. Darling	4	9	10
aALGONQUIN (Mr. W. Astor).....Watts	4	9	7
SALMON LEAP (Mrs. A. James).....Frank Butters	3	9	4
POLYPHONTA (Lady V. Henderson).....Sneyd	3	8	5
EGERIA (Lady Ludlow).....W. Nightingall	3	8	5
aLEMPO (Lord Derby).....Frank Butters	3	8	5

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

EMPIRE BUILDER, H. Beasley; ARTIST'S PROOF, F. Fox; ALGONQUIN, C. Ray; SALMON LEAP, T. Weston; EGERIA, R. Dick.

NOTTINGHAM PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived)

1.30.—The THREE-YEAR-OLD SELLING HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs.; second to receive 5 sovs. One mile and a half.

	st	lb
WATER MAID (Mr. J. T. Power).....Bullock	10	12
AVOUETA (Mrs. J. Power).....Bullock	10	12
SWAN UPPING (Mr. G. S. L. Whitelaw) Whitelaw	10	12
VENUS TWO (Mr. D. Adams).....Prichard	10	8
LUCIUS (Mr. J. Aiken).....Aiken	10	8
TRANSITIVE (Mr. W. F. Bissill).....Bissill	10	8
ABELARD (Mr. A. A. Briscoe).....Briscoe	10	8
CRONY (Mr. J. T. C. Burn).....Morgan	10	8
MANX MIST (Mrs. J. W. Elder).....Yapp	10	8
BANK BEY (Mr. C. S. Green).....Cox	10	8
PEEL'S RIVAL (Lord Londesborough) H. A. Brown	10	8
RUTH SWAN (Mrs. H. S. Martin).....Gilbert	10	8
HENRY (Sir Cecil Neumann).....R. J. Colling	10	8
HONEY DU (J. Pendarves).....Pendarves	10	8
MARSHALL (Mr. C. O. Bandall).....O. Bell	10	8
NONSENSE (Mr. R. Pulford).....Pulford	10	8
IMPERTINENCE (Mr. R. Benton).....Benton	10	8
PRINCE DUCHESNOIS (Mr. J. Scott).....Scott	10	8
SANTA CHANTINA (Mr. F. Sedawick).....Hall	10	8
WARRINGHAM (Mrs. R. Southwoode).....Macnee	10	8
WARRENPOINT (Mr. T. Stokes).....A. Sadler	10	8
aTOMATE (Miss E. Strong).....R. Gordon	10	8
GAMA (Mr. G. S. L. Whitelaw).....Whitelaw	10	8

2.0.—The NOTTINGHAM SELLING HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 100 sovs. Two miles.

	Yrs	st	lb
JERU (10b. ex.) (Mr. C. H. S. Dixon).....Beaby	a	12	0
aKISSEN (Mr. H. de Trafford).....F. Hartigan	5	12	5
CORNAPULLA (Mr. A. Lowry).....In Ireland	5	12	5
PARSON (Mrs. James Jones).....Gilbert	a	12	2
MARTOT (Lieutenant-Colonel R. Palmer).....Fenwick-Palmer	a	12	0
AUBRETIA (Mrs. G. Peace).....Peace	a	11	12
aABBOT (Mr. W. Harris).....G. Young	a	11	12
HARD COURT (Mr. W. Hutchinson).....Hodges	a	11	5
SOLOMON'S CHOICE (Mr. W. Hutchinson) Hodges	6	11	4
COURTDALE (Mr. R. Ranken).....Ranken	a	11	0
BETTING TAX (Mr. D. Heneage).....Pendarves	6	11	0
GAVIN (Mr. J. E. Whiting).....Whiting	a	11	0
Miss GAYZUR (Mrs. A. S. Baliville).....J. Hall	4	10	10
NURSEMAID (Mr. G. S. Langlands) G. Langlands	5	10	10
ASPIRANT (Mr. C. S. Green).....Cox	a	10	7
CAITHOE (Captain T. McDonald).....McIntosh	a	10	7
GOLD LABEL (Mrs. Masters).....Bletsoe	a	10	0
aHUGH O'NEILL (Mr. J. Pendarves).....Pendarves	a	10	0
THE MERCHANT (Mr. D. E. Hutchinson) Osborne	a	10	0

2.30.—The COLWICK HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 200 sovs. Two miles.

	Yrs	st	lb
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MICHAELMAS DAY (Mr. C. M. H. Hartsworth) Pope	5	11	13
aTHE WOLF (Mr. H. Simmonds).....Rimell	5	11	10
ORSAN (Mr. F. Rimell).....Rimell	a	11	0
aTIN O' MUNT (Mr. A. Cresswell).....H. Watkins	5	11	0
FORMAL (Mr. R. C. Hunt).....Hunt	5	11	0
RACELOW 6 RUNNER (Mr. J. W. Pollock) Rimell	6	11	5
aBUTTERSLEE (Mrs. J. Rich).....Butchers	6	11	3
aEASAT (Mr. R. Wappett).....Anthony	6	11	0
aCLARENDER (Mr. F. C. Kain).....H. Harrison	5	10	10
HORSALIS (Princess Wisemsky).....Powell	a	10	10
MARTIN (Mr. J. A. Wilson).....Bulmer	a	10	9
aLEO PULLER (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) O. Bell	7	11	9
aPINNACLE (Mrs. C. Beatty).....T. E. Leader	7	11	2
aBOLD VENTURE (Sir W. Gilbey).....T. Cannon	7	11	2
aSOLDIER APPLE (Mr. W. Murray).....Cottrill	7	11	2
TOBERMORY 2, by Hapsburg (10b. ex.) (Mr. S. Wootton) S. Wootton	7	9	9
aCLOUTSHAM (Lord Glanely).....Hoare	7	7	7
aSELBORNE (Mr. H. F. Charlton).....Morgan	7	7	7
aMELODRAMA (Lady Hillingdon).....Boyd-Rochfort	7	7	7
aMINX (Mr. T. Davidson).....Day	7	7	4
TOM WILLOW (Mr. T. Lant).....M. Hartigan	6	13	

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HAPPY MOOD, C. Elliott; MANCHESTER, R. Perryman; MYLER, P. Beasley; LESS PULLER, H. Wragg; PINNACLE, S. Wragg; BOLD VENTURE, J. Sirett; GOLDEN APPLE, —; FOX or TOM WESTON; TOBERMORY FILLY, R. Dick; CLOUTSHAM, G. Richards; PHILIPPOS, H. Stubbs; MELODRAMA, J. Dines; MINX, G. Archibald.

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	Yrs	st	lb
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aISMAILIA (Lord Glanely).....Hoare	3	9	6
aGRANDSHA (Lord Glanely).....Hoare	3	9	6
aELAND (Lord Harewood).....W. Jarvis	3	9	6
aFLY-LEAF (Lord Harewood).....W. Jarvis	3	9	6
aBRIDESMAID (Mr. M. G. Sharer).....Watts	3

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

RUGBY FOOTBALL

DOWNSIDE'S GOOD VICTORY

Downside beat Clifton by six tries (18 points) to a try (3 points) at Downside.

Downside kicked off against the wind, and the first 20 minutes saw some keen play. Both sides defended well, but Foley cut through for Downside and Denaro scored. Shortly afterwards O'Connor scored for the home side, after a fine run down the touchline. Downside were getting the better of the play now and Clifton never looked like winning, although they tackled well. In the second half Clifton started well and scored a try through Bembridge, but Downside retaliated strongly and Gallagher scored, followed by O'Connor. Downside continued to press, and Robertson scored from a forward rush. O'Connor was playing a fine game on the wing and shortly before the end scored again for Downside, after a strong burst. The match was refereed by W. W. Wakefield. The teams were:—

DOWNSIDE.—H. J. Whyte, back; E. D. O'Connor, A. E. Denaro, B. J. S. S. Gallagher, and F. H. Bicget, three-quarter backs; T. Foley and M. J. Innes, half-backs; J. A. Archer, P. K. O'Connor, C. A. de Cossem, D. Marsden, F. A. S. Robertson, A. J. Goodman, G. B. H. Grayson, and A. D. H. Grayson, forwards.

CLIFTON.—K. C. Klusener, back; R. K. Jones, N. S. Herrett, H. G. Lyons-Montgor, and F. M. Bembridge, three-quarter backs; T. J. Steiger, and G. St. C. Bathgate, half-backs; W. E. Carr, D. H. Jones, N. D. Brown, P. C. Scott, N. S. S. Warren, W. N. L. Vickers, F. V. Morgan, and F. D. Seaton, forwards.

HAILEYBURY BEATEN

Harlequins "A" beat Haileybury by a goal and seven tries (26 points) to a goal (5 points), on the Terrace Field at Haileybury.

A poor defence continually left the visitors with a man over, and as their forwards dominated the tight scrummages the Harlequins soon ran up a big score, though the School had a much greater share of the game in the second half. The try Droogleever scored was the result of a really good movement, the same player converting the try. Chapman (three), Adams (two), Gould (two), and Stephenson scored the visitors' tries.

The teams were:—

HAILEYBURY COLLEGE.—H. J. Parton, back; R. F. Broodleyer, A. M. Greenwood, R. C. Balham, and W. H. R. Cohan-Fleming, three-quarter backs; A. A. Stewart and H. H. Maddock, half-backs; W. E. Cole, J. H. Johnson, N. E. Clark, T. J. M. Lowry, H. C. Selby, P. R. Grace, J. C. A. Rickman, and J. L. Murray, forwards.

HARLEQUINS "A".—S. A. Black, back; T. A. Stephenson, G. C. A. Adams, H. K. Chapman, and F. R. D. Corbett, three-quarter backs; H. J. Gould and J. C. W. Meikle, half-backs; D. Payne, A. H. Hall, Warre, P. D. Macdonald, J. Marshall, C. Thompson, R. K. Whitaker, W. J. Corpe, and B. Kenton, forwards.

STOWE v. TRINITY COLLEGE, OXFORD

Stowe School played a drawn match with Trinity College, Oxford, at Buckingham, each side scoring one goal and two tries.

The teams were:—

STOWE SCHOOL.—W. H. H. Witherforce, back; M. L. Gilbert, J. A. Hotham, L. E. Graeme, and C. E. Salamon, three-quarter backs; E. W. Scouce and R. E. Blandford, half-backs; F. E. Allen, J. W. Macpherson, C. H. Wells, R. H. S. Cleaton, H. M. Barclay, A. R. P. Ellis, P. M. Beech, and K. Cameron forwards.

TRINITY COLLEGE, OXFORD.—H. J. Kirkpatrick, back; A. J. Hotchin, V. A. Titlestad, J. K. W. Alexander, and N. H. Wilkinson, three-quarter backs; J. E. K. Mellor and D. C. King, half-backs; P. J. Sykes, J. W. Dixon, B. L. M. Tomlinson, G. C. Bilton, E. C. Aitken, J. C. Dakin, W. A. W. Clark, and J. M. Hannay, forwards.

BEDFORD v. BLACKHEATH

Blackheath "A" beat Bedford School at Bedford by five goals, three tries (34 points) to one try (3 points).

The teams were:—

BEDFORD SCHOOL.—G. H. P. Fowler, back; R. G. Wise, J. S. Moll, T. E. Rogers, and G. M. R. G. Nevile, three-quarter backs; C. Rich and D. D. Townsend, half-backs; T. R. Garland, H. D. P. Mytton, J. W. S. Warden, C. H. Hostyn, G. O'B. Power, F. S. Eskard, J. A. Edwards, and G. M. Gossow, forwards.

BLACKHEATH "A".—A. S. G. Thomson, back; H. C. Dooty, F. W. Hancock, S. S. White, and R. D. Charlton, three-quarter backs; W. E. Millard and R. D. Stewart, half-backs; A. Rendall, H. A. Brashier, J. E. Warby, H. H. Blanchard, M. H. Carpmael, N. Weld, H. C. Hebard, and Lt.-S. Bailey, forwards.

LORETTO v. SEDBERGH

Sedbergh School beat Loretto School at Musselburgh by two goals and one try (13 points) to one goal (5 points). Sedbergh had their full side out, but Loretto were without three of their regular backs and had the misfortune to lose a forward early in the second half, when leading by a goal to nothing. Waide (two) and Wood ran in for the winners, the latter kicking two goals, and Ferguson scored for Loretto, A. P. Guthrie converting.

The teams were:—

LORETTO.—J. M. Mackay, back; R. E. Harvey, A. P. Guthrie, B. C. Guthrie, and C. N. Ferguson, three-quarter backs; R. B. Cox and J. Holmes, half-backs; A. R. Mabbs, A. Burnet, J. M. Almond, R. C. Miller, R. H. Waterhouse, R. M. Mitchell, R. C. Murray, and P. R. Dunn, forwards.

SEDBERGH.—W. Robinson, back; R. H. P. Hide, J. H. Wilson, C. E. Wood, and S. L. Waide, three-quarter backs; P. M. Palmer and P. Walton, half-backs; W. J. Leather, R. L. Smith, T. M. D. Walker, M. R. Thomas, R. W. Anderson, G. D. Worthington, J. T. Richardson, and M. M. Scott, forwards.

UPPINGHAM'S BIG SCORE

Uppingham School beat Brasenose College, Oxford, by three goals and nine tries (42 points) to a goal (5 points). The School pressed from the start and by good passing movements scored through Milton, Grieve (2), Lucas, Murray (2), and Burke, and led by 21 points to five points at half-time, Brasenose College having scored a try through Sutherland which Gibbs converted. After half-time the School scored through Spencer, Houseman, Lucas, Doxford, and Stephenson, the last three being converted by Southworth.

The teams were:—

UPPINGHAM SCHOOL.—W. R. Southworth, back; C. Houseman, G. Stephenson, E. Doxford, and J. Grieve, three-quarter backs; M. C. Lucas and J. Wilson, half-backs; A. Marshall, D. Milman, F. Murray, R. Dale, D. Burke, P. D. Swinstead, P. Spencer, and J. Ibbotson, forwards.

BRASENOSE COLLEGE.—J. Ronald, back; I. Lawrie, J. A. Bains, F. Nicholls, and D. Borland, three-quarter backs; L. Reid and H. Sutherland, half-backs; C. R. Gibbs, M. Peacock, W. Keeling, P. Van der Byl, W. Jones, D. Webb, and P. Wyatt, forwards.

ROSSALL'S BIG VICTORY

Rossall School beat Giggleswick School by five goals, three tries, and two penalty goals (40 points) to nothing. Straight from the kick-off Rossall scored when Dawson obtained a try which Lowe converted. Evans followed with another try, which Lowe again converted, and Lowe kicked a penalty goal shortly afterwards. At half-time Rossall led by 13 points and in the second half they added another 27 points. Chadwick and Chamberlain each scored two tries and Dawson and Dixon one each. Lowe converted three and also kicked a goal from a free kick. Giggleswick forwards played an indifferent game and Rossall got the ball in nearly every scrummage, while their three-quarter backs played a capital passing game.

BEAUMONT v. DOUAI

Douai beat Beaumont on Runnymede by two goals and a try (13 points) to four tries (12 points).

The game was very evenly contested throughout and the result finally hung on the converting of a try by Beaumont almost in the last minute. The Douai pack was outweighted, but by better combination and lower packing gradually got the upper hand, while their outsides were always dangerous, although they were flattered by the slow marking and weak tackling in the Beaumont centre.

Beaumont opened the score in the first half through a good movement which allowed Darwood to get over by the corner flag, but Douai retaliated by a determined run which gave them a try in a corresponding position, and half-time arrived with the scores equal. After that Beaumont scored twice, first through Hewett and then by a good combined movement which sent Tye over. Neither of these tries was converted, and Douai then scored two tries fairly quickly, both of which were scored and converted by Foster. A desperate struggle by Beaumont to draw level resulted in Bidwell at last scoring almost behind the posts, but the kick failed.

HARROW BEATEN

Harrow School met with their second defeat of the term on Saturday, when they were beaten by Rosslyn Park "A" by three goals and three tries (24 points) to none. Rosslyn Park pressed for the greater part of the first half and scored four tries, two of which were converted. O. C. Browning, the captain and scrummage half-back, made a good effort for the School, but was brought down about a yard from the line. In the second half, during which the School put up a stubborn defence and tackled well, Rosslyn Park scored two more tries, one of which was converted. The scorers were:—I. R. McIntosh (2), R. C. Arbuthnot (2), F. J. M. Dent, and R. B. Hunter. The goals were kicked by McIntosh, J. R. Tyler, and J. A. G. Scott.

The teams were:—

HARROW SCHOOL.—J. W. Duckworth, back; E. J. Sewell, P. K. Crowther, R. J. de Las Casas, and I. M. Carlisle, three-quarter backs; F. J. Lewis and O. C. Browning, half-backs; K. Blackmore, C. F. R. Bowen Colthurst, C. D. van Namen, D. O. Couper, W. Sedgman and J. M. Blandy, R. S. Kay and C. B. Willey, forwards. Couper was awarded a Lion after the match.

ROSSLYN PARK.—R. M. T. Wallace, back; N. R. Hunter, I. R. McIntosh, F. J. M. Dent, and A. C. Whitlock, three-quarter backs; R. C. Arbuthnot, and D. Zvegintzov, half-backs; I. M. R. Stuart, J. R. Tyler, H. O. Bramley, R. J. Willmer, W. S. Bell, H. Thomas, J. A. G. Scott, and J. S. Johnstone (sub.), forwards.

BLUNDELL'S v. R.N.C., DARTMOUTH

Blundell's School were beaten by the R.N.C., Dartmouth, by one goal and three tries (14 points) to a goal, a penalty goal, and a try (11 points). The game was fast and open. Blundell's played first with a strong wind, but Kirby opened the scoring for Dartmouth after good passing, and Hastings, dribbling over, increased the lead with a try. At half-time Blundell's drew level from a penalty goal kicked by Draper, and a converted try scored from a forward rush by O'Flaherty. In the second half Kirby, on the left wing, scored two more tries for Dartmouth, while Nayler, with a strong run, got over for Blundell's. The forwards were well matched, but Blundell's backs were not; their centre-three-quarter, however, threw chances away by slow running and poor passing. Kirby ran finely for Dartmouth.

DURHAM v. AMPLEFORTH

Durham School beat Ampleforth by two goals and two tries (16 points) to nothing. The Durham forwards got the ball in nearly every scrummage and were also superior in the loose. The backs were more evenly matched. The Durham defence was better and the score would have been higher but for poor finishing. Durham scored the first try by pushing a scrummage over the line. The other tries were scored by Smith, Thomas, and Arnott, and the goals were kicked by Shawyer and Arnott.

CAMBRIDGE v. CAMBRIDGE OLD BLUES

Will any old Rugby Blue who wishes to play against Cambridge on December 2 please communicate with J. E. Greenwood, Lenton Mount, Nottingham?

THE ARMY CUP

The draw for the first round of the Army Rugby Union Challenge Cup Competition, to be played by Saturday, November 8, on the ground of the first-named club, is given below:—

ALDERSHOT COMMAND

"B" Group, R.C. of Signals v. 2nd Battalion, The King's Regiment; 2nd Battalion Cheshire Regiment v. 1st Battalion K.O.Y.L. Infantry; 2nd Battalion Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry v. R.E., Aldershot Command; 1st A.A. Brigade, R.A. v. 1st Battalion, The Border Regiment; 2nd Battalion Royal Berkshire Regiment v. v. 3rd Battalion Coldstream Guards; 2nd Battalion Scots Guards v. 1st Battalion, Duke of Wellington's Regiment; 2nd Battalion Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Regiment v. 1st A.A. Searchlight Battalion, R.E.; 11th Field Brigade, R.A. v. 2nd Battalion K.S.L. Infantry.

SOUTHERN AND ALDERSHOT COMMANDS

1st Battalion Welch Regiment, Gosport v. 2nd Battalion South Wales Borderers, Portsmouth; R.T.C. Centre, Bovington v. 2nd Battalion Dorsetshire Regiment; 2nd Battalion Somerset Light Infantry v. 11th Hussars; 9th Field Brigade, R.A. v. 1st Battalion Royal Scots Fusiliers; R.C. of S., Southern Command, Bulford v. 2nd Battalion Royal Welch Fusiliers; R.E., Southern Command, Bulford, v. "A" Group, R.C. of S., Aldershot. Byes.—2nd Battalion Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders and 5th Battalion Royal Tank Corps.

EASTERN COMMAND AND LONDON DISTRICT

2nd Training Brigade, R.A. Depôt, Woolwich v. Training Battalion, R.E., Chatham; Military College of Science, Woolwich v. 2nd Battalion Gloucestershire Regiment; 1st Battalion Manchester Regiment, Shorncliffe v. 3rd Battalion Royal Tank Corps, Lydd; 2nd Battalion Northamptonshire Regiment v. 2nd Battalion Black Watch; R.C. of S., Eastern Command, Colchester v. 17th Field Brigade, R.A.; 3rd Light Brigade, R.E., Norwich v. 1st Battalion Middlesex Regiment; 1st Battalion Scots Guards v. 1st Battalion Irish Guards; 1st Battalion Coldstream Guards v. 2nd Battalion Grenadier Guards; Royal Horse Guards v. 2nd Battalion Coldstream Guards. Bye.—2nd Battalion, The Buffs.

NORTHERN AND SCOTTISH COMMANDS

4th Battalion Royal Tank Corps v. 1st Battalion Durham Light Infantry; Depôt Battalion R.C. of Signals v. 1st Battalion Lancashire Fusiliers. Byes.—1st Battalion King's Own Scottish Borderers; Training Battalion, R.C. of Signals; 2nd Battalion Leicestershire Regiment; and 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment.

CAMBRIDGE COLLEGE RESULTS

RUGBY FOOTBALL.—King's 22 points, Downing 3; Trinity Hall 16, Christ's 6; Caius 21, Trinity 10; Jesus 10, St. John's 5; Peterhouse II. 54, Selwyn II. 6; Queens' II. 25, Downing II. 10; Clare II. 22, Pembroke II. 13; Trinity Toojans 18, Trinity Hall Hornets 16.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.—League Division I.—Christ's 11 goals, Magdalene 0. League Division II.—Trinity Hall 3, Downing 1; King's 1, Pembroke II. 1. League Division III.—Clare II. 5, Emmanuel II. 1. Other Matches.—St. John's II. 5, Downing II. 0; Trinity II. 3, Caius II. 1; Fitzwilliam House II. 6, Jesus III. 2.

HOCKEY.—League.—Christ's 5 goals, Clare 5; Fitzwilliam House 1, Jesus 1; Queens' 4, St. Catharine's 2; Pembroke 7, Peterhouse 1; Magdalene 2, King's 4. Other Matches.—Emmanuel II. 5, Caius II. 1; Clare II. 4, Pembroke II. 4; Ridley Hall 7, Westcott House 2; Trinity Hall II. 1, Christ's II. 1; Sidney Sussex III. 3, Trinity III. 2.

OXFORD COLLEGE RESULTS

RUGBY FOOTBALL.—St. Edmund Hall 19 points, Oriel 3; Jesus 9, Pembroke 0; Magdalen 29, Hertford 0; University College A 11, Brasenose 3, 5; Balliol 8, Christ Church 0; New College 12, Keble 5.

HOCKEY.—Exeter 2 goals, University College 1.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.—St. Edmund Hall 2 goals, Pembroke 0; New College 2, Balliol 2; Oriel 11, 0; Merton 11, 0; Merton 5, Christ Church 0.

SCHOOL RESULTS

	Pts.		Pts.
*Monmouth School	14	Newport High School	5
*Seaford College	9	Brighton "B"	0
		*Mount St. Mary's	8
Worksop College	9	College	

*Home team.

TO-DAY'S SCHOOL MATCHES

Norwich School v. Ipswich School; Oundle School v. Cambridge O.O.'s; Uppingham School v. Cambridge LX.

SQUASH RACKETS

THE BATH CLUB CUP

The Naval and Military Club beat the United Service Club in the third division of the Bath Club Cup squash rackets competition at the United Service Club yesterday, by two matches to one.

The results were:—

Captain J. N. Chesey (N. and M.) beat Lieutenant-Commander C. A. Kershaw (R.N.) (9—3, 7—9, 9—0, 9—0).

Captain C. J. Wilson (N. and M.) beat Commander Lord Alastair Graham (R.N.) (9—7, 9—2, 10—9).

Lieutenant-Commander W. C. Eykyn, R.N. (N. and M.) lost to Captain F. McNamara (R.N.) (7—9, 6—9, 9—4, 4—9).

SANDHURST WANDERERS WIN

Sandhurst Wanderers beat Wentworth Club at squash rackets at Sandhurst by three matches to one.

The results were:—

D. A. C. Page (S.W.) lost to H. T. Dryadale (7—9, 1—9, 3—9).

J. W. Malet (S.W.) beat L. A. Escombe (9—7, 9—6, 9—6).

Captain T. L. Barkas (S.W.) beat E. J. Leatham (9—3, 9—2, 9—2).

V. L. M. Wainwright (S.W.) beat A. J. Raven (2—9, 9—5, 9—5, 9—4).

CAMBRIDGE BEAT R.A.F. CLUB

Cambridge University beat the R.A.F. Club at Cambridge in a squash rackets match by five events to none.

The results were:—

K. C. Gandar Dower (Cambridge) beat P. Q. Reiss (10—8, 10—6, 9—9, 9—7).

R. W. Greenup (Cambridge) beat C. L. Stubbs (9—1, 9—5, 9—0).

T. C. S. Haywood (Cambridge) beat C. Birley (9—3, 9—7, 9—4).

R. G. Bullen (Cambridge) beat W. Carleton (9—7, 9—5, 9—0).

C. B. Northcroft (Cambridge) beat G. Moore (9—5, 9—0, 8—10, 7—9, 9—6).

Queen's Club beat the R.M.A. at West Kensington by three events to two.

SPORTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

RACING.—Newmarket, 1.30; Nottingham, 1.30.
COURSING.—South of England Meeting.
BOXING.—Hood v. Slade, Royal Albert Hall.

DUBLIN HOSPITALS SWEEPSTAKE

It is expected that more than £200,000 will be distributed in prizes for the Dublin hospitals sweepstake on the Manchester November Handicap. Already over £150,000 in prize money has been lodged in the bank by the trustees. The draw will take place at the Mansion House, Dublin, on November 17, under the supervision of General O'Duffy, Chief Commissioner of the Civic Guard. Two blind children from a local institution will draw the counterfoils and the names of the horses entered for the race from steel-lined drums, and the drawers of horses will be immediately notified by telegram. Among those who have purchased tickets are Lord Derby, Lord Craigavon, Mr. Cosgrave, and Lord Burghley. It is proposed to run sweepstakes on the Grand National and the Derby, and schemes have been sanctioned by the Minister for Justice.

RUGBY CLUB RECORDS

(Up to and including October 25)

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Pts. F.	Pts. A.
Aberavon	9	3	1	4	52	41
Abertillery	9	6	1	2	59	37
Artists Rifles	5	2	0	3	41	45
Aston Old Edwardians	7	3	0	4	48	71
Bank of England	5	3	0	2	59	28
Barnet	5	4	0	1	78	27
Bath	9	4	2	3	99	67
Beckenham	6	6	0	0	146	11
Bedford	6	6	0	0	101	21
Berkshire Wanderers	6	5	0	1	79	34
Birkenhead Park	5	3	0	2	72	74
Birmingham	7	1	0	6	17	114
Blackheath	9	3	0	6	90	89
Bradford	8	5	1	2	121	110
Brighton	6	6	0	0	136	52
Bristol	6	6	0	0	91	22
B.T.H., London	6	6	0	0	61	24
Broughton Park	8	0	2	6	12	121
Cambridge University	4	3	0	1	105	38
Canterbury	8	5	0	3	82	60
Cardiff	18	6	4	8	142	165
Carlisle	8	4	0	4	72	55
Catford Bridge	9	4	0	5	71	121
Charlton Park	5	0	0	5	24	108
Cheltenham	7	4	0	3	73	42
Chiltern	4	2	0	2	46	47
Civil Service	5	1	0	4	31	74
Clifton	7	3	0	4	50	60
Cockermouth	8	4	1	3	71	56
Coventry	9	7	0	2	155	70
Criks Kera	10	5	1	4	79	39
Customs Sports	8	4	0	4	72	59
Derby	6	6	0	0	66	14
Devonport Services	7	2	1	4	65	73
Esher	7	4	1	2	45	44
Exiles	7	6	0	1	149	31
Finchley	5	2	1	2	61	44
Fylde	8	4	0	4	139	84
Gateshead Fell	7	1	3	3	58	57
Gloucester	9	4	2	3	111	70
Gosforth	8	8	0	0	129	16
Great Western Railway	4	3	0	1	54	9
Guildford	4	3	0	1	68	37
Guy's Hospital	6	3	0	3	107	64
Halifax	8	4	2	2	98	57
Harlequins	5	5	0	0	124	45
Harrogate Old Boys	7	3	1	3	91	59
Harrow	6	3	0	3	37	33
Harpenden	4	1	0	3	44	28
Hartlepool Rovers	8	4	0	4	89	92
Headingley	7	5	0	2	162	68
H.A.C.	6	3	0	3	63	74
Huddersfield Old Boys	9	7	0	2	61	46
Ilford Wanderers	5	2	0	3	32	49
Ilkley	9	4	0	5	81	95
King's College Hospital	9	4	0	5	63	98
Kingston	5	2	0	3	53	97
K.C.S. Old Boys	5	3	0	2	78	70
Leicester	8	5	1	2	108	64
Lensbury	5	3	0	2	64	58
Leytonstone	7	4	0	3	98	79
Liverpool	6	5	0	1	118	37
Llanelly	8	6	1	1	98	27
Lloyds Bank	5	3	1	1	56	31
London Hospital	5	3	0	2	44	32
L.C.C.	3	1	1	1	22	19
London Irish	5	4	0	1	63	15
London Scottish	5	1	0	4	36	105
London Welsh	6	3	1	2	88	26
Macclesfield	7	4	0	3	81	48
Manchester	7	1	0	6	34	109
Metropolitan Police	4	4	0	0	73	18
Moseley	7	1	1	5	41	79
Neath	9	6	0	3	127	43
New Brighton	6	2	0	4	57	90
Newbury	6	5	0	1	122	34
Newport	11	6	3	2	128	76
Northampton	8	3	0	5	99	95
North Durham	7	5	1	1	116	66
Northern	6	2	0	4	57	109
Northern Assurance	5	2	0	3	54	92
Nuneaton	6	4	0	2	96	51
Old Alleynians	5	2	0	3	62	62
Old Berkhamstedians	5	2	0	3	33	46
Old Blues	7	2	0	5	48	97
Old Brightonians	4	2	1	1	74	75
Old Brocklesians	4	4	0	0	43	13
Old Citizens	5	2	0	3	30	44
Old Cranleighans	6	4	0	2	81	91
Old Cranbrians	5	5	0	0	128	11
Old Dartfordians	8	6	0	2	170	42
Old Dunelmians	5	0	0	5	9	96
Old Edwardians	5	2	0	3	28	55
Old Elthamians	5	4	1	0	93	15
Old Fullerians	4	0	0	4	9	37
Old Haberdashers	5	4	0	1	89	60
Old Halleybutians	5	3	0	2	49	50
Old Johnians	5	4	0	1	76	31
Old Leysians	5	1	0	4	34	94
Old Merchant Taylors	5	3	0	2	60	49
Old Mid-Whitgiftians	5	3	0	2	72	37
Old Millhillians	7	6	0	1	149	34
Old Paulines	7	6	0	1	89	60
Old Redingensians	5	4	0	1	65	16
Old Reigatians	5	3	1	1	130	14
Old Ruttishians	5	3	0	2	129	63
Old Shirtcliffians	5	0	0	5	28	68
Old Whitgiftians	5	1	0	4	24	73
Old Wimbledonians	3	1	0	2	24	23
Osterley	6	1	0	5	39	91
Oxford Exiles	4	0	0	4	14	51
Oxford University	3	3	0	0	49	29
Penarth	5	3	0	2	104	53
Plymouth Albion	7	5	0	2	114	53
Polytechnic	5	3	0	2	50	48
Pontypool	11	8	2	1	111	47
Preston Grasshoppers	9	1	2	6	57	153
Redruth	9	7	0	2	146	58
Richmond	6	2	0	4	74	90
Rosslyn Park	7	5	0	2	83	44
Royal School of Mines	5	4	0	1	113	23
Rugby	11	7	0	4	170	98
St. Bartholomew's Hospital	6	1	0	5	39	177
St. Mary's Hospital	5	3	0	2	54	30
Sale	7	5	0	2	191	47
Saracens	5	2	0	3	54	94
Sidcup	4	4	0	0	108	18
Scotland	5	5	0	0	81	14
Stafford	5	4	0	1	144	14
Standard Bank	4	2	1	1	74	22
Streatham	6	0	0	6	33	115
Stroud	9	7	0	2	93	83
Sutton	8	2	0	6	43	103
Swansea	8	5	0	3	114	43
Taunton	7	4	0	3	78	82
Teignmouth	8	6	0	2	111	50
Thames Valley	6	2	0	4	62	58
Toc H	6	4	0	2	96	41
Tonbridge	5	1	0	4	17	87
Torquay	10	9	0	1	171	52
Twickenham	6	0	0	6	28	118
Tyldesley	7	5	0	2	77	51
United Services	10	2	0	8	75	73
U.C.S. Old Boys	6	2	0	4	75	59
Upper Clapton	6	1	0	5	75	79
Wakefield	8	4	0	4	102	73
Warlingham	5	2	0	3	52	74
Wasps	7	7	0	0	142	18
Waterloo	7	4	0	3	115	93
Wellingborough	6	4	0	2	64	54
Wellington	9	6	0	3	112	76
West Hartlepool	7	6	0	1	84	24
Westleigh	7	6	0	1	174	34
Westminster Bank	3	3	0	0	71	19
Weymouth	5	2	0	3	51	62
Wimbledon	4	4	0	0	64	14
Woodford	7	3	0	4	65	51
Worcester	6	5	0	1	145	36

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL

OXFORD BEATEN AGAIN

Oxford University, who have yet to gain their first win this season, were beaten by an F.A. Amateur XI. at Iffley-road yesterday afternoon by one goal to none. A slippery ground and greasy ball had an adverse effect on the game, and rain fell during the second half.

The return of W. B. Goulding and the transference of G. H. Tidswell from centre-half to left full-back materially strengthened the Oxford defence. A newcomer in J. B. Morgan took Tidswell's place, and M. Mackenzie, who also played in the team for the first time, came in at centre-forward. Though Oxford showed marked improvement on their recent form they will have to develop their attack along less obvious lines and improve their methods in front of goal before becoming a really dangerous side. Much of their passing was across the field and lacked the crispness to reach its destination, whereas both E. W. Yemm and H. V. Benest on the wings are fast enough to have the ball put well in front of them.

During the first half Oxford had a fair share of the game which, though it was never fast, changed continually from one end of the field to the other. Yemm and G. S. Jones combined well and Benest gave Mackenzie several opportunities by putting the ball across the goalmouth. Mackenzie, however, was unable to avail himself of them. As a line the F.A. team were the more dangerous, L. C. Finch, R. Beswarwick, and W. H. Warnes each doing good work. The shooting of both sides lacked sting and though both goalkeepers were called on to save on several occasions neither was severely tested. Half-time was reached without either side having scored.

Though Oxford were on the defensive during practically the whole of the second half, the back division put up such a sound defence that the Amateur XI. only scored once, through J. T. Anderson, who got his head to the ball from a corner kick and scored. A. D. Garrow was the best half-back on the field, but on the whole the F.A. amateurs were superior in this department and showed better judgment throughout.

The teams were:—

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—G. R. M. Ricketts (Hertford), goal; W. B. Goulding (Christ Church) and G. H. Tidswell (Queen's), backs; A. D. Garrow (Corpus), J. B. Morgan (Jesus), and J. L. T. Guise (Trinity), half-backs; E. W. Yemm (Queen's), G. S. Jones (St. Catherine's), M. Mackenzie (Christ Church), C. F. L. Ansell (Jesus), and H. V. Benest (Jesus), forwards.

F.A. AMATEUR XI.—K. C. Tewkesbury (Birmingham University), goal; F. Bowyer (Wimbledon) and A. W. Pyrah (Brentwood and Warley), backs; L. H. Allum (Maidenhead), J. T. Anderson (Enfield), and W. J. Snow (Maidenhead), half-backs; W. H. Warnes (Woking), H. Hannam (Kingstonian), D. E. Vernon (R.A.F.), R. Beswarwick (Enfield), and L. C. Finch (Barnet), forwards.

BRADFIELD v. ALDENHAM

Bradfield beat Aldenham in the first match between these two schools at Aldenham by four goals to two.

In spite of a high wind, both sides controlled the ball remarkably well, and much clever passing was seen. Bradfield scored first through Marshall, who converted a well-placed corner kick with a beautiful header. Immediately after this Lampard, the Aldenham captain, dribbled past four opponents, but put in a weak shot from close range, which was easily saved. Apart from this one mistake, Lampard's play throughout was of the highest order. Just before half-time Aldenham equalized through Bennett, who put in a good shot after Smith had centred from the touchline.

The play was very fast at the beginning of the second half. After two minutes, Dickinson, on the Aldenham right wing, put across a centre, right into the Bradfield goalmouth; the goalkeeper reached it, but before he could clear the Aldenham forwards robbed him of the ball and Taylor scored. Bradfield equalized 10 minutes later through a well-placed shot from Bathurst. There was an exciting scramble in the Aldenham goalmouth immediately after the kick-off, but Hardie cleared. Aldenham attacked on the left and forced a corner on the right. Dickinson put the ball right across the goalmouth, and for a moment Aldenham seemed certain to score. The ball actually hit the upright twice when the Bradfield goalkeeper was on the ground, but in the end it was cleared by Collis. Play continued to be very fast, but there was no further scoring until three minutes from the end, when the Bradfield forwards broke away for Bathurst to score. A minute later the Bradfield captain, Wallis-Tarry, completed the score with a powerful shot from the edge of the penalty area.

The teams were:—

ALDENHAM SCHOOL.—J. S. Follett, goal; K. H. Goodacre and P. J. Hardie, backs; R. G. Hunt, M. Lampard, and W. L. Moreland, half-backs; A. K. Dickinson, J. M. Barrell, R. B. Bennett, B. T. Taylor, and C. G. Smith, forwards.

BRADFIELD COLLEGE.—P. F. Hughes, goal; J. V. Crump and W. B. Evans, backs; G. C. Bastian, F. E. Wallis-Tarry, and J. O. Collis, half-backs; C. M. Heathcote, C. F. Mackwood, P. L. Bathurst, R. N. Rayne, and W. J. Marshall, forwards.

REPTON WIN

Repton beat Handsworth Old Boys at Repton by four goals to three. Handsworth were, as usual, very quick on the ball and full of energy. Their tackling was very firm and they generally got their charge in first. K. Weeks was very good at back, L. Hackett the best half-back. The veteran G. Dale and G. Weller played forward well, but C. Leyland was the best.

The teams were:—

REPTON.—M. Stockdale, goal; P. A. Phibbs and R. P. Archer, backs; C. S. Sutcliffe, J. H. Vaughan, and W. E. Bromfield, half-backs; R. J. Llewellyn, H. S. Seaford, J. H. Human (captain), W. H. Everard, and L. D. Macbrayne, forwards.

HANDSWORTH OLD BOYS.—I. H. Smith, goal; R.

LIFE ASSURANCE

ACTUARY'S VIEW OF COMPETITION

FUTURE OF BONUSES

Mr. H. M. Trouncer, actuary and manager of the London Life Association, delivered the presidential address before a large gathering at the Institute of Actuaries at Staple Inn Hall yesterday evening.

Commenting on the pressure of competition in life assurance, which had resulted in the declaration of higher rates of bonus, especially for new entrants, and the issue of contracts at lower rates of premium than would have ruled if there had been no such pressure, he said that healthy competition was undoubtedly a great protection to policyholders, and it was difficult to say just in what circumstances competition became unhealthy, but he thought that actuaries could diagnose correctly. The financial effect of declaring too high a rate of bonus was very different from that of issuing contracts at unremunerative rates, because adjustment could be made at subsequent declarations of bonus, but the volume of business effected on the basis of the maintenance of current rates was so large that it became a matter of good faith and was thus of equal, if not of greater, importance.

During the War, the president recalled, bonuses generally had to be passed because of the depreciation in values, and when stocks recovered the opportunity was taken of strengthening reserves. Mortality was much lighter and the effective rate of interest, in spite of heavy taxation, was higher, all of which tended the same way and made higher bonuses practicable. It was the function of the actuary to see whether the position was a permanent one—he must be satisfied that the rates charged to new entrants provided for the maintenance of the current rates of bonus. Otherwise he was giving too good terms to new entrants at the expense of the existing assured, and sooner or later the rate of bonus must come down. In such circumstances should not the rates of premium for new entrants be revised? The point he (the president) wished to make was that it would be unwise to rely on a high rate of interest in future in order to maintain a high rate of bonus.

LOW RATES OF MORTALITY

Referring to the low competitive rates for non-participating life assurance, Mr. Trouncer said that these, apart from the question of interest, turned largely on the question of mortality. Were they justified in relying on the lowest rates of mortality yet shown remaining permanent? No doubt each actuary would from time to time have taken out the experience of his own office, and might have found that there was the same gradual improvement in mortality as was shown in the Institute annuity experience. They should await confirmation by the new Institute experience of assured lives, but here a special word of caution was necessary. The first figures they would get would be based only on a three years' experience. Surely before arriving at any definite conclusions they must wait for more years to be included. He did not think it was wise to calculate rates for non-participating contracts on the low mortality that they appeared to be experiencing at the moment, without a good margin.

Pension schemes were another matter in which competition was very keen, and they presented problems to actuaries in connexion with mortality. Take for example an ordinary commercial company where there was no question of a dangerous trade or occupation. What was the right table of mortality to use for pensioners in 30 or 40 years' time? Ought they for safety to assume the forecast mortality of annuitants, or were they justified in using a table which showed heavier mortality? The use of another table might make a considerable difference in rates of premium or contributions and more still in the liability shown by a valuation. The responsibility of the actuary was a heavy one.

Pension schemes were also one of the few matters which brought consulting actuaries into competition with life offices. Small schemes, where the principle of average had not room to work, naturally went to the life offices. It was in the larger schemes that the consulting actuary had great responsibility. It must be remembered that he was in a sense an interested party, for he would naturally be consulted over the scheme if it were brought into being. This was an example of the tremendous importance to their profession that actuaries who set up in independent practice should be of the highest character and integrity. He did not mean to imply that consulting actuaries should have a monopoly of these virtues—quite the contrary. He held very strongly that the responsible actuarial posts should be filled by men of character and personality.

DANGEROUS TENDENCIES

He supposed that the bad times on which marine insurance had fallen were due, to a large extent, to competition, which had forced rates down below a paying basis. He hoped that, in the various instances he had given in which actuaries might be influenced by competition, the same result might not obtain. He was not suggesting that any office was quoting rates of premium that could not be justified, but he was pointing out dangerous tendencies and asking for caution. It might be wise to look ahead and consider what would be the effect if the rates in question turned out to be unremunerative or worse.

In the case of most offices the bonus system provided a safety valve and a loss on non-participating business would diminish the surplus available for distribution. In some shareholding companies the dividend would furnish a similar safety valve, but would not such circumstances accentuate the tendency to amalgamations with a view to reducing overhead charges per policy? He preferred not to contemplate such a possibility.

Two years ago Mr. Levine referred to the Departmental Committee set up by the Board of Trade to advise as to what alterations should be made in the Assurance Companies Act, 1909. This committee was set up in 1924 and the report of the committee was issued in 1927. Mr. Levine presumed that in due course the Bill would be introduced, but here they were, in the autumn of 1930, just where they were. It was hoped that at the end of last year the Bill might be brought forward as an agreed Bill, or rather, with agreed amendments, but the matter was crowded out and nothing was done. He did not know if the matter had been pigeon-holed or not. He knew that the longer the delay, the greater was the difficulty of agreement.

It would be remembered that this committee was set up when the Labour Party was in office, but the present Labour Government could not find time for the introduction of the Bill. The work involved in an inquiry of this nature was immense, for, quite apart from the actual labour of the committee itself, the whole of the insurance profession was interested, and the most careful consideration was given and recommendations were made to the committee by every branch. He submitted that it was unreasonable and unfair to the insurance profession that the report of the committee should be ignored.

Comment on the address appears in our City Notes.

NAVAL, MILITARY, AND AIR FORCE

COMMANDS FOR JUNIOR CAPTAINS

Another of the sloops stationed abroad is to be commanded by a junior captain instead of a commander, in order to afford more employment for young captains and to lessen the period which some of them would otherwise have to wait before taking up their first command in the rank. The ship now affected by this change is the DELPHINIUM, one of the two stationed on the West Coast of Africa. Commander C. E. S. Farrant completed two years in her on October 1. His successor is to be Captain A. M. Peters, D.S.C., one of the officers promoted in the midsummer list. The CLEMATIS, in the Red Sea, and the HELIOTROPE, on the America and West Indies Station, are other sloops now commanded by captains instead of commanders.

Captain Peters was Flag Lieutenant to Admiral Sir William Goodenough, in the SOUTHAMPTON and the ORION, throughout the late War. He took part in all the great North Sea actions, and was awarded the D.S.C. after Jutland, when the official record stated that "his coolness and clearness on this occasion, and his constant care and attention in regard to the signals and communications of the Squadron during the past three years, enabled the fullest advantage to be taken when reporting the enemy's Battle Fleet." After the War Captain Peters became Fleet signal officer to Admiral Sir Charles Madden, and was promoted to commander in December, 1922. His last appointment was as executive officer of the EREBUS, cadets' training ship and turret drillship at Devonport.

ARRIVALS FROM ABROAD

Two vessels are due to arrive at Portsmouth to-day from foreign service, and both are to be scrapped and their places taken by later ships. The sloop WISTARIA, Commander Gerald Curteis, M.V.O., is expected from Bermuda and Fayal, Azores. She has had nearly 10 years' duty on the America and West Indies Station and is a sister-ship of the VALERIAN, which foundered in a hurricane with the loss of 84 lives in 1926. The destroyer SPLENDID, Lieutenant-Commander J. A. McCoy, is due from Gibraltar, where her place in the Local Defence Flotilla is to be taken by the SHAMROCK, hitherto in maintenance reserve at Rosyth.

THE DECCAN COMMAND

Major-General Henry Edward ap Rhys Pryce, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., has been selected for command of a First-class District in India and will take over the Deccan District, the Bolarum headquarters of the 4th Division, on January 1. The vacancy occurs owing to the promotion of Lieutenant-General B. F. Burnett Hitchcock. Major-General Pryce, who took over command of the Presidency and Assam District at Calcutta a year ago, will be succeeded there by Major-General H. K. Bethell, C.B., C.M.G., C.V.O., D.S.O., who recently vacated the appointment of Brigadier, General Staff, Northern Command, on selection for a Second-class District. Major-General Pryce was educated at Glenalmond and Sandhurst, and entered the Indian Army in 1895, serving in Tibet and on General Sir O'Moore Creagh's headquarters staff. He was with the 36th and 43rd Divisions of the New Armies at home and in France, and commanded the 173th Infantry Brigade. He has been Commandant of the Senior Officers' School at Belgaum, and Director of Supplies and Transport at Delhi.

A.D.S. & T., EGYPT.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. P. Robinson, D.S.O., O.B.E., Royal Army Service Corps, has been appointed Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport, Egypt, with effect from October 19, 1930.

SQUADRON LEADER GLENNY

The appointment is announced to the HERMES, which is expected to leave Chatham next week to resume duty as aircraft carrier to the China Squadron, of Squadron Leader A. W. F. Glenny, M.C., D.F.C., late of the headquarters staff, Wessex Bombing Area. Squadron Leader Glenny, now 33 years of age, was at Sandhurst when the War broke out, and in January, 1915, was gazetted to the Royal Army Service Corps. Between October, 1915, and January, 1919, he had three periods of service in France with the R.F.C. and R.A.F., and in 1919-23 was employed in India. He won the Military Cross, a Bar to this decoration, and the Distinguished Flying Cross for conspicuous gallantry and skill in flying for reconnaissance and artillery observation. He also has the Belgian Croix de Guerre. He qualified at the Staff College, Andover, in 1926-27.

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THE LONDON NAVAL TREATY

CELEBRATION BY BROADCAST

BRITAIN, JAPAN, AND THE UNITED STATES

The deposit of the ratifications of the London Naval Treaty yesterday was followed in the afternoon by an international broadcast. The Prime Minister of Japan, Mr. Hamaguchi, spoke in Japanese from Tokyo, the President of the United States from the Cabinet Room in the White House, Washington, and the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom from the Cabinet Room at 10, Downing-street, in a sequence of addresses following closely on each other. It was the first occasion on which America and Japan had been linked in a joint programme, and the first attempt to relay in this country a speech delivered in Japan. The Transatlantic telephone service was used to link Washington with London, and an experimental short-wave link across the Pacific completed the extension to Tokyo. The reception of the Japanese Prime Minister's words in England was not very satisfactory, on account of atmospheric interferences. The rest of the programme, however, was very clearly heard, and, as it concluded with a repetition in English by the Japanese Ambassador in London, Mr. Matsudaira (speaking from 10, Downing-street), of Mr. Hamaguchi's speech, the defects in transmission from Tokyo did not rob English listeners of any part of the significance of the event.

PRIME MINISTER OF JAPAN

The broadcast began at 2.50 p.m., Greenwich Mean Time, and lasted half an hour. The following is the translation of the speech of the Prime Minister of Japan:—

The memorable Conference which was held in 1921 and 1922 at Washington failed to give a complete measure of relief to a war-weary world. A totally unexpected competition set in among naval architects in the production of numerous and very formidable cruisers. These vessels were so heavily armed, so swift, and so well protected as to constitute a factor of extreme importance in any comparison of fleets. It was some time before the existence of the problem and its dangers and difficulties became apparent. Various efforts were made towards its solution, but they seemed to lead to no result, and the leading naval Powers were rapidly drifting towards an impasse, with the prospect before them of a renewal of the wasteful competition and crushing expenditure which had been temporarily arrested at Washington.

This dangerous possibility was averted at London. The assiduous labours exerted in 1927 at Geneva were not without fruit, but paved the way for a welcome measure of disarmament. An understanding was reached between Japan, the British Commonwealth of Nations, and the United States of America to put an end to competitive building in all categories of auxiliary combatant vessels. Nor is that tripartite agreement relating to auxiliary craft the only outstanding feature of the work of the London Conference. A treaty embodying further provisions, designed to reinforce the limitation of naval armaments laid down in the Washington Treaty, and to regulate the activity of submarines in conformity with the dictates of humanity, was elaborated and signed by the five principal naval Powers committed to one and the same noble end.

I feel it a great privilege to have contributed, so far as in me lay, to this happy result. The new treaty is bound to exercise an immense moral influence on the growing consciousness of mankind. It is a striking demonstration of mutual confidence and good will among the nations, and I congratulate the people of all the participating countries on such a signal achievement. I know that nothing is nearer the heart of every thinking Japanese than to enjoy security and to live in peace with the rest of the world. One cannot but feel that the moment is favourable for a wide extension of the policy of disarmament embodied in this treaty. Now that the Pact of Paris initiated by M. Briand and Mr. Kellogg has definitely outlawed war, it is clear that any breach of that solemn engagement must rally the whole world against the aggressor.

Whether other Powers come forward to offer active help or not, it is hardly conceivable that they would allow the pledge-breaker to interfere with their trade and to enjoy the other privileges of a lawful belligerent. But, apart from calculations of mutual aid in time of war, may we not believe that a more generous and neighbourly spirit is fast replacing the jealous suspicions of the past? Shall we not confidently hope that the deliberations of the Preparatory Committee on Disarmament of the League of Nations, which is to meet this coming month, will be conducted in the same genial atmosphere that alone made the success of the London Conference possible?

I trust that these expectations for the future will not be betrayed. The Treaty of London has opened a new chapter in the history of human civilization. We have once for all escaped from what I may call the "pioneer" stage, in which every nation's hand is actually or potentially against every other. We have entered on the sane and friendly "settlement" stage, in which everyone is united to suppress intrusions by any one on another's sphere. A momentous step forward on the road of international peace and friendship has now been taken. Let it prove a prelude to still greater triumphs for that lofty cause.

PRESIDENT HOOVER

Mr. Hoover referred to this as a remarkable occasion, marking as it did the growing association, through the interchange of radio communications, of hundreds of millions of peoples of great nations. He continued:—

To-day the Governments of Great Britain, Japan, and the United States have deposited the instruments of ratification to the London Naval Treaty. Prime Minister MacDonald and Premier Hamaguchi are joining with me in speaking to you to mark the significance of this realization of further advancement in the world's hopes of a practical limitation of naval armament.

The task begun 18 months ago for the limitation of all types of naval vessels thus draws to a close. The naval Powers have bridged obstacles and achieved an understanding to relieve their peoples of excessive naval burdens. Three of these Powers, commanding the greater part of the world's naval forces, have turned away from rivalry in armaments, and disproportionate growth of their navies is now prevented by an arrangement founded on common sense.

This relinquishment of competitive building among the three great naval Powers, with its consequent contribution to the security of the world, is the greatest significance of this Treaty. If the limitations now established can be maintained, we may look forward with assurance to the fact that future conferences will find it easier to bring about further steps in reduction. It is the fervent prayer of right-thinking men and women of this generation that the international confidence which has been so patiently and single-mindedly achieved may endure, so that the agreements which have been reached may live and be extended. Never again must a race in naval armaments be allowed to develop.

France and Italy are not as yet full partners in the London Treaty. They have been making active efforts within the last few months to arrive at a complete understanding. The peoples of Great Britain, Japan, and the United States, and, indeed, the peoples of the whole world, have watched those efforts, and confidently hope that patience and good will may yet lead to a solution.

The sessions of the five Powers at London have served to strengthen mutual trust and confidence among them, and they give me assurance that the hopes of the world will not be disappointed. It is a pleasure to felicitate the peoples of Great Britain and Japan, and the people of this country, upon the conclusion of a sound and reasonable agreement between them, fair to all and dangerous to none, which has been accepted by each nation as affording adequate protection, and which substitutes for suspicion and competition mutual trust, good will and confidence. Let this day fill us with thanks and inspire us to go forward with the courage of hope.

MR. MACDONALD

Mr. MacDonald said:—

It is with profound satisfaction that I now add from London a few words to those already spoken by Mr. Hamaguchi in Tokyo and President Hoover in Washington on this very wonderful occasion. This morning I attended the dignified little ceremony of the deposit of ratifications of the London Naval Treaty. It took place in the room which I described very recently when telling you over the wireless about the opening of the Imperial Conference. The ratifications deposited were those of his Majesty the King in respect of the members of the British Commonwealth of Nations, of the United States of America, and of his Majesty the Emperor of Japan. Owing to a purely technical difficulty, the King's ratification in respect of the Irish Free State could not be deposited to-day; but the delay is not expected to be more than a few weeks at the outside, and at the end of that time the Treaty will come into force as between the Powers which have ratified it.

Round the table were ranged the Ambassadors of the United States and Japan, the Prime Ministers of the Dominions and the High Commissioner for India, and the Ambassadors of France and Italy sat side by side at the foot. The instruments were all declared to be in order, each of us affixed our signature to the *procès verbal*, we greeted each other, and the work was done. We were only about a quarter of an hour at it.

Although the ceremony was short and simple it represented the culmination of the second successful effort in naval disarmament. The first was taken at Washington in 1922, when the five principal naval Powers agreed to the limitation and regulation of their capital-ship and aircraft-carrier construction. That was a great beginning, with which the name of Mr. Hughes, then the Secretary of State at Washington, will for ever be associated. Now, for the first time in history, the three principal naval Powers will put into operation a system of limitation and reduction which will apply to all parts of their respective fleets up to 1936. Thus for the period named, and we fondly hope for all time, the evils of naval rivalry have been eliminated between them. We have passed another milestone on the long way to peace and security.

The treaty was also signed by France and Italy, but these two Powers are not yet parties to that section which limits naval strength. It is my most earnest hope that the negotiations which have recently been proceeding between France and Italy to enable them to come into this part of the treaty may before long reach a successful issue. Some way for removing difficulties must be found. Ultimate failure to me is unthinkable, for world hopes for the progress of disarmament are focused on these efforts, and the good wishes of all of us must go out to those who are responsible for these difficult negotiations. What a happy day for the world will be the day of that agreement! What a vast addition to national security will then be made! How high will the value of our peace efforts then rise! What great issues, for good or ill, are at this moment in the keeping of those two friends of ours!

THE GOAL IN VIEW

Those who read that part of the London Naval Treaty which settles the ratios between the United States, Japan, and ourselves up to 1936 may think this a fairly simple matter, but in reality the success of to-day was preceded by years of abortive negotiation and conference, and by the emergence of problems which at one time looked well-nigh insoluble. The way of the peacemaker, and not only of the transgressor, is verily hard. During all those years there were naturally feelings of irritation and suspicion in the countries concerned, and behind all lurked the haunting vision of that mounting tide of armaments which has so often in the past proved to be the strong current bearing nations down to war. Unless we—and by that I mean every naval Power in the world—manage to stop this now, history will inevitably repeat itself.

Perhaps there is no better way of estimating the gravity of the dangers and difficulties which we have escaped than by recognizing the enormous benefit to the relations between the three Powers which has become apparent since the signature of the treaty. I make bold to state that at no time in their history have the relations between the Governments of the United States and Japan and the Governments of the British Commonwealth of Nations been closer or more cordial than they have been since the signature of this treaty. And what is true of the Governments is true of the peoples, and will become increasingly so as time goes on and the essential fairness and value of the treaty are understood by an ever-increasing circle. These treaties will fail unless they lead to an ever-widening international confidence and friendship.

Of course the treaty has been attacked in this country, as in the United States and Japan, but an interesting comparison has been made of the arguments used by the protagonists of this campaign in each of the three countries, and they have been found to cancel themselves out almost completely. In other words, each group of critics has considered the treaty to be unfair to its own country for reasons which, when tabulated, have been found to be almost identical as regards each. That only shows the effectiveness of the treaty. The friendly relationship and collaboration between our countries which are directly attributable to this treaty should surely be a great source of encouragement to those who are now endeavouring to reach agreement among themselves and afterwards with us. However painful may be the process of negotiation, success has the effect of smoothing away dreaded international difficulties in an almost magical way, and surely some slight sacrifice of claims considered hitherto important is worth while with such a glorious goal in view.

From The Times of 1830

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1830. Price 7d.

The ten mariners, who were partly tried on Tuesday on a charge of mutiny and other unseaman-like conduct on board the *Inglis* East Indiaman, were again placed at the bar [at the Admiralty Sessions].

The prisoners being called upon for their defence [witnesses gave evidence of the harsh treatment to which they had been subjected on the ship]

Mr. Justice Bosanquet proceeded to sum up the evidence, observing that if the substance of the offence as stated in the indictment should be made out by the evidence, the extraneous circumstances which had been introduced into the case could in point of law form no ground of justification, however they might operate in extenuation.

[Two of the prisoners were found *not guilty*; the others were found *guilty* of having, when off the Cape of Good Hope, riotously assembled and assaulted the master, but, under all the circumstances in which they were placed, they were recommended to the merciful consideration of the Court.]

The Court . . . was desirous of paying all possible respect to the suggestion of the jury. The Court considered also that they (the prisoners) had been held in confinement since their return from the Cape. . . . The sentence was that they be respectively imprisoned in His Majesty's gaol of Newgate for the space of two calendar months, and that at the expiration of that period they each be directed to pay a fine of 1/- to the King, and that their imprisonment be continued until the fine be paid.

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NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments were made by the Admiralty yesterday:—

LIEUT.-COMMR.—E. H. B. BAKER, to Dryad, addl., for gyro compass course at Admiralty Courses Observatory, Slough (Nov. 3).

LIEUT.—H. SHERIDAN-PATTERSON, to S/M H 43 (Oct. 20).

SURGN. COMMR.—J. F. AISLEY, M.B., Ch.B., to Ganges, for R.N. Sick Quarters, Shotley (Oct. 27).

SURGL. LIEUTS.—A. J. BURDEN, M.B., B.Ch. (Short Service), transferred to Permanent List (with original seny. of Aug. 17, 1929); and D. L. POW, M.B., Ch.B., to Pembroke, for M.M. Infirmary, Deal (Nov. 8).

CD. GUNNER.—J. A. DE STE. CROIX, to Hostess (Nov. 19).

PROMOTIONS

LIEUTS. (ETD.).—J. D. R. DAVIES and A. D. S. DUNN, to rank of Lieut.-Commr. (Etd.), seny. respectively Oct. 19 and 20).

ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE

SUB-LIEUT.—G. H. WILLIAMS, to Victory (Nov. 1), to VERNON (Nov. 22), to Vivid (Dec. 6), and to Sussex (Jan. 3).

ROYAL NAVAL VOLUNTEER RESERVE

PAYMR. LIEUTS.—H. R. MATTHEWS, to Malaya (Nov. 1), and J. K. GILMOUR, to Royal Oak.

MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS

CHINKIANG, Oct. 24.—Scarab arrived.
DEVONPORT, Oct. 25.—Duncon and Tiverton left.
GIBRALTAR, Oct. 24.—Wakeful arrived. Oct. 25.—Delphinium left for Bicester.
HANKOW, Oct. 24.—Cockchafer left for Ichang.
HARTLEPOOL, Oct. 24.—Harmattan and Coldsap arrived and left for Portland.
HENJAM, Oct. 24.—Triad arrived.
HONG-KONG, Oct. 23.—Scraphs arrived. Oct. 24.—Herald arrived. Oct. 25.—Scraph arrived.
INVERGORDON, Oct. 25.—Adventure arrived: and Snapdragon and Sir Jas. left.
KIUKIANG, Oct. 24.—Cricket arrived.
MELBOURNE, Oct. 25.—Albatross arrived.
MIDDLESBROUGH, Oct. 25.—Jumarole and Lunar Bow arrived, and left for Harwich Oct. 26.
NANKING, Oct. 24.—Bee arrived.
NORTH SHIELDS, Oct. 25.—Leeward, Halo, and Sundown arrived and left.
PORT DICKSON, Oct. 23.—Iroquois arrived.
PORTLAND, Oct. 25.—St. Martin left for Portsmouth; and Duncon and Tiverton arrived. Oct. 26.—Canturion and Shikari arrived.
PORTSMOUTH, Oct. 25.—St. Martin arrived.
SCAPA, Oct. 25.—Adventure left; and Mist left for Portland.
SHEERNESS, Oct. 26.—Tactician in tow of St. Clears arrived.
TRINCOMALI, Oct. 25.—Emerald with B.P. target in tow left for Colombo.
WEI-HAI-WEI, Oct. 24.—Petersfield arrived.
WESTERNPORT, Oct. 24.—Albatross left for Melbourne.

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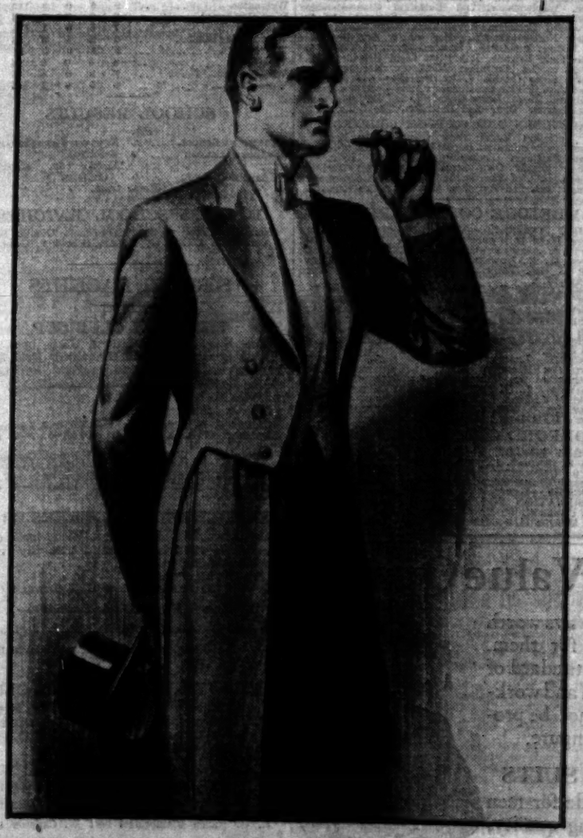

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MR. CHURCHILL ON TARIFFS

NOW NECESSARY FOR REVENUE

FOOD TAX DIFFICULTIES

Mr. Churchill, speaking in the Epping Division last night, defined his position on the fiscal question.

He said the time had come when all the existing duties—safeguarding, McKenna, and key industries—imposed at different times for different reasons, should be regularized and fitted into the structure of a general tariff on all foreign imported manufactured goods. Such a tariff had now become necessary for revenue purposes. We had reached the limits of direct taxation. The rate of duty would vary according to the character of the goods, finished goods receiving the highest rate of duty, and primary manufactures or semi-raw materials the lowest rate. Mr. Snowden, no doubt, would say: "If revenue is your object you ought to put on a countervailing Excise duty equal to the Customs duty in each case." But he had been told that our social services and superior conditions of labour constituted already a tax on industry which in comparison with the rest of Europe might well be computed at between 10 per cent. and 15 per cent. If that were so a tariff averaging a similar percentage would only equalize conditions between British and foreign producers and could not be accused of sheltering inefficiency. Having come to the conclusion that this measure was necessary, he was all for carrying it out in a resolute and effective manner. The imposition of such a tariff would be the occasion and the signal for a resettlement of our fiscal relations with foreign countries. When a country like Great Britain, one of the world's greatest economic factors, made after many years so extensive a change in its fiscal system, then would be the opportunity for making new and more favourable bargains, and for instituting and securing to ourselves a favourable discrimination in the tariffs of our Crown Colonies. Although he did not agree with Lord Beaverbrook in a great deal of what he did, he agreed with him that the whole of our commercial relationships with the Crown Colonies and Protectorates must be placed on a new footing. Lastly, the new general tariff on foreign manufactures would, of course, in accordance with the decisions of the Imperial Conference of 1917, be the foundation for a new series of important preferences extended freely to the self-governing Dominions.

FOOD TAX DANGERS

There was a very great difference of principle between taxes on imported manufactures and taxes on imported food. The modern argument for duties on imported manufactures was that the mass production of the home market would become so much more active and that factories would run at their best economic capacity; and that, in consequence, the cost to the consumer would not be increased and might, indeed, be decreased. That, at any rate, had been the experience in regard to many of the protective duties which he had imposed while he was Chancellor of the Exchequer. But in the region of food that argument no longer applied. The difficulty of the farmers in this country, and at the present time in other countries, was that they could not get a living at the present prices. What they sought—whether here, or in Canada and Australia—was higher prices. This made the question of food taxes very difficult and very dangerous for the Conservative Party. The food tax issue might be so mishandled as to produce great disasters. The position of the Conservative Party in England was much stronger in the days of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain than it was now. He was looking for a great Conservative victory and a strong hand and resolute action establishing the power and strength of Britain, restoring her fibre and supremacy at home and making her will respected abroad. He wanted to see law and order re-established in India, our fine insurance system purged of the gross abuses which were rotting the character of our people, and he was not looking for trouble or quarrelling with anyone who was going to help in these matters. The reason why Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, and other Conservative leaders, who were all keen protectionists, had been so very backward and sluggish in accepting a policy of taxation of food was because there were scores of constituencies in the North and Midlands of England and in Scotland whence they had been advised by their agents, by their candidates, by their members, and by their newspapers that a policy of taxing the staple foods of the people would destroy or at least imperil the chances of victory and would render the task of many of their candidates, fighting the hardest seats in the darkest districts, practically impossible.

DUMPING AND PROHIBITION

The Conservative policy on food taxes had not yet reached its final form. The Imperial Conference was not yet over. They must not lay upon the Conservative Party a burden greater than it could bear. No single party at the present time was strong enough to carry through the immense task of Imperial economic unity. It would be no service to the British Empire—indeed it would be a grave disservice—to involve the cause of Empire unity in a common electioneering dog-fight. The only basis upon which anything lasting could be built would be a national basis. There were importations which no tariff could check. Take for instance dumping of subsidized food or manufactures at prices which had no relation to the economic conditions in the country of origin. Such dumping, which was really an operation in restraint of trade, whether it be of manufactures or of fruit and vegetables or wheat itself, could only be met by prohibition. No part of the Socialist attack upon the late Government was more sharply stressed than the charge that bad trade and unemployment were due to expelling the Bolshevist emissaries. This country had prostrated itself before the Bolshevist Government of Russia, and had shown them commercial favours and extended to them credits denied to friendly, civilized Powers, and even to our own Dominions. Unemployment, however, had doubled. But much more than that was happening now. The gang of Communist conspirators who were torturing the vast, dumb Russian people, had now embarked upon a definite plot to disorganize the markets of capitalist countries. They were dumping wheat, timber, and many minor commodities, the bulk of which were produced by Communist slave-labour. Why were we afraid to deal with this? All we had to do was to lay an embargo on Bolshevist products produced by slave-labour, and when their ships arrived at our ports, to tell them to go back and feed their own people first. Any Government worthy of the name of being British would do this, and could do it easily, safely, instantaneously. The reason why this was not done was because the strong, wise forces that had made England and the British Empire, were now so honeycombed with senseless quarrels and faction, artificially fomented for party purposes, that the centre of the Empire was handed over to Socialist rule. It was to break down that rule, to overthrow that feeble, subversive domination by uniting against it all those forces in Britain which whenever they stood together were irresistible, that he intended to devote all his strength. And in that mission he claimed from his constituents not only a wide measure of independence, but also their confidence, encouragement, and untiring aid. (Cheers.)

THE INDIAN PROBLEM

Speaking at Chingford, Mr. CHURCHILL said that in little more than a year disorder and disloyalty had reared their heads in hundreds of districts in India which formerly were tranquil. Three grave mistakes were made; the first, when the Indian Government allowed the Indian National Congress to tear down and insult the British flag at Lahore; the second was to allow Gandhi's campaign of civil disobedience; and the third was to negotiate with Gandhi in prison instead of bringing him to trial and punishing him according to the law. They had led to some bloodshed and repressive measures which must be more severe because they were not taken in time. The Round-Table Conference had no power to frame a constitution for India. That power rested alone with Parliament, both Houses of Parliament, for in the House of Lords was the greatest accumulation of men who had acquired knowledge of the problem of the East. When it was understood that the Conference had no power to frame a constitution, he hoped the Conference would do much to enlighten public opinion and in presenting material on which Parliament would form its judgment.

"I am not going to make any declaration on staple food taxes to-night," added Mr. Churchill. "Our policy changes so quickly almost from day to day that it is difficult to keep pace with all the things one has to believe in and to which one has to be loyal. I intend to wait before expressing any opinion until I know exactly where and on what we are finally going to stake our fortunes at the coming election."

SHIPLEY CONTEST

A KEY ELECTION FOR LABOUR

Candidates { Mr. J. H. Lockwood (U.). Mr. A. Davy (L.). Mr. W. A. Robinson (Lab.). Mr. W. Gallacher (Comm.).

Nominations, Oct. 28; Polling, Nov. 6.

LAST ELECTION:—

Mr. W. Mackinder (Lab.)	18,654
Sir R. Clough (U.)	13,693
Mr. F. W. Birst (L.)	11,712
Labour majority	4,961

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

SHIPLEY, OCT. 27

For the Labour Party the contest now in progress in the Shipley Division has the importance of a key election. The loss of a seat in such a constituency as this would mean that the Government could no longer rely on an industrial vote, which did not fail them in 1924. While the Socialist campaign proceeded rather quietly last week, all the resources which the party can use will be thrown into the fight between nominations to-morrow and the poll. The Labour organizers do not take the Communist intervention in the fight very seriously, but they are apprehensive of apathy among former supporters, and a strenuous effort is to be made to rouse the electors. There was no Sunday interruption of Mr. Robinson's activities yesterday, and during the coming week the Labour speakers are to include Mr. J. R. Clynes, Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Mr. George Lansbury, Mr. Lees-Smith, and a large number of private members of Parliament. Local Socialists are looking to the King's Speech to-morrow to provide material for fresh claims that the Government can help an industrial electorate.

Meanwhile Mr. Lockwood is concentrating on his advocacy of safeguarding duties as an immediate necessity if depressed industries are to be revitalized. In his election address the Conservative candidate says that throughout the West Riding the textile trade is in a critical condition; thousands of unemployed people seek in vain for work, businesses are closing down, mills are empty and becoming derelict, and machinery is lying idle. Yet while this state of affairs prevails the country is being flooded with manufactured goods from foreign countries, all of which could be made in our own mills and workshops. "I stand," Mr. Lockwood continues, "for a thoroughgoing policy of safeguarding to protect our industries and the work and wages of our own people against the increasing and unfair foreign competition. The Socialist administration has resulted in 85 more workers being turned adrift to swell the ranks of the unemployed every hour of the day and night since it came into office. In order to stem this calamity I shall strongly support Mr. Baldwin in his intention to bring in immediately an emergency tariff on all manufactured goods."

Dealing with Empire policy, Mr. Lockwood states the need for this country to get into closer touch with the Dominions and self-governing Colonies. "Ultimately," he adds, "we hope to see a complete Empire economic unity, and for this desirable end we can all whole-heartedly work together; but, until that is practicable, I support the acceptance of the principles of Imperial preference and that we should extend its scope to the utmost limit we can achieve." Further paragraphs in the address express support for rigorous economy in all directions, combined with reductions in taxation, and also for a firm foreign policy. The candidate submits that any weakness in our attitude towards India and Egypt may lead to chaos in both those countries and have a detrimental effect on our trade with them and thereby cause further unemployment.

Mr. Robinson declares that Labour rejects the policy of protection, but the argument of the case against safeguarding is left substantially to the Liberal candidate. Mr. Davy is a free-trader without qualifications, and pours out a daily stream of statistics intended to prove the dangers of tariffs and the benefits of unrestricted imports. It is difficult to say whether the spate of figures impresses textile operatives who are unemployed and know that great quantities of foreign yarn and cloth are coming into Great Britain without hindrance.

The fact that Mr. Gallacher has issued a printed election address may be regarded as an indication that the Communist candidate will go to the poll. The wording of the address is less stereotyped than is usual with his party. Attacks on the Government and an assertion that the phrase "Empire Free Trade" camouflages the aim of establishing an open Fascist dictatorship lead up to the presentation of a Workers' Charter as the Communists' immediate programme. The Charter demands increased unemployment benefit, abolition of all disqualifying restrictions and task work, benefit for each unemployed day, a seven-hour day, non-contributory social insurance, a national minimum wage of £3 a week, and repeal of the Trades Disputes Act. There is a familiar contention that Soviet Russia is the only country where unemployment has been solved. But Mr. Gallacher makes no disclosure of the peculiar methods applied to the solution of the problem.

At a meeting of the executive of East Renfrewshire Liberal Association at Paisley last night it was agreed not to contest the seat rendered vacant by the death of Mr. A. M. MacRobert, K.C., Unionist.

Fenwick
OF BOND STREET
(CORNER OF BROOK STREET)

10½ GUINEAS (from the Chinese Room)

A GOWN OF SCULPTURED LOVELINESS . . . in georgette the hue of wild-rose petals. The formal flowers at shoulder and waistband of self-material. One of a group of exquisite models priced at 10½ gns.

FENWICK, Ladies' Tailors, 63, New Bond St., W.1

SOUTH PADDINGTON ELECTION

ACTIVITY OF WOMEN CANDIDATES

Candidates { Sir Herbert Lidiard (U.). Miss Dorothy Evans (Lab.). Mrs. Neil Stewart-Richardson (United Empire). Vice-Admiral E. A. Taylor (Empire Crusade).

Polling: Thursday.

LAST ELECTION.—COMMODORE H. D. KING (U.), unopposed.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

The low voices of the women candidates are overwhelmed in the uproar of the recriminations of the male candidates and the clashes of their supporters—all the more embittered for its being a family jar politically. The meetings of the women candidates are by contrast remarkably peaceful. There is no heckling. The two women differ widely in their views, but their meetings are attended only by their own adherents, who are content to have their opinions confirmed. But if the women candidates are not much seen or heard publicly as compared with the men candidates a visit to their Central Committee-rooms shows that they are supported by bands of workers, and are not behindhand either in propaganda of the printed word or in canvassing.

Mrs. Stewart-Richardson is in bill-posting the more conspicuous of the two women candidates. The contest appears to be as much one of faces as of principles, and Mrs. Stewart-Richardson's picture is almost as familiar on the hoardings as the portraits of Sir Herbert Lidiard and Vice-Admiral Taylor. She says that her chief watchword is "Country before Party," and she complains that as she was the first Conservative in the field her male opponents can only be regarded as being out—as she puts it—"to wreck my policy by splitting my vote." But what she is particularly sore about is the "slur" (her own word) cast by Lord Rothermere on women candidates and Conservative voters when he said, in his letter repudiating her candidature, that a woman had no chance unless she was a duchess or a countess; and she relies on her action in "not letting her sex down" being applauded and supported in a constituency where there are 31,000 women voters to 19,000 men. The fact that some of her posters have been overlaid by Taylor posters would seem to indicate that the view is held that she is really helping Sir Herbert Lidiard. Admiral Taylor, on his attention being called to the matter, sent a handsome letter of apology, and gave strict orders that the practice must cease.

To judge again by the bill-posting, Miss Dorothy Evans is ploughing an even lonelier furrow than Mrs. Stewart-Richardson, and certainly she is ploughing it in a field in which no Labour seed has been sown before. She is relying most on canvassing. "I must confess," she said yesterday, "that I started this fight mainly with the idea of propaganda for the Labour cause; but now I am really confident of victory." She also frankly confesses that her hope lies largely in the chance of "slipping through" the split in the Conservative ranks. This is a prospect to which Mr. Baldwin calls attention in his letter to Sir Herbert Lidiard—the "risk of handing over the constituency as a gift of discord to the Socialist candidate." Apart from that Miss Evans feels assured of an exhaustive poll of electors living in the back streets, who, she says, have been longing to vote Labour for years. She is also paying special attention to the domestic servants, who are very numerous in what is by far the largest area of the constituency—the area of private residences, boarding-houses and hotels. These, she thinks, will be influenced by what she is telling them:—"My three opponents have but the single thought of making your cost of living dearer." This "cap and bib" vote appeared to be well represented at the "mass meeting of women of all classes of social life in South Paddington" held at the Paddington Baths yesterday to hear Lord Beaverbrook and Vice-Admiral Taylor.

The declaration of the poll is to be made at the Town Hall on Friday instead of on Thursday night as originally intended. At the close of the poll on Thursday the ballot-boxes will be collected from the 47 stations and locked up for the night. The counting will begin at 9 o'clock on Friday morning, and it is expected that the result will be known about midday.

A MANCHESTER PROTEST

Mr. W. H. Flanagan, chairman of the Manchester branch of the National Union of Manufacturers, in a letter to Sir John Corcoran, director of the union, dated Saturday, says that he has noticed, according to an issue of a London newspaper, that Mr. George Terrell, president of the National Union of Manufacturers, will preside at a meeting in support of Vice-Admiral Taylor at Paddington. "It is perfectly clear, of course," the letter continues, "that Mr. Terrell as an individual has a perfect right to support anyone he desires, but to take this action at the present juncture in Paddington, as president of the National Union of Manufacturers, seems to me to make my position as chairman of the Manchester branch of the National Union of Manufacturers untenable. I will write you further on Monday."

LORD BEAVERBROOK AND MR. BALDWIN

CRITICISM OF QUOTA POLICY

Two thousand women assembled in the Paddington Baths Hall yesterday to hear LORD BEAVERBROOK'S fifth speech in his campaign on behalf of Vice-Admiral E. A. Taylor.

He said that it was abundantly clear that they had nothing to hope from Mr. Baldwin, who had shown that the only decision he could take was the decision not to decide anything. For well over a year they had been attempting to bring him up to their policy. Step by reluctant step he had advanced, but every step had been the result of shoving and dragging. They had got him as far as the stream but he would not drink. He had now reached what he called the free hand point. That meant that after a General Election, if he was returned to power, he would begin to consider what he ought to do. He would go to Ottawa, and offer the Dominions the quota system for wheat. That was merely wasting time, because he knew in advance that they did not want it. When they had made that so clear that he could no longer misunderstand it, he would offer something else, and at last, when all his expedients were exhausted, he might come to the only expedient which was of any service; or he might not come to it at all.

Mr. Baldwin knew that the Empire Crusade policy was the only one that could cure unemployment in this country. It was not because Mr. Baldwin thought otherwise that he refused to adopt it, but because he feared defeat. Such an attitude did not represent the Conservative Party.

SIR T. INSKIP AND LORD BEAVERBROOK

"A MAN FACED WITH DEFEAT"

A meeting at the Paddington Baths in support of Sir Herbert Lidiard was addressed last night by Sir Thomas Inskip. A party of women interrupted the meeting and made it difficult for the speakers to be heard. Several men joined in and were ejected.

SIR THOMAS INSKIP said that only the strength of a united Conservative Party would be able to batter down the ramparts of ignorance and stupidity that entrenched the free-traders in their last resort. Lord Beaverbrook, he said, was conducting a campaign of putting himself in the limelight, and nobody seemed to hear very much about Admiral Taylor. Paddington did not need a member of Parliament forced on them by Lord Beaverbrook. In a newspaper he read Mr. Baldwin was referred to as bringing Socialism in our time. That was a gross misrepresentation, and Admiral Taylor should be ashamed to associate himself with such a statement. Lord Beaverbrook's present attitude was that of a man faced with defeat who had become desperate. The real fight was between the Socialists and the Conservatives, a fact which Lord Beaverbrook's campaign seemed to ignore.

Referring to the position in Palestine, Sir Thomas Inskip said that Lord Passfield had made himself a by-word for repudiating Great Britain's obligations to the Jewish nation, and with regard to the Imperial Conference, the Labour Government had told the Dominion delegates that nothing could be done because of Mr. Snowden's adherence to the hard-and-fast policy of free trade. Mr. MacDonald and his friends had not come up to the expectations of their supporters, and they were now dependent on Mr. Lloyd George, who one moment fawned on them and the other scorned everything they did.

CANADA CLUB

MR. BENNETT ON THE EMPIRE

TASK OF THE CONFERENCE

Mr. R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister of Canada, was the guest of honour at a dinner given by the Canada Club at the Savoy Hotel last night. Mr. William Noxon, Agent-General for Ontario, was in the chair. Over 400 members of the club and their friends attended, including all the members of the Canadian Delegation to the Imperial Conference.

The Duke of Connaught, as president of the club, sent a telegram expressing his regret at being unable to be present, and adding:—"I can assure Mr. Bennett of a very warm welcome by the Canada Club. We all appreciate he is making a great sacrifice of time in coming to England at this moment and giving his valuable assistance to the Imperial Conference."

The CHAIRMAN, proposing the toast of "Our Guest," said that Mr. Bennett had their unanimous support and best wishes in his efforts to bring to a successful conclusion the problems of the present conference.

Sir WILLIAM JOWITT, K.C., Attorney-General, said that he came as substitute for the Prime Minister. He said that Mr. Bennett had introduced into the discussions at the Imperial Conference the mind of the lawyer, with the shrewd intelligence of the business man. (Cheers.) The great need of this country to-day and in the future must be to find fresh markets for her goods. By far the best prospect of extending our markets was in the Dominions. He was one of those who hoped that as the result of this Conference they might succeed in laying the foundation, at any rate, of some kind of closer economic union. He did not expect them to construct the complete edifice. If they did, he would think that the edifice was probably jerry-built, but he did hope, at any rate, that they would succeed in doing something which would lay a foundation on which succeeding Imperial Conferences might build some durable house to survive even the convulsions of General Elections.

With regard to the constitutional issue the Attorney-General said:—"We cannot solve the difficulties to which we are subjected unless we have the record of our varying histories. We must do everything we can do to make it easy for those Dominions who have not had equally fortunate histories to cooperate with us. The foundation of the whole British Commonwealth of Nations must be free co-operation. Freedom and cooperation are not incompatible ideals. Rather is the one the complement of the other." (Cheers.) He added that it would be a bad day for this country if visiting Prime Ministers from any of the Dominions interfered with the politics of the country they visited. Such a thing never had been done, and he believed never would be done.

THE BRITISH DESTINY

Mr. BENNETT, who was loudly cheered on rising to reply, said that Canada realized that the ties which united together a quarter of the world's population should have some other tangible basis of strength and power than mere sentiment. They had gathered together for the purpose of devising some means by which those great Dominions and the Motherland could be linked together for the common good of all and for the advantage and benefit of the world at large. Canadians realized just what it meant to be part of the great Commonwealth of Nations. He was old-fashioned and preferred to say "This Empire," for if he was certain of anything in the world it was that the destiny of the British people would never be discharged until they made their dream come true. He was neither despondent or distressed as to that destiny.

Mr. F. A. PAULINE, Agent-General for British Columbia, proposed "Our Other Guests."

LORD MOYNIHAN, president of the Royal College of Surgeons, responded.

Mr. G. HOWARD FERGUSON, Premier of Ontario, who also replied, said he had been surprised by the peculiar atmosphere that permeated the public opinion of Great Britain. He always had the impression that the British people faced and grappled with problems in their reality. Since he came here he had begun to be of the opinion that this was a country of shibboleths. Referring to Empire free trade, protection, and reciprocal tariffs, Mr. Ferguson said that of all these reciprocal preference appealed to him most, and it was what they in Canada understood. Because they had protected themselves and their own workpeople that did not mean that they were not prepared to change the height of their tariff wall to permit other sections of the Empire to come in and trade with them on equal terms.

Mr. MAURICE DUPRÉ, Solicitor-General of Canada, proposed the health of the chairman.

Mr. MACDONALD, the Prime Minister, who entered just before the close of the speeches, responded to repeated calls by the company. He said that he had looked in to show in what very high regard he held the Prime Minister of Canada, his friend, Mr. Bennett, and his homage to Canada, a country through which he had wandered, north, east, south, and west. He enjoyed every hour he spent there, and he hoped he would be able to visit it again.

Those who accepted invitations included:—

The Belgian Ambassador, Sir Richard Squires (Prime Minister of Newfoundland), Mr. G. W. Forbes (Prime Minister of New Zealand), Mr. L. T. Pascaud (Acting High Commissioner for Canada), Field-Marshal Lord Allenby, the Duke of Atholl, General Lord Byng of Vimy, Lord Carlisle, Sir Atul Chatterjee (High Commissioner for India), Major-General Sir Granville Ryrie (High Commissioner for Australia), Lord Cowdray, Lord Cromer, Lord Dawson of Penn, Lord Dunedin, Lord Greenwood, Lord Hailsham, Viscount Hardinge, Lord Hindlip, Lord Macmillan, Lord Molesworth, Lord Queenborough, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Major-General Lord Treowen.

Mr. Donald Armour, Sir George Badgerow, Mr. Comyns Berkeley, Lieutenant-Colonel W. L. Beales, Mr. Roger Brand, Lieutenant-Colonel C. G. Byrne, Dr. Herbert Bruce, Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Burstall, Mr. C. B. Cahan (Secretary of State, Ottawa), Mr. Kenneth Campbell, Lieutenant-Colonel F. L. Cartwright, Dr. W. Christie, Colonel W. H. C. Clay, Captain J. A. Cochrane-Barrett, Dr. J. R. M. Colby, Mr. J. G. Colmer, Mr. F. B. Common, K.C., Major Sir Harry Cordeaux, Sir George Courthope, M.P., Dr. T. J. J. Cotton, Sir William Crawford, Dr. T. M. Creighton, Mr. A. O. Crichton, Mr. M. H. Crichton, Sir Edward Crowe, Sir Percy Daniels, Mr. J. F. Darling, Mr. C. V. Darveau, K.C., Colonel J. S. Dennis, Sir Eliot de Pass, Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. B. de Salis, Sir Alwin Dickinson, Lieutenant-Colonel E. F. Dillon, Colonel L. A. Dowie, Dr. A. W. M. Ellis, Sir Harold Elverston, Mr. F. W. Erskine, Sir Vincent Evans, Major-General G. J. Farmar, Commander T. J. Farrell, Dr. H. A. Farris, Mr. Theo Feilden, Mr. J. B. Farish, Mr. Nigel Fergusson, Captain J. V. Forster, Captain Inigo Freeman-Thomas, Dr. George French, Lieutenant-General Sir William Furse, Captain Arthur Gibbs, Captain James Gilles, Group Captain J. L. Gordon, Captain Miles Graham, Sir Arthur Grant-Duff, Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Grissell, Mr. Herbert Greenfield (Agent-General for Alberta), Mr. Hugh Guthrie (Minister of Justice, Ottawa), Admiral Sir Lionel Halsey, Major Sir Charles Hanson, Sir Edward Harding (Permanent Under-Secretary for Dominion Affairs), Major W. H. Hayward, Colonel Wade Hayes, Dr. E. P. Hawkshaw, Dr. C. O. Hawthorne, Major B. H. Hemming, Mr. W. D. Herridge, K.C., Dr. T. Bruce Hewson, Sir Samuel Hill-Wood, Captain H. P. Holt, Mr. Percy Hurd, M.P., Lieutenant-Colonel J. Reid Hyde, Major D. C. Jennings, Captain J. E. Kitson, Captain Neville Lawrence, Major E. O. Leadley.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir James Leigh-Wood, Dr. L. J. Lemieux (Agent-General for Quebec), Sir Stephen Leonard, Sir Frederick Lewis, Mr. Wm. Lunn, M.P. (Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for the Dominions), Dr. W. B. MacDermott, Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Macdonald, Major John A. MacDonald, Mr. P. McGilligan (Minister for External Affairs, Irish Free State), Dr. S. E. Mackenzie, Mr. E. C. Macleod, Dr. W. H. McNally, Major-General A. G. L. MacNaughton (Chief of General Staff, Ottawa), Major-General Sir Neill Malcolm, Sir Wm. Penkr Mason, Mr. Justice Maunsam, Sir Basil Mayhew, Field-Marshal Sir George Milne (Chief of the Imperial General Staff), Sir Wm. Foot Mitchell, Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Moore, Major-General Sir Newton Moore, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Malcolm Murray, Mr. S. H. Noxon, Mr. A. Lo. Nunns (hon. secretary), Lieutenant-Colonel A. O'Kelly, Mr. F. W. Pethick-Lawrence, M.P., Sir Robert Perks, Lieutenant-Colonel Wm. Rae, Captain T. H. Roberts-Wray, Sir Alexander Roger, Captain Donald Simson, Sir Hewitt Skinner, Professor R. A. Smiddy (High Commissioner for the Irish Free State), Mr. W. Lints Smith, Major R. Spencer, Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Steel, Sir Edward D. Stern, Mr. H. H. Stevens (Minister of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa), Sir Campbell Stuart.

Mr. Justice Talbot, Sir Godfrey Thomas, Sir St. Clair Thomson, Sir John Thorneycroft, Dr. H. M. Tory, Captain Turk, Lieutenant-Colonel Paulet Tudor, Major W. J. Tyler, Sir Herbert Walker, Major-General Sir Fabian Ware, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Ronald Waterhouse, Lieutenant-Colonel E. R. Wayland, Sir Arthur Wheeler, Sir Thomas Wilford (High Commissioner for New Zealand), Sir Frederick William-Taylor, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Leslie Wilson, Colonel G. R. Winch, the Dean of Windsor, and Mr. Justice Wright.

A MORATORIUM OF LEGISLATION

Sir GILBERT C. VYLE, past-president of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, addressing a meeting of Bradford business men yesterday, said that it seemed that the only way to reduce the present burden of taxation on industry was for the Government to make conditions under which industry could easily find the large amounts of taxation required. There must come a time, he said, when industry and commerce must say that they were no longer either willing or able to pay the money which the Government required for its administration. He would like to see a moratorium of legislation for three or four years—the time to be occupied in letting the country's business be run by someone in whom there could be confidence.

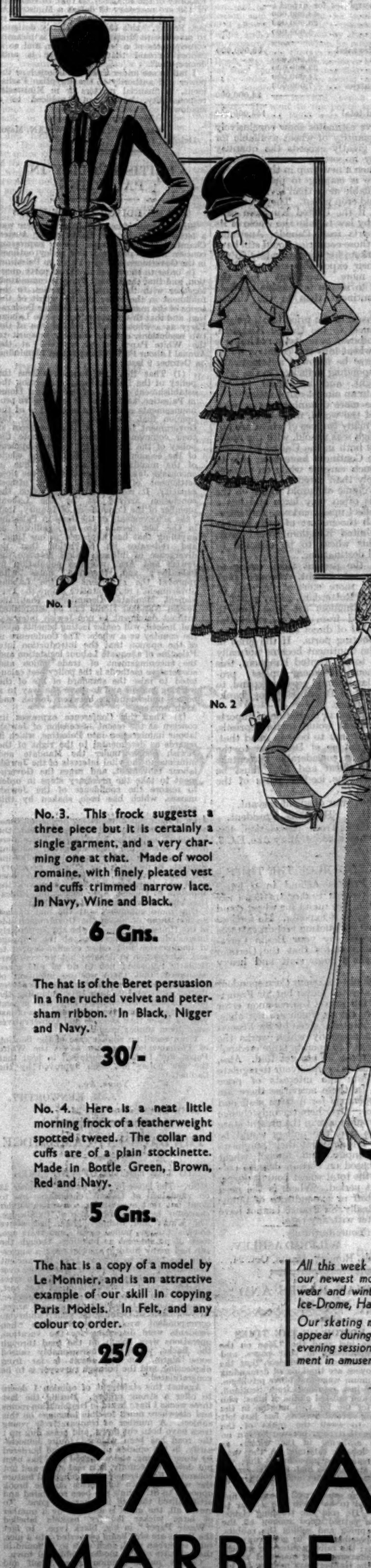
THE RIGHT FROCKS AT THE RIGHT PRICES

WITH SUCH ATTRACTIVE HATS

Frocks that are just right . . . hand in hand with the foremost of fashions . . . each with an individual touch . . . each with an air of elegance . . . such things as these await your choice on Gamages Fashion Floor.

And then, as a triumphant top note come our hats. So very *special*—so essentially chic.

To appreciate the significance of our prices you should call . . . and see the *quality*.



No. 1. You can see at once that this frock is of French origin. The individual collar is of braided white georgette. We make it in crepe marocain in Black, Brown and Bottle Green.

6 Gns.

The graceful velvet hat can be readily adapted to any desired angle. Made in Black, White Nigger or Navy.

30/-

No. 2. Here is another idea from Paris. The little flares and frills are quite distinctive. Made of black silk georgette with white collar and cuffs.

6 Gns.

The velvet hat has a most becoming drooping brim. In Black finished at back with a white bow.

30/-

No. 3. This frock suggests a three piece but it is certainly a single garment, and a very charming one at that. Made of wool romaine, with finely pleated vest and cuffs trimmed narrow lace. In Navy, Wine and Black.

6 Gns.

The hat is of the Beret persuasion in a fine ruched velvet and petersham ribbon. In Black, Nigger and Navy.

30/-

No. 4. Here is a neat little morning frock of a featherweight spotted tweed. The collar and cuffs are of a plain stockinette. Made in Bottle Green, Brown, Red and Navy.

5 Gns.

The hat is a copy of a model by Le Monnier, and is an attractive example of our skill in copying Paris Models. In Felt, and any colour to order.

25/9

All this week we are showing our newest models for skating wear and winter sports at the Ice-Drome, Hammersmith.

Our skating mannequins will appear during afternoon and evening sessions (see announcement in amusement column).

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Letters to the Editor

IMPORTED WHEAT

ESTIMATES OF THE YEAR'S CROPS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—While it is not within the province of this association to enter into public controversy, political or otherwise, in view of the profound interest shown in the relative merits of import boards, quotas, tariffs, and other schemes propounded as a panacea for agricultural distress at home and in the Dominions abroad, it may assist your readers to formulate their opinions if reliable data are placed on record in the columns of *The Times*.

The statistical statement following is for the cereal year ending July 31, 1931. The unit is a quarter of 480lb., and the word "wheat" includes flour in terms of wheat:—

Estimated consumption of wheat for all purposes in the United Kingdom and Irish Free State:—

Home crop	5,700,000	
Imported	29,000,000	
Total ..		34,700,000
Estimated import requirements of European countries (including U.K. and Irish Free State) ..		78,000,000
Estimated import requirements of extra-European countries ..		16,000,000
Total ..		94,000,000
Estimated surpluses for export:—		
Canada	44,000,000	
Australia	20,000,000	
India	5,000,000	
Empire total		69,000,000
Argentine	30,000,000	
U.S.A.	33,000,000	
Russia	14,000,000	
Other countries ..	7,000,000	
		84,000,000
World total		153,000,000

The above estimates show conclusively that the quantity of wheat available for export so greatly exceeds the quantity required by importing countries that on July 31, when a new crop in the Northern Hemisphere is coming to market, there will be available more than seven months' supply of old crop wheat. They also show that, even if the United Kingdom were compelled by law to take the whole of its wheat imports from Canada, Australia, and India, those countries would still have to find markets for approximately 60 per cent. of their exportable surplus. It is therefore more important for the Dominions to secure favourable markets on the Continent than in the United Kingdom.

Any increase in the price (cost, freight, and insurance) to the United Kingdom, due to prohibition or limitation of imports of foreign wheat into this country, would in due course be followed automatically by a corresponding reduction in the price (cost, freight, and insurance) to the Continent, in an almost exact ratio.

From the more distant wheat-growing countries of the world, notably from the Argentine, many cargoes of wheat are put upon the high seas unsold, with the result that millers both in the United Kingdom and on the Continent have been able to purchase such cargoes while on passage more cheaply than cargoes for shipment. The total volume of unsold wheat on the high seas is often very large and has a steadying effect upon markets. Any interference with the import of such cargoes into the United Kingdom would cause most of this wheat to be directed to Continental destinations.

Even at the present time, owing to lower rates of freight, cheaper port charges, and more efficient dispatch at Antwerp and Rotterdam, many ports in the United Kingdom are from time to time being fed from those Continental centres instead of direct or from our own great distributing ports. If the price of wheat to the Continent became normally lower than to the United Kingdom, this trans-shipment business—unless prohibited by law—would greatly expand, to the detriment of British shipping, banking, and insurance.

Any prohibition or limitation of imports of foreign wheat would invite reprisals, and it is important to bear in mind that, from the beginning of December to the end of April, a considerable percentage of Canadian wheat and flour must be shipped from the ice-free ports of the United States.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

H. S. SHIPTON, President.

London Corn Trade Association, Exchange Chambers, 28, St. Mary Axe, E.C.3, Oct. 24.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Sir Francis Acland in a letter which you publish to-day traverses my statement that the quota for wheat could be worked without expense. He fortifies this assertion by quoting certain extracts from an article by your Berlin Correspondent, who states that the German system entails a large staff and heavy expense.

I do not doubt that your Correspondent correctly states the facts; but Sir Francis should not fall into a too common error and compare things which are not alike. From the quotations given by Sir Francis the German company which works the quota appears "to operate large credits," for what purpose we are not told. Also, "its main task is to endeavour to regulate the market in the interests of price stability." In these activities there are doubtless openings for a large staff and extravagance. Over here the only change the quota would make in the present state of things is that the millers would be directed to arrange that their purchases of home, Empire, and foreign wheat should be based on certain definite percentages of the total wheat bought during the relevant period. Where is the need for extra staff or expenditure of public money? Really, Sir Francis cannot have read my letter with any care.

Yours faithfully,

WILFRID ASHLEY.

Broadlands, Romsey, Hants, Oct. 24.

RAILWAY RATES AND WAGES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I have just read the "Men on the Land" correspondence in your pages, and I have just heard, on the wireless, that the railway employees are thinking of demanding a higher minimum wage and other privileges. Also, I have just returned from Scotland, where an old and trusted ghillie of mine, who has worked for me for two months in the autumn during several seasons, has just left for Glasgow to swell the ranks of the unemployed in that city, because he can no longer make a living in the winter, as hitherto, by lobster catching on the west coast. The reason he gave me is that the railway rates are now so high that he cannot get his lobsters to market and sell them at a worth-while profit.

On a Ross-shire estate, well known to me, the rabbits used to be worth £40 a year to the landlord. He sold the trapping rights, and two men earned good money all the winter by trapping and selling the rabbits. Now it is impossible even to give away the trapping rights; the railway rates are so high that the rabbits cannot be marketed profitably, even if the trapper pays nothing for his privileges. One hesitates to conclude that wages in certain "sheltered" occupations are much too high, but it almost looks like it.

Yours faithfully,

LATYMER.

Travellers' Club, Pall Mall, Oct. 23.

THE CONSTITUTION OF EGYPT

PARLIAMENT AND FINANCE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In the letter from Mohammed Pasha Mahmoud published in *The Times* this morning two points seem to call for explanation. First, in his original programme of 1928, when he undertook to govern without Parliament, Mahmoud Pasha said that Parliament was suspended for three years, and that this period could be extended to any multiple of three years until Egypt was free of Wafd majorities. In other words, Egypt was going to be governed without Parliament for an indefinite period. According to the new Constitution, on the other hand, amendments can be made in 10 years' time, and it is hoped that during this period the Wafd will at least lose hold on the great majority of the people, and that Egypt will become sufficiently developed for a more democratic Constitution.

Secondly, Mahmoud Pasha states in his letter that "the authority of the Egyptian Parliament over public finances, as well as Ministerial responsibility, has been reduced to a shadow." I had the privilege of reading the new Egyptian Constitution, which merely provides, regarding financial matters, an article to prevent private members from introducing financial Bills, which should only be introduced by the Crown. This places the Egyptian Parliament on the same footing as that of Westminster, where the Standing Orders of the House of Commons are very clear on this point. It is intended that the Egyptian Parliament should always have the last word on financial Bills introduced by the Crown, as also on every item in the Budget. As far as Ministerial responsibility is concerned, all that has been done is to make votes of no-confidence invalid unless supported by an absolute majority of the Chamber, so that 76 votes out of 150 are necessary to defeat a Ministry. As was stated in your excellent leading article of last Friday, "this change is clearly designed to save future Ministries from the unpleasant consequences of a 'snap' division, and so it cannot be said that the change is anti-democratic."

I fail to see under these conditions how the power and authority of the Egyptian Parliament, in financial matters or in Ministerial responsibility, have been "reduced to a shadow."

Your obedient servant,

E. W. POLSON NEWMAN, Major (Retired).

October 27.

BRITISH POLICY IN PALESTINE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your issue of October 23 there was a letter signed by Mr. Baldwin, Sir Austen Chamberlain, and Colonel Amery expressing concern at the proposed new policy outlined in the Government's White Paper on Palestine.

In order to show that this is no party question, and that the Labour Party is committed, together with the other two parties, to the fulfilment in the letter and the spirit of the terms of the mandate and the Balfour Declaration, and that this is understood by the Labour Party as a whole, may I remind you of the two resolutions, entirely contrary in spirit to the White Paper policy, proposed at the Annual Labour Party Conference at Llandudno on October 9 last?:—

(1) That this Conference reaffirms the policy of the Labour Party concerning the establishment of the Jewish National Home in Palestine, as declared in consecutive pronouncements and resolutions, and is of the opinion that the time has come for the Government to apply all the resources at their command in order to promote the policy of the Mandate by the development of the economic possibilities of the whole of the mandated territory, and thus to encourage Jewish immigration and the close settlement of the land to its utmost capacity. It records with satisfaction the conclusion arrived at by the Labour member of the Commission of Inquiry, that "the achievements of the Jews in Palestine in the last decade are as significant as anything that has happened in our time," and reiterates its conviction that no divergence of interests exists between the Jewish and Arab working population in Palestine; and, therefore, notes with approval the statement of the Labour Government's representative before the Permanent Mandates Commission that the Jewish National Home can be established without detriment to non-Jewish interests, and, indeed, will confer lasting benefits upon the country as a whole. The Conference is of the opinion that the introduction into Palestine of adequate Labour legislation and the encouragement of trade union and cooperative methods is the policy best calculated to raise the standard of life of the working masses and to pave the way to a better understanding between Jewish and Arab workers.

(2) That this Conference expresses its concern at the recent suspension of Jewish labour immigration into Palestine, which it regards as detrimental to the right of the Jewish people under the Mandate and injurious to the vital interests of the Jewish labour movement, and urges the Government to take the necessary steps in order to restore the confidence of the Jewish masses, which has been shaken by this action.

After a short but illuminating discussion these resolutions were passed without dissent, the Executive indicating acceptance. There were present among the 1,200 delegates, including many members of Parliament, the following Cabinet Ministers:—The Foreign Secretary, the Home Secretary, the First Commissioner of Works (members of the Executive), the Ministers of Health, Agriculture, and Education, and the Secretary of State for War.

One more comment. At the end of last Session those of us on the Government side of the House of Commons who are particularly interested, dealing disturbed at the stoppage of immigration and other events, desired to seek information in debate; but we were particularly requested not to do so and given assurances that there was no intention of departing from the policy pursued by every British Government since 1918, including the first Labour Government and the present Government, up till the murderous riots of last year. I know that Liberals and Conservatives were given similar promises.

I can recall no similar case of the flouting of Parliamentary opinion as in the White Paper, and I shall be surprised to hear that the new policy has been approved by the Cabinet.

Yours, &c.,

J. M. KENWORTHY.

House of Commons, Oct. 24.

THE BACKS AT CAMBRIDGE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The letter in your issue of October 23 on vandalism at Oxford encourages me to point out that events of a somewhat similar character have occurred also at Cambridge. The King's and Bishop's Mills, just above Queens' College, pulled down some years ago, were of no interest as buildings, though the site had many historic associations: a suggestion was made to destroy even the ancient foundations, with their picturesque arches over the outlet of the mill race, in order to erect a public lavatory, or something of that sort, but this was happily frustrated. However, a more immediate subject of comment arises. In your issue of October 20, your Cambridge correspondent wrote: "At the time when residents were dispersing for the vacation, operations were begun on the road through the Backs, which not unreasonably caused some alarm, but the result is far from displeasing, and the borough surveyor is to be congratulated."

Against this statement of opinion I desire to offer a strong protest. During the last three weeks I have heard in combination rooms and elsewhere much forcible language on this subject. A number of comparatively young trees have been cut down, and grass dug up; the road has been widened (quite unnecessarily, in the opinion of many) and bordered by stone kerbing, and a flagged path has been put down. Mercifully, it is real stone and not concrete. Furthermore, that delightful feature the watering-place for horses on the brook opposite to St. John's has been so altered and artificialised that all its charm is gone. To crown all, the grass is adorned by a number of large wicker laundry baskets labelled "Waste Paper" in big, black type. In fact the Backs are now being converted into a nice, tidy, suburban road, such as is to be found in the outskirts of any modern industrial town.

Cannot public opinion assert itself and reinforce the efforts of the preservation societies to restrain municipal officials from doing this kind of thing?

Yours, &c.,

R. H. RASTALL.

Christ's College, Cambridge.

FROM CANTERBURY TO WHITSTABLE

PROPOSED CLOSING OF BRANCH LINE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I was very much pleased to note your recent reference to the proposed closing of the branch railway between Canterbury and Whitstable. This is a matter that touches wider interests and involves higher principles than those immediately related to the two towns. A glance at the map will show to what extent this is materially so. It will there be seen that should this project ultimately mature a vast and important area of the county will, for all practical purposes, be completely cut off from the "Land of Natives," in so far as direct railway facilities are concerned.

"The serious falling off in traffic" put forward as the *raison d'être* of the proposal will probably surprise no one familiar with the service, and endowed with a modicum of business ability. It is claimed that the Whitstable Railway is the oldest in England, and it would seem that its management has ever been inspired by a lofty and faithful adherence to the principles of this early tradition.

The omnibus service which the company offers as an alternative to the railway may very well be suited to the needs and tastes of the "spade and pail" order of traveller, but to the average passenger, encumbered with only hand-bags, such a makeshift method is utterly inconceivable. Further, what is to be the position of those accustomed to travel first class? They will be bundled into an omnibus on reaching Canterbury and required to complete their journey in a vehicle that offers no exclusive accommodation, where there are no restrictions as to smoking and where all the windows may be shut or open according to the prevailing moods of the majority, and lastly in a car where the number of persons it is licensed to carry is very frequently interpreted in the light of what it will hold.

In conclusion I would make a fervent and earnest appeal to those of your readers who may be in any way affected by such a drastic proposal to accord us their active and moral support in opposing it.

Yours truly,

J. G. B. STONE.

5, Palace-street, Canterbury, Oct. 25.

SOUTH PADDINGTON

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As an elector who intends to vote strictly Conservative, and not United Empire Empire Crusade, or any other side issue, I find it very gratifying to read in your Saturday's issue that your Special Correspondent considers Sir Herbert Lidiard's chances are improved. He also remarks that "this by-election will be memorable for many things." I hope one will be a very definite rebuff to the efforts being made by Lord Beaverbrook and Lord Rothermere to dethrone the leader of the Conservative Party.

I presume both of them would be highly indignant if it were suggested that they should placard and support the Labour Party; but, if the tactics that have been adopted by their respective Press organisations for some time now are to be allowed to continue without rebuff, the only logical result can be that they will split the Conservative ranks in every constituency and put in Labour at every election. May I, through your good services, beg of all Conservatives to vote strictly Conservative and not United Empire or Crusade? Surely no good Conservative can be blind to the dual newspaper stunt that is being waged by the respective powerful organisations controlled by Lord Beaverbrook and Lord Rothermere simply to further their endeavours to depose Mr. Baldwin. The result of their efforts at Bromley was nothing to be proud of, and if all staunch Conservatives in South Paddington will vote for Sir Herbert Lidiard the rebuff will be complete.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

C. WILLS PEARSON.

95, Gloucester-terrace, Hyde Park, W.2. Oct. 27.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The necessity of earning a living directs me daily to a market place wherein there are to be found some 2,000 to 3,000 gentlemen similarly preoccupied, and among them are many who suffer my friendship because I am a free-trader, and others who suffer my free trade principles because I am their friend. To-day, because of the information imparted by your Political Correspondent that I have offered my support to Sir Herbert Lidiard at South Paddington, I have had to bear the frowns of the former and the prodigal exultations of the latter. Both sets quite erroneously think that I have suddenly changed my fiscal views simply because I wrote to Sir Herbert Lidiard wishing him luck, as there was no Liberal contesting the seat, in his fight against the Fleet-street Press lords.

As I am not an elector in South Paddington this is as far as I can go in my support for a candidate who stands for a party which I recognise, even though I am not a member of it, as a political body properly constituted throughout the country, and which goes about its business on orthodox political lines. Personally I have the gravest fears for the constitutional future of this country if the present attempt at Press domination over the fortunes of the Conservative Party, or over those of any other party in the State for that matter, is not immediately checked.

Lord Rothermere, I remember, in his anxiety to stem the tide of Socialism in a recent General Election, advised Liberals to vote Conservative where there was no Liberal candidate, or where it was generally considered that the Liberal had no chance, and he advised Conservatives to vote Liberal where the same circumstances applied. This advice was given because Lord Rothermere maintained that the Liberal and Conservative parties were the only contestants in that election which were constitutional. In many respects I consider that this advice was perfectly sound then and even sounder to-day, seeing that Socialism is not the only menace to constitutionalism, and it would be well for Liberals in South Paddington to follow Lord Rothermere's advice in this direction next Thursday.

Yours faithfully,

ARTHUR F. WOOD.

Monks Risborough, Bucks, Oct. 24.

DEATH DUTIES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Not only do the death duties, as Sir George Hunter says, form a false basis of taxation; they are also surely, even from the most material point of view, extraordinarily bad business. What private capitalist, if he were fortunate enough to have an investment paying a steady 50 per cent., would realize half of it, spend the proceeds as income, and periodically follow the same policy, only slightly lowering the rate of decapitalization—if one may coin such a word—as the original fortune diminishes? Yet that is what the State is now doing. It deliberately continues to make some of its most valuable assets wasting assets.

I believe that income-tax and surtax on an estate, say, of £3,000,000 amount to about half the revenue from it. The State therefore enjoys from such a fortune a permanent and certain tribute of about £75,000 per annum. When the fortuitous accident of death comes to the owner (this valuable contributor to the country's needs), half his fortune is confiscated, spent, at least nine-tenths of it as income, and the future revenue of the State from this source reduced to £37,500 a year, or rather less. It is difficult to imagine a more improvident financial policy.

I am, Sir, yours, &c.,

P. E. ROBERTS.

The Athenæum, Pall Mall, S.W.1, Oct. 26.

VILLAGE SPEAKERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I was pleased to read Mr. A. M. Stokes's letter in *The Times* of to-day.

My own observation confirms what he says as to village meetings being attended by Conservatives even when they are held by Liberals or Socialists. In this village the attendance of our opponents at our meetings is not so marked, possibly because numerically they are very much smaller.

Last winter, however, the branch association of which I am chairman held three smoking concerts at the village inns, at which speeches were delivered by first-rate speakers sent down by the Central Office in London at the request of the chief agent in our division. These concerts were a great success and the speeches were listened to with attention and applause.

I do not think any efforts being made in the towns should be relaxed in favour of the villages. But entertainments organized by local Conservative Associations in the latter and addressed by good speakers would I am sure be of advantage to the cause.

I may add that our smoking concerts were open to all, man and women, free of charge, and that the women were quite as appreciative as the men.

Yours faithfully,

C. E. HOWARD.

Halling's Hatch, Newdigate, Surrey, Oct. 23.

Points from Letters

RICHMOND PARK APPROACHES

It is three years since the Wandsworth Ratepayers' Association succeeded in moving the Wandsworth Borough Council to give its support to the scheme for the provision of the "parkway" between Hogger's Corner and Richmond Park, referred to in Mr. Robert Atkinson's letter. The Barnes Urban District Council has also accepted the parkway scheme, but as part of the land affected lies within the area of the London County Council, neither Council cares to take the first step in the realization of this desirable local improvement. In view of the urgency of the matter owing to the rapid development of the immediate neighbourhood, might I suggest that a Conference of representatives of all the councils concerned should be called at an early date by the London County Council (the town planning authority for the metropolis)? Otherwise the consideration of the scheme may drag on for years, and involve the ratepayers in a much larger expenditure than that which would be necessary if the proposed scheme were carried out within a reasonable time.—Mr. W. F. THOMAS, Press Secretary, Wandsworth Ratepayers' Association, 89, Melody-road, Wandsworth, S.W.18.

AUSTRALIAN BEEF

I, too, read with great surprise in Mr. H. C. Allen's speech at the meeting of the Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway "that no method had yet been discovered whereby beef can be frozen without deterioration." Mr. Allen is not keeping abreast of the times in making such a statement, and I would suggest that he alternates his Sunday joint with one from Australia. He will be surprised to find how excellent the frozen beef is. I should like from personal experience to endorse all that Mr. Parker Moloney says with regard to the eating qualities of Australian beef.—DR. MAY THORNE, 5, Gordon-place, Gordon-square, W.C.1.

HERALDIC ART

I am entirely of the Rev. G. N. Nuttall-Smith's opinion: Heraldry is the handmaid of the history of our Empire. It may interest him and some of your readers to know that the study of heraldry is not altogether obsolete. Each year at least 50 students, who eventually enter for the University of London's diploma in Dramatic Art, besides many others, attend a course of six illustrated lectures on the subject of heraldry, subdivided into the following headings:—Its Grammar; Heritage; Marshalling; Pedigrees; Feudalism; the Tournament (in which the stage management of a tournament and banquet is given); and Heraldry applied to military equipment and costume. Let us hope that these students will in their turn promulgate its "display," thus preserving some ancient landmarks of the past.—Mr. HERBERT NORRIS, 83, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W.1.

CHEAP FOOD FOR LANCASHIRE

Mr. Snowden was wise to deliver his great cheap food speech in the heart of Lancashire. We agriculturists feel it is largely through her self-centred attitude for a long period of years that desolation has been brought to our country districts and our industry brought to ruin. Of all parts of the Kingdom, Lancashire appears to us to have most steadily followed the motto of "Our Trade our Politics" (I refer, of course, to cotton and its allied industries). Never mind who else goes to the wall. Why should she always have this very cheap food, coming from anywhere, no matter if the countryside is ruined, no matter if it is produced by labour paid at miserable rates, by conscript labour in Russia, or under any dirty or degrading conditions? Why should she not pay a little more for it and help to save what should be our greatest and most healthy industry? Why should she not lend a hand to our struggling kith and kin overseas?—Mr. GEOFFREY HOOPER, Pershore, Worcestershire.

MOTOR-COACHES IN LONDON

The streets of London are getting so greatly congested with traffic that I suggest that motor-coaches should not be allowed to come into the centre of London, but be "parked" in open spaces near stations, such as, say, Hammersmith Broadway, Finchley-road, &c. Oxford-circus is a great centre for these huge vehicles. After all, it is the people of London who pay for the upkeep of the streets, and it is they, who use omnibuses, tramways, taxis, and private cars, who should surely have the benefit of all the space possible, rather than sightseers from abroad, who may want to go to Windsor, Oxford, &c., and country visitors who may be coming up for the day. The great railways have to finish at their termini; why should not the motor-coaches similarly be stopped at convenient places in the inner suburbs?—Mr. G. REPTON, Carlton Club, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

SMALL-HOLDINGS

In the many excellent contributions to agricultural philosophy contributed recently to *The Times* may I pick one hole? You argue that small-holdings are unsound because, if the hours of labour are all reckoned, the payment of the labourers—represented by the farmer, his wife and children—is jejune in the extreme. The view represents a pernicious isolation of economic prejudice. The sum of productive work matters most to the nation. The sum of congenial work matters to the individual. It is the chief advantage, not disadvantage, of the intensive small-holding that it gives the opportunity of congenial work to those who would else not work at all or work much less pleasurably—and much less hard—for others.—Sir W. BEACH THOMAS, Wheathampstead, Herts.

"IF NOT DELIVERED ——"

The *Post Office Guide* (July, 1930, p. 51) states as follows:—"In case of non-delivery the return of a postal packet to the sender is facilitated, if the sender's name and address appear on the outside of the packet. The sender's name and address should be written (or printed) on the back of the envelope or wrapper."—The REV. C. H. GRIFFITH, 14, Charles-road, St. Leonards-on-Sea, Sussex.

CHARITIES AND POSTAGE

At a season such as the present, when the customary circulars are already beginning to be very widely distributed for the many and various objects of charitable appeal, the cost of postage for them, with the usual due acknowledgment to the contributors, undoubtedly adds very considerably as an item of expenditure in the annual balance-sheet. A reduction of the latter expense could be easily overcome. If each contributor would voluntarily enclose a stamp to cover the trifling cost incurred for a receipt, this, as an extra, to the individual donor would be almost negligible, while in the aggregate such an amount would be an acceptable and a not inconsiderable addition in its response to the innumerable appeals that, deservedly, are now so clamant for sympathetic consideration and public support.—CAROLINE BARNET, London, W.11.

WREATHS AND WAR MEMORIALS

I am most anxious not to say anything that might appear antagonistic to the Dean of Westminster. I am under a very great debt of gratitude to the ecclesiastical authorities, both at Westminster Abbey and at St. Margaret's, for the many occasions on which they have helped me. Owing to their kindness, every disabled man who wished for a seat at Lord Haig's funeral obtained one, and also Earl Haig's own Scouts were allowed to enter. I was also given leave to plant the Field of Remembrance in St. Margaret's Churchyard. Every year this Field of poppies enshrines the thought of memory for the fallen and work for their disabled comrades. Throughout the Empire an increasing number of these fields are being planted, and were it not so, many of our disabled men would have had to be discharged. I feel sure that the Dean of Westminster does not wish to say anything that would lead to the discharge of any man in this factory.—Mr. G. HOWSON, British Legion Poppy Factory, Limited, Petersham-road, Richmond, Surrey.

THE CHRISTIAN MINISTRY

Mr. Pearson writes that Christ did not "institute any special form of Church government." I should have thought that the New Testament records made it perfectly clear that He instituted an Apostolate with a definite position of authority and special powers. And it seems equally clear that the Apostolic ministry was developed, in the early Christian era, out of the Apostolate.—The REV. A. H. BAVERSTOCK, St. Alban's, Duxhurst, Reigate.

DANISH IMPORTS FROM ENGLAND

When the figures for the exports from Denmark to England are compared with those for Danish imports from England it is evident that England buys several times more from Denmark than it exports to this country. However, it seems to me that the population of the two countries ought to be taken into consideration, because it is obvious that a country with over 40,000,000 inhabitants can buy more than a country of hardly 4,000,000. Taking the figures for the trade between England and Denmark in relation to the populations, it is seen that whereas each inhabitant in Denmark buys about 60s. English goods a year, the consumption in England of Danish goods amounts to about 15s. a year only. Considered in this way, Denmark does not at all seem to be at a disadvantage so far as her purchases in England are concerned.—Mr. H. N. POULSEN, Copenhagen.

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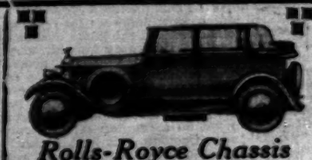

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THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

KEEN CONTESTS IN LANCASHIRE

AGGRESSIVE SOCIALISTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MANCHESTER, OCT. 25

The Labour Party made notable advances in the municipal elections throughout Lancashire a year ago, when the then newly-elected Labour Government had not run its credit so low as it now has. In all probability that advance will not be improved on, even if it is maintained, next Saturday. It cannot be said, however, that municipally the Labour Party has in any way abated its pretensions, which will nowhere be satisfied till it has complete control of this field of government. It has encountered few serious checks in the steady progress it can claim to have made since the War, and incidents such as the dissensions at Liverpool, referred to below, which are sectarian in origin, should be discounted by opponents of the Socialist trend in municipal affairs in all the large towns of the North of England. Such dissensions are inevitable wherever Roman Catholic prepossessions conflict with the Labour Party discipline, but the real fact to bear in mind about such splits is that Labour can well afford them; their occurrence can only delay, it cannot stem, a Socialist advance.

On the eve of the 1930 elections the Labour Party, with councillors elected on unquestionably Socialist programmes, controls the municipal administration of Barrow-in-Furness, Blackburn, Bootle, Colne, Leigh, Nelson, Preston, St. Helens, Wigan, and Birkenhead. It has the largest number of directly elected members of the Manchester and Salford City Councils; it has powerful minority representation at Accrington, Ashton-under-Lyne, Warrington, and Burnley. The coast towns of Blackpool, Southport, Lytham St. Annes, and Morecambe are the only unpromising fields for Labour enterprise; while Bolton, Bury, Chorley, Eccles, Oldham, and Heywood still have either Conservative predominance or Conservative majorities, and Rochdale, Bacup, Darwen, and Widnes have Liberal majorities.

LABOUR ATTACK IN MANCHESTER

Manchester is really the Lancashire city to watch this year, for the gap between the Labour Party and all other parties combined is now so narrow that the Labour Party feels an absolute majority to be within its grasp. The long Conservative régime is, indeed, still in being, but its security has been undermined year by year since the War. First it lost its absolute majority in the Council of 140 members, then it ceased to be the largest individual party; still more lately the Labour Party, whose advance has represented the other side of the Conservative losses, has boldly demanded seats on the aldermanic bench in proportion to the party strengths among the directly elected members of the council. These negotiations have broken down, as was inevitable, for satisfaction of the Socialist demand in this matter would of itself have transferred power to the Labour Party. The denial of what Labour calls justice in this matter provides that party with one more rallying ground. Next Saturday, for 32 contested seats out of 35 to be filled, Labour is putting forward 28 candidates, of whom 16 are new candidates attacking, and only 12 defending, their seats.

The Conservative Party, here as in the great majority of the Lancashire boroughs, has to bear the brunt of the Labour attack. In Manchester, Conservative and Labour candidates have "straight" fights in no fewer than 18 wards; the Liberals have only five such contests to face. In three wards there are three-cornered contests of Conservative, Liberal, and Labour. Manchester, however, is a place where municipally the Conservatives get little real help from the Liberals in the opposition to Socialism. The Liberals in the council are nearly always of deepening shades of pink to the Socialist red, and there is a certain inconsequence in the Liberal programme asking this year for a special committee to scrutinize every form of municipal expenditure.

The Labour Party demands more and more expensive schemes for providing work for the unemployed, and accuses the council of having held up several such schemes which if adopted would have qualified for substantial grants from the Unemployment Grants Committee. On housing the Labour Party, having regard to the built-up condition of Manchester north of the Mersey, is still crying for extension of the boundaries notwithstanding the city's success, at the second time of asking, in annexing the Cheshire districts, which include the great Wythenshawe estate, where it is the approved policy of the Manchester Corporation to create a satellite town with 20,000 houses and industrial sites in proportion to such a population.

The novelty of the Labour programme this year is a demand for a nationally levied and nationally distributed income-tax to cover municipal expenditure; but aware that such a financial revolution cannot be obtained within any predictable period the party advocates heavier rates so as to defray a continually increasing annual expenditure out of revenue and stop the otherwise increasing burden of debt charges. A net gain of three seats next Saturday would give the Labour Party a majority of councillors, but the party has at present only four out of 25 aldermanic seats; the Conservatives hold 54 seats, the Liberals 30, the Labour Party 51, and there are five Independents.

LIVERPOOL LABOUR SPLIT

At Liverpool the elections this year bode well for the Conservatives, and it is pretty safe to prophesy that there will be no repetition of Labour's spectacular gain of seven seats last year. That success was due in the main to one cause: the withdrawal of the Roman Catholic ecclesiastical embargo on Roman Catholics standing as Labour candidates. Had the situation thus created become an enduring factor in Liverpool municipal politics there might have been some ground for anticipating a gradual crumbling away of the well-buttressed Conservative predominance. But it has not needed any renewal of ecclesiastical disfavour to break up the coalescence of Socialists and Roman Catholics. The alliance has broken because its elements are infusible.

Several members of the Labour Party, or members of the city council accepted as such, took offence recently at what they contended was an attempt to squeeze their consciences in the interests of Labour Party discipline. They say they have been turned out for conscience' sake. The Labour Party does not admit this, but whatever the rights and wrongs of the case the dissentients have formed a new party calling itself the Democratic Labour Party, and have nominated four candidates, and in two instances these self-styled "Democratic Labour" candidates will find their return to the city council opposed by nominees of the official Labour Party. One other of the dissentient Labour councillors gets an unopposed return; the fourth candidate with this label is attacking an "official" retiring Labour councillor, with a Conservative candidate and a Protestant candidate also standing in the same ward. The breach is irreparable, for in this last-mentioned instance the Labour candidate attacked by a "Democrat" is none other than the president of the Trades Council and Labour Party of Liverpool, Councillor B. V. Kirby.

CAUSE OF DISSENSION

The dissension has arisen over clause 6 of a set of rules and regulations sought to be imposed by the Trades Council on all Labour candidates. This clause permits Labour members of the city council to abstain from voting with the party, but not to vote against the party, in matters affecting religious belief. The dissidents claim absolute freedom, and are plainly relying on Roman Catholic support in the wards where they are standing as candidates. Attempts to patch up the quarrel have failed. The Trades Council has not been able to satisfy the three retiring councillors who complain of oppression of conscience, notwithstanding a decision by the National Executive of the Labour Party, to which the case has been referred by correspondence. This is to the effect that the draft regulations objected to have not yet been approved by the National Executive for application to the City of Liverpool. Moreover, the National Executive has declared that alterations of form in the party regulations now contemplated are not intended to change the qualifications of Labour candidates for public office. It therefore regards the split as premature, to say the least. But the split has happened, and onlookers see in it evidence of the essential incompatibility of Labour Party discipline and Roman Catholic prepossessions.

The Liverpool list of candidates nominated this year shows, besides Conservatives, Liberals, Labour, and this new Democratic Labour Party, the following varieties:—"Protestant," Independent, Cooperative, Communist, and Fascist. The Fascist is not opposing the Communist, but neither is likely to win a seat. The present state of parties on the Liverpool City Council is as follows:—Conservatives, 54 councillors and 22 aldermen; Labour, 43 councillors and nine aldermen; Liberals, eight councillors and four aldermen; "Centre" Party, two councillors and four aldermen; "Democratic Labour," five councillors; Independents, four councillors; vacant, two seats; total, 157. Hence the Conservatives, with 76 members, are only three short of an absolute majority, and at present the Liberal 12 are on very good terms with them, so that in no case next Saturday will there be a retiring Conservative opposed by a Liberal alone or a retiring Liberal opposed by a Conservative in a straight fight.

There are three contests with Conservative, Liberal, and Labour candidates, however, all in suburban residential districts. Sir Thomas White, the leader of the Conservative Party, warns Conservatives that in spite of appearances the Labour Party persists in its bid for power, and that every effort must be made to restore the Conservative majority.

IMPORTED ELECTRICITY METERS

MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT INQUIRY

The question as to whether imported electricity meters and their component parts should be required to bear an indication of their origin was investigated at the Board of Trade offices yesterday by the Standing Committee appointed under the Merchandise Marks Act, the chairman being Sir Llewellyn Smith.

The applicants were the British Electrical and Allied Manufacturers' Association (Incorporated), who claimed to represent over 90 per cent. of the British firms manufacturing electricity meters. Opposition to the application was made by the Electrical Importers and Traders' Association.

Mr. Frederick Thompson, of Messrs. Thompson and Co., Old Swan-lane, E.C., stated in evidence that the number of meters sold to non-expert purchasers by his firm was not more than one in 1,000, almost the whole of the sales being to electrical engineers, who were fully qualified to discriminate as to the origin of an electricity meter and its parts. As far as his firm was concerned a general order requiring the marking of imported meters and parts would be most disadvantageous in relation to his firm's policy of progressive transfer from importation to British manufacture. It would create the impression that the firm was a foreign concern or merely the representative agent of foreign concerns, which it was not. Every additional operation in highly standardized production was costly, as it broke the normal flow of series manufacture. To stamp the thin rotor disk would affect disadvantageously the electrical properties of the meter, destroying the eddy currents in the disk.

Mr. G. O. Slade, for the applicants, said that with no marketing order in operation a meter which contained 19 foreign-made parts, and had only the tiniest screw made in Britain, might be sold as a British meter. It was to stop foreign meters masquerading as British, and to prevent deception of the public, that they made the application.

The inquiry was concluded.

AIR LINERS AND ALTITUDE

NEW VERSION OF BRISTOL ENGINE

A version of the Bristol Jupiter aero engine, which is especially intended to serve commercial aircraft whose routes may make it necessary to fly at fairly high altitudes, has just completed its type tests satisfactorily, and is being installed in the big flying-boats and air liners now being built for Imperial Airways. These aircraft will come into service between London and Alexandria when he African mail starts in January.

The new engine is the latest type of Jupiter, moderately supercharged, with the result that it may be run at full throttle at a height of 5,000ft., where it develops its greatest power. It also produces power equal to that given at sea-level when operating at over 6,000ft. Supercharging is the device for overcoming the decreasing density of the atmosphere at great heights by forcing air by means of an impeller into the mixture-chamber. The impeller, which works at a great speed in military machines which have to operate at 10,000ft., is run at three-quarter speed in the new engine. The test engine has been run for 50 hours at top speed in non-stop runs of 10 hours each, and gave a minimum of 565 h.p. when running at 2,200 revolutions per minute at sea-level, and reached 600 h.p. at the same rate at 4,900ft.

This engine will enable the Imperial Airways' machines to cross mountains or fly at high altitudes when weather below is unpleasant without losing speed by reason of the decrease in atmospheric density. At the start the new engine will not be used on the African route, where high altitudes, together with high temperatures, will produce conditions about equal to the worst encountered on the India air-mail route. The Hercules, which has served for more than a year in those circumstances, will be transferred to the southern sections of the African route as an aircraft tried in similar conditions and capable, therefore, of trying out the new route and comparing it with its earlier experiences.

THEFT AT GLOUCESTER-ROAD STATION

£200 MISSING FROM A SAFE

Burglars who forced a safe in Gloucester-road Station (District and Metropolitan Railway) early yesterday morning and escaped with over £200 are believed to have reached their objective by walking along the line and afterwards leaving by the same means.

Evidence that two men were concerned has been found by the police. The thieves left the booking office in a state of confusion, having thrown to the floor everything they could lay hands on in their search for money. No attempt had been made to interfere with the iron gates outside the station, and there is no doubt that the men scaled a fence some distance away, climbed down the embankment on to the line, and then walked through the tunnel. They chose the best time for their purpose, for the station closes considerably earlier on a Sunday night, and they would be able to hide with less likelihood of being seen.

Thieves who raided Sundridge Park Station, near Bromley, were apparently disturbed, for they drove away in a motor-car after obtaining only a few shillings.

LONDON GENERAL OMNIBUSES

REDUCTION TO TWO TYPES

In a few months' time the London General Omnibus Company hopes to have taken out of service all the "K" omnibuses that remain in London, and by the end of April to have only two types of omnibus being operated. These will be the "S.T." of which there are now 330, and the "L.T." of which there are 150. The numbers are to be brought up to 800 and 500 respectively. The "S.T." has a large rear platform and a straight staircase to the upper deck. It has been found very useful for rush-hour traffic. The "L.T." has six wheels, is of greater capacity, and on certain routes has several advantages over the other pattern.

There have been about six different types of omnibuses introduced since the War. It was stated at the headquarters of the company yesterday that while the programme now being carried out suggests a standardization of two types, the possibility was never ruled out of the development of a better or more convenient omnibus in the future. The new omnibuses will be put into service every week from now onwards until the total has been reached.

ACQUITTALS

At the Central Criminal Court yesterday, before the Common Serjeant (Sir Henry Dickens, K.C.), Annie Mary Barker, 41, a married woman, on bail, was charged on an indictment with demanding money from a woman with menaces. No evidence was offered by the prosecution, and by direction of the Common Serjeant, the jury found the defendant *Not Guilty*, and she was discharged.

John P. Thomas, an agent, of Pandy Mill, Penmachno, Carnarvonshire, was *acquitted* at Llanrwst, Denbighshire, police court yesterday on a charge of stealing sheep.

CHURCH FINANCE IN LONDON

NEEDS OF NEW DISTRICTS

The autumn session of the London Diocesan Conference, which deals with business matters, was held last evening in the Church House, Westminster.

The BISHOP of LONDON, who presided, welcomed the Ven. F. N. Thicknesse as the new Archdeacon of Middlesex, and said his appointment had vacated a prebendal stall in St. Paul's Cathedral which he (the Bishop) had the greatest pleasure of offering that night to the Clerical Secretary of the Conference, the Rev. T. Wellard, rector of St. Olave's, Hart-street, E.C. In regard to the effort known as "The Way of Renewal," the Bishop said he hoped the laity would realize the tremendous work they had taken in hand in renewing the whole spiritual life of the diocese. They had made a beautiful beginning with the five schools of prayer for the clergy. They had felt a touch of heaven in those schools, and the clergy had come back inspired by their experience. The laity were not to be left out of "The Way of Renewal." A series of lectures was being given in the deanery of Fulham, and he had arranged with Sir Oliver Lodge to deliver the next lecture on "Can a Scientific Man be Religious?" On the previous (Sunday) evening he had preached to over 1,000 undergraduates at Oxford. That was a reply to those who said that young men were in revolt, and that youth was against religion. Young people were thinking deeply and questioning a great deal. They had to meet the cry of the youth of the day in an intelligent and sympathetic way.

The Bishop added that the raising of the £250,000 needed for the Forty-five Churches Fund was a most stupendous task, but he hoped it would put the whole diocese on its mettle. He was anxious that this special effort would not interfere with the raising of the amounts needed to meet the regular quotas of the parishes. He hoped the whole diocese would back up the policy—which was the only intelligent policy—of selling and pulling down churches which were now not wanted, and using the proceeds to set down new churches in new districts among people who had no church, no ministry, and no schools.

SIR MONTAGUE BARLOW, chairman of the London Diocesan Fund, presented the diocesan estimates for 1931, and moved a resolution authorizing the expenditure of a sum not exceeding £88,700. He explained that the London Diocesan Fund was asked to provide £86,080. The income estimated to be received by societies direct amounted to £2,620, making a total of £88,700, about £700 more than last year. It was recommended that £75,000 be apportioned upon the diocese as the quota of ambition and £55,000 as the quota of obligation. He said that at present the receipts for this year were slightly lower than they were at the same period last year. There were 163 laggard parishes which had contributed nothing to the quota, but which had received £5,000 in grants. As a result of the appeal for the Forty-Five Churches Fund, over £30,000 had been raised. Three mission districts had been started, four sites had been purchased or grants had been made for their purchase, and three more sites were being acquired.

Mr. EVELYN HUBBARD, treasurer of the London Diocesan Fund, seconded the motion, which was unanimously carried.

The REV. R. WEBB ODELL, organizing secretary, made a detailed statement on the Forty-Five Churches Appeal. He announced that on November 24 they hoped to inaugurate a scheme of London Diocesan Church Builders by which the rank and file of the diocese, composed of 200,000 communicants, would have an individual share in this great endeavour. There were 500,000 people in the diocese lacking churches and the means of grace.

FIGHT AGAINST LEPROSY

WORK OF EMPIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

Lord Chelmsford, the president, was in the chair at a meeting of the general committee of the British Empire Leprosy Relief Association held at the India Office yesterday. A testimony to the work of the association contained in the report on the study tour of the Secretary of the Leprosy Commission of the League of Nations was read:—"The association is not a charitable institution. It is a health organization on a grand scale, which endeavours to exercise international action on scientific lines. The association certainly deserves a high place among institutions for international action against leprosy."

LORD CHELMSFORD said that the association had a remarkable record of achievement to place before subscribers. In Nigeria it had provided 66 settlements for leprosy treatment and 59 in Nyasaland and Rhodesia. Its organ, the quarterly *Leprosy Review*, went to workers and investigators all over the world. They had a right to ask the general public for a support which at present was altogether inadequate. The Colonial Office and the Colonial Governments gave much appreciated assistance, but their means were limited and they had very many other claims upon them for the combat of disease and insanitation.

DR. R. G. COCHRANE, the secretary, gave an account of his tour early in the year in Egypt, the Sudan, Uganda, Kenya, Zanzibar, Tanganyika, Nyasaland, North and South Rhodesia, and South Africa. During the six years of its existence the association had sent out at least 1,000,000 doses of remedies against leprosy to workers in the field. It had done a great deal towards publishing and spreading information. It had done much to encourage the training of medical officers for the organization of leper work. The work was seriously handicapped by lack of funds. It was tragic to think that in the whole of East and Central Africa there was no one institution comparable to those in India where medical officers and dressers could get a training in the diagnosis and treatment of leprosy.

SIR EDWARD GAIT, chairman of the Executive Committee; SIR FRANK CARTER, the hon. treasurer; and SIR LEONARD ROGERS, the hon. medical secretary, also spoke.

ANCIENT JEWISH SYNAGOGUES

DR. SUKENIK'S SCHWEICH LECTURES

The first of this year's series of Schweich Lectures on Biblical Archaeology was delivered yesterday, in the rooms of the British Academy, by DR. E. L. SUKENIK, Archaeologist to the Hebrew University, Jerusalem, the subject of the course being "Ancient Synagogues in Palestine and Greece." The VEN. R. H. CHARLES, Archdeacon of Westminster, was in the chair.

The lecturer said that the origins of the synagogue were still a matter of dispute among scholars. Some placed it as early as the Exile; others, more plausibly, to the period after the Exile. It was also uncertain whether synagogues were first founded in Palestine or in the lands of the Diaspora. At present the oldest remains of synagogues found in Palestine dated back no farther than the first century A.D., whereas in Egypt and Greece there had been found remains dating back to the third and the second centuries B.C. respectively. One of the earliest reliable sources of information about ancient synagogues in Palestine was to be found in the texts of medieval Jewish pilgrims. In their accounts they incidentally described the ruins of ancient synagogues.

Serious exploration of synagogues in modern times began with the last century. The American, Robinson, visited them first in 1838 and later in 1852. In 1864 Renan, who was sent out by the French Government at the head of a scientific expedition, explored a few of the synagogues in Upper Galilee, and copied correctly some of the inscriptions found in them. Two years later the English scholars, Wilson and Andersen, excavated some of these ruins, and were able to give the first plan of ancient synagogues. Subsequently Guérin, Oliphant, and Schuhmacher discovered a number of other synagogues. But the most important work in this field had so far been done by the Deutsche Orient Gesellschaft. In 1905 Kohl and Watzinger excavated, on behalf of this society, 11 synagogues, including two in Transjordan.

Since the War many discoveries had taken place owing to the efforts of the Ecole Biblique, the Jewish Archaeological Society, the Hebrew University, and the joint expedition of the Yale University and the Palestine Exploration Fund. The number of ancient synagogues established up to date was 42. Two ruins, which gave a good idea of the main features of ancient synagogues, were those found at Capernaum and at Chorazin. They were both built looking towards Jerusalem. In both cases terraces led up to the front, and there was an adjacent courtyard. The interior was in the form of a basilica divided into a wide central nave and two narrower aisles by two rows of columns, which were also used to support the gallery.

MATERNAL MORTALITY CONFERENCE

MR. GREENWOOD'S ADDRESS

The fifth conference on maternal mortality was held yesterday in the Friends' Hall, Euston-road, and was addressed by the Minister of Health (Mr. Arthur Greenwood), who referred to the need of an effective maternity scheme on a national basis. The Duchess of Atholl, M.P., presided over nearly 1,000 delegates, representing about 300 organizations closely concerned with the problem.

MR. GREENWOOD said that it was an astonishing fact that, in spite of what had been done, the problem of maternal mortality still remained as stubborn as ever it was. It was one of the black marks against the health service of this country. Infant mortality and the general death-rate had been reduced, and yet the number of deaths from the normal process of motherhood was still as enormous as ever. No one could contemplate that fact with equanimity. It was a serious criticism of that which they had been able to do. No one, not even the greatest expert, could convince him that motherhood should be so dangerous a profession as it was. It was clear from the information received that a substantial proportion of maternal deaths were really avoidable. When he was told that about half the deaths, so far as a particular number of cases were concerned, were due to avoidable causes, his own instinct led him to the view that the proportion was probably higher, and that the number of avoidable deaths might even reach 60 per cent. It was quite clear that they could not be satisfied with the provision that was being made. If the best that obtained in certain localities was put into operation in all localities, they might have a different tale to tell. He did not want to belittle the work of local authorities, but, unfortunately, all local authorities were not equally good.

ANTE-NATAL CLINICS

There were many local authorities that had done a very great work in the provision of ante-natal clinics, in care for the mother and the infant; but they had not done enough. If every local authority used to 100 per cent. the powers which they possessed, a marked impression would be made on the figures of the maternal death-rate.

In referring to the problems that lay behind the powers that might be exercised by local authorities, Mr. Greenwood pointed out that there was still enormous work to be done in persuading potential mothers that their first duty to the community and to themselves was to use the resources available. It was also important that those concerned in the maternity service should be kept in touch with the most recent research, knowledge, and experience, and he hoped something would be done for post-graduate study, not only for those engaged in this particular aspect of the question, but for those engaged in the whole realm of public health.

NATIONAL MATERNITY SERVICE

In relation to a national maternity service, he said that behind that ideal lay a good many difficulties. He had not got a national maternity scheme cut and dried to put before them. He had an objective, to which the Government was committed—that of a national maternity scheme fulfilling all the principles laid down in successive reports, and such a scheme could only be framed in detail when those who were to work it in the long run had sat down and tried to get to a general understanding. He would like to forge a bond of partnership between the National Health Insurance scheme and the local health authorities under a great national umbrella, which would give them a real effective maternity scheme on a national basis. He thought they could do it in a relatively short space of time. The housing of the mother and the problem of maternal mortality were the two questions that were in his mind more than any others. He would do all that was humanly possible in the shortest possible time to bring to fruition a national maternity scheme. There was still an enormous amount of educational work to be done and there was still need for the inspiration of a movement like that conference on maternal mortality.

A resolution was unanimously passed expressing the conference's agreement with the recommendations of the interim report of the Departmental Committee on Maternal Mortality, which supported the conference's previous demands for an effective national maternity service, based on an increase in the length and content of the training of medical students in obstetrics and on essential services, and urging the co-ordination of voluntary effort with the work of public authorities in order to enlist the widest possible interest and support in solving the problem.

The resolution, which was moved by LADY ERLEIGH, was supported by DR. MARION PHILLIPS, M.P., DR. RHODA ADAMSON, MRS. CROFT BAKER, LADY SELBORNE, DR. BRACKENBURY, and others.

DR. BRACKENBURY, who is chairman of the council of the British Medical Association, said the resolution had the solid and emphatic support of the organized medical profession. He emphasized the need for the continuation of the education, agitation, and propaganda represented by the conference, and pointed out that any tentative measure that might be introduced must have the complete national maternity service idea in view.

PROTESTANT CONGRESS

EXHIBITION IN LONDON

Lady Leitrim yesterday opened an exhibition at the Central Hall, Westminster, connected with a Protestant Congress, convened by the United Protestant Council, which will begin to-day.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL ADAIR was in the chair.

At a luncheon, at which Brigadier-General Adair presided in the unavoidable absence of the host, Major R. Rigg, president of the United Protestant Council, a letter was read from the latter in which he said that Rome was still the same foe of civil and religious liberty as it had been in the past.

Mr. J. A. KENSIT, acting hon. secretary to the United Protestant Council, said the council was representative of 17 Protestant organizations. He welcomed to the Congress representatives of Protestant work and witness from Belgium, France, Spain, Holland, Italy, and Ireland. While Lambeth might be talking about unity they were demonstrating unity in the faith. They had in their programme Baptists, Methodists, and Churchmen.

The exhibition has been arranged to illustrate the history of Protestantism, especially in England. There is a Bible exhibit which is described as being second only to that of the British Museum; the stump of the stake at which Bishop Hooper was burned at Gloucester is shown; and from Germany comes the money chest which Tetzel took about declaring that as money rattled into it a soul flew out of purgatory. A number of instruments of torture used by the Inquisition have been placed on view. Other exhibits include a collection lent by the Palestine Exploration Fund, and among a number of illustrated lectures which have been arranged for are two by Lady (Flinders) Petrie on the latest excavations in Palestine. The exhibition will be open till November 1.

JEWELRY STOLEN FROM SHOP WINDOW

KENNETH BROWN, 24, a homeless clerk, pleaded "Guilty" at Bow-street Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Graham Campbell, to feloniously receiving three diamond and platinum brooches, part of the proceeds of a £1,100 smash and grab theft at the premises of Messrs. Halford and Sons, Limited, jewellers, Piccadilly, on August 6 last. The charge was reduced from one of breaking and entering the shop. Detective-sergeant Ellis said that three men in a stolen motor-car drove up to the shop and smashed the window with a hammer. They then escaped with about £1,100 worth of jewelry. When Brown was in custody on another charge of theft he made an admission with regard to part of the stolen property. Brown was sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment with hard labour.

WELSH STEEL WORKERS' WAGES

The sliding scale ascertainment which governs the wages of West Wales steel workers for the three months beginning November 2 shows that the average price of Siemens steel bars for the last quarter was a shade over £5 18s. 8d. per ton. This is equivalent to 8¼ per cent. under the sliding scale and represents a drop of 2¼ per cent. in the steel workers' wages for the next three months, compared with the percentage now in operation. The continuance of certain *ex gratia* payments to lower-paid men will be subject to negotiation.

MOTORS IN LONDON PARKS

THE SPEED LIMIT

After December 31 there will no longer be a speed limit, as the term is understood at present, for light motor traffic on the public highways. The new Road Traffic Act will not, however, directly affect the speed of motor-cars in the London parks, the control of which will remain in the hands of the authorities administering the parks.

In the parks of the London County Council a uniform speed limit of 12 miles an hour is in force at present. Whether this regulation will be retained or varied in the new circumstances has yet to be considered by the Parks Committee of the L.C.C. Until about three years ago it had not been thought necessary to make any special regulation to control the speed of traffic in these parks, but the 12-miles-an-hour limit was then imposed in consequence of complaints against unduly fast and dangerous driving in Battersea Park, Dulwich Park, and elsewhere. There have been many convictions under the regulations, which is stated to have worked satisfactorily, and it is considered essential that some limiting figure should be retained in future.

A uniform speed limit is laid down also for the Royal parks in and about London, but in them it is 20 miles an hour. It is the present intention of the Office of Works to retain this limiting figure in its regulations, and experiments are now being made with new types of notice-boards for all the Royal parks, with the object of announcing the 20-mile limit more conspicuously than hitherto. The arguments adduced by the Department in favour of this particular figure are not, however, accepted as applicable to Regent's Park by residents in the neighbourhood of that park. As the correspondence columns of *The Times* have shown, much dissatisfaction has been aroused by fast and noisy motor traffic in the Outer Circle. A deputation of residents in the park visited the Office of Works last June as a result, and some days ago Mr. Jonathan Hutchinson, the honorary treasurer of the Regent's Park Protection Committee, sent a further letter on the subject to the Permanent Secretary of the Department.

Mr. Hutchinson urged in his letter that a speed limit of 12 miles an hour should be fixed for traffic in Regent's Park, to ensure the safety of the public and a diminution of the noise and nuisance now caused by motor-vehicles. He stated that rates of 30, 40, and even 50 miles an hour are common, and contrasted the position here with that in Battersea Park, where, he wrote, the 12-mile limit is conspicuously notified below the motorists' red circle, and is accepted as a guiding rule, and, on the whole, obeyed very well, by the large numbers of car-drivers, motor-cyclists, and bicyclists who use the park, the fine motoring roads of which exactly resemble the Outer Circle of Regent's Park. "Personal experience has proved to me that on the motor roads of Baftersea Park a quiet, reasonable pace is maintained by all the drivers; there is neither noise, nuisance, nor danger to the pedestrians," Mr. Hutchinson added. "The enjoyment of Battersea Park by the public, for whose benefit all our parks exist, whether drivers, riders, or walkers, is greatly enhanced by the 12-mile speed limit. Can you give any valid reason why Regent's Park should not enjoy the same privilege of comparative peace and freedom from danger?"

THE SALE ROOM

BOOKS AND PRINTS

Sotheby's began their season yesterday with two sales, one of miscellaneous books and the other of old engravings, from various sources. A set of the "Fauna und Flora des Golfes von Neapel," published at Leipzig 1880 to 1902, 27 parts in quarto, with plates, brought £118 (Quaritch). Among the modern first editions were:—J. M. Barrie, "Auld Licht Idylls," 1888, in original buckram—£14 10s. (Hammond); R. Kipling, "Departmental Ditties," Lahore, 1886, in the original wrapper—£35 (Thorp); A. Conan Doyle, "The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes," 1892—£10 10s. (Maggs); and G. B. Shaw, "Plays: Pleasant and Unpleasant," 1898—£7 15s.

Among the engravings a fine one of the altered plate of Oliver Cromwell, whole length on horseback, attended by a page, after Van Dyck, by P. Lombart, being the second Cromwell state and the fifth state of the plate, fetched £15 (Latham).

ATTEMPT TO STEAL £3,500 BY A TRICK

STORY OF £138,000 DEAL

At the Marylebone Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Barrington-Ward, K.C., WILLIAM YOUNG, 62, salesman, of Marchmont-street, Russell-square, and ARTHUR O'CONNOR, 50, independent, of Gloucester-street, Pimlico, were charged with attempting to steal £3,500 by a trick.

Detective-sergeant Isaacs said in evidence that Young was known to the prosecutor (Mr. Petrasch, of Vienna) as "Mr. Herbert" and O'Connor as "Mr. Bond." The prosecutor arrived in this country on holiday on October 1, and while near the Serpentine Mr. Herbert asked to be directed somewhere. Some days later they met again, apparently by accident, while looking at the Cenotaph. Mr. Herbert suggested that they should travel about London together as he was also a visitor to the capital from New Zealand, where he owned an extensive farm, from which he received £2,000 a year as rental. He also said that his uncle was "Sir J. Herbert" and was a wealthy man. One day later, while they were in a restaurant, Mr. Herbert, "much to his surprise," saw Mr. Bond sitting several tables away. He told the prosecutor that Mr. Bond was a very wealthy man, who was in business in this country and represented seven or eight large banks in America. He spoke to Bond and subsequently they all met again.

Bond was apparently a very busy man and was continually going to the Stock Exchange, and on one occasion he returned after a very successful deal, having made, he represented, £138,000. At least he said he could have it if only he could deposit a sum of money in the bank by a certain time. Herbert said he was willing to help him, and eventually the prosecutor said he was willing to join in, too. Herbert said he would put down £4,000, and prosecutor said he thought he could raise £2,000 if allowed time. The prosecutor went to Vienna and raised £3,500 by disposing of certain property there. When he returned he was met at Victoria Station by both Herbert and Bond, who invited him to leave his hotel so that they could all stay together near the banks in order that they should not lose time and possibly the £138,000. The prosecutor declined as he had begun to be suspicious. He went to the police and as a result Herbert and Bond were arrested.

Herbert, the witness added, was a native of New South Wales. During the South African War he served in the Victoria Mounted Rifles, and he also saw four years' service in the cavalry during the last War with the Australian Expeditionary Force. O'Connor was a native of Huddersfield and went to Winnipeg when he was 18. Neither of the men had been previously convicted in this country, but there were convictions against O'Connor.

The MAGISTRATE passed sentence of three months' imprisonment in the second division.

BRITISH HANDICRAFTS

EXHIBITION AT THE DRAPERS' HALL

The Lord Mayor of London, Sir William Waterlow, opened yesterday, at the Drapers' Hall, Throgmorton-street, E.C., an exhibition and sale of British handicrafts. He was accompanied by the Lady Mayoress and the Sheriffs.

The exhibition, which will remain open until Saturday, has been organized by the Home Arts and Industries Association, which seeks to keep alive and help the old handicrafts which once flourished in England. The association has been in existence since 1884, and is the oldest society for the encouragement of handwork of all kinds throughout the British Isles. Most of the work is done in country villages, and the exhibition is a means of bringing worker and purchaser together.

There are more than 80 stalls, and the exhibits embrace a very wide range of spare-time occupations. Among them are examples of metal, wood, leather, and lacquer work, hand-made jewelry, pottery, tapestry, embroidery, rabbit fur, weaving, and many other handicrafts. Some of the work has been done by disabled ex-Service men, some by the blind and paralysed, and some by young women who are mentally deficient, but have been successfully taught rug-making.

The LORD MAYOR, in speaking in approval of the object of the council of the association, said that it was "to provide a spare-time occupation for the worker, and to foster a love of the beautiful in hand-work of all kinds."

News in Brief

Oak panelling at Wargrave Parish Church has been dedicated in memory of Sir John Murray, the publisher.

Lord Amulree, Secretary of State for Air, has appointed Mr. L. G. S. Reynolds to be his Principal Private Secretary, and Mr. I. V. H. Campbell to be his Assistant Private Secretary.

At Chester Assizes yesterday Mr. Justice Charles sentenced Wilfred Ernest Mellor, 41, postman, of Crewe, who pleaded "Guilty," to five years penal servitude for stealing mail-bags and postal packets.

Mr. Peter Rudyard Aitken, of Cherkley Court, Leatherhead, son of Lord Beaverbrook, was fined at Epsom Police Court yesterday 40s. for driving a motor-car at Leatherhead without an efficient silencer, and 20s. for driving without a rear riding light.

Mr. Winston Churchill has accepted an invitation to attend the annual dinner of the London District of the Institute of Journalists at the Waldorf Hotel on Saturday, November 15. He will propose the health of Mr. H. A. Gwynne, editor of the *Morning Post*, who has been president of the Institute for two years.

Three recruits of the Royal Tank Corps, Bovington, were marooned for seven hours on Sunday night on Cockpitt Cliff, Lulworth. The cliff is 300ft. high, and the men got to a spot where they could move neither up nor down. Their cries were heard, but a rescue party with lamps and ropes took four hours in locating the men and lowering them.

Two of the three youths who absconded from the Borstal institution at Feltham (Middlesex) on Saturday and are alleged to have stolen a car in that district were arrested for loitering at Northampton on Sunday, and, with a third youth arrested at Stony Stratford yesterday, will be charged at Northampton with stealing a motor-car at Church Brampton on Sunday.

Alec Meldrum, 20, of Newark-road, Lincoln, a solicitor's clerk, was charged on remand at Lincoln yesterday with stealing £85 from his employers, Messrs. Andrew, Race, Midgley and Hill, of Lincoln, and with setting fire to a quantity of documents and deeds. The prisoner pleaded "Guilty" to the charge of theft, and reserved his defence on the arson charge. He was committed for trial at the Assizes, bail being allowed in £300. The sureties were his father and Mr. J. W. F. Hill, a member of the firm.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

Notice is given that the Railway Rates Tribunal will sit on November 19 to review the operation of the railway freight rebates scheme for the year ended September 30, 1930. (p. 4)

A reward is offered to parish clerks and others for the date and place of burial of John Obrisset, otherwise Aubrisset, living in December, 1728 (especially London). (p. 1)

A small girls' school on a healthy Pacific Island is for sale. (p. 1)

An advertiser states: "Up to £20,000 will be paid for a fully authenticated portrait of a beautiful woman or child by one of the famous late eighteenth-century painters. Romney preferred." (p. 1)

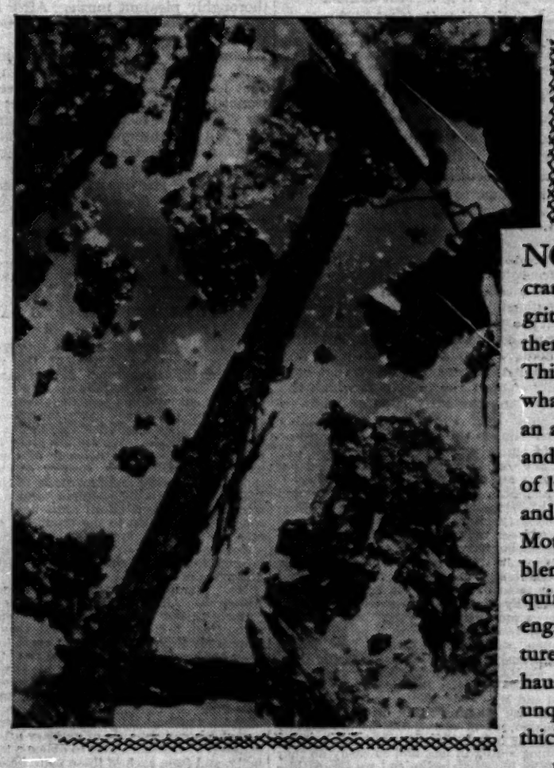
A historic water corn mill in working order, mentioned in Domesday Book, is for sale. (p. 1)

A reward of £15 is offered for a lost diamond and emerald brooch. (p. 1)

CRIPPLEGATE WARD ELECTION

Yesterday at the Cripplegate Institute the LORD MAYOR presided at a meeting of the inhabitants of Cripplegate Ward in the City for the election of an Alderman in succession to Sir William Baddeley, who recently resigned. Three candidates were nominated—namely, Mr. James Dixon Mounsey, a member of the textile trade carrying on business in Redcross-street; Mr. H. E. A. Twyford, chairman of George Brettle and Co., Limited, Wood-street; and Sir William Prescott, chairman of the Metropolitan Water Board. Of these Mr. Mounsey and Mr. Twyford are Common Councilmen for Cripplegate Ward. On a show of hands being taken, Mr. Mounsey had 74 votes, Mr. Twyford 57, and Sir William Prescott 9. A poll will be held to-day between 10 a.m. and 6 p.m. The polling-places are at Cripplegate Institute and Brewers' Hall, Addle-street.

Imagine this in your crankcase!



NOW is the time to drain your crankcase and clean out all the grit and dirt that have gathered there during months of driving. This photomicrograph shows you what polluted oil really is like—an abrasive compound that scores and ruins working parts instead of lubricating them. Clean it out and fill up fresh with Pratts Motor Oil. Pratts Motor Oil is blended specially to meet the requirements of modern fast-revving engines. Leading motor manufacturers have subjected it to exhaustive tests and give it their unqualified approval. Never too thick when cold—never too thin when hot. See the Pratts Motor Oil Chart for the correct winter grade for your car.

Pratts MOTOR OIL SOLD ONLY S

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
(Editorial Room), London.
NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

THE SMOOTH SWING

By CALLISTHENES

Bobby Jones, the finest golfer the world has seen, winner in one year of the Amateur and the Open Championships both in Great Britain and America, has probably the smoothest swing. With a precision as accurate as any machine, and more beautiful, he will send the ball flying down the centre of the fairway three seconds after he has taken up his position. There will be no sign of exceptional effort, no violence, no jerking, no posturing. Everything is as smooth as the ripple of wind on a June hay-field.

His swing has long had this quality. When Vardon saw it ten years ago he prophesied a great career. There is no finer visible expression to-day of the facility of genius.

Yet this facility is the result of the most intense practice of the most intense effort.

Bobby Jones not only put in an almost unparalleled amount of practice to acquire this smoothness, but, in spite of all appearance of facility, never wins a championship without using all he possesses of energy of body and mind. In a recently published analysis of his methods and results it was said that he lost 14lbs. in weight during the Amateur Championship week this year.

Fourteen pounds! Every ounce of it is a refutation of the fallacy which identifies genius with facility. Every ounce of it proves again that no man is to be carried to the skies on flowery beds of ease.

All of us want smoothness in our style, whether it be playing golf or selling books, driving a car or addressing a jury. Art does not begin till it has concealed art. Smoothness is the expression and the test of efficiency.

We are proud of the smoothness with which our work runs in this House. We are pleased when our friends tell us that we seem to get our results with very little effort. We are glad that though we are one of the speediest and busiest organisations in the world we have eliminated rushing and shouting and banging.

But we are under no illusion as to how that smoothness has been gained and how it is to be kept. Work, thought, preparation! Work, thought, preparation! These in an exceptional degree are the only way to exceptional smoothness. Only by the looker-on is genius seen as facility: by the man himself, by the business itself, it is seen as the willingness and power to take pains.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR TOURS TO SOUTH AFRICA
BY MAIL VESSELS FROM SOUTHAMPTON
DECEMBER 5 & 19, 1930
JANUARY 2 & 30, 1931
REDUCED RETURN FARES TO CAPETOWN
£90 FIRST CLASS
£60 SECOND CLASS
£30 THIRD CLASS
Fares to other South African Ports on application.
Write for illustrated folder to the Head Office: 3, Fenchurch St., London, E.C.3.
West End Agency: 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.
UNION-CASTLE LINE

HOME TRAVEL
Hullo! Where are you going?
Cook's.
Oh! You are going abroad.
No.
Then why Cook's?
Well, I pay no more; one can drop into any of their offices and buy a ticket to any point. I like booking in advance as it saves a rush at the last moment.
Yes, but they charge you a booking fee or something.
No, they don't.
COOK'S TRAVELLERS' WAGONS-LITS
WORLD TRAVEL SERVICE
"THE TEMPLE OF TRAVEL"
BERKELEY ST., LONDON, W.1
& 300 OFFICES.

Entertainments

STAGE SOCIETY

CHERI

ADAPTED FROM THE FRENCH OF COLETTE AND LEOPOLD MARCHAND BY UNA LADY TROUBRIDGE

Léa de Lonval	MARY CLARE
Hector (Major Domo)	GUY PRESTON
Chéri (Fred Peloux)	HUBERT LANGLEY
Patron	ROBERT GATES
Museau	ALAN NAPIER
Rose	GLADYS TUDOR
Desmond	MARTIN WALKER
Charlotte Peloux	ELSIE FRENCH
Mlle. Aldonza	VIOLET MARQUESITA
Baronne de la Berche	MARION FAWCETT
M'lle Pounder	INEZ BENCRAN
A Parlourmaid	MARGARET RAYMOND
Edmée	JOYCE MOORE

To one who has not read the book that is the origin of this play, the Stage Society's choice is incomprehensible, for in the theatre nothing appears to justify it; to those who have read the book and have perceived high merit in it the performance of such a version as this may well be yet harder to understand. What proceeds from the stage is the lamentable story of a young man called Fred, whose nickname gives the play its title. Brought up in a household of decaying courtesans, he becomes the lover of Léa de Lonval, an ageing but not yet decrepit woman of the same profession. Leaving her, he marries a girl, Edmée, whose childhood, from which she is scarcely emerged, appears to have been even less fortunate than his own. After a journey with her abroad, he deserts her for Léa. After a night with Léa and a scene of parting, which, in confusion of design and abject emotionalism, is unmatched by anything that we have seen in the theatre, he returns to his wife. There are vague, inchoate attempts to explain his conduct, from which it is possible to deduce (*a*) that he is to be regarded as a pitiable orphan seeking a mother, or (*b*) that he came back to Léa because she was physically desirable to him, or (*c*) that he left her because she was not, or (*d*) that he heroically conferred upon his wife the benefit of renewed association with him because Léa, having been his harlot by night, flourished the banner of maternal idealism in the morning.

One thing only is certain—that Léa is intended to be a tragic figure, a woman whose maternal feelings are quickened by the youth's helplessness, and whose passion is aroused by his love, and Miss Mary Clare, in a performance continually thwarted by the turgid nonsense with which she had to contend, did at least succeed in suggesting that in different circumstances Léa might have been a creature of some interest. There were, too, small sketches drawn with ability by Mr. Alan Napier and Miss Violet Marquesita. But Miss Joyce Moore was given no opportunity to make Edmée take the place that was evidently hers in the scheme of things, and Mr. Hubert Langley, perhaps because the character of Fred was as lifeless and fantastic to him as to us, gave a performance of sprawling, ill-regulated impulse which had the effect of making the boy's behaviour ridiculous as well as repulsive. If a play about a woman of virtue had been riddled, as this play is, with tedious falsities, it would have deceived no one, but because the same falseness and confusion of sentiment are applied to a harlot there will always be some to call the product "powerful" or "interesting." Has not the time come when the theatre, and above all the Stage Society, should outgrow this particular disease of adolescent judgment? The play given at the Prince of Wales Theatre yesterday afternoon and on Sunday evening is weak, incompetent, and dull. That its subject is such as would probably prevent its appearance on a public stage is not a sufficient reason for performing it privately. As a work of art it is on a level with the crudest and most sugary of sentimental melodramas, and differs from them only in having substituted an artificially embittered for an artificially sweetened hysteria.

EMBASSY THEATRE

"THE LIAR"

BY CARLO GOLDINI. Translated from the Italian by GRACE LOVAT FRASER

Florindo	ANDRÉ VAN GYSEGHEM
Brighella	CHARLES LEFEAUX
Rosaura	JOYCE BLAND
Beatrice	JUDY MENTEATH
Lelio	ERIC PORTMAN
Arlecchino	A. R. WHATMORE
Colombina	HEATHER ANGEL
Ottavio	ROBERT DONAT
Pantalone	WALLACE EVENNETT
Dr. Balanzoni	FRANCIS L. SULLIVAN

In the blithely decadent Venice of Goldini this company of repertory players are more at home than they sometimes appear to be in the realistic atmosphere of modern comedies. Their success seems to be due rather to skilful production than to accomplished acting. The end at which Mr. A. R. Whatmore has justly aimed is an effect of sprightly, formal fantastication, and the players contrive to preserve the decorative style upon which he has insisted without letting it degenerate into the artificial prettiness with which Goldini and all the plays of his century are usually presented on the English stage. And this they achieve despite the violent pinks and oranges of the scenery, colours that continually suggest the prettiness which the producer has evidently been at pains to avoid and belie the Venice of Longhi's pictures that is the proper background of this old comedy.

In *The Liar* Goldini retained Arlecchino, Pantalone, and Brighella of the *commedia dell' arte*, and Mrs. Lovat Fraser has interpreted their characteristic Venetian dialect by an English West Country vernacular. This device seems to work well, and we are conscious of no jarring incongruity when the characters are conversing in their different idioms. Nor do the traditional marks of the improvised comedy seem out of place in this production, so skilfully is the masquerading, intriguing atmosphere of the age evoked by the quartette of pert lovers and the vainglorious Lelio. Lies spring spontaneously from the lips of Mr. Eric Portman, as that first serenade dies away, and the Rosaura and the Beatrice of Miss Joyce Bland and Miss Judy Menteath spy from their balcony the loitering figure of a strange and persuadable young man. And as the comedy unwinds its orderly coils Mr. Portman becomes a gushing spring of lies, and so easily do they flow from him that in the end we sympathize with him as with a youth who simply cannot keep his tongue from wagging. So, no doubt, Goldoni meant us to sympathize, for that "good, gay, sunniest of souls," as Browning called him, was uniformly "sunny" for both just and unjust. Except Mr. Portman, none of the players seizes quite all the opportunities of his or her part, but the general effect is, nevertheless, a satisfactory one.

THE WORCESTERSHIRE ASSOCIATION

The annual general meeting of the Worcestershire Association was held last night at the Hotel Victoria. Mr. Stanley Baldwin was re-elected president, and Mr. D. Cotes-Preedy, K.C., chairman. It was stated that the annual dinner of the association had been arranged to be held on May 14, 1931, and that Mr. Baldwin had consented to preside. It also decided that the association should produce a play by the Hon. Mary Pakington, with the object of starting a benevolent fund, and also that a visit by the association to the county of Worcester should be arranged for next June.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 20

OLD VIC

"THE JEALOUS WIFE"

BY GEORGE COLMAN

Mrs. Oakly	ELSA PALMER
Oakly	GEORGE HOWE
Major Oakly	ALFRED SANGSTER
Charles Oakly	LESLIE FRENCH
Sir Harry Beagle	RALPH RICHARDSON
Russett	HENRY WOLSTON
Lady Freelove	DOROTHY GREEN
Harriot, daughter to Russett	JOAN HARBEN
Lord Trinket	JOHN GIELGUD
Captain O'Cutter	PETER TAYLOR-SMITH

This comedy, which maintained a hold of the stage until the nineteenth century was well advanced, has not in recent years been given professional performance except by a company brought together by Professor Allardyce Nicoll at East London College. The choice of it by the Old Vic, while providing a valuable opportunity to see it again, is not, it must be confessed, well adapted to the theatre's resources. Mr. Gielgud plays Lord Trinket, a scandalous, wicked, fantastic fop, and he has the graces of the part; Miss Dorothy Green, too, can command the hard glitter appropriate to the schemes of Lady Freelove; these are admirable performances, formal, lively and precise. But among the rest of the cast that exactly regulated flippancy, which is a necessary cover for the stiffness, the emptiness, the patterned sentiment of such a play as this, is uncomfortably rare. Mr. George Howe's study of a too submissive husband, though it skilfully avoids monotony, is inclined to take Oakly with overmuch seriousness; Miss Elsa Palmer attacks the jealousy of the jealous wife herself with commendable vigour, but she has not lightness enough to save the flow of words from becoming tiresome; and Miss Joan Harben, though her performance is a careful and often a pretty one, is wanting in the mischievous sparkle which alone can save innocence, as Colman draws it, from insipidity.

Outside these limits, the best that can generally be said of the acting is that it is boisterous and good-humoured. Colman is not easy to perform. He has neither the verbal neatness nor the invention which may conceal the laborious interweaving of plot with plot and make of a contrivance, that does not pretend to feeling, at least a dazzling decoration. How old, how jaded, how fixed were the formulae he employed! What puppets his people were! And it needs the full accomplishment of Miss Green or Mr. Gielgud to prevent his toys from creaking or falling into cheerful disorder.

LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

DOPPER'S "GOTHIC CHACONNE"

It was not a very eventful programme that Dr. Mengelberg and the London Symphony Orchestra offered at Queen's Hall last night, but such an admirable performance as that which they gave of Beethoven's first symphony is not to be heard every day, and for this, if for nothing else, the concert was outstanding. Neatness and precision, carefully phrased *piano* passages, and well-balanced tone values (the horns and trumpets never stood out from the rest of the score as they so easily may in the early Beethoven) were the characteristics of the playing, and had the most satisfactory results, particularly in the prim andante and the vivacious minuetto.

An orchestral piece called "Gothic Chaconne," by Cornelius Dopper, was played for the first time in England. The composer, Dr. Mengelberg's assistant conductor at Amsterdam, is not a young man, and he has composed many symphonies, operas, and other large works. This one shows none of those tendencies which are generally called "modern." Its plain, chant-like theme is decorated with all the orchestral colours in all sorts of different tones and times for the sake of direct contrasts in the manner that Tchaikovsky adopted in writing variations. The disadvantage of this manner is that the music is always making fresh starts. Only the great masters of rhythmic counterpoint, Purcell, Bach, and Brahms, have surmounted this drawback in handling the Chaconne form. If Dopper's example does not place him among the masters, several of his variations start ideas that one would like to hear developed further, and his is thoroughly pleasant music. After it one would have been glad of some music with rather more substance in it than Rachmaninov's third pianoforte concerto.

M. Horowitz, however, clever pianist that he is, made the most of its conventional brilliance and had the right touch for each facile mood from the conscious simplicity of the opening to its moments of languorous sentiment and the glittering cascades of notes in which the finale culminates. His was a masterly performance, and the orchestra partook of the mastery.

TIVOLI CINEMA

"WHOOPEE"

A FLORENZ ZIEGFELD AND SAMUEL GOLDWYN FILM

There are some delightful differences between *Whoopee* and most of the musical comedies that have come out of American studios. It is not without a multitudinous chorus of cowboys and Red Indians and young ladies, who sometimes carry sunbonnets and sometimes six-shooters, but this chorus is used with rare restraint. We are not given time to tire of the flower-like delicacy of the dance patterns. Nor is the scenery overworked, though the prairies and mountains of the Wild West aglow with such simple colours as the film can at present afford must have been a constant temptation to the producer. Chorus, scenery, and even love itself are alike dominated by a comedian. And since the comedian is Mr. Eddie Cantor, that is the most delightful difference of all.

Mr. Cantor's humour is thoroughly American. All his jokes are hard, and seem to have passed through a machine which has given them a cutting edge. But they are so exquisitely timed that we soon cease to resent their hardness. There is comicality in the contrast between the sharpness of his tongue and the patience which he brings to adversity. In the film he is by turn an Indian brave swindling a complacent trader, a hypochondriac proudly numbering his ailments, and a cook whose ignorance of culinary art is only equalled by his willingness to oblige a famished bully, and from each of these parts he extracts enough fun to justify the freedom he has been given to elbow the musical comedy into the background.

ARCHBISHOP ON SUNDAY SCHOOLS

The ARCHBISHOP OF YORK, speaking at the Robert Raikes celebration at Leeds last night, described the Sunday school movement inaugurated by Robert Raikes as the beginning of public education in England. Sunday school teachers were now left with the religious teaching of the child, but in it they should avoid the too common fault of sentimentalism. He would ask them to avoid the "little lamb," for he could quite appreciate the attitude of the little boy who said:—"I'm tired of being a little lamb. Can't I be a little tiger to-night?" There was the danger in sentimentalizing of turning them into little prigs. There were teachers, perhaps not in Sunday schools, who taught the Book of Joshua as a work of military strategy, and the Acts of the Apostles as though it were the Bradshaw of the early Roman Empire, and who required their wretched children to draw maps of the journeys of St. Paul. He remembered once the question being put, "How many miles was it from Jerusalem to Jericho?" and not a word about the motive of the Good Samaritan. Whatever did it matter whether it was 40 miles or 40,000?

CARS OF TO-DAY

8-CYLINDER DELAGE

(BY OUR MOTORING CORRESPONDENT)

The Straight Eight Delage is a smooth, quiet car with very fine acceleration.

The engine is of 77 and 109 mm. bore and stroke, and the eight cylinders have a capacity of 4,050 c.c. The nominal power is 29.4, but up to 97 is stated to be given off on the brake at 3,500 r.p.m. The crankshaft runs in five bearings and has a vibration damper in front. The valves, each with only one spring, are overhead and are worked by pushrods and rockers. There is the usual adjustment for clearance and the lubrication is forced by an external pump attached to the nearside of the crankcase under the bonnet; by this means excess of pressure or supply is avoided. I prefer duplicated valve springs and the cups of the connexions between the pushrods and rockers to be on the rods, but this engine is not noisy. A cover over the valve mechanism is held by eight small nuts. The inlet is on the nearside and is a circular pipe, which feeds by two branches the four outer cylinders, and a shorter two-branch pipe, in the same horizontal plane, to feed the four inner ones. The mixture is water heated. Usually this chassis, which is the shortest of three wheelbases, has a five-jet carburettor with an autovac feed; but the car submitted for test by Messrs. J. Smith and Co., 28, Albemarle-street, W.1, had a carburettor with two main jets and dual float chamber and a down-draught air supply through a large circular cleaner above. The petrol here is delivered by an autopulse; the main 17-gallon tank is at the rear. A petrol gauge is in the instrument board, the tank filler is to the nearside and has a gauze; the dip-rod, marked in litres, also acts as a vent. The tank is protected. The pressure filter, the filler and gauze, the dip-stick, and the sump drainer are all handy on the nearside under the bonnet. The forward part of the sump is air-cooled. The labour of chassis lubrication has been reduced by fitting five master nipples, one towards the end of each axle and one by the steering box for the central mechanical parts; thus only short leads need be used. The fan bearing and those of the clutch have to be oiled locally, and to lubricate the clutch bearing one must unscrew the floorboards and a cover plate. The fan is combined with an impeller, and the impeller's gland can be tightened, but repacking entails moving the fan and radiator. The driven pulley is split for belt adjustment. There is rather a lot of hose coupling.

The honeycomb and film radiator is in a shell and has a stone guard in front and thermostatically worked shutters. The drain tap is accessible. Timing is by double roller chain with automatic adjustment; and on the offside under the bonnet there is the vertically driven double make-and-break and distributor with partly automatic advance and retard, and behind it the generator. The generator is not difficult to remove and has adjustable output; close to it are two coils, one a spare: all the fuses are well placed in a case in the dash. The sparking plugs in the detachable head are readily unscrewed. The exhaust pipe is forward and the manifold is ribbed. With a small heat insulating tray below it removed the brass holding nuts can be got at. Steering is by worm and nut; the rake of the column is adjustable.

Eight-cylinder engine, single-plate dry clutch, and four-speed gearbox are assembled together and carried at four points in rubber-lined bushes; this anchorage helps the engine to run sweetly. The travel of the clutch pedal can be altered; the starter is get-at-able, is built-in to the nearside of the clutch housing face, which is cast in one with the gearbox, and works in sequence so that the gear is engaged before the current is applied. The change-speed lever works just above the lid of the box in an invisible gate without stop for reverse, although the movement through first into reverse entails a long travel and therefore tends to minimize a mistake. Third speed is of the popular quiet type with constant mesh wheels and dog engagement. A rather small filler cap and a level plug are in the nearside of the box. Attached to the offside is a vacuum servo motor just behind the brake pedal. On the offside of the servo case a suction contact device works the stop light at the back. The open metal-jointed splined propeller-shaft takes the power to a half-floating spiral bevel-driven axle, which has a banjo case with top filler and level plugs. The frame has a deep sectioned cross-member of X-form midway.

The four-wheel brakes are applied by cable and without compensation by pedal or central hand lever, but the servo only works with the pedal. There is adjustment at the ends of the cables; at the back the nuts might be more handy. The front brakes work on the Perrot principle. The suspension is half-elliptical with a little camber and double-acting frictional shock absorbers. The front springs are shackled forwards; the back ones pass under the axle. The eyes are well supported, the top leaves are lapped over and riveted, and silentbloc bushes are used all round. The front axle has oval ends and jacking pads. The gear ratios are 3.9, 5.75, 8.2, and 13.5 to 1. The wheelbase of this sports model is 10ft. 10in., as against 11ft. 3in. for the normal and 11ft. 11in. for the long. The track in all cases is 4ft. 8in. Ground clearance is about 8½in.

The Weymann four-seater four-window saloon is comfortable and quiet. Entrance to the back is rather restricted, as is not uncommon with a half-sports saloon. A spare wire wheel and 30in. by 6.75in. tire are kept forwards of each front door; the one-piece screen will open sufficiently. Below the spring steering wheel are two levers, one for dimming the lights, the other to sound two horn notes. The hand spark control lever on the top of the column has a wide range. This Delage Straight Eight, with its Vanvooren-Weymann saloon body with silentbloc fittings and mounting, costs £1,075.

ON THE ROAD

I liked the car directly I began to drive it, for it has the unmistakable feel of a good breed and I was the more disappointed that I could take no records of its speed or climbing because the speedometer was working erratically and the clutch began to slip when the first climb was begun. This should not have happened, but the car was the first imported, and has run some 20,000 miles, including 1,100 in the two days just before the trial. It should be able to do about 45, 65, and 80 or a bit more on second, third, and top. The engine is finely balanced, quiet, and silky; in fact, the saloon had a sweet running feel throughout and the acceleration is clean, sure, and unobtrusive. The engine is always ready and has pluck under heavy load and without noticeable vibration. Except for the slipping when attempting to climb, the clutch answered properly, and I liked the gear change. One can pass direct from top into third and the gearing was quiet. The brakes by hand wanted some force, but with the servo were good. I liked the suspension, although different absorbers would probably reduce the little movement which is felt at slow rate. The steering is a shade firm at speed on the turn owing to the self-centring action, but it felt thoroughly reliable, and was free of shake. The car has a good stability.

"The Art of Driving" is published by The Times Publishing Company, Printing House-square, E.C.4, at 1s. 3d., or can be had from booksellers, newsagents, or bookstalls.

WALKER'S GALLERIES

Miss Millie R. Molesworth, whose water-colours of Kashmir, Ladakh, and Northern India may be seen at Walker's Galleries, 118, New Bond-street, has penetrated adventurously into distant and difficult lands to find her subjects, but she has treated these subjects with extreme simplicity. It is comforting to those who have never seen the East, but have feared that it could never come up to the illustrations of the Arabian Nights which they knew in their childhood, to know that after all the East is exactly like this. Here are the brightly coloured bazaars, the fantastic and unstable buildings, and the inhabitants who are certainly not, as the tourist would put it, natives, but close relations of Ali Baba. Even Miss Molesworth's technique is often like that of these illustrators, and nearly all her pictures are perfectly flat, and bright and decorative in colour. This may suggest that perhaps it is the painter's technique which has made the East have this aspect, but perhaps it is more reasonable to suppose that this technique has come into being in order fitly to represent the East.

PRINCE GEORGE AT BRIGHTON COLLEGE

Prince George will visit Brighton College to-morrow to open new extensions, which have cost £100,000. The scheme of enlargement includes the extension of the chapel as a War memorial, the addition of 20 acres of playing fields, bringing the total to 40 acres, the building of new science laboratories and engineering workshops, a hall, a gymnasium, a shooting range, and a swimming bath. There is also a new block comprising 20 classrooms and a library, which has cost £13,000, contributed by old boys. This will be opened by Prince George with a gold key.

ART EXHIBITION

THE FRENCH GALLERY

Nothing is so mysterious in art as that gift of making minute adaptations which just serve to give point and pungency to what might otherwise be nothing but an agreeable decorative scheme. Without this gift Miss Thalia Malcolm's paintings at the French Gallery, 158, New Bond-street, might be very simple variants of the kind of picture which a hundred painters have learnt from Matisse to execute with ordinary competence. For the general scheme is flat and decorative, her drawing is not particularly suggestive or interesting, and her general range of colours is pretty rather than arresting. Such a still life as "The Library" might give mild pleasure and serve to make a wall gay, but it could scarcely do more if it were not that these too charming colours—too charming, that is to say, for the ordinary purposes of a picture—are combined with an added and significant intensity. It is not, of course, an invention which really surprises and awakes the spectator, but it is enough to make the picture interesting. "My Orchard" appears at first sight to be a positive debauch of pretty colours, of greens and mauves, and what are called pastel shades. But here, too, the harmony just escapes being obvious, perhaps because these juxtapositions of colour also do the work of suggesting space and recession. It is curious that this sense of colour sometimes fails Miss Malcolm, as in "Pumpkin and Cauliflower," where the blazing orange of the pumpkin nullifies the pale green of the cauliflower. Miss Malcolm makes a bold attempt to deal with the impossible subject of mountains, and in "The Dolomites" very nearly succeeds. But on the whole, in spite of her talent for revivifying the obvious, mountains are a little too much for her.

At the same gallery may be seen recent works of Mr. R. Kirkland Jamieson, drawings, water-colour drawings, and paintings in oil.

AMBASSADORS THEATRE

"THE GRAIN OF MUSTARD SEED"

BY H. M. HARWOOD

Emily Corbett	MADGE SNELL
Marjorie Corbett	JOYCE KENNEDY
Jane Strood	MABEL TERRY-LEWIS
Eric Thorburn	WALTER HUDD
George Corbett, M.P.	STAFFORD HILLIARD
Jerry Weston, M.P.	NICHOLAS HANNEN
Lord Henry Markham, M.P.	A. BROMLEY-DAVENPORT
Captain Rivers	H. G. STOKES
Mr. Morris	DENNIS VAL NORTON
Mr. Cornthwaite	S. A. COOKSON
Tuck	ROGER LIVESEY
Salterthwaite	HYDE WHITE
John Garforth	FEWLASS LLEWELLYN

Nothing dates so quickly as politics, and even the brightest comments on them are apt to fade. If then a play of which the whole subject is politics still amuses and—may one say?—instructs 10 years after the first production and six after the first revival, it must have extracted something permanent from the flux. Mr. Harwood expressly tells us that he has made no effort to bring his play up to date, and indeed there is no need. He hints in the course of the play that the situation with which he deals has occurred often before, and there is no difficulty in believing that it may occur now or in the future. For there will always—it is the whole point of the play—be skilful manipulators of parties and persons and isolated idealists who will neither be managed nor manage, but believe in trusting the people. There will always be compromise and fervour opposed to each other.

So very obvious is this that the story, in which a man of simple faith outwits the cynics and both wins and converts a bride from among them, is not in itself very striking. But Mr. Harwood has set the story in its place and has stood aside from it. He does not rush blindly into sympathy with his hero or into hatred of his hero's enemies, but comments on them both shrewdly and wittily. And his comments are worth more than the people themselves, for to tell the truth the idealist might be a bore by himself, and his cynics, though necessarily more attractive, might not always win our sympathy. But the situation itself, when it is seen as one of an endless series, is singularly fascinating, whether it affects the destiny of the State or, by a skilful reiteration which further emphasizes this continuity, provides low but brilliant comedy in Jerry Weston's committee room. And if Mr. Harwood both instructs and amuses by dwelling on this continuity, it is also the making of an unusually well-constructed play, as the theme runs in and out and knits every scene together.

The cast could not have been more successful in giving Mr. Harwood's situation its particular application by giving life to his characters. We could not imagine the idealist other than as Mr. Hannen played him, or the leader of the cynics more natural and sympathetic than in Mr. Bromley-Davenport's hands. And Miss Terry-Lewis made the experience and witty wisdom of Jane Strood both convincing and affecting.

ENTERTAINMENTS

ICE-DROME, HAMMERSMITH, 4 sessions daily. GRAND MANNEQUIN DISPLAY on ice of latest WINTER SPORTS MODELS by GAMAGES. MARBLE ARCH, on Wed. and Sat. evenings at 8.15 p.m., and Tues., Thurs., and Sat. afternoons at 4.30 p.m. Join our SUNDAY ICE CLUB. Nov. 5th, 7.45-1 a.m. BART'S ICE CARNIVAL. Stupendous attractions.

PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA, Leicester-square. Continuous Sessions commence 1.0, 3.30, 6.0, 8.30. PAUL WHITEMAN "KING OF JAZZ," with JOHN BOLES. Also REGAL.

ASTORIA. Gerrard 5528. 1-11. Bernice Claire and Alexander Gray in "SONG OF THE FLAME." 2.12, 4.49, 7.20, 9.55. Also "The Furies." Gaumont Sound News. Mickey Mouse.

CAPITOL. Reg. 4455. Con., 12-11. MILTON SILLS, Jane Keith in "THE SEA WOLF"; at 1.20, 4.7, 6.56, and 9.30. Also "Soup to Nuts." Gaumont Sound News, &c.

CARLTON, Haymarket. MAURICE CHEVALIER, Prince of Lovers, in "THE BIG POND" with Claudette Colbert, a dashing Modern Romance with Music! All Tkts.! Dly., 2.30, 6 o'c., 8.45. Suns., 6 o'c., 8.45. "B. Pond" starts 3.30, 7 o'c., 9.40. Prices from 2s. 4d. Reg. 2211. 3rd Gigantic Month!

DOMINION. "NIGHT BIRDS." B.I.P.'s Thrilling Mystery of London's Underworld. Also "WHY SAILORS LEAVE HOME." Continuous from 1 p.m. Reduced prices until 2 p.m.

EMPIRE, Leicester-square, 12-11. RAMON NOVARRO'S dramatic Masterpiece "CAT OF THE FLESH," with Ernest Torrence, Dorothy Jordan, Renee Adoree. 11.30 to 1.0, any seat (except Stalls) 1s. 6d.

KENSINGTON. (Western 3577.) 2 till 11. Talking and Singing Picture Programme. "CAPTAIN OF THE GUARD," in ANNA MAY WONG in "THE FLAME OF LOVE."

LONDON PAVILION. To-night, at 8.30, Howard Hughes' Thrilling Air Spectacle "HELL'S ANGELS." Subs. Daily 2.30 and 8.30. Sundays 4.0 & 8.30. All seats bookable from 2s. 4d. Phone Ger. 0704.

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION. Mayfair 5112. 2-11. GEORGE ARLISS in "DISRAELI." English "News. Comedy Feature. Mickey Mouse. &c.

NEW GALLERY. Gerr. 9805. 2-11. Ann Harding, Mary Astor, Edward Everett Horton, and Robert Ames in "HOLIDAY." 3.35, 6.25, 9.25. Also "Framed." British Movietone News. Mickey Mouse.

NEW VICTORIA. (Vic. 2544.) Continuous. 2-11 (doors 1.30). Tom Walls in "ON APPROVAL." 2.28, 6.36, 9.36. Albert de Courville's "Peter Pan." 3,000 seats: 1s. 6d. to 5s. 9d. Rest. seats 2s. 6d., 3s. 9d.

PLAZA. CLIVE BROOK, BILLIE DOVE in "Sarah and Son." Wives Dieting Psych Romance! All Tkts.! Joe E. Brown, Bernice Claire in "Top Speed." One Hour of Laughs! All Tkts.! Stage: "Harvests of Beauty." Girls. "Rivals Cochran." Adm., 1s. 6d., 11.45-1. Reg. 7201.

POLYTECHNIC THEATRE, Regent-street. Lan. 1744. Daily, 2.30, 6.30, 8.30. Last weeks. JOHN McCORMACK in World-famous Tenor in "SONG O' MY HEART." Also Pathetone Variety and Mickey Mouse.

REGAL. Paul Whiteman and his Band in "KING OF JAZZ," with John Boles. Daily at 1.0, 3.40, 6.35, 9.15. Also ALHAMBRA.

RIALTO, Piccadilly-circus (Reg. 2588). Positively last 6 days of this mighty drama. "ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT." Daily 12 noon, 2.15, 4.35, 6.55, 9.15. Sundays 6.15 and 8.45.

STOLL PICTURE THEATRE, Kingsway. Daily, 12 noon. Phone: Holborn 8702. Talkies. "CAPTAIN OF THE GUARD," with Laura La Plante and John Boles. "Montana Moon," with Joan Crawford and John Mack Brown.

THE WORLD'S NEWS THEATRE (Avenue Pavilion, Shaftesbury-avenue). "ROUND THE WORLD in 50 MINUTES." See and Hear the Latest News of 20 countries. (Continuous 12-11.) Prices 6d. and 1s.

TIVOLI. Temple Bar 5625. Continuous, 12.30-11. EDDIE CANTOR in "WHOOPEE"; daily at 1.30, 4.5, 6.40, and 9.20. Also British Movietone News. Comedy Feature, &c., &c.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
"*A NIGHT LIKE THIS.*"
A New Farce by REN TRAVERS.
TOM WALLS and RALPH LYNN.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.30. 1st Mat., Fri., 2.30. H. M. HARWOOD'S Comedy.
"*THE GRAIN OF MUSTARD SEED.*"
At the Piano, MRS. VICTOR GAMBLE. at 8.40.

APOLLO. (Ger. 6970.) 8.30. Th., Sat., 2.30.
THE OUTSIDER.
ISOBEL ELSOM. "A beautiful performance."—*Dy. News.* HAROLD HUTH. "Leaps into fame."—*Mr. Post.* NORMAN McKINNEL. "Acting that thrills."—*Mail.*

CAMBRIDGE. (Tem. 6054.) 8.15. Thur., Sat., 2.30.
BEATRICE LILLIE in
CHARLOT'S MASQUERADE.
A Revue by Ronald Jeans and Rowland Leigh.

COMEDY. Evgs., at 8.30. Gerrard 8978. Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, 2.30.
LUCKY DIP.
By Frank Vosper.
FRANK LAWTON, Reginald Bach, Henry Caine, Dorothy Black, Clare Greet, NORA SWINBURNE.
"Sparkling Comedy . . . A 'Lucky Dip' for playgoers."—*Daily Sketch.*

CRITERION. (Ger. 3844.) To-night, at 8.30.
THE IRISH PLAYERS in
THE PLAYBOY OF THE WESTERN WORLD.
A Comedy, by J. M. Synge.
"THE FINEST OF ALL THE IRISH PLAYS."—*Observer.*
First Mat., Sat. Next, and every Tues., Sat., 2.30.

DALY'S. (Ger. 2201.) Evgs., 8.15. Wed., Sat., 2.30.
A NEW MUSICAL PLAY.
ELDORADO.
DESIREE ELLINGER.
MIMI CRAWFORD, DONALD MATHER, OSCAR ASCHE, JERRY VERNO, MAI BACON, MARK DALY.

DUCHESS. CATHERINE-ST., STRAND, W.C.2. (Tem. Bar 8888.) TUESDAY NEXT, at 8.30. (subsequently 8.40). Mats., Thurs. and Sat., 2.30.
AN OBJECT OF VIRTUE.
A Comedy, by Edward Percy.
JEAN FORBES-ROBERTSON, C. V. FRANCE, HORACE HODGES, ROBERT FARQUHARSON, GEORGE CURZON, BRIAN AHERNE.

DUKE OF YORK'S. (Temple Bar 5122.) NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED. and SAT., 2.15.
"*HER FIRST AFFAIRE.*"
THE SENSATION OF LONDON.
EVERY GIRL SHOULD SEE IT!

EVERYMAN. EVGS., at 8.15. Hamp. 7224.
THE WILD DUCK.
Mats., THURS. & SAT., 2.30. Last Weeks.

GAIETY. (Tem. 6991.) TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.15. Matinée, TUESDAY and FRIDAY, 2.30.
"*THE LOVE RACE.*"
STANLEY LUPINO, ADDIE CURLE, MADGE ELLIOTT, CYRIL RITCHARD, Connie Ecorsail.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
"*ALMOST A HONEYMOON.*"
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. 8.40. Wed., Sat., 2.30. Ger. 8724.
In association with MAURICE BROWNE.
LEON M. LION presents
"*STREET SCENE.*"
By Elmer Rice.
"TRIUMPH OF STAGE REALISM."—*The Stage.*

GRAFTON. Tottenham Court-road. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
UNUSUAL VARIETY.
Plays. Opera. Sketches. Ballets. Songs.
Wed. & Fri., at 2.30. Museum 1424. Café opens 6.30.

HAYMARKET. Regent 6030.
EVERY EVG., 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

HIPPODROME, London.
EVGS., 8.15. WEDS., THURS., SATS., 2.30.
Herbert Clayton and Jack Waller in association with Moss' Empires, Ltd., present
BOBBY HOWES
In a New Musical Comedy
"*SONS O' GUNS.*"
With ROBERT HALE and MIREILLE PERREY, &c.
Box-office, 10 to 10. (Ger. 0645.)

HIS MAJESTY'S. Gerrard 0606.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
2nd Year of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production
BITTER SWEET.
An Operetta by NOEL COWARD.

LYCEUM. LAST WEEK. NIGHTLY, 8.15.
"*TRAFFIC.*"
By NOEL SCOTT.
"The Thriller that makes you Gasp for Breath."
MARY GLYNNE and DENNIS NEILSON-TERRY.
Mats., Weds. & Thurs., 2.30. Temple Bar 7617.

LYRIC. Lessee and Manager, Gilbert Miller. EVGS., 8.40. Mats., Wed., Sat., 2.30. (Ger. 3686.)
TALLULAH BANKHEA

Imperial and Foreign News

THE RETURN TO NEW DELHI

A GARDEN IN A DESERT

(FROM OUR DELHI CORRESPONDENT)

The end of October always sees the return journey of the great trek which each year marks the transfer of the Government of India from Delhi to its mountain fastness at Simla. Yesterday the Secretariat occupied the splendid buildings which are the centre of the new capital. The Viceroy is due on October 31.

When the establishment of the new winter capital was undertaken and angry critics argued the impossibility of creating a pleasant city in the midst of a snake-ridden, dust-clouded wilderness, one used to fortify one's faith by recalling that Washington rose upon a site originally much more forbidding. Now, instead of pinning faith to an example elsewhere, it is only necessary to look for proofs of success. There are still those who have a lingering notion that the new capital is unbearable because of its dust, but people whom circumstances take there from the best residential part of Old Delhi never want to go back.

The old idea that the building of the new capital represented a gross waste of public money has been exploded. The expenditure upon the preparation of the site, the construction of over 40 miles of roads, and the provision of the great Secretariat buildings, of the Viceroy's new palace, and of houses for officials will hardly approximate to double the cost of the new London County Council Hall. The latest ascertainable figure is 14 crores of rupees, the equivalent of somewhat less than £10,500,000. The Government of India offices have in recent years greatly expanded, and to have provided the necessary additional accommodation on that account in Calcutta would have cost much more.

A GROWING CITY

New Delhi was originally planned for a population of 70,000. It has long had more than half this number in the height of the season. The figure has dropped a little in the past year or two, as the labour force engaged in building operations has diminished, but there is still a heavy call upon residential accommodation, and building is proceeding as quickly as the development of the necessary municipal services permits.

Lord Hardinge, who was Viceroy when the decision to found the new city was taken, has been invited to visit it next cold weather to see the completion of the work he launched. If he does so he will see a transformation which even his imagination can hardly have foreseen when, with Sir Edwin Lutyens, he came out in the spring of 1912 and surveyed the broken, stony, barren plain. To look at the city to-day from the Ridge, which runs behind it, or from the vantage point of the Raisina hill on which the Secretariats stand, is to see a garden settlement. Where there was nothing but brown waste there is now green grass, embroidered with rich trees and with well-scattered white bungalows peeping out from among them. The soil is amply irrigated from the River Jumna.

The place, in the first of the two flowering seasons which the cold weather brings, is a joy to the eye. There are masses of blue phaselias, bright linarias in various colours, pink, blue, and scarlet phlox, red tobacco, light blue lupins, scarlet poppies, and blue and red petunias. Among them all are many beautiful rose trees. These find the climate and soil of New Delhi highly favourable, and the Viceregal gardens contain 120 beds of them. The horticultural department tends the gardens throughout the year of all the official residences as well as the open public parks and gardens.

SOCIAL AMENITIES

The social life of New Delhi is still at an early stage. Socially, the chief period of the year is February, when the session of the Indian Legislature brings in folk from the farthest corners of India. The Imperial Delhi Horse Show exercises an influence upon another class spread over a great part of the land. The Ruling Princes come here for meetings of their Chamber. The Prince of Wales Polo Cup and other polo fixtures are also attractions.

Many people ask whether Delhi will ever become an all-the-year-round capital of India. They wonder whether, in these days of electric light and fans, and other amenities, the yearly exodus to Simla is necessary. The answer is that attempts to extend the period of cold weather occupation of New Delhi have already been made without success, and that whenever the question has been debated in the India Legislature a decided vote against hot weather occupation has been given. Circumstances are against summering in Delhi. The Mogul Emperors used to journey in their slow, old manner all the way to Kashmir rather than bear the heat of the Delhi summer, and the main conditions of the case have not materially altered since then, nor is the present generation better able to bear what compelled the older generation to flee. Simla is not in the practical sense far from Delhi, for by taking train at Delhi at 9.30 p.m. you may be in Simla by next morning at 10.

The chief advocates of abandoning the Simla exodus have been Indians from the maritime provinces and British people whose duty compels them to spend their summers in Delhi. Elected members of the Legislative Assembly representing the inland provinces almost solidly vote for Simla in the summer.

When Lord Hardinge and his colleagues planned the transfer of the capital from Calcutta, they calculated upon a stay of seven months in Delhi. This is the period of occupation which they laid down in their critical dispatch to the Secretary of State upon the subject. Some people argue that the suggestion should be regarded as a pledge which ought to be honoured; but they forget that the calculation was made after only a comparatively slight inquiry owing to the need for secrecy. Two hard facts need emphasizing. One is that with the onset of the hot weather in Delhi the human brain will not work nearly so well as in the cooler climate of Simla. Consequently, both efficiency and economy prescribe the continuance of the summer retreat. Secondly, people having business with the Government of India will not come to attend to it in Delhi after it has become hot if they can avoid doing so.

The Government last year extended the Delhi period to six months by remaining till mid-April. This year the long session kept the Government and Secretariat equally late. The opening of the session this winter has been fixed for January 20, or nearly a fortnight earlier than usual, and it is expected that by general co-operation business will finish by the end of March.

CONDITIONS IN INDIA

A GRADUAL IMPROVEMENT

The Government of India, in its appreciation of the situation in India up to October 24, issued last night, says:—

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER.—A combined *jirga* of Afridi maliks and elders, numbering some 1,500 persons, arrived at Jamrud on October 18. On October 19 and 20 they were interviewed by the Political Agent, who explained to the *jirga* the Government's determination to protect the British border for the future from incursions based on the caves in the Kajuri and Aka Khel Plains. The *jirga* were unable to suggest a solution, and the negotiations so far proved inconclusive. Meanwhile, troops are engaged in examining the terrain, and daily reconnaissances have been conducted from an advance camp, west of Bara Fort. Beyond some long-range sniping, no opposition has been encountered. Attempts to arouse fresh interest in Congress activities in Peshawar City continue, and daily during the week small parties of youths demonstrating in front of liquor shops were arrested as they appeared.

INTERNAL INDIA.—The Bombay Government has continued to take action against the bodies declared to be unlawful associations. In Gujarat there has been no opposition to the action taken, and arrears of land revenue are being paid more freely. In the Nasik District, where primitive villagers have been incited to break the forest laws and refuse payment of grazing dues, there has been an encounter with the police, who found it necessary to open fire. The District Magistrate has since marched through the affected area, and grazing fees are being paid up.

The Provincial reports for the first half of October show that the previous improvement in the situation was maintained during this period. In Madras, it is now necessary to file very few prosecutions, while apologies on the part of those already convicted continue to be made in the Central Provinces. Also, there has been a fall in the number of prosecutions, and the decline in the intensity of the civil disobedience movement is marked all over the province. The number of convictions in the United Provinces continues to be high. The release of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who has since been re-arrested, and of several other leaders, was the occasion for demonstrations and processions, but despite the temporary impetus thus given, the general decline in interest was maintained.

The Punjab reports that the declaration as unlawful associations of all Congress Committees in the province has been well received by the law-abiding classes, and has had satisfactory effects. The demonstrations in several cities, following the judgment in the Lahore conspiracy case, have clearly shown that the Anarchist Party has at its disposal a large amount of pliable and inflammatory material, and it is probable that there will be an increase in terrorist activities. The politically-minded Sikhs are still divided in regard to co-operation with the Congress. The community as a whole is little affected.

The most satisfactory feature of the Bihar and Orissa report is the marked decline in the number of prosecutions, which indicates not only continued decline in public interest, but also a decrease in the activities of volunteers. This is noticeable in several other Provinces, and it is to be hoped that it marks a further stage in the decline of the movement—namely, increasing difficulty in obtaining active workers. Several Provinces, including Bihar and Orissa, report that the majority of the rank and file on release from gaol have not resumed their activities. The campaign against the payment of the Chokidari tax in this Province has proved generally unsuccessful, but in one district difficulty is being experienced in collections owing to intimidation by volunteers.

The position in regard to the boycott of foreign cloth is still unstable. Most Provinces report that it is being sold openly in many places, but it is not clear whether the sales are of existing or new stocks. In the main distributing centres there has not yet been widespread and open defiance of the Congress, although there is reason to believe that in some of them secret sales are being carried on. The picketing of educational institutions has been definitely dropped from the civil disobedience programme. The movement in favour of parallel institutions has not shown any particular development, but Pandit Jawaharlal, before his arrest, is reported to have announced it as part of the future programme.

Economic conditions in rural areas continue to be a source of anxiety owing to the general fall in the value of practically every kind of agricultural produce. On the other hand, the economic situation in Bombay City has improved, and there has been a substantial reduction in the number of unemployed mill labourers.

ANTI-BRITISH OUTBURSTS AT BELGAUM

OFFICERS STONED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, OCT. 27

Information has reached the military authorities at Poona of an outbreak of anti-British feeling at Belgaum, where British officers have been stoned and hissed. On Sunday Brigadier Gillies, of Madras, and another officer were returning from tactical exercises when they found the road heavily barricaded near a village five miles from Belgaum. When their car pulled up a shower of stones was flung at them, the Brigadier being injured. Lately there has been a recrudescence of Congress activities, including a forest *satyagraha*, in the Belgaum district.

The military authorities are taking strong action against shopkeepers in the cantonment areas of Poona and Kirkee who have been indulging in disloyal activities. A number of shopkeepers have received notices to quit the cantonment, but it is expected that they will be pardoned on their expressing regret and giving assurance that their activities will cease and publishing an apology. Most of the shopkeepers have already complied with these terms.

Five youths belonging to the "People's Battalion" invaded the Bombay secretariat this afternoon, demanding to see Sir Ernest Hotson, the Home Secretary. They entered the office and began interfering with the files, but were ejected, shouting revolutionary cries.

Eighty-four persons, including 22 women, were placed on trial to-day for taking part in yesterday's flag-hoisting ceremony on the Esplanade Maidan. They received sentences varying from a fine, with the alternative of a month's simple imprisonment, to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

MEETING OF INDIAN PRINCES

METHODS OF PROCEDURE FORMULATED

The Indian States Delegation met at St. James's Palace yesterday morning and afternoon, the two sittings occupying 4½ hours. The Maharajah of Jammu and Kashmir again presided as Pro-Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes. The Maharajah Gaekwar of Baroda, and not his Dewan, was present. The Maharaj-rana of Jhalawar attended by invitation. As on Saturday, the Maharajahs of Patiala and Nawanagar were kept away by illness.

The morning session was devoted to a general discussion regarding the attitude to be adopted by the Delegation on subjects affecting the Indian States likely to arise for consideration at the Round-Table Conference. The methods of procedure best calculated to ensure due consideration of the general views of the Delegation on these subjects were formulated. The meeting decided to refer to a committee of Ministers the detailed examination of the principal constitutional and practical issues which arose in the course of the day's discussion, a very wide ground having been covered.

It was agreed that the next meeting of the Delegation should be postponed to next Sunday in order to allow of the points raised being talked over informally by members of the Delegation meeting privately in groups. The committee of Ministers will not hold a meeting until next week.

The Lord Mayor has been informed by the Mayor and Municipal Council of BUCHAREST that a street in that capital has been named in memory of the late Lord Thomson.

SIR OTTO NIEMEYER'S MISSION

A STATEMENT OF FACTS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SYDNEY, OCT 28

Sir Otto Niemeyer, who states that he refrained from speaking while the General Election in New South Wales was in progress, to-day made the following "categorical statement of facts":—

(1) I came to Australia at the invitation of the Commonwealth Government, through their having asked the Bank of England for advice in dealing with maturities.

(2) There never has been any question of the Bank of England taking over Australian overdrafts in London. It will be obvious that the problem is how to deal with overdrafts and short debts by issues in the market.

(3) Mr. Bruce had nothing whatever to do with my coming, of which he no doubt heard for the first time when it was announced by Mr. Scullin.

(4) The advice I gave was at their request to the members of the Loan Council at Canberra in August, and later to the seven Premiers at Melbourne. It was for them to decide whether to accept my advice or not. It was they and not I who published the statement I made to them. There was no agreement with me, but an agreement between the seven Premiers on what they considered the best policy in the interests of Australia.

(5) I do not represent oversea bondholders or British manufacturers and have never in Australia discussed the position of either of those bodies. The only institution I represent is the Bank of England, which has no interest in Australian finance other than the desire to serve the public interest by averting serious financial difficulties. The advice I gave was based solely on a consideration of the best interests of all parties and classes in Australia as far as 25 years of practical experience of public finance enables me to form conclusions.

(6) I have neither said, nor implied, that Australia must be a hewer of wood and a drawer of water for other countries. What I have said is that for a considerable period of years Australian manufactured goods are unlikely to play any effective part in her export trade.

Australia has a number of serious problems to face; my reason for writing this is the undesirability of time and energy being wasted on a number of irrelevant matters based on incorrect information.

GERMAN GREENLAND EXPEDITION

NATIVES' FEAR OF INLAND ICE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, OCT. 27

The following telegram has been received here from Professor Wegener, leader of the German Greenland Expedition, dated Kamarujuk, October 2:—

During our fourth journey with dog sleds to the Central station in the centre of the inland ice, which we undertook for the purpose of conveying provisions for the winter months to the depôt, a great change in the weather occurred, followed by severe cold. About 8in. of fresh snow fell. Nine of the Greenlanders therefore did not want to proceed farther and turned back. Dr. Loewe and I, with four Greenlanders, are going on.

Up to the present Greenlanders have never penetrated the inland ice, which they believe to be haunted by evil spirits. Professor Wegener nevertheless succeeded in persuading Greenlanders to accompany the transports. The majority now appear to have taken fright at the sudden change in the weather. Professor Wegener and Dr. Loewe were, however, obliged to continue on their journey, as Dr. Georgi and Dr. Sorge, who intend spending the next few months at the Central station, have to be supplied with provisions for the whole winter. During the dark Arctic winter it will not be possible to communicate at all with the two explorers, who will spend several months entirely cut off in the ice wastes.

The above telegram was dispatched by the Greenlanders who turned back.

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DEFENCE OF THE REALM IN YUGOSLAVIA

INCREASED POWERS FOR POLICE AND COURTS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BELGRADE, OCT. 27

The Government has promulgated a new law about the procedure and powers of the special Court for the defence of the realm, which was set up in January, 1929.

The law increases the powers of this Court, particularly in dealing with propaganda against the existing régime and order. It provides for proceedings to be taken against people residing outside the country who may be engaged in such propaganda abroad. This law has come into force on promulgation and has retroactive effect to the extent that offences committed before its publication will be judged according to its provisions if no proceedings have been started under the old law. Procedure is somewhat stiffened. The police, in Croatia and in other former Hapsburg provinces, are given larger powers to conduct the inquiries on the findings of which the Public Prosecutor will decide whether to take action or not. In these cases the police have powers equal to those of a judicial inquiry, except the right to take evidence on oath and conduct *post-mortem* examinations. The law prohibits defendants from having more than one counsel and empowers the Court to exclude not only counsel but also defendants during the whole trial if it finds that their behaviour is improper.

PROFESSORS ARRESTED IN RUSSIA

A NEW "PLOT" ALLEGED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, OCT. 27

The Ogpu (Cheka) has professed to discover a new counter-revolutionary "plot" of which the chief details are published to-day. Its alleged object was to undermine the economic edifice of the U.S.S.R. and overthrow the Red dictatorship.

The plot, it is alleged, was organized by a number of trusted engineers and specialists, among whom are men with reputations extending beyond Soviet territory. They had, it is stated, formed an illegal "industrial party," headed by Professors Ramzin, Buprianoff, Laricheff, Kalinnikoff, Chernovsky, and Fedotoff, who have been arrested by the Ogpu.

As a matter of fact, Professor Ramzin was arrested several weeks ago, and has since been undergoing interrogation in accordance with the Ogpu's special methods in the Lubianaky prison in Moscow. Professor Ramzin is the most prominent authority on fuel in Russia, and was director of an institute for the training of specialists in the use of fuel and of other sources of energy. He presided at the All-Union Fuel Congress last spring, and incurred displeasure by his criticism of several fantastic schemes, among which was the five-year plan for developing the coal, naphtha, peat, and gas industries.

The Soviet Press says that Professor Ramzin "played first fiddle in our energy concert" and enjoyed the greatest respect, even of the Communist Academy, where "his erroneous views still have many supporters."

THE OPPOSITION IN EGYPT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CAIRO, OCT. 27

According to the Wafdist Press a meeting, described as a "National Congress," has been called in Cairo for Friday, consisting of the former Deputies and Senators of the Party with Wafdist members of the provincial councils. This appears to be on the lines of the meeting in June to discuss steps to be taken against Government, and the Wafdists propose to renew their oath of non-co-operation, but I understand that the Government will probably forbid the meeting.

BRITISH POLICY IN PALESTINE

ARAB CRITICISMS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

JERUSALEM, OCT. 26

The White Paper containing the British Statement of Policy in Palestine has been published in full here, and the whole Press reproduced it this morning. The two chief Christian and Arab newspapers, *El Falastin* and *Mirat esh Sharq*, have published expressions of the heartiest approval of the British Statement of Policy and strongly urge the Arabs to enter the Legislative Council.

They rebuke the Jews for complaining of British treachery in view of the benefits which Great Britain has bestowed upon the Jews towards the creation of their National Home in allowing them to acquire a million dunams of land and establish colonies and factories, in giving them two vital industrial concessions—the Dead Sea and Rutenberg concessions—and in recognizing a dead language as an official language. On the contrary, in the opinion of these newspapers, it is the Jews who have showed treachery by blackening the face of Great Britain before the Mandates Commission.

El Jamia el Arabiyya, supposed to be the Mufti's organ, admits that the Statement of Policy implies a defeat for Zionism in the field of British politics, but refuses to assume that the bitter outcry of the Jews implies that it is a recognizable Arab success. The error committed by Great Britain, it says, has only partly been corrected. The newspaper maintains that the Arabs repudiate the Mandate and desire progress and independence, whereas Great Britain's offer is merely a reversion to the conditions of eight years ago.

The Arab Executive met yesterday to discuss the White Paper, and resolved that after it had been carefully studied a memorandum should be submitted to the Government. President Musa Kazem Pasha el Musseini is reported to have expressed the view that as further purchases of land by Jews were not to be allowed the danger from the Balfour Declaration was at an end. I understand, however, that the Arabs will have their usual annual strike on November 2, the anniversary of the Balfour Declaration.

There was some disorder at Telaviv on Saturday, and the police had to disperse a large Revisionist demonstration. A small child was trampled by a policeman's horse and three youths were arrested.

THE JEWISH PROTEST

BARON E. DE ROTHSCHILD'S LETTER

Dr. Chaim Weizmann, who resigned the presidency of the Jewish Agency and the Zionist Organization in consequence of the recent publication of the White Paper containing the British Statement of Policy in Palestine, has received from Baron Edmond de Rothschild a letter, of which the following is a translation:—

Dear M. Weizmann,—In my capacity as honorary president of the Jewish Agency and as founder of the first Jewish colonies in Palestine, I fully associate myself with the protest which you have made against the British Government's Statement of Policy. The principles laid down in that are contrary both to the spirit and the letter of the Mandate for Palestine, which is based on the Declaration made by Lord Balfour, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the name of his Government. The Jews of the whole world are in a state of consternation, and I share their distress, but, when engaged in defending a cause so noble and so great as ours, one is justified in having confidence in a better future.—Yours, &c., E. DE ROTHSCHILD.

It is to Baron Edmond's constant care and generosity that, since 1883, the important colonies of Rishon-le-Ziyon, Zichron Ya'aqub, and Rosh Pinna have owed much of their progress and prosperity.

THE WAILING WALL COMMISSION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

STOCKHOLM, OCT. 27

The Wailing Wall Commission, which consists of Judge Löfgren as chairman, and M. Charles Barde and Dr. Van Kempen, is sitting here to-day *in camera*.

The situation is described as being extremely delicate. As no suggestions reached the Commission in reply to its general invitation, the time limit, originally fixed for September 1, has been extended for two months in case any proposal may be submitted. The Commission's task is thus not being helped by outside influence, and this makes its work more difficult. The Commission's report will be sent to the Secretary-General of the League of Nations in Geneva before its contents are made public.

LEAGUE AND ECONOMIC PROPOSALS

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, OCT. 27

The Economic Committee of the League of Nations met this morning to draft, on the basis of replies sent in by the Governments, a definite programme of negotiation for putting into practice the economic proposals contained in the protocol agreed at the "Tariff Truce" conference in March last, and to continue the study of the international position created by the most-favoured-nation clause.

Signor di Nola is presiding over the meetings on this occasion, Sir Sydney Chapman being detained in London. The British delegate is Mr. Shackle, of the Board of Trade.

COURT OF HONOUR FOR JOURNALISTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, OCT. 27

The International Federation of Journalists in its second congress, held in Berlin, approved by a large majority the scheme for the establishment of an international court of honour for journalists.

The court is to meet twice a year at The Hague to hear disputes between journalists of different nationalities and between journalists and non-journalists of different nationalities. The president must be a jurist of international reputation. The other four members of the court must be journalists. The court may pronounce a warning or a reprimand, or it may declare an offender to be unworthy to pursue the profession of a journalist.

Mr. H. M. Richardson, of the National Union of Journalists, was unanimously elected president of the International Federation for the next two years.

MCGILL UNIVERSITY

(FROM OUR CANADIAN CORRESPONDENT)

Sir Arthur Currie, Principal of McGill University, Montreal, has announced that he has assigned new duties to Professor Stanley, who will become his general adviser at McGill.

Professor Stanley, who will continue as Professor of Greek, was appointed in the first place as a member of the staff of the Department of English, Victoria College, Toronto University. Obtaining leave of absence to study abroad, he obtained a first in Greats at Oxford. He was offered an Oxford tutorship, but returned to Toronto, where he taught English literature and Greek for three years. He resigned from the staff of Toronto University to become a textile manufacturer in Montreal.

In 1925 Professor Stanley returned to university life as a member of the staff of the Department of Classics of McGill University. For the past three years he has been secretary of the Canadian Universities Conference. He is now intended, in the phraseology of Sir Arthur Currie, to become "General Staff Officer" at McGill.

KELLOGG PACT AND AGGRESSORS

POWERS' FREEDOM OF ACTION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, OCT. 27

Interest in the broadcast speeches this morning of Mr. MacDonald, President Hoover, and Mr. Hamaguchi, in so far as that interest takes the form of discussion, is here confined to the Japanese Prime Minister's reference to the Kellogg Pact and his conclusion that "any breach of that solemn engagement must rally the whole world against the aggressor." Mr. Hamaguchi is understood, of course, to have been talking principally of and to the United States when he said that "whether other Powers come forward to offer active help or not it is hardly conceivable that they would allow a pledge-breaker to interfere with their trade and to enjoy other privileges of a lawful belligerent."

There is no reason to assume that President Hoover or his Secretary of State would object to this view of the implications of the Kellogg Pact, unless it could be taken to mean that any machinery devised for the determination of an aggressor would limit the individual freedom of action of the United States. The Administration and American public opinion are at one in their insistence that the right of determination in such case must be unhampered so far as this country is concerned. The essential question is, and will for a long time remain, whether the agreement to consult in time of emergency would or would not circumscribe the desired independence of judgment.

In their lighter moods one or two of the responsible statesmen of the United States speak of the famous "consultative pact" as a baby laid aside for the time being in cotton-wool. The events of the next year or two, they profess to believe, will determine whether the child will live. Obviously, therefore, the infant has not yet expired, but it is a fair deduction from the present course of American policy that the responsibility for its future must be accepted by Europe. A consultative pact to which the United States would subscribe will not enter the region of "practical politics" until it can be shown to be necessary for the success of a disarmament treaty more universal in its scope than that negotiated in London.

For the moment, in any case, a good deal turns on the Preparatory Commission for the Disarmament Conference at Geneva, and, by way of preparation for that meeting, on the success or failure of the attempts being made by the United States to bring about a settlement of the Franco-Italian difficulty. Upon the form which these attempts have taken and may still take before the meeting of the Commission on November 6 it would be indiscreet to speculate.

** The text of the broadcast speeches is published on page 8.

WOOL SHIPS' RACE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ADELAIDE, OCT. 27

The steamer Leuna, which sailed from here on Saturday, has joined the "race" of wool ships from Australia to Europe, and expects to make a record passage from Fremantle to Europe. The captain of the Leuna says she is leaving Fremantle several days before the Triton, and so has a substantial advantage in the actual race. Other steamers left here on Saturday direct for Europe.

THE GERMAN MINE DISASTERS

SAAR PIT DEATH ROLL

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, OCT. 27

According to the latest report received here, 98 bodies have been recovered from the Maybach mine in the Saar territory, where there was an explosion of firedamp and gas on Saturday, the same day on which were buried victims of the Alsdorf disaster, whose number has now reached 263. Including two men who are missing and those who have died in hospital the total death roll in the Maybach mine is thus 104

Telegrams of sympathy from the French Government and the French Minister of Public Works (the Saar mines have been under French administration since the War) have been received by the Governing Commission of the Saar.

FORGERY OF EGYPTIAN SECURITIES

CAIRO BANK'S HEAVY LOSSES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CAIRO, OCT. 27

The Egyptian police have been investigating a case which indicates activity by a big gang of forgers, who are already known to have successfully forged many gilt-edged securities in Egypt, notably shares of the Crédit Foncier and Unified Debt, to a nominal value of £90,000.

An employee of the Ottoman Bank in Cairo, who was arrested near Pontremoli, in Italy, is reported to have had in his possession £2,500 in various currencies, of which he could give no adequate account. He is alleged to have confessed that, having been in the Ottoman Bank in Cairo for 27 years, he had been put in charge of shares, which had enabled him to substitute forged shares for the originals over a period of years. His brother has been arrested in Cairo.

The forgeries are clever, and the police are endeavouring to find out where they were carried out. It is believed that it was in Italy. Four banks have found forged shares in their possession. The Ottoman Bank has suffered heavy losses.

A VIRGIL FOR THE DUCE

REPRODUCTION OF THE CODEX MEDICEUS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, OCT. 27

This afternoon Signor Mussolini was presented with a copy on parchment of the reproduction prepared in conjunction with the Virgilian celebrations of the famous Mediceau manuscript of Virgil's works, known as the Codex Mediceus.

Professor Fedele, Minister for Education, claims that the volume presented to the Duce to-day is the "most perfect reproduction of an ancient manuscript that has ever been made." The original manuscript gives undoubtedly the most complete text of Virgil and has an interesting history. It was written in Rome but was lost as early as the end of the fourth century. In the Middle Ages it found its way to the old Abbey of Bobbio, but in the fifteenth century returned to Rome and was placed in the Monastery of San Paolo. Later it was removed to the Laurentian Library in Florence, founded by Cosimo de' Medici, from whom it takes its name.

Telegrams in Brief

A direct wireless service has been opened between TEHERAN and London.

Remains, believed to be those of the Roman post Sala Colonia, have been found in the cemetery of Chella, near RABAT, in French Morocco.

Our BOMBAY Correspondent telegraphs that Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, member of the Round-Table Conference, has been advised by his medical attendant not to proceed to London.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtullah has been appointed a member of the INDIAN Tariff Board *vice* Sir Padamji Ginwala, whom Mr. A. E. Mathias succeeds as president of the Board.

Lord Willingdon, the Governor-General of CANADA, yesterday presented new Colours to the Royal Grenadiers, amid impressive ceremonial on the campus of Toronto University.—*Reuter.*

At the conclusion of the RUMANIAN manœuvres yesterday King Carol accepted the rank of Marshal in the Rumanian Army and conferred batons on Marshals Averescu and Pressan.—*Reuter.*

A violent snowstorm swept over the SWISS Alps and the Jura on Sunday, and they are now covered with nearly 2ft. of snow down to the level of 2,500ft. The ski-ing season has begun about three weeks earlier than usual.

The session of the New Zealand Parliament has concluded. In his closing speech the Acting Prime Minister, Mr. Ransom, said that members must be gratified by the actions of Mr. Forbes, the Prime Minister, at the Imperial Conference.

Mr. Earl Yocum, a wealthy banker of Galva (Illinois), is missing and is believed to have been kidnapped by Chicago gangsters. Mr. Yocum disappeared on Saturday, but yesterday his wife received a special delivery letter demanding a ransom.—*Reuter.*

The King of Norway arrived at COPENHAGEN yesterday on his usual autumn visit to Denmark. He was received at the railway station by King Christian and members of the Cabinet. He is going on to Sorgenfri, where he will be staying during his visit.

A SHANGHAI telegram states that Father von Arx, a Swiss priest, who a week ago was believed to have been executed at Pengtze, on the Yangtze 70 miles below Kiukiang, is now reported to be held captive at a spot 25 miles south-west of Pengtze. A ransom of $100,000 is being demanded by his captors.—*Reuter.*

Captain Matthews, who in his flight from England to Australia met with several mishaps, had to make a forced landing at Lismore yesterday when flying from Brisbane to Sydney. Captain Matthews was unhurt, but his machine was damaged. He continued his flight in a mail aeroplane, and reached SYDNEY in the afternoon.

The Special Committee of Inquiry of the League on the negotiability of railway transport documents opened its first session at GENEVA yesterday, the British Government being represented by Mr. R. de Candolle. The purpose of this Special Committee is to discover whether it is possible to use negotiable railway transport documents internationally.

As a reprisal against the Belgian Government's decision to make the entry into Belgium of Soviet agricultural products subject to a special permit, the Soviet Government ordered 22 Soviet ships bound for Antwerp to go instead to Rotterdam. The Belgian Cabinet yesterday decided that the measures taken against the importation of Russian products did not affect the transit of those products by way of ANTWERP.

Our PARIS Correspondent states that the gale on the Atlantic and Mediterranean coasts of France continued throughout yesterday. The First Light Squadron of the French Navy, which is visiting the Riviera, was unable to put to sea. A Greek steamer was disabled near the island of Porquerolles and was later towed into Toulon. Snow fell in the Var, in the Cantal, and near Chambéry. The Seine showed signs of rising again.

Our League Correspondent states that the British Government has deposited with the Secretariat of the League of Nations the instrument of ratification by Great Britain and Northern Ireland of the Commercial Convention and Protocol (embodying the results of the "Tariff Truce" Conference) signed at GENEVA last March. Five Governments, those of Belgium, Great Britain, Norway, Sweden, and Switzerland, have now ratified this convention.

Other Foreign News on following page

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ft. in.	ft. in.	£	s.	d.	ft. in.	ft. in.	£	s.	d.	ft. in.	ft. in.	£	s.	d.
9 0 x	6 0	4	7	0	10 6 x	9 0	7	12	3	13 6 x	10 6	11	8	6
9 0 x	7 6	5	8	9	12 0 x	9 0	8	14	0	15 0 x	12 0	14	10	0

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ft. in.	ft. in.	£	s.	d.	ft. in.	ft. in.	£	s.	d.	ft. in.	ft. in.	£	s.	d.
7 6 x	6 9	7	0	9	12 0 x	9 0	15	0	0	15 0 x	9 0	18	15	0
9 0 x	6 9	8	9	9	12 0 x	11 3	18	15	0	15 0 x	11 3	23	8	9
9 0 x	9 0	11	5	0	13 6 x	9 0	16	17	6	16 6 x	11 3	25	15	9
10 6 x	6 9	9	17	0	13 6 x	11 3	21	2	0	18 0 x	11 5	28	2	6
10 6 x	9 0	13	2	6										

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BRAZIL

FRESH OUTBREAK IN RIO

AN UNSUCCESSFUL EFFORT

NEW PRESIDENT NOMINATED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, OCT. 27

Rio de Janeiro was again in turmoil for an hour this morning, when what was characterized as a counter-revolution broke out in the Plaza Republica. The military police and the First Cavalry and the Sixth Infantry Regiments joined in the movement, which was incited, it was reported, by General Hastimphilo de Moura, who had been in command of the Federal forces in the capital before Dr. Washington Luiz was deposed from the Presidency. The uprising was quelled in less than an hour and General de Moura was arrested. The Provisional Government announced at noon that the situation was well in hand.

There was a similar outbreak in the city of São Paulo, but this also, says an official statement, was put down without difficulty.

Colonel Juarez Tavora, leader of the revolutionary forces in the North, entered the city of Bahia yesterday, brushing aside the slight resistance offered by the military police. He received a great popular demonstration.

Colonel Tavora has indicated that he will accept the nomination of Dr. Getulio Vargas—of whom he has been a bitter political opponent—as President of the Republic, but before ordering his troops to cease their activities he must have an assurance from the Junta in Rio de Janeiro that their acceptance of Dr. Vargas is sincere.

General Fragoso, a member of the Junta, said this morning that not only had Dr. Vargas been kept informed of all its actions, but it had sent Deputy Ariosto Pinto of Rio Grande do Sul to him by aeroplane for a conference. The Junta has decided to dissolve the Senate, the Chamber of Deputies, the municipal assembly of Rio de Janeiro, and the State Legislatures. A new provisional Cabinet has been constituted, consisting of Senhor Afranio de Mello Franco, Minister for Foreign Affairs; General Leite de Castro, Minister for War; Senhor Ariosto Pinto, Minister of Justice; Senhor Paulo de Moraes Barros, Minister for Agriculture; and Rear-Admiral de Noronha, Minister for Marine.

A conference of bankers, with Senhor Jose Joaquin Andrade as president *ad interim* of the Banco de Brazil, was arranged for to-day with a view to ending the banking holiday recently decreed by Dr. Washington Luiz.

The United States Minister, Mr. Edwin V. Morgan, when interviewed in Rio de Janeiro to-day while on a short visit to the capital from his residence at Petropolis, a mountain resort, said he was without any knowledge of a report that the Provisional Government had declared him *persona non grata* and had asked Washington to withdraw him from Brazil within 48 hours.

SUPPORT FOR DR. VARGAS

INSURGENT LEADER'S CLAIM

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RIO DE JANEIRO, OCT. 27

Colonel Goes Monteiro, Chief of Staff of the Rio Grande do Sul Army Headquarters at Ponta Grossa, in the State of Paraná, has sent a wireless message to General Juarez Tavora, Chief of Staff of the Mineiros, saying: "General Tasso Fragoso [head of the Junta provisional Government] has agreed that Dr. Getulio Vargas shall assume the Government of the country. In these circumstances hostilities should be immediately suspended."

The Junta here is busily engaged in the necessary steps to re-establish normal conditions. All appointments are purposely of a provisional character. The foreign Embassies and Legations in Rio de Janeiro have been informed of recent developments, as have also Brazilian representatives abroad.

The banks were opened to-day until midday, but in the Bank of Brazil alone were the foreign exchange rates the same as last week. The censorship has been re-established.

Colonel Goes Monteiro has telegraphed to General Francisco Morato asking that measures be taken to hasten the journey of Dr. Getulio Vargas by way of São Paulo to Rio de Janeiro. He also invites General Morato to accept, provisionally, the Presidency of São Paulo. The situation in São Paulo city is still unsettled. Tramcars there have been ordered to cease running at 7 p.m. and the sale of alcoholic drinks is forbidden.

Dr. Julio Prestes [President-elect under the Washington Luiz régime] and his son, Fernando, have taken refuge in the residence of the British Consul-General at São Paulo. No British subject or property has so far suffered.

AIMS OF THE JUNTA

The programme of the provisional Government has been communicated to the Press, and is as follows:—

(1) The dissolution of the Federal and State Congresses; (2) the revision of the administrative Acts passed in the last ten years; (3) the re-establishment of the Constitution of February 24, 1891; (4) the setting up of a Congress to revise the Federal Constitution and the laws of the Republic, both Federal and State, and bring them all into unison; (5) the revision and standardization of the salaries of civil and military officials; (6) the regularization of military service; (7) the bringing under Federal control of the Departments of Justice and Education; (8) the revision of civil and military pensions; (9) the provision of additional privileges for those serving in the Army and Navy; (10) the investigation of the religious question; (11) the limitation of imports and exports; (12) the establishment of uniform taxation throughout the Republic; (13) the determination of the granting of territorial concessions to foreigners; (14) the settlement of immigration and naturalization problems; and (15) the equality of representation of States in the National Congress.

The Junta will govern until it is possible to convoke a National Congress consisting of 12 representatives from each State and representatives from the Federal District. Once the new Congress has been formed, the election of a President of the Republic, of Presidents for the different States, of Deputies, Federal and State Senators, and municipal councillors will be proceeded with, thus re-establishing a Republican Constitutional régime. In place of the Supreme Federal Court the Junta will establish a *Tribunal Nacional Justiça*, composed of four Judges for each State. These Judges will be chosen by the National Congress.

THE SHELLED BADEN

GERMAN CLAIM FOR COMPENSATION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, OCT. 27

The Hamburg-Amerika Line has received from the captain of the Baden a telegram briefly stating the facts of the shelling of that steamer so far as he knows them. This says:—

Baden, leaving harbour, provided with special sailing permit by harbour captain, saluted all war vessels and forts by dipping flag, gave siren signal before passing Fort Santa Cruz. Fired on after passing island of Contunduba. Shell direct hit, aftermast overboard. Twenty-six killed and 43 wounded. Names German passengers already sent. Necessary remain here till Monday for provisional repairs and lodgment of protest.

In view of the conflicting nature of the reports received here the Brazilian Legation in Berlin telegraphed to the Foreign Ministry in Rio de Janeiro for information and received the following reply:—

In leaving the harbour the captain of the Baden neglected to hoist the prearranged signal and was summoned to stop from the Fortress of Santa Cruz. The signal is a flag by day and a light after dark. The fortress fired three warning shots and then one from a small-calibre gun. As the Baden increased speed instead of stopping, a shell was fired which struck a mast and caused casualties. An inquiry has been immediately opened in order to identify the persons responsible. The Foreign Ministry has expressed regret to the countries concerned, and informed them that the cost of the funerals will be borne by the Ministry.

The German Minister in Rio de Janeiro has been instructed to demand adequate satisfaction and full compensation. A German commission nominated by the Legation has visited the steamer.

In Hamburg it is thought that the occupants of the fort which fired may have suspected the Baden of having fugitive political opponents on board. The firing is thought to be a particularly callous act, for at the time the ship was struck the passengers would have been gathered on deck to watch the receding land, and this would have been well known to the gunners. Eighteen women and children are said to have been among the killed.

MADRID, Oct. 27.—The Spanish Government has instructed its representative in Rio to open an inquiry to establish the facts of the shelling of the Baden with a view to claiming damages on behalf of the Spanish subjects, who were the chief sufferers.—*Reuter.*

A RIO VERSION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RIO DE JANEIRO, OCT. 27

It is officially stated that in the inquiry into the shelling of the Baden it is not known why the captain did not take written instructions regulating departures furnished by the captain of the port [the captain states that he had a special sailing permit from the harbour captain]. The fort signalled that the port was shut, but the Baden disregarded the signal, and, despite blank shots, on two occasions increased speed; an eye-witness declared that he "had never seen a vessel pass the fort more quickly." The fort then deliberately fired a short live shell, the Baden still persisting on her way. A second and a third shot were fired nearer the mark, and as the captain did not answer Fort Vigia took up the firing with the result known.

WREATHS AND WAR MEMORIALS

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Foreign Office issued the following statement yesterday:—

As there would appear to be some misapprehension as to the scope and intention of the suggestion made by his Majesty's Government to other nations that official envoys and missions should no longer feel it incumbent upon them to lay wreaths upon the Tomb of the Unknown Warrior in the country they are visiting, it should be understood that the proposal was not intended to interfere in any way with individual discretion in this matter. Its object was to obviate any risk of a ceremony which should be simple and spontaneous becoming a mere formality of international courtesy. Still less was it intended to suggest that there should be any curtailment of the general ceremonies on Armistice Day in this country or of the laying of wreaths by individuals at any time on the Cenotaph or the grave of the Unknown Warrior.

FRENCH AND GERMAN COMMENT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS)

PARIS, OCT. 27

The report that the British Government had suggested to other nations that official envoys and missions should no longer feel it incumbent on them to lay wreaths on the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier in the country visited reached the French Press in a somewhat misleading form. The first expressions of opinion were based on the assumption that all ceremonies of respect for the memory of those who died in the War were to be discontinued, and this naturally led to comments of a somewhat scornful nature. When it was seen that this was not what was meant there was a certain amount of reaction in favour of the proposal, though opinion remained sharply divided.

The question is regarded as one of tact and understanding. If, it is argued, the act of depositing a wreath is to be considered as a private and voluntary act, it will still be obligatory because nobody will risk omitting a gesture when the omission might be easily misunderstood. On the whole, it is suggested in one quarter, it might be well to let the custom, now sanctioned by years, continue till it dies with the passage of time.

BERLIN, OCT. 27

The British Government's proposal has been noted here, though not widely remarked on. Germany has not yet her national memorial to the dead of the Great War, and the subject is possibly of less immediate importance to her for this reason.

The suggestion, at any rate, is but vaguely understood in Germany. The British Government's motives are variously interpreted. The majority of the reports gave the impression that the object was to "counteract the glorification of war" or to "eradicate memories of war."

Other observers sought to see political motives behind the suggestion, and the *Börsen Zeitung*, one of the few commentators, thought the "MacDonald Cabinet is less concerned with preserving the solemnity of the ceremony at the grave of the Unknown Soldier than with a retreat from the alliances of the World War."

The London correspondent of the *Frankfurter Zeitung*, commenting on the proposal, says there is a terrible pressure for a victorious land to make heroes of its unknown dead, and the courage of the British Government in trying to end this unseemly glorification is the more admirable.

AUSTRALIAN FINANCES

CABINET AND REFORMS

LABOUR CRITICISM

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MELBOURNE, OCT. 27

The first reaction to the results of the New South Wales election was surprise. It has passed away already. The second and present reaction is calm acceptance of the position. It is generally realized that the promises of Mr. Lang, the Labour leader, are impossible of realization. Mr. Trantor, chairman of the associated banks, speaking of the weakness in Stock Exchange dealings to-day, said:—"Mr. Lang will scarcely be likely to be able to raise a little loan, let alone the millions he would require to carry out a fraction of his extravagant proposals."

The *Age* says in a leading article:—

Although Mr. Bavin is destined to pass out, the facts of the situation remain. With these facts Mr. Lang will now be required to deal. When he begins to make this attempt, the electors of New South Wales may have good cause to feel that this latest change in Premiers and Governments has been not in the least worth while. It may be that another election in 1931 will be necessary to record the second thoughts of New South Wales.

The centre of controversy has shifted to Canberra. It was expected that this morning's Cabinet meeting would end in time to allow the even more important meeting of the Labour Caucus to begin before luncheon, but something unexpected happened, and the Ministers did not separate until 3 o'clock. Mr. Fenton, the acting Prime Minister, refused to make any statement, but the indications were that the Ministers did not go before the Caucus agreed upon all aspects of financial policy.

In the Caucus, Mr. Lyons, the acting Treasurer, reviewed the "grave financial situation" and outlined the Cabinet's policy of reduction of expenditure and additional taxation. Mr. Theodore, the former Treasurer, strongly criticized Mr. Lyons's action in permitting Sir Otto Niemeyer to attend the meetings of the Loan Council and the Premiers' conference in Melbourne. Mr. Beasley, Assistant Minister for Industry, proposed a resolution protesting against Sir Otto Niemeyer's "interference in tariff and industrial affairs which concern domestic policy." The resolution was carried, and strong objection was taken to the reduction of Parliamentary and public service salaries when the Ministers announced that they were prepared to reduce their own.

A move is being made by a section of the Labour Party to reinstate Mr. Theodore in the Cabinet, but it is likely to be opposed on the ground that the charges in connexion with the Mungana Mine inquiry must first be disproved in the Law Courts. A test vote will be taken to-morrow or on Wednesday. The character of to-day's discussion makes it unlikely that the Government will be ready to meet Parliament on Thursday, as originally arranged. To-morrow should decide. Mr. Theodore's intervention is regarded as the first move in an attempt to oust Mr. Scullin from the leadership, though nothing further will be done until Mr. Scullin returns unless an opportunity for earlier action should present itself. Mr. Theodore won a striking victory to-day when he induced Mr Beasley to move a resolution censuring Mr. Lyons.

UNEASINESS IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ADELAIDE, OCT. 27

Mr. Hill, the Premier of South Australia, has telegraphed to the Commonwealth Treasurer suggesting a meeting of the Loan Council next week. He considers that, in view of the result of the New South Wales election, it will be necessary to ascertain definitely and as soon as possible whether the plans laid down by the Australian Premiers and Treasurers are to be followed. He says:—

If Mr. Lang continues his policy of repudiating the Treasurers' agreement, complications will follow, because Mr. Stevens, representing the Bavin Government [the Government defeated in the election] was one of the four Treasurers on the standing committee which the Premiers' Conference appointed.

Mr. Butler, the Leader of the Opposition, says:—

One of the most pleasant features of the New South Wales elections is that the Loan Council stands in Mr. Lang's way. The Council makes it impossible for Mr. Lang to give effect to his financial proposals and promises. Though disappointing and regrettable, the result of the election will not deter those understanding Australian difficulties from resolutely proceeding along the lines agreed at the Premiers' Conference.

MR. SCULLIN'S VIEW

In a statement to the Press yesterday on the effect which the New South Wales election might have on Australian credit the Prime Minister of Australia, Mr. Scullin, said:—

The newly elected Labour Government in New South Wales, like all other Australian Governments, will honour its obligations. The Premier-elect for New South Wales, Mr. Lang, declared during the election campaign against any suggestion of repudiation, and since the election he has emphatically announced that all obligations would be met. That principle being generally accepted by all Australian Governments, the method by which financial equilibrium is to be restored is a matter to which the responsible authorities in Australia will, I am sure, direct their immediate efforts.

A statement by Sir Otto Niemeyer appears on page 13.

KING ALFONSO AT CADIZ

A LOYAL WELCOME

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, OCT. 27

King Alfonso had a most enthusiastic and loyal reception to-day at Cadiz, where he has gone to visit his son, the Infante Don Juan, who is studying at the Naval College at San Fernando. The bells of all the churches pealed, cannon fired a Royal salute, and the ships in harbour blew sirens and whistles. The King drove through the streets under triumphal arches bearing inscriptions such as: "Cadiz wants to revive"; "Cadiz wants a free port"; "Cadiz welcomes the chivalrous King."

The Infante Don Gonzalo, the King's fourth son, travelled in the Royal train and remained with his brother, the Infante Don Juan, at San Fernando, a suburb of Cadiz.

KNIGHTHOOD FOR MR. H. C. DAWKINS

The King has approved that Mr. Horace Christian Dawkins, C.B., M.B.E., be appointed a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath on his appointment to be Clerk of the House of Commons.

ITALY'S POLICY

FASCIST CREED REAFFIRMED

THE DUCE'S WARNING

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, OCT. 27

Signor Mussolini was in vigorous mood this morning when he opened the annual celebrations of the March on Rome by an address to the directors of the Fascist provincial federations, in the presence of the members of the Government and leading personalities of the Fascist régime.

The speech was divided into two main parts, the one dealing with foreign and the other with domestic policy. The portion dealing with foreign affairs contained the remark that "Fascist Italy will never take the initiative in making a war," whereas the portion of the speech devoted to domestic affairs contained no such qualifying phrase. With this exception the two parts of the speech contained the same fundamental current of thought—namely, that Fascism is menaced by enemies both at home and abroad, and that therefore Fascist Italy must be more than ever alert, armed, and on her guard to defend her existence and ensure her future.

After a rapid review of the last eight years, the brevity of which he excused with the words, "He who makes history feels no pressing need to write it," and after insisting that the Fascist Revolution, which had spared its enemies in 1922, was putting them to-day, and would put them to-morrow, with an easy conscience against the wall, Signor Mussolini opened his references to foreign policy by recalling his speeches in Tuscany and Milan last summer.

Now that the foreign comment provoked by them seemed to have died down, he said, he proposed to give his own explanation. Those speeches were intended to tear the mask off a hypocritical Europe which "babbles of peace at Geneva and prepares for war everywhere." Those speeches had been regarded as a declaration of war, and it had been forgotten that for eight years past war had been waged against the Fascist régime by those groups and men to whom he had alluded in Florence. What was it but an act of war to kill Fascists, to calumniate the régime and damage it in its credit? Was not what had happened after the executions at Trieste the proof that war against the Fascist régime existed? It was a moral war for the moment, but it might be a precursor of military war. Libellous inventions were a weapon of war. Soon they would be accused of having cut off children's hands, as were the Germans in 1914, but, added Signor Mussolini with a touch of characteristic irony, "apparently all traces had been lost of these mutilated children."

"ACTS OF HATRED"

Millions and millions of individuals, he said, were preaching and practising acts of hatred against Fascist Italy—counter-revolutionaries, reactionaries, conservatives, a universal Vendée of Socialists, Liberals, Democrats, and Freemasons, who saw their altars and fetishes destroyed. "We are fighting," Signor Mussolini remarked, "against a world in decline; but still powerful because it represents an enormous crystallization of interests." Anti-Fascism was not dead. The field of battle had been extended so as to cover the whole world. There was, then, a state of moral war against Fascism, and it was inevitable that it should become sharper.

But besides this moral war, "preparations for material warfare are being hastened on our frontiers. Do you see this bunch of papers? Here are noted down, day by day, the military preparations of the years 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, made against Italy, that is to say, long before my speeches of Leghorn, Florence, and Milan. Here is the list of the batteries put into position, of the forts which have been constructed, of the armaments which have been ordered and actually delivered. Could I delay to sound the alarm in the ears of the Italian people? Naturally those from whose faces the mask was torn tried to invert the real position and once again represent Italy as being the only source of danger for the peace of Europe, the only nation of wolves amid the bleating flock of pacific lambs. Such a trick is puerile. Fascist Italy is arming relatively to the others, because all are arming. She will disarm if all disarm. I repeat that so long as guns exist they will be more beautiful than beautiful but often vain words. When the Word is alone sufficient to regulate the affairs of the nation then I will say that 'words are divine.' But in any case let it be clear that we are arming materially and spiritually for defence and not for aggression. Fascist Italy will never take the initiative in making war."

Continuing, Signor Mussolini declared that his policy of treaty revision, which dated back to June, 1928, was directed towards avoiding war and towards sparing the enormous cost of war.

Treaty revision was not a predominantly Italian interest, but an interest for Europe and the world. There was nothing absurd and impossible in such a conception. The only absurdity was the pretence that treaties were unchangeable. The real violators of the Covenant were those who had created and sought to perpetuate at Geneva two categories of States—the armed and the unarmed. "What juridical and moral parity can exist between an armed and an unarmed man? How can this comedy be prolonged indefinitely when the very protagonists are beginning to get tired of it?"

TOWARDS THE EAST

There followed a very interesting passage dealing with Italian foreign policy on the Danube and in the East. This policy Signor Mussolini declared to be dictated by vital reasons.

We believe in utilising the very last clod of our soil. What we are doing is gigantic, but after a certain point our territory will be completely saturated by a population which is growing in accordance with our own wishes, a phenomenon of which we are proud, because life calls for life. In 1950 Europe will be wrinkled and decrepit. The only country of young men will be Italy. People will come from abroad to witness the phenomenon of this springtime of a people. It is only towards the East that our pacific expansion can be directed. Hence our friendships and alliances are intelligible friendships and alliances which have to-day an absolute value. The dilemma stated by me in Florence holds good. Harsh with our enemies, we will march with our friends to the very end. We pursue a clear policy without pretence and mental restrictions. A signed undertaking for us is sacred, come what may. We know no other way by which a nation can increase its prestige and raise the faith of others in it.

Passing then to domestic affairs, the Duce pointed out that the past year had been dominated by economic problems.

He reassured the taxpayers that they would be left undisturbed by further exactions and claimed that whereas the sympathy of the working classes for Fascism had increased there were still irreconcilable elements among the so-called Liberal and professional *bourgeoisie*. He called upon Signor Giuriati, the new Secretary-General of the Fascist Party, to dislodge these elements from their midst, and insisted that there could be no compromise between them and their opponents. This conflict was being fought out throughout the world and in every country Fascism was either feared, hated, or ardently invoked.

This reference to the spread of Fascism abroad led the Duce to disclaim the paternity of the phrase that "Fascism is not an article of exportation." It was, he said, too banal for him to have coined. Anyhow he would correct the phrase, and say that to-day Fascism was of universal application in its ideas, doctrine, and realization.

In concluding his speech Signor Mussolini scoffed at the prophets who sought to number the days of Fascism, and announced that in 1932 he intended to summon to Rome 50 battalions of the militia, together with 50,000 Fascist youths and the 9,000 Fascist combatant groups. This would represent the greatest gathering of armed men witnessed by Rome in the 3,000 years of her history, and similar gatherings would be held at Milan, Perugia, and Naples.

BIG COAL MERGER

LANCASHIRE AND CHESHIRE

SCHEME FOR WHOLE AREA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MANCHESTER, OCT. 27

An important decision was taken to-day in Manchester by a representative meeting of Lancashire and Cheshire coal-owners. The question of a general merger of the Lancashire and Cheshire coal industry was discussed, and by an overwhelming majority it was decided that complete amalgamation of the coalmining interests of this coalfield was desirable. A committee was appointed to settle details and produce a scheme. There are already four coal combines in Lancashire, with 71 pits and employing nearly 40,000 men. The step announced to-day promises to put Lancashire at the head of the progressive rationalizing coalfields of the country.

The new move will not surprise those who have watched events in the Lancashire coal industry since the long stoppage of 1926. In the year following negotiations were set on foot for an amalgamation of several colliery undertakings in the portion of the coalfield extending from Manchester westwards to St. Helens. These culminated in February of last year in the registration of Manchester Collieries, Limited, a company with a capital of £7,000,000, formed to absorb Andrew Knowles and Sons, Limited, the Clifton and Kersley Colliery Company, the Astley and Tyldesley Colliery Company, Fletcher, Burrows and Co., J. Speakman and Sons, the Pilkington Colliery Company, and the Outwood Collieries, together with other associated undertakings of the Bridgwater Collieries which are also included in the amalgamation.

The primary object of this merger was to effect economies on the selling side. All the constituent companies were sound concerns of old date, and not much difficulty was experienced in effecting the necessary financial arrangements. Altogether 20 different collieries are now possessed by Manchester Collieries, Limited. The original number taken over was 22 collieries, with a normal annual output of between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 tons. There was a careful valuation of the assets of each company joining, and the capitalization of the amalgamation was on the most conservative basis possible. Competition has of course been eliminated; coal sales have been centralized; and "cross-selling," the supply of customers from one colliery over intervening collieries supplying the same coal, has been abolished. Perhaps still more important from the point of view of the future is that this amalgamation gained control of large areas of unworked coal.

WIGAN AMALGAMATION

The next step in the same direction was the formation in May this year of another great amalgamation of Lancashire collieries under the title of the Wigan Coal Corporation, Limited, in association also with the formation of the Lancashire Steel Corporation, Limited. Those two linked organizations, with a capital of £1,750,000 and £5,750,000 respectively, represent one of the biggest steps in the rationalization of British industry yet taken. The coal combine controls 24 collieries, employing normally over 14,000 men. Included are the pits of the former Wigan Coal and Iron Company, of Pearson and Knowles, Limited, the Moss Hall Collieries, and the Wigan Junction Colliery Company. The steel interests in the associated merger company are those of Pearson and Knowles, the Wigan Coal and Iron Company, and the Partington Steel and Iron Company.

These two amalgamations account for 44 of the 216 mines in Lancashire where coal is worked. In addition there are 14 pits in Cheshire, but the largest of those is the Poynton Collieries Company, near Stockport, with about 260 men employed. All the other Cheshire concerns are quite small, and some of them so small, and in such isolated areas, that it seems hardly likely they could be considered possible factors in a new combine, unless they have unworked coal which it would be desirable for a large undertaking to take over. The case is different in Lancashire, although there, too, more than half the 170 collieries still outside combines are small scale undertakings, but there are still some powerful concerns trading independently, and among these the principle of amalgamation has already become operative.

John Hargreaves, Limited, of Burnley, and George Hargreaves and Co., Limited, of the Accrington and Rossendale Collieries, effected an amalgamation a year or two ago and also took in the Altham collieries, near Accrington, 21 pits in all, employing over 5,000 workmen. Another amalgamation that has been carried through is that of the Garswood Coal and Iron Company and the Garswood Hall Collieries at Wigan—six pits, with 3,600 workmen.

PITS OUTSIDE COMBINES

The largest firms not associated with any of these four organizations and presumably parties to to-day's move for an all-embracing Lancashire coalfield merger are the following:—

ABRAM COAL COMPANY, Wigan, three pits, 1,300 men.

ACKERS, WHITLEY and Co., Leigh, four pits, 2,000.

BRADFORD COLLIERY COMPANY, Manchester, two pits, 1,000.

BROMILOW, FOSTER and Co., St. Helens, three pits, 1,400.

CHAMBER COLLIERY COMPANY, Hollinwood, Oldham, three pits, 1,200.

COLLINS GREEN COLLIERY COMPANY, Warrington, four pits, 1,400.

CROMPTON AND SHAWCROSS, Hindley, Wigan, one pit, 1,300.

CROSS, TETLEY AND Co., Bamfurlong, Wigan, five pits, 1,800.

ELLERBECK COLLIERIES, LIMITED, Wigan, two pits, 700.

RICHARD EVANS AND Co., St. Helens, eight pits, 4,500.

JOHN GRIFFITHS AND SON, Skelmersdale, one pit, 500.

HEBBURN COLLIERY COMPANY, LIMITED, four pits, 200.

PEMBERTON COLLIERY COMPANY, LIMITED, Wigan, four pits, 2,200.

PLATT BROS. AND Co., Oldham (Milnrow, Crompton, and Newton Heath), three pits, 1,200.

ST. HELENS COLLIERIES COMPANY, four pits, 2,000.

SCOT LANE COLLIERY COMPANY, Blackrod, two pits, 650.

J. SCOWCROFT AND Co., Hindley, Wigan, four pits, 900.

J. AND R. STONE, LIMITED, Wigan, two pits, 1,300.

SUTTON HEATH AND LEA GREEN COLLIERIES, St. Helens, five pits, 3,000.

SUTTON MANOR COLLIERIES, St. Helens, one pit, 1,100.

TOWNELEY COAL COMPANY, Burnley, four pits, 700.

TYLDESLEY COAL COMPANY, five pits, 1,300.

WESTHOUGHTON COAL AND CANNEL COMPANY, three pits, 1,000.

WEST LEIGH COLLIERY COMPANY, Leigh, three pits, 1,700.

WHITE MOSS COAL COMPANY, Skelmersdale, two pits, 700.

WORSLEY MESNES COLLIERIES, Wigan, three pits, 650.

Up to the end of 1929 schemes of amalgamation in the coalfields of the whole of Great Britain had been effected covering 275 pits, employing about 192,000 workmen. These figures do not include the second of the large Lancashire schemes referred to above. The above list of colliery undertakings in Lancashire will at least give an idea of the complexity of the task awaiting the amalgamation special committee set up by the Lancashire and Cheshire Coalowners' Association to-day. The financial status, records, and prospects of even these, the largest uncombined undertakings, offer the greatest variety of experience, and it will be a long process to secure the agreement of all the interests concerned on an equitable basis of valuation.

R 101 INQUIRY

OPENING STATEMENT TO-DAY

The Court of Inquiry into the loss of R 101 will be opened this morning by Sir John Simon, who will have with him as assessors Lieutenant-Colonel J. T. C. Moore-Brabazon and Professor C. E. Inglis. The Court will be held in the great hall of the Institution of Civil Engineers, Great George-street, Westminster, which has been specially prepared for the purpose, and will have seats for about 200 members of the public. The duration of the inquiry will depend on the number of witnesses the Court desires to hear. Some 50 are understood to be available, but it remains for the Court to decide which it is necessary to call.

An opening statement on the accident will be made to-day by the Attorney-General (Sir William Jowitt), who will have the assistance of the Solicitor-General (Sir Stafford Cripps) in presenting evidence to the Court. For the elucidation of evidence, the big model of R 101, which was constructed for exhibition at the Aero Show at Olympia last year, and has since been shown at the Antwerp Exhibition, has been brought back to this country, and is suspended in the hall where the Court is to be held. This model, about 15ft. long, is about one-fiftieth of the size of the airship.

The survivors will be called as witnesses, and Mr. Leech, who was in the control car when the airship came to earth, should have valuable evidence to offer. Members of the technical commission, which investigated the accident on the scene, will submit their conclusions. The facts of the airship's construction, alteration, and behaviour in trial flight will be given, and full information of weather conditions and of the service of the airship with meteorological reports on the night of the disaster will be available. In this relation, Dr. Eckener, the commander of the Graf Zeppelin, may be called.

The Court will also have the assistance in an advisory capacity of Squadron Leader A. H. Wann, who was the commander of the airship R 38 when she broke up over the Humber in 1921 and was the only man in the forepart of the airship to survive. He made the flight to Canada and back this summer as an officer of R 100. He has now been appointed assistant-registrar of the Court.

A microphone has been placed before the witness-seat, and amplifiers set in various parts of the hall should ensure a hearing to those farthest removed from the witnesses.

Our Paris Correspondent telegraphs:—The authorities in charge of the landing ground at Beauvais have issued a formal denial of the assertion made by some British newspapers that distress signals were received from the R 101 shortly before the disaster occurred. The landing ground at Beauvais possesses no wireless equipment, and no telephone calls reporting such a signal were received from any wireless stations on the night of the disaster.

THE LONDON NAVAL TREATY

RATIFICATION CEREMONY

Ratifications of the Naval Treaty of London, which was signed last April, were deposited at the Foreign Office yesterday on behalf of all his Majesty's Governments (except that of the Irish Free State, whose ratification is delayed for the time being by technical difficulties) and of the United States of America and Japan.

The ceremony, which was private, was held in the Locarno Room at the Foreign Office. The delegates of the signatory nations were received by Mr. MacDonald, who was accompanied by Mr. Henderson. They included the American Ambassador, the Japanese Ambassador, the Prime Ministers of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa, and the High Commissioner for India. The ceremony was attended also by the Ambassadors of France and Italy. After Mr. MacDonald had welcomed the representatives of the Governments, the ratifications were formally handed in. Those for the United Kingdom, the Dominions, and India all bore the signature of the King. The delegates then signed a brief record of the ratifying ceremony. This document took note of the reservation made by the Senate of the United States, to the effect that that country had signed on the understanding that there were no secret documents which might modify the provisions of the London Naval Treaty.

Reports of speeches broadcast by the Japanese Prime Minister, President Hoover, and Mr. MacDonald appear on p. 8.

THE TERRITORIAL ARMY

DECREASE IN NUMBERS

The latest official returns show that the total strength of the Territorial Army, exclusive of permanent staff, is now 6,765 officers and 128,593 other ranks. This is a decrease of 19 officers and 1,414 other ranks compared with the numbers a year ago.

In September, 1,057 recruits were finally approved for service in the Territorial Army, an increase of 489 compared with the number approved in August last, but 61 less than in September, 1929. The total number of enlistments during the recruiting year from October 1, 1929, was 28,483, compared with 28,187 during the previous year.

NEW QUEEN'S BULGARIAN NAME

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SOFIA, OCT. 27

A semi-official *communiqué* announces that in the marriage act entered in the civil register at Assisi, the new Queen of the Bulgarians signed with the Bulgarian equivalent, Ioanna, of her Italian name Giovanna.

HONORARY PHYSICIANS TO THE KING

The King has approved of the appointment of Colonel G. L. Thornton, M.C., Territorial Army, and Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Colonel) W. P. MacArthur, D.S.O., O.B.E., Royal Army Medical Corps, as Honorary Physicians to the King.

SOUTH WALES DISTRICT COAL SCHEME

Mr. Shinwell, Secretary for Mines, announces that, under the powers conferred upon him by Section 1 of the Coal Mines Act, 1930, he has approved the scheme submitted to him on behalf of a majority of the coal-owners in the district of South Wales (including Monmouthshire) and has appointed to-day as the date on which the scheme comes into force. As from to-day the production of coal and the supply and sale of such coal by all owners of coalmines in that district will be regulated by the provisions of the scheme. The text of the scheme as approved will be published in the *London Gazette*.

THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

ECONOMIC SCHEMES

DIFFICULTIES OF THE COMMITTEES

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

No arrangement has been made as yet for a further meeting of the Heads of Delegations to the Imperial Conference, and the indications are that none will be held before Thursday at the earliest. This morning the Dominion Prime Ministers will attend the State opening of Parliament, and to-morrow morning the Prime Minister and the other members of the United Kingdom Delegation will be attending the weekly meeting of the Cabinet.

The prospect of another plenary meeting of the Conference seems to be still more remote, for so far there is no subject on which final decisions have been taken to send forward to a plenary meeting. Many of the committees, however, have now begun to draft reports. Lord Sankey's Committee on Imperial Relations held its tenth meeting yesterday morning, and continued its discussion on questions arising out of the report of last year's Conference on the operation of Dominion Legislation. It was decided to appoint a sub-committee to draft a report for consideration by the full committee at its next meeting on Thursday morning. The sub-committee held its first meeting in the afternoon under the chairmanship of Sir Robert Garron.

On the other hand the work of Mr. Graham's Committee on Economic Co-operation cannot be completed until the three sub-committees which were appointed last Friday, and which were at work all day yesterday, have submitted their reports. They were asked to consider the quota system, bulk purchase, and import boards as they might apply to (*a*) canned fruit and fish, (*b*) butter, cheese, eggs, bacon, and poultry, and (*c*) fresh fruit. One of the difficulties under which the sub-committees are working is the fact that the British Government has not submitted any concrete scheme to the Conference. There are a number of general schemes in existence, but the United Kingdom Delegation has not sponsored any of them, with the result that the sub-committees are working in the dark as to the exact objects which it is desired to achieve.

The demand of the Dominions for tariff preferences has not officially been rejected by the United Kingdom Government, though it has been made clear that the Cabinet is opposed to them unless facts and figures can be produced which will convert it. The sub-committees, therefore, do not know whether any plans which they evolve are to be regarded as an alternative to or supplementary to the request for tariff preferences. There is a growing feeling in Conference circles that the time has now come when the United Kingdom Delegation should make a definite statement as to its policy on preference, and it is expected that this point will be emphasized during the debate on the Address in the House of Commons.

The Committee on Communications completed its draft report on Empire broadcasting yesterday, and in the afternoon began a review of the present position of the postal services throughout the Empire.

INVALIDS

While riding in Windsor Great Park, Viscount Gough split a bone of one leg, and will be incapacitated for some time.

Sir John Lavery, who underwent an operation in a nursing home 10 days ago, will be obliged to be confined to bed for some time, although he is making as good progress as can be expected.

Lady Runciman, who is lying seriously ill at her home, Shoreston Hall, Northumberland, was stated last night to be maintaining a slight improvement.

Lady Bridport, it was stated last evening, passed a good day.

Lord Stradbroke, who is suffering from a chill, will not be able to leave his home at Beccles for a few days.

The condition of Mr. H. Morrison, M.P., was last night stated to be unchanged.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 12)

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	8.15
Ambassadors	THE GRAIN OF MUSTARD SEED	8.50
Apollo	THE OUTSIDER	8.30
Cambridge	CHARLOT'S MASQUERADE	8.15
Comedy	LUCKY DIP	2.30 & 8.30
Criterion	THE PLAYBOY OF THE WESTERN WORLD	8.30
Daly's	ELDORADO	8.15
Duke of York's	HER FIRST AFFAIR	8.15
Everyman	THE WILD DUCK	8.15
Gaiety	THE LOVE RACE	2.30 & 8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	STREET SCENE	8.40
Grafton	UNUSUAL VARIETY	8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	8.30
Hippodrome	SONS O' GUNS	8.15
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.30
Lyceum	TRAFFIC	8.15
Lyric	LET US BE GAY	8.40
Lyric, Hammersmith	MARRIAGE A LA MODE	8.30
Palace	FREDERICA	8.15
Phœnix	PRIVATE LIVES	8.45
Playhouse	CYNARA	8.30
Queen's	THE BARRETTS OF WIMPOLE STREET	8.15
St. James's	THE SWAN	8.30
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	2.30 & 8.30
Savoy	THE LYONS MAIL

THE TIMES

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Moderate or fresh southerly or south-westerly winds, strong perhaps at times later ; cloudy, some rain ; mild.

Further Outlook.—Unsettled. (p. 16)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

The King will open in state to-day the second Session of the present Parliament. With the Queen he will drive in procession to the House of Lords, and the customary ceremonial will be observed. (pp. 15 and 16)

Ratifications of the London Naval Treaty were deposited at the Foreign Office yesterday, and speeches by Mr. MacDonald, the Prime Minister of Japan, and President Hoover were afterwards broadcast from their respective capitals. (pp. 8 and 14)

Lancashire and Cheshire coalowners have decided on the desirability of completing the amalgamation of the mining interests in the whole of their area, and appointed a committee to prepare a scheme. (p. 14)

Our Manchester Correspondent reviews the position of parties in the municipal elections in Lancashire. (p. 11)

The Bishop of London, speaking last night at the autumn session of the Diocesan Conference, said he hoped the whole diocese would back up the policy of selling and pulling down unwanted churches and using the proceeds to build churches in new districts. (p. 11)

The preliminary meeting of representatives of drug manufacturing countries, which is being held in London to prepare the way for the main conference on the limitation of the manufacture of dangerous drugs to be held next year, was opened yesterday by Mr. Henderson, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. (p. 7)

The fifth conference on maternal mortality was held in the Friends' Hall, Euston-road, yesterday, when the Minister of Health, Mr. Arthur Greenwood, gave an address. (p. 11)

The latest official returns show that there is a decrease of 19 officers and 1,414 other ranks of the Territorial Army compared with the numbers a year ago. (p. 14)

Mr. H. M. Trouncer, in his presidential address at the Institute of Actuaries, dealt with competition in life assurance and its results. (p. 8)

Speaking yesterday at a luncheon of the British Empire Producers' Organization, Mr. J. H. Thomas made a reply to allegations of dissatisfaction with the Imperial Conference. (p. 16)

POLITICS

Mr. Churchill, speaking in the Epping Division last night, said he would support a general tariff on all foreign imported manufactured goods. Food taxes, he declared, were difficult and dangerous for the Conservative Party, and that issue might be so mishandled as to produce great disasters. (p. 9)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

There was an outbreak of rioting in Rio de Janeiro yesterday, but this was promptly quelled. In general there appear to be better prospects of a restoration of peace and the acceptance of Dr. Getulio Vargas as Provisional President. (p. 14)

It is not expected that a further meeting of the Heads of the Delegations to the Imperial Conference can be held before Thursday. Many of the committees have now begun to draft reports. (p. 14)

Speaking in Rome yesterday, Signor Mussolini complained that a veiled warfare was being waged abroad against Fascist Italy, and said that while military preparations were being made to her detriment she would have to continue them for her defence, but that Fascist Italy would never take the initiative in making a war. In dealing with home policy the Duce promised the taxpayers that there would be no further exactions, but indicated that fresh measures might be taken against the opponents of Fascism in Italy. (p. 14)

There has been an outbreak of anti-British feeling in Belgaum, India, where British officers have been stoned. (p. 13)

A resolution criticizing Sir Otto Niemeyer's advice to the Australian Governments was carried in the Labour Caucus meeting at Canberra yesterday. In a statement at Sydney Sir Otto Niemeyer corrects assertions as to his mission which have been made by various Australian critics. (p. 13)

The Foreign Office has issued a communication correcting misconceptions as to the intention of the suggestion made by the Government to other nations respecting the formal laying of wreaths on the Tomb of the Unknown Warrior by official envoys and missions. (p. 14)

LAW

Summary of Law Cases will be found on page 5.

SPORT

A race meeting was held at Nottingham yesterday. (p. 6)

An amateur team of the Football Association beat Oxford University at Oxford yesterday by one goal to none. (p. 7)

Lord Aberdare beat E. M. Baerlein in an exhibition match at tennis in the Clare and Trinity Courts at Cambridge yesterday. (p. 7)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on :—London and North-Eastern Railway Debenture Issue ; the Fall in Australian Stocks ; Entre Rios Railway Outlook ; Venezuelan Oil Concessions' Interim Dividend ; Trust Companies' Results ; a Brewery Debenture Issue ; Prospects for Life Assurance Bonuses ; and the Terms of Non-Participating Policies (p. 21)

In the Money Market loan and discount rates showed little change. The Bank sold £229,000 in bar gold. The New York, Paris, Belgian, Italian, and Dutch exchanges all moved against sterling. Spanish pesetas further appreciated. The Buenos Aires rate continued to fall. (p. 22)

The Stock Markets yesterday closed dull after a firm opening. A sharp fall occurred in Australian securities on the result of the New South Wales election. Brazilian bonds experienced a further recovery. (p. 21)

THE NEW SESSION

Parliament reassembles to-day to face a gloomy situation and a discouraging programme. The principal events during the recess have neither shed lustre on the Government nor given hope to industry. Unemployment has risen by 137,935 to 2,188,672 ; and the sinister feature of the returns is that the growth in the number of those permanently unemployed has been even more striking than the growth in the number of those "temporarily stopped." The effort inaugurated at the end of last Session to reform through the agency of a three-party Committee the system of Unemployment Insurance has so far produced no result. It will now require, for some result to be produced, a degree of courage even greater than would then have been necessary and far superior to anything of which the Government has so far shown itself capable. The simultaneous effort to secure by conference between the Liberal and Socialist parties an agreed policy for the reduction of the volume of unemployment has also so far proved unfruitful. Upon the main issue, therefore, upon which the Socialist Party fought the election, it is left with a record of failure and a prospect of sterility. The same record and the same prospect are reflected in depressing revenue and trade returns. MR. SNOWDEN claims that all may yet be regained before the close of the financial year, but there is little reason to suppose that this version of a famous *communiqué* —"tout peut se rétablir"—will not likewise be followed by a Gravelotte and a Sedan. For example, the modern Napoleon III. appears to have forgotten that, even though his present Budget may rely on taxation in respect of the less disastrous period of 1929-30, his next Budget will have to bear the full force of the depression of 1930-31. Fortune has not succoured incapacity. Revolutions in South America, the persistence of troubles in China and India, the lack of resilience in the markets of the United States, a dangerous economic situation in Australia, the continued fall in prices, and the disturbing results of the elections in Germany—all these factors have combined still further to unsettle commerce and finance. But the Government's contribution to the preservation of the British share of trade has been to sign a tariff truce at Geneva, and then to admit through the mouth of the PRIME MINISTER that it may prove a very one-sided instrument. Their contribution so far to the stability of the Empire seems to have been to meet the Imperial Conference with all the inhibitions of fiscal dogmatism. A fair summary of events both at home and abroad is that the Government have been unfortunate, but that their efforts to overcome misfortune have been unworthy and misguided.

Their credit will hardly be restored by the measures which they foreshadow. The repeal or the amendment of the Trade Disputes Act is inspired by purely political considerations. The Bill to increase the borrowing powers of the Unemployment Insurance Fund is a confession of failure. Other Bills, such as the Marketing Bill and the Land Settlement Bill, are not partisan in principle, but are nevertheless highly questionable in detail. Others again, such as the Land Valuation Bill and the Consumers' Council Bill, appear to be threats to prosperity rather than cures for injustices. There is not one measure in view which offers any hope to industry or faces economic facts. It may, therefore, seem paradoxical to say that the Government is still as safe from defeat in Parliament as ever it was ; and yet that is undoubtedly the case. The feature of the Labour Party Conference was that although the Government obtained only a small majority for an assertion of its capacity it obtained an enormous majority for the continuance of its existence. MR. MAXTON and his friends will therefore continue to be more troublesome than disruptive. SIR OSWALD MOSLEY has shown himself to be the potential focus of a much larger amount of discontent, but it is doubtful whether he feels—and still more whether those inside and outside his party who have been flirting with him feel—the time to be ripe to coalesce the erratic atoms into a thunderbolt against the Government in Parliament. MR. MACDONALD is no less, if no more, safe from his own party than he was before. The Liberals may be even more chary of being inculpated with the Government. But they are unready for a dissolution, as is shown by their recent appeal for funds from other than the usual source, and on Saturday MR. LLOYD GEORGE elaborated the hint, already given in his speech to the party conference, that he has no intention of degrading MR. MACDONALD in order to promote MR. BALDWIN. If therefore the Liberals are given any excuse to collaborate with the Government, collaboration, whether grudging or not, will continue. The Government can easily furnish such an excuse. They have only to postpone too zealous an interference with the Trade Disputes Act, and to mention electoral reform in the KING'S Speech or during the earlier debates, in order to avoid irritation of the Liberals without committing too flagrant a breach of their pledge to the trade unions.

The Conservative Party is even more unready. MR. BALDWIN'S attempts to accommodate LORD BEAVERBROOK and LORD ROTHERMERE are now so clearly doomed to failure in advance that the wisdom of making them has become more doubtful than ever. LORD BEAVERBROOK in particular has made it clear that he will be able to suppress his ambition to "see unity in the "Conservative Party" and to "retire into "private life" so long as MR. BALDWIN prefers an empirical to a dogmatic policy—and that, as he well knows, means so long as MR. BALDWIN leads the Conservative Party. Cohesion of that party in Parliament and before the country is therefore impossible until after the party meeting which has been summoned for next Thursday ; and cohesion may be impossible even on the morrow of that meeting if its verdict is not loyally accepted. But there is no reason to hurry matters. It may, at first sight, appear to argue the bankruptcy of our politics that, after the Socialist Party has so greatly encouraged the view that it is unfit to govern, the other parties should show that they are unfit even to fight ; but there are reasons transcending those of domestic politics why the Government should remain in office for a longer period than the hotheads would willingly concede. They have not yet failed at everything to which they set their hand. The process of popular education in the limitations of Government action, rapid as it has been during these last eighteen months, is still far less complete than it may seem at Westminster. In any case a change of Government in the middle of an Imperial Conference and on the eve of the Indian Round-Table Conference would be undesirable to the last degree. There is everything to be said for allowing the present Administration to complete the full circle of opportunity unhandicapped by the kind of factious opposition to which a party Government is normally exposed. However irritating this restraint may be to their critics, it will prove in the end to serve the national interest best.

Ratification

A brief and simple ceremony in London yesterday apprised the world that a notable point has been reached in the unending endeavour of statesmen to improve international relationships ; for the three principal naval countries, for the first time in modern history, have now constitutionally bound themselves to limit their naval forces in every class and in technical equipment. The limitation and reduction of armaments by mutual agreement is perhaps simply the triumph of common sense ; but how difficult of achievement it can be in a world in which rivalry and suspicion actuate national policies is proved by the apparently insoluble problems that present it in other arms and between other nations ; and indeed yesterday's ratification was not reached without the most complicated negotiation in a long-drawn-out Conference, which more than once seemed to be on the brink of failure, and which had itself been preceded by years of abortive attempt. A great beginning has been made. Absolute confidence is felt by the three leading naval Powers that none will disturb the equanimity of the other two by a disproportionate or challenging increase of armament ; each trusts the other to keep its means of coercive action within known limits.

The three Powers who have the most to lose by inadequacy of naval strength have agreed to its limitation ; and the hope was expressed by their representatives yesterday that France and Italy might soon be able to enter the naval treaty as full partners in its provisions. They were presumably speaking before they had read the report of SIGNOR MUSSOLINI'S latest and most combative oration, or perhaps even their cautious optimism might have been further qualified. Nevertheless it will be profoundly depressing if the three nations whose sea strength is of vital importance to them, and who have voluntarily curtailed it, find that others, to whom naval armaments cannot have the same crucial significance, are unable or unwilling to follow their example.

A Great Coal Combine

A representative meeting of Lancashire and Cheshire coalowners has "by an overwhelming "majority" approved the principle of a complete amalgamation of the coalmining interests of the coalfield. A committee has been appointed to prepare a scheme. The decision is important, not only because of the size of the projected amalgamation, but equally because it is proof of the resolution and capacity of those who direct the affairs of this great section of a great industry to counter their difficulties with bold constructive measures. Last year the coalfield produced fifteen and a half million tons of coal. It comprises 230 separate pits, large and small. How many of the hundred or so that rank as small will be found suitable for inclusion in a comprehensive amalgamation scheme will be an interesting discovery when the scheme in due time is divulged. Consolidation has been the policy of the Lancashire coalmining industry ever since the Act of 1926 provided facilities for reorganization by the merging of needlessly competitive interests. Four combines together own seventy-one pits and normally employ 40,000 men, or about one-half the miners of the area. The step from this stage of organization to the next, which, if successfully arranged, will bring all the substantial undertakings of the coalfield under one direction, is of course enormous. But what has been accomplished in a comparatively short time—less than four years—has supplied the necessary demonstration and argument for proceeding much further on the same lines. Lancashire is indeed giving a remarkable example of industrial organization on a grand scale. Coal is showing the way to cotton. But it is not only in this respect that the Lancashire coalowners are promoting the industry's economic welfare. Mechanization is steadily increasing. The proportion of the output got by coal-cutting machines in Lancashire was 26.6 per cent. in 1928 and 30.6 per cent. last year. Conveyors are also being more extensively used. Adversity is a hard teacher, but its lessons are not being lost.

Lancashire coalowners are commercially, to a large extent, on the defensive. Notwithstanding the size of its mining industry Lancashire tends to become in normal times a coal-importing county. Its industries are an attractive market for adjacent Yorkshire and Derbyshire coal. Yorkshire has nine miners for every four in Lancashire, but Lancashire's manufacturing industries employ eighteen workpeople for every fourteen employed in Yorkshire. Moreover the Lancashire mines have some initial disadvantages in the competition of the day. Costs of production are higher. The average day's wage of the Lancashire miner is a shilling less than the Yorkshireman's ; but the wages cost of producing a ton of coal is considerably more than two shillings greater in Lancashire, and Yorkshire coal is got, on the average, at between three and four shillings a ton less than Lancashire coal. That is not, of course, the end of the financial story or it would be a dismal one for Lancashire. Lancashire coal, sold entirely in a near market, yields nearly three shillings a ton more to the producer than Yorkshire coal does. But what of the future ? In Lancashire the mines work an eight-hour day and in Yorkshire and North Derbyshire a seven-and-a-half-hour day ; but when December comes the Lancashire mines must conform to the law which fixes the daily spell of work underground at seven and a half hours unless the miners agree to a "spread-over" of working time, which will lengthen the hours of five days in order to shorten those of the sixth. The "spread-"over" would be a great boon to the Lancashire industry and it rests with the miners to say whether or not it shall be secured. Without it Lancashire's difficulties will be increased and the natural advantage of close proximity to markets reduced. Even with the "spread-over" the Lancashire coal industry has difficult days ahead of it. But its leaders lack neither courage nor enterprise. It is not for coalowners any more than other mortals to command success, but they can deserve it.

Maternal Mortality

The MINISTER OF HEALTH expressed the view yesterday, at the fifth Conference on Maternal Mortality, that some sixty per cent. of fatal cases occurring before childbirth are preventible. This estimate may or may not be correct ; but, so long as wide differences in figures of mortality are recorded as between country and country—for example, the difference between this country and France—and between area and area of the same country, the case for action must remain overwhelming. MR. GREENWOOD did not commit himself to any details of future policy. He had not got a national maternity scheme cut and dried. He stated, however, that the Government were committed to the objective of a national scheme fulfilling all the principles laid down in the successive reports ; and he urged that in the meantime local authorities should use the powers they possessed already, and that those engaged in the existing maternity service should be kept in touch with the most recent research, knowledge, and experience.

There will be general agreement with these opinions and with these hopes. But anxiety must remain about the methods of realizing them which the Government proposes to adopt. MR. GREENWOOD spoke in somewhat guarded terms about forging "a bond of partnership "between the National Health Insurance "scheme and the local health authorities under "a great national umbrella which would give a "real, effective maternity scheme on a national "basis." It is clear that his words admit of several interpretations. They might even be taken to foreshadow a complete medical service under the general control of the State. If this idea exists in the mind of the MINISTER of HEALTH the difficulties in the way of legislation to which he made reference are likely to be greatly increased by the opposition both of patients and of doctors. Too little recognition is shown in most official quarters of the excellent work now being done for mothers and infants by voluntary agencies. These agencies form at the present time a basis on which a national scheme may properly be built up, and no scheme which neglects them is likely to command general approval. The Conference passed unanimously a resolution urging the co-ordination of this voluntary effort with the work of public authorities "in order to enlist the widest "interest and support." MR. GREENWOOD will do well to heed that expression of opinion.

Reproof by Wireless

Those—and they are many—who think children to-day have too good a time, as compared with the time their parents had, will be glad to know that a new terror has come to overshadow the single-figure years. There may be less hitting and standing in corners and fewer journeys supperless to bed in these easy-going times, but those who are now adult have at any rate escaped the ignominy of public denunciation. American children are proverbially well treated, and, perhaps as a direct consequence, the new discipline is originating over there. American radio companies are ahead of the B.B.C. in the facilities they offer parents. If the child is pulling the cat's tail and refuses to let go, or is otherwise developing his personality on his own lines, the parent has only to creep to the telephone and, in a voice drowned by the miaowings or other pandemonium, to confide his troubles, and his child's name, to the Radio Company. Very soon an astonished and ashamed young listener hears himself denounced and knows that his name is mud throughout the civilized world. There is an obvious danger that publicity on such a scale may prove an incentive to wrongdoing, and that not to be denounced on the wireless will be for the very young Americans a proof of poor spirit. Like hip flasks in American colleges or duelling scars in German corps, wireless denunciations may become honourable mentions, and there may even be parents who will share the pride and concoct offences for the Radio to scold.

Yet, at a time when entry to all professions is being made more difficult, a British parent must think twice before taking so drastic a step. Years after, when he has grown grey in supporting his son and his son's wife and children, it will be bitter to hear his son explaining that all his chances of prosperity were ruined when, in one costly moment, his impatient father cast him to the broadcasters. Radio reproof may well prove the sort of punishment of which a father can truthfully and prophetically say that it is hurting him more than the child. Of course crafty parents may attempt to use the radio to advance the family fortunes, selecting those faults which are splendid and gladly pardoned and which suggest unusual gifts. Even denunciations for pulling the tails of cats may suggest to some listening Hagenbeck that here is the child he wants. Prize fighters, who have to master publicity young, will find their astute fathers building up reputations for them as doughty warriors before they have left their prams, and the possibility of a film career will lead many parents into extravagant inventions designed to make the listening magnates of Hollywood summon the remarkable children whose misdeeds they overhear. But the radio, once it has acquired the habit of scolding, may come to enjoy it as many a wife has done. Having begun with the children it will go on to the parents, for the existence of unruly children is something for which parents can always be blamed. From scolding the children it will be but one step, and that an obvious one, to advise the parents ; and no clear line divides advice from censure. The radio companies, whose motto is service, seem, in short, to be at the beginning of a tremendous moral task—that is, of uplifting and correcting the community by the powerful weapon of public shame. Nothing is better calculated to make wireless a necessity in every home than to include in the programme the giving of corrective advice—upon data that the neighbourhood will anonymously, but gladly and copiously, supply.

THE NEXT ELECTION

CONSERVATIVES IN THE NORTH

MR. BALDWIN AND THE PARTY MEETING

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I venture, as one who is familiar with the political feeling in the northern counties, to state very shortly the situation that Conservative candidates will have to face at the next General Election.

The majority of the manufacturers, coalowners, and industrialists generally are now convinced protectionists, and their employees, with the exception of the miners, are beginning to realize that some form of safeguarding is necessary against unfair foreign competition. But this process of conversion is a slow one, and I have no hesitation in saying that the bulk of the working class, which still remains loyal to the Socialist Party, will be inclined to vote in favour of free trade so long as it is the accepted policy of its party.

The workers have been consistently taught during the last 20 or 30 years to distrust the good faith of the Conservatives and are suspicious, therefore, that even the policy of safeguarding is designed in the interests of the employers. They are firmly convinced that unemployment would disappear if they were given higher wages, and they fully believe that, if a Socialist Government had a majority of its own in the House of Commons, it could and would fulfil all its promises.

In these circumstances it is clear that Conservative candidates in the industrial areas have a difficult task before them, and yet, if the Conservative Party is to have a majority in the next House of Commons, it is essential that it should regain at any rate the seats in the north that it lost at the last election.

In the north, Mr. Baldwin is more trusted among Conservative working-class people than any other Conservative leader, and it seems to me that if the party adopts the policy laid down by him—which, as I understand it, includes a free hand to safeguard our own manufactures from unfair foreign competition, stringent national economy, and the right to negotiate the best arrangement possible for a system of preference between ourselves and the Dominions designed to assist our agriculturists and to promote our export trade—we in the north shall be able to compete with a fair chance of success against the "dear food" cry which is certain to be raised against us. But that cry is going to be a very potent factor at the next General Election, and, if the party is so misguided as to allow itself to be carried away by the extremists and to accept a more drastic protectionist policy, Conservative candidates will have a bad time in industrial constituencies in the north.

Yours faithfully,
CUTHBERT HEADLAM.
Holywell, Durham, Oct. 25.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I feel that Lord Wittenham, by his letter in your issue of to-day, and more especially by his previous letter of last month, shows that he fails to keep as much in touch with Conservative opinion generally as he was wont to do when I first recollect him as a useful back-bencher in the House of Commons. The virulent campaign of vilification and detraction ruthlessly carried on for the last few years against Mr. Baldwin has not affected the Conservative Party as a whole to the extent that Lord Wittenham apparently supposes. It is quite true that any disgruntled nobody can be assured of a sounding-board in the popular Press, to the tune of several million copies a day, if he has anything to say against his party or his leader, and that this continual drip takes in a certain number of simple-minded people ; but it is a mistake to suppose that all this goes very much beyond the surface. There is something deeper than journalism, and that is character.

The truth is, Sir, that the Conservative Party at the moment is suffering, I hope only temporarily, from a plethora of tinpot leaders who seem to have forgotten that there are such fundamental things, in the face of a well-disciplined enemy, as team-play and loyalty ; one never knows nowadays whether someone will not suddenly turn round and kick a goal against his own side. In former times nobody would have trounced this like Lord Wittenham.

I have the honour to be your obedient servant,
CLIVE MORRISON-BELL.
House of Commons, Oct. 27.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—There should be widespread support for Sir Burton Chadwick's suggestion in your columns to-day that a ballot should immediately be taken on the subject of the Conservative leadership. The present situation is intolerable, and there can be little hope of victory in the great campaign which lies before the party until the controversy which rages round this essential point has been definitely settled.

Is not the electorate suggested by Sir Burton Chadwick unnecessarily wide ? If voting papers were sent to the sitting member, the prospective candidate, or, where none has been selected, to the chairman of the local Conservative Association of every constituency, the result would be sufficiently representative. Two questions should be asked :—

1. Do you wish Mr. Baldwin to continue in the leadership of the Conservative Party ?
2. If not, whom do you propose as his successor ?

The tabulated figures should be published, to avoid misrepresentation, but otherwise the ballot should be secret. In this way the nation and Mr. Baldwin would be able to assess at their true value the contending voices in this controversy, and I hope that Sir Burton Chadwick's suggestion may find favour with our leader.

Yours faithfully,
G. K. M. MASON.
House of Commons, Oct. 27.

THE VICTORIANS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As one born in the Victorian fifties I am grateful to Lady Leconfield for so ably exploding some of the absurdities that have gathered round Victorians and are accepted by Georgians.

In provincial life, with which I was most familiar, we were brought up in a wide and cultivated tradition. We had very definite duties in the family and in the countryside. Our governesses were scholarly and cultured and strictly trained for their profession. In sports we hunted regularly, rode hard, and had a sound knowledge of horsemanship and hunting. Lawn tennis arrived in the seventies and speedily caught on in country houses. We had our balls, our theatricals, and our shooting parties, and wore sensible country clothes out of doors. The usual two or three months in London saved us from being too provincial. Riding in the Row, accompanied by father or brother attired in trousers, black coat and top hat, driving in a coach to the fireworks at the Crystal Palace or to river parties, provided occasions for young people to disappear in pairs—opportunities which young Victorians were quite as capable of taking as young Georgians ; and in my recollection the shadow of Mrs. Grundy was no more alarming than to the cheerful boys and girls of to-day.

I am, Sir, faithfully yours,
KATHARINE PARSONS.
1, Upper Brook-street, W.1, Oct. 24.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I was very glad to read Lady Leconfield's vindication of Victorian days, to which I also belong, as I have often felt indignant at the idea present-day people have of them. Fainting and hysteria are supposed to have been common among women, and sal-volatile in constant requisition. I personally can remember nothing of the kind. We led a strenuous life in every way. We danced vigorously, even if it were the polka and gallop, as well as the waltz ; and the lancers, although a "square" dance, was brisk and exciting, especially the "inside-outside" chain of the last figure. Its liveliness sometimes resulted in disaster, for I remember the undignified figure of a semi-Royal marquess—then on a visit to Dublin Castle—who had come to grief on the boards owing to the too rapid movements of the other dancers.

Lawn tennis was played a lot, and the names of some of the then players are still enshrined in the archives of that game. I need not allude to the other sports Lady Leconfield mentions. In addition, we were great walkers, not only in our own country but among the High Alps.

My environment was not, of course, the same as Lady Leconfield's, as I lived in Ireland, but still it was in Victorian days. She does not touch on women's education, but examinations and degrees for them had started in our ancient University. I do think we were better linguists and had more general culture than the present-day highly certificated young woman. And at a time when there was no "fashionable slumming" it was not uncommon for girls to give up a great deal of time to better the condition of the poor, who are so really poor in Dublin, and to try to improve their dwelling-places by running houses on Octavia Hill lines.

As to Queen Victoria herself, she was, alas ! more shadow than substance to us. Yet we all respected her from a distance and appreciated the good moral influence she exercised on all around her.

Yours truly,
M. E. DELMEGE.

PARLIAMENT TO-DAY

OPENING BY THE KING

PARTIES AND POLICIES

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

The second Session of the second Labour Government will be opened by the King at noon to-day. This will be the first occasion when a Labour Government has been in office that the King has opened Parliament in person, and also the first time that he has performed the ceremony since his illness. The opening in July of last year was deprived of much of its customary ceremonial. Parliament was then opened by a Royal Commission, consisting of the Lord Chancellor, the late Archbishop Lord Davidson, the late Lord Kintore, Lord Denman, and Lord Southborough, and the King's Speech was read by the Lord Chancellor.

When the ceremony to-day is over both Houses will adjourn ; the Commons until 3 o'clock and the Lords until 4.15. The debate on the Address in reply to the King's Speech will then be begun. In the House of Lords the Address will be moved by Lord Sanderson, and seconded by Lord Marks, and the Address is likely to be voted before the House rises. In the Commons the Address will be moved by Mr. Charleton, and seconded by Mr. W. B. Taylor. After Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Lloyd George, and the Prime Minister have spoken, the debate will be adjourned until to-morrow. The present indications are that the debate will last until well into next week, and that the Address may not be voted until the Wednesday night. It is probable that the official Conservative amendment will not be moved until Monday.

There have been several changes of *personnel* in both Houses since Parliament rose at the beginning of August. The House of Lords has lost by death such distinguished men as Lord Birkenhead, the Duke of Northumberland, Lord Thomson, and Lord Brotherton. Lord Amulree, the new Air Minister, will to-day take his seat on the Government bench in the Upper House for the first time. Vacancies have been caused in the Commons by the death of Mr. Gosling, Mr. Mackinder, Commodore King, and Mr. MacRobert. A valued public servant, Sir Lonsdale Webster, the Clerk of the House of Commons, has also died, and his place will be taken by Mr. H. C. Dawkins, formerly the Clerk Assistant. There has been one change among members of the Government in the lower House, caused by the resignation through ill-health of Sir James Melville, the former Solicitor-General. His successor, Sir Stafford Cripps, has not yet a seat in Parliament, but it is probable that he will be invited to contest that at Whitechapel rendered vacant by the death of Mr. Gosling.

THE CONSERVATIVE MEETING

Much interest is being taken in the Conservative Party meeting at the Caxton Hall on Thursday morning, at which Mr. Baldwin will expound the programme on which he proposes to fight the next General Election. It was stated at Conservative headquarters yesterday that, in response to the express desire of several candidates to attend the meeting, Mr. Baldwin, through Mr. Chamberlain, the chairman of the Party Organization, had issued invitations to officially adopted candidates and to former members of Parliament who intend to stand again. Accordingly the meeting will be attended by Conservative peers, members of Parliament, and candidates.

No announcement has yet been made about the chairmanship and procedure of the meeting. It was suggested yesterday that it would be in accordance with precedent on such an occasion that Mr. Baldwin himself should preside. There are, however, obvious objections to this course in the special circumstances of the case—for example, Mr. Baldwin would clearly be handicapped in conducting the discussion if his own leadership were seriously to be called in question—and the general opinion in the party seemed to be that the chair would most fitly be taken by Sir Bolton Eyres-Monsell as Chief Whip.

A meeting of the Liberal Parliamentary Party was held last evening, when Mr. Lloyd George was re-elected as leader. The Whips were also re-elected, and reports were presented of the work done during the recess by Mr. Lloyd George and other Liberal leaders in regard to unemployment. Members of the party were made aware of the progress of the negotiations with Mr. MacDonald and other Ministers. Mr. Ernest Brown and Mr. Foot, the two Liberal members of the three-party committee on the finances of the Unemployment Insurance Fund, also reported the result of the meetings of the committee so far as they have gone. It is expected that there will be a reference in the King's Speech to an inquiry into the subject. It is known that certain members of the Government favour the appointment of yet another Royal Commission. Any reference in the King's Speech to electoral reform will probably be in vague terms. It is unlikely that the alternative vote will be specifically mentioned. The Liberal Party meeting was adjourned, and will be resumed at the House of Commons to-day. Last night the Liberal Shadow Cabinet met. Yesterday morning Mr. Lloyd George saw Mr. Greenwood, the Minister of Health, with whom he discussed questions relating to housing and town-planning.

CEREMONIAL PLANS

ORDER OF THE ROYAL PROCESSION

The ceremonial arrangements for the opening of Parliament are similar to those made on the last occasion when the King performed the ceremony, two years ago. Accompanied by the Queen, his Majesty will drive in State from Buckingham Palace to the House of Lords in the old State Coach, drawn by eight bay horses on which postilions, wearing the Royal liveries, will be mounted. A Sovereign's escort of the Royal Horse Guards will attend their Majesties, and on either side of their coach will march a guard of mounted equerries, and of yeomen of the Royal Bodyguard of Yeomen of the Guard on foot.

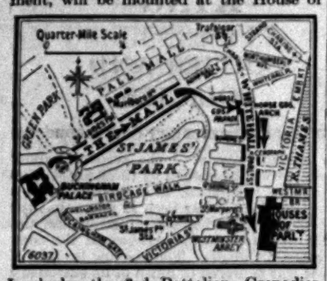
The Royal procession will comprise five carriages in addition to the State Coach. It will leave Buckingham Palace at 11.20 a.m., and will go to the Houses of Parliament by way of The Mall, Horse Guards Arch, Whitehall, Parliament-street, and Parliament-square. The Great Officers of State will be assembled at the Royal entrance to the Palace of Westminster, beneath the Victoria Tower, to receive their Majesties when they alight from the State Coach. As the King reaches the House of Lords a signal will go out from the Victoria Tower, and the first gun of a salute of 41 guns will be fired from the south-west corner of St. James's Park by "J" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery. The Royal carriage conveying the Crown will have left St. James's Palace for the House of Lords at 11, with an escort of the Royal Horse Guards. After Parliament has been opened the King and Queen will return to Buckingham Palace by the same route, and with the same escorts as before. The carriage bearing the Crown, and its attendant escort, will make the return journey behind their Majesties' procession.

The following are the approximate times at which the Royal procession will reach various points on its way to Westminster :—

	a.m.
Leave Buckingham Palace ..	11.20
The Mall (Duke of York's Steps)	11.30
Horse Guards Arch	11.35
Whitehall (The Cenotaph) ..	11.40
Parliament-square	11.43
House of Lords	11.45

The streets on the route will be lined by the 2nd and 3rd Battalions, Grenadier Guards, 1st and 2nd Battalions, Coldstream Guards, 1st Battalion, Scots Guards, and 1st Battalion, Irish

Guards. Bands of the Foot Guards will be posted at Stable Yard Gate, Duke of York's Steps, and in Bridge-street. The King's Guard, completed to 100 rank and file, with the King's Colour and the band of the regiment, will be furnished by the 1st Battalion, Coldstream Guards and mounted as a Guard of Honour in the Quadrangle of Buckingham Palace. Another Guard of Honour, also with the King's Colour and the band of the regiment, will be mounted at the House of



Lords by the 3rd Battalion, Grenadier Guards. A dismounted party of the Royal Horse Guards, with two trumpeters, will be posted at the Victoria Tower.

THE PROCESSION

The order of the procession from Buckingham Palace will be as follows:—

FIRST CARRIAGE

Mr. John Colville, Page of Honour.
Mr. Neville Wigram, Page of Honour.
Brigadier-General Robert McCalmont, Exon of the Yeomen of the Guard.
Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Smith, Field Officer in Brigade Waiting.

SECOND CARRIAGE

Lieutenant-Colonel Dennis C. Boles, Silver Stick in Waiting.
Sir Harry Verney, Groom in Waiting.
Mr. Thomas Henderson, Comptroller of the Household.
Mr. Ben Smith, Treasurer of the Household.

THIRD CARRIAGE

Lieutenant-Colonel Lord Stamfordham, Private Secretary.
Sir Frederick Ponsonby, Treasurer to the King and Keeper of the Privy Purse.
Major-General Lord Loch, Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard.
The Marquess of Anglesey, Lord Chamberlain to the Queen.

FOURTH CARRIAGE

Brigadier-General Viscount Hampden, Lord in Waiting.
Admiral the Hon. Sir Stanley Colville, Vice-Admiral of the United Kingdom.
Major-General the Hon. Sir Cecil Bingham, Gold Stick in Waiting.
Lady Victoria Weld Forester, Woman of the Bedchamber.

FIFTH CARRIAGE

The Earl of Shaftesbury, Lord Steward.
The Earl of Granard, Master of the Horse.
Lady Desborough, Lady in Waiting.
The Duchess of Devonshire, Mistress of the Robes.

SIXTH CARRIAGE

THE KING AND QUEEN.

In Attendance on Horseback

Colonel Arthur Erskine, Crown Equerry.
Colonel Sir Clive Wigram, Equerry.
Lieutenant-Colonel Lord Alastair Innes-Ker, Equerry.

AT WESTMINSTER

The official order of "Ceremonial of his Majesty's Proceeding to Parliament" is as follows:—

The Great Officers of State and others assemble at the Royal entrance beneath the Victoria Tower, at the Palace of Westminster, at 11.45 a.m., in order to receive his Majesty upon alighting from the State Carriage, when the Procession moves up the staircase to the Robing Room in the following Order:—

Rouge Croix Pursuivant. P. W. Kerr, Esq.	Rouge Dragon Pursuivant. E. N. Geller, Esq.
Portcullis Pursuivant. J. T. Bulkeley, Esq.	Bluemantle Pursuivant. A. J. Toppin, Esq.
Somerset Herald. G. E. Bellew, Esq.	York Herald. The Hon. Philip Cary.
Lancaster Herald. A. G. B. Russell, Esq.	Windsor Herald. Major A. H. S. Howard.
Gentleman Usher to His Majesty. Rear-Admiral Arthur Bromley.	Gentleman Usher to His Majesty. Captain Humphrey Lloyd.
Equerry in Waiting to His Majesty. Lieutenant-Colonel Lord Alastair Innes-Ker.	Crown Equerry. Colonel A. E. Erskine. Equerry in Waiting to His Majesty. Colonel Sir Clive Wigram.
Secretary at Arms. Sir Stanley Oswald, Esq.	The Comptroller of His Majesty's Household. T. Henderson, Esq.
	The Treasurer of His Majesty's Household. B. Smith, Esq.
	Secretary at Arms. Sir Francis Bryant.
The Private Secretary to His Majesty. Lieutenant-Colonel the Lord Stamfordham.	The Treasurer to the King and Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse. The Rt. Hon. Sir Frederick Ponsonby.
	Clarenceux King of Arms. A. W. S. Cochrane, Esq.
The Lord Privy Seal. The Rt. Hon. V. Hartshorn.	The Lord President of the Council. The Lord Parmoor.
	The Lord High Chancellor. The Lord Sankey.
The Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod. Lieut.-Gen. Sir William Pulteney.	Garter Principal King of Arms. Sir Gerald Wollaston.
The Earl Marshal. The Duke of Norfolk.	The Lord Great Chamberlain. Viscount Lewisham.
The Sword of State carried by The Marquess of Crewe.	The Cap of Maintenance carried by The Marquess of Londonderry.

The King's Most Excellent Majesty,
Accompanied by
Her Majesty The Queen.

Pages of Honour.
Neville Wigram, Esq. — Edward Legge-Bourke, Esq.
John Colville, Esq. — Alfred Hesketh-Prichard, Esq.

	The Groom of the Robes. The Hon. Montague Eliot.
	The Mistress of the Robes. The Duchess of Devonshire.
The Woman of the Bedchamber.	The Lady of the Bedchamber.
Lady Victoria Weld-Forester.	The Lady Desborough.
The Master of the Horse. The Earl of Granard.	The Lord Steward. The Earl of Shaftesbury.
Vice-Admiral of the United Kingdom. Admiral the Hon. Sir Stanley Colville.	The Gold Stick in Waiting. Maj.-Gen. the Hon. Sir Cecil Bingham.
The Lord Chamberlain to Her Majesty. The Marquess of Anglesey.	The Lord in Waiting to His Majesty. Brig.-Gen. the Viscount Hampden.
Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard. Maj.-Gen. The Lord Loch.	Captain of the Corps of Gentlemen at Arms. General The Earl of Cavan.
Principal Air Aide-de-Camp to His Air Marshal Sir Edward Ellington.	First and Principal Naval Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty. Admiral Sir Edwyn Alexander-Sinclair.
	Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty. General Sir Robert Whigham.
Comptroller of the Lord Chamberlain's Office. Colonel the Hon. Sir George Crichton.	The Gentleman Usher to the Sword of State. Sir Reginald Brade.
The Field Officer in Brigade Waiting. Lieut.-Col. Arthur Smith.	The Silver Stick in Waiting. Lieut.-Col. D. C. Boles.

and

An Officer of the respective Corps of the Gentlemen at Arms and Yeomen of the Guard, closing the Procession.

His Majesty having put on the Royal Robes in the Robing Room, the Procession advances into the House of Peers.

The King being seated on the Throne, the Peer bearing the Cap of Maintenance stands on the steps of the Throne, on the right, and the Peer bearing the Sword of State, on the left of His Majesty.

The Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, and the Earl Marshal stand on the right of His Majesty; the Lord Great Chamberlain stands on the steps of the Throne, on the left hand of His Majesty, to receive the Royal Commands.

The officers of His Majesty's Household arrange themselves on each side of the steps of the Throne in the rear of the Great Officers of State.

When His Majesty retires, the Procession returns in the same order as before to the Robing Room, where His Majesty unrobes and is conducted thence to the State Carriage.

NORFOLK,
Earl Marshal.

NOTE.—The Cap of Maintenance is borne only from the Robing Room to and from the House.

The Knights of the several Orders are to wear their respective Collars.
Full Dress with Trousers.

TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

The traffic regulations issued by the Acting Commissioner of Metropolitan Police for the opening of Parliament include the following provisions:—

TRAFFIC TO THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT, WHITEHALL, ABINGDON-STREET, &C.

The carriages of Peers, Members of Parliament, Ambassadors, and Ministers will approach the Houses of Parliament by the following routes:—

(*a*) Charing Cross, Whitehall, Parliament-street, and St. Margaret's-street.
(*b*) Victoria-street and Parliament-square.
(*c*) Birdcage-walk, Great George-street, and Parliament-square.
(*d*) Victoria Embankment, for setting down at the Clock Tower Entrance up to noon, if practicable.

Carriages driving by routes (*b*) and (*c*) will enter the line at St. Margaret's-street by St. Margaret's Church. Carriages may pass by the routes (*a*), (*b*), and (*c*) up to 11.15 a.m., when traffic will be stopped, and no vehicle will be permitted on any part of the line of route of the procession until their Majesties have passed the Horse Guards on the return to Buckingham Palace.

Peers and Members of Parliament on foot may obtain access to the Houses of Parliament by way of St. Margaret's Churchyard, entering by the gate opposite Westminster Hospital. Carriages setting down in New Palace Yard will be ranked on the North side. No carriages will be permitted to wait in Abingdon-street after setting down; those of Ambassadors and Ministers will be ranked in Great College-street and vicinity.

Carriages of persons having tickets of admission to the Houses of Parliament or to houses on the line of route of the procession will approach by the routes (*a*), (*b*), and (*c*) above-mentioned up to 11 a.m. Carriages will wait in Broad Sanctuary and Princes-street. Those setting down in Abingdon-street will be ranked in Smith-square and vicinity, and those setting down by Westminster Pier will be ranked on the Victoria Embankment.

Persons on foot proceeding to the Houses of Parliament will be permitted to pass through St. Margaret's Churchyard, provided they produce for inspection tickets of admission.

Persons on foot with tickets of admission to houses in Whitehall, Parliament-street, Old Palace Yard, and Abingdon-street will be admitted at Whitehall near the Horse Guards, and at the passage in Horse Guards-avenue leading to Whitehall-gardens, at Derby-street, King Charles-street, and at Millbank or Great College-street up to 11 a.m., if practicable.

GENERAL VEHICULAR AND FOOT TRAFFIC

General vehicular traffic will be stopped on the line of route of the procession and at the following points at 10.30 a.m., and after that time no vehicle will be permitted to pass or take up a position at any of the undermentioned places:—

Wellington Arch, Constitution-hill, Marlborough-gate, Buckingham-gate (entrance to park), Queen Anne's-gate, Storey's-gate, Birdcage-walk, Horse Guards Parade, the Mall (St. James's Park), Admiralty Arch, Whitehall (from statue at Charing Cross), Whitehall-place, Horse Guards-avenue, Derby-street, Cannon-row, King Charles-street, Great George-street, Bridge-street, Broad Sanctuary, Princes-street, Great College-street, Millbank, Wood-street. Exception will be made only in the case of members of either of the Houses of Parliament, Ambassadors, and Ministers, whose carriages will be allowed to pass up to 11.15 a.m.

The footways in St. Margaret's-street outside New Palace-yard, in Old Palace-yard and Abingdon-street, and in front of the Horse Guards will be kept clear from 11 a.m.

At 10.30 a.m. vehicles proceeding north and south at Charing Cross will be diverted by way of Northumberland-avenue and the Victoria Embankment, or by the Strand and Waterloo Bridge. Vehicular traffic to and from Victoria Station will proceed by way of Piccadilly and Grosvenor-place.

GOVERNMENT POLICY IN PALESTINE

WHITECHAPEL PROTEST MEETING

Between 3,000 and 4,000 of the Jewish population in East London were present at a meeting held at the Pavilion Theatre, Whitechapel, last night to protest against the recent White Paper issued by the Government containing a statement of policy in regard to Palestine. Hundreds were turned away by the police and many waited outside the theatre while the meeting was in progress. Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the Zionist Organization and the Jewish Agency, who decided to resign in consequence of the Government's new declaration of policy, was the principal speaker, and Mr. Nahum Sokolow, president of the World Zionist Executive, was in the chair.

The CHAIRMAN, who spoke principally in Yiddish, said that the meeting was called to voice a vigorous protest against the White Paper. The whole of the Jewish World, and many who were not Jews, were indignant at this false interpretation of the Balfour Declaration; and they intended to protest determinedly. What was the Balfour Declaration? They had not approached the British Government with an empty formula. It had been passed by Commission after Commission and been confirmed by the League of Nations.

"I ask you—is this treaty a scrap of paper? If it is, then the Bible is a scrap of paper."

DR. WEIZMANN, who also spoke in Yiddish, said that they were faced with a crisis which began with a pogrom, as all these things began; always the Jews were blamed and new decrees and restrictions were imposed. It was an old story. The White Paper professed to give the only interpretation to the Balfour Declaration. It took the kernel and left the shell. At Geneva England had been told by the Mandates Commission that she had neglected both the Jews and the Arabs. Now she remembered only the Arabs. The Palestinian Administration had been whitewashed and the sins of the Jews set out. Whatever they did was wrong. It was the duty of the Government to say to the Arabs that the Jewish people had a right in Palestine. They did not arraign the British people but the British Government. The Socialist Government had had their opportunity. The Jewish race had been stabbed in the back, but their wounds would heal.

PROFESSOR S. BRODETSKY, of Leeds University, said that this White Paper, by its tone even more than by its contents, was an insult directed at the Jewish people throughout the world.

A resolution was passed protesting against the Government's policy set out in the White Paper and demanding that the Government should honour the terms of the Balfour Declaration

TARIFF COMMISSION IN IRELAND

FREE STATE GOVERNMENT'S DECISION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

DUBLIN, OCT. 27

The Irish Free State Government has decided to make the Tariff Commission a whole-time tribunal, consisting of three higher-grade Civil servants. This body will take the place of the existing Tariff Commission, which is a part-time body.

The change is necessitated by the large volume of applications which is to be made for tariffs on butter, oats, bacon, and other agricultural products. It is felt that a full-time tribunal could give more attention to the applications than one consisting of part-time members only, and it is the considered policy of the Government that tariffs will be imposed only when the case for and against them is publicly examined by the Tariff Commission, and when the commission recommends that a tariff should be imposed.

The chairman of the new body will be Mr. Henry O'Friel, secretary to the Department of Justice.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

MANCHESTER, OCT. 27

The following appointments in the Faculty of Technology have been made:—Mr. J. C. Oakden, M.A. (Cambridge), M.Sc.Tech. (Manchester), A.M.I.Mech.E., at present Assistant Lecturer in Mechanical Engineering, to be a Lecturer in that subject; Mr. Willie Jackson, M.Sc. (Manchester), Lecturer in Electrical Engineering; Mr. S. M. Neale, M.Sc. (Liverpool), Lecturer in Cellulose Chemistry; Mr. R. H. Grundy, M.Eng., Ph.D. (Liverpool), A.M.I.Mech.E., and Mr. J. R. Whittaker, B.Sc. (Manchester), Assistant Lecturers in Mechanical Engineering.

The Council have appointed Professor J. L. Stocks, D.S.O., M.A., as Presenter of Honorary Graduants in succession to Honorary Professor S. Alexander.

ABERDEEN, OCT. 27

The Court of the University of Aberdeen, with the concurrence of the directors of the Aberdeen Royal Infirmary, has appointed William Gilbert Evans, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., at present Senior Resident Medical Officer, Mount Vernon Hospital for Cancer, Northwood, Middlesex, as McRobert Lecturer in Malignant Disease, and Radium Officer at the Aberdeen Royal Infirmary.

DAY OF PRAYER FOR INDIA

The secretary of the World's Evangelical Alliance (British Organization) announces that the arrangements for the Day of Prayer for India (Wednesday, November 12) are now completed, the hours fixed being 12 noon, 3 p.m., and 6 p.m. Public gatherings will be held in the Great Hall of the Church House (Great Smith-street, Westminster, S.W.). No tickets are necessary. It is hoped that meetings will be held elsewhere, not only in London but in other parts of the country, for united prayer. Copies of the call to prayer and all particulars will be posted free of charge on application to Mr. H. M. Gooch, the general secretary of the Alliance, at 19, Russell-square, London, W.C.1.

Obituary

MR. H. P. WHITNEY

FINANCIER AND SPORTSMAN

Mr. Harry Payne Whitney, who died of pneumonia in New York City at the age of 58, was well known the world over as a financier and a sportsman. He had inherited a large fortune as a young man, and he gave much of his time to the various business interests which that entailed, besides devoting a great deal of his energy, enthusiasm, and money to a wide range of sports, which included polo, racing, yachting, lawn tennis, and riding.

Born in New York in 1872, Mr. Whitney graduated from Yale University in 1894. Thereafter his business interests lay chiefly in banking and mining. He was president of the Whitney Realty Company and a director of the Guaranty Trust Company, one of the largest financial institutions in the world. It was estimated that his fortune exceeded $200,000,000 (£40,000,000). He was prominent in the social life of New York City and Newport, Rhode Island, where so many leading Americans have built palatial residences along the coast. In 1896 he married Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, a daughter of Cornelius Vanderbilt, and granddaughter of the famous Commodore, who was so well known in old days in the city of New York and founded the New York Central Railway. Mrs. Whitney survives him with a family of sons and daughters. She is well known as a sculptor and patron of the arts, and much of her work has been exhibited in this country and on the Continent. Among the best known are the Aztec Fountain in the Pan-American building in Washington, the Titanic Memorial there, and the El Dorado Fountain in New York.

Harry Payne Whitney will be chiefly remembered a a polo player. He had played the game a great deal at the Meadow Brook Club on Long Island for some years before he organized the American team which came to England in 1909 and won the Westchester Cup for the Americans for the first time. That cup had been presented for international competition in 1886 by the Westchester Club and had been won by the English team and retained when the Americans challenged again in 1902. In 1909 Mr. Whitney, who had been steadily improving, realized that the time had come when an American team might challenge again with a reasonable hope of success. Long before he made his challenge he organized his team, which included the Waterbury brothers at No. 1 and No. 2, where they had played in the third game in 1902, and Devereux Milburn at back, with Whitney himself at No. 3. They became known as the "Big Four" and played together in 1909, 1911, and 1913 without losing an international match.

Mr. Whitney captained the side. He had got together a wonderful string of ponies, the best that had till then been seen in the game. He also revolutionized the whole conception of the game by developing the hard hitting and hard galloping style of play. Under him the player did not remain steadfast in his position, but would carry the ball with him down the whole length of the field, while another could fall back to take his place. He had made a close study of the game both in America and in England, where he played frequently at Rugby. The "Big Four" led by Mr. Whitney have definitely left their mark on the game, and modern polo is still played along the lines which he started. In commemoration of the American victory in 1909 he presented to the Hurlingham Club the Whitney Cup, which is competed for there annually.

Mr. Whitney was also much interested in racing, and over 20 years ago maintained a large stud at Newmarket. His horses were well known on all the racing tracks of America; he also devoted himself to thoroughbred horses, being vice-president of the Saratoga Association for the improvement of the breed of horses. He was interested in yachting, and his While Away, of 446 tons, was well known in this country.

Mr. Whitney was associated with Daniel Guggenheim in the development of a large number of enterprises in silver, lead, and copper mines, and had also a number of other business activities.

DR. HAFFKINE

A GREAT BACTERIOLOGIST

By the death of Waldemar Haffkine (announced in a Reuter message in the later editions of *The Times* yesterday) the science of bacteriology loses one of its pioneers, for he was distinguished in the small company of men and women—the number includes Koch, von Behring, Eberth, and Kitasato—whose work serves to-day as one of the foundations of modern medicine. He was the discoverer of vaccines against both cholera and bubonic plague, and as bacteriologist to the Government of India for 22 years was notably successful in the prevention of those diseases. On his retirement the order of C.I.E. was conferred on him, and his work received otherwise wide academic recognition.

Waldemar Mordecai Wolff Haffkine was born at Odessa in March, 1860, and educated at the classical college of Berdiansk and the University of Odessa, whence he graduated in 1884. Until 1888 he was engaged in research work at the Zoological Museum, Odessa, then for a year was Assistant Professor of Physiology at the Geneva Medical School, and for the next four years assistant to Pasteur in Paris. Here he began his search for a preventive inoculation against cholera, and succeeded so far that in 1893, after many experiments on animals and having tried the vaccine on himself, he went out to India to test his discovery on a large scale. He was given an appointment for this purpose by the Indian Government, but had been in it only for a short time—with satisfactory results—when in 1896 plague broke out in Bombay and he was called on to prepare a vaccine against that disease. This he was able to do, too late to control the outbreak, but in time to save innumerable lives, for it was estimated that the vaccine, when used in an epidemic, tended to reduce mortality by 85 per cent. Millions of doses have since been issued.

Later, Haffkine was employed in research at Calcutta until his retirement from the Indian service in 1915. During his term at Bombay he founded the Government Research Laboratory, now the Haffkine Institute. He was a member of many scientific societies and one of the council of the London Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene. In November of last year he was made an honorary Fellow of the Ross Institute. He had lived lately in Paris.

LIEUT.-COLONEL G. BARRY DREW

Lieutenant-Colonel George Barry Drew, D.S.O., late of the 94th Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment), died yesterday at his residence, The Chalet, Sheringham, Norfolk, at the age of 62. He was born on June 14, 1868, second son of Major-General F. Barry Drew, was educated at Wellington and Sandhurst, and entered the Army in 1888. From 1904 to 1907 he was aide-de-camp to General Sir W. Kitchener, Commanding the 3rd Lahore Division, and from 1907 to 1908 was at the Indian Army Headquarters, receiving promotion to major in 1908. He served in The West Yorkshire Regiment throughout the Great War and was mentioned in dispatches and awarded the D.S.O.

THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

MR. THOMAS'S REPLY TO ALLEGATIONS

The British Empire Producers' Organization yesterday entertained at luncheon at the Goldsmiths' Hall Mr. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce for Canada, Mr. Parker J. Moloney, Minister for Markets and Transport for Australia, and Mr. N. C. Havenga, Minister of Finance for the Union of South Africa. Mr. J. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions, who attended, made a speech in which he replied to recent allegations of dissatisfaction with the progress of the Imperial Conference.

SIR EDWARD DAVSON, who presided, said the organization represented the primary producers of the Empire, whose industry was the greatest in the Empire and the most vital to the Dominions. The Chancellor of the Exchequer had told them in the City that they were pessimists. If that much-abused word meant that they realized the gravity of the present situation it might be true. The only pessimism they had, however, was that full advantage would not be taken of the present Imperial Conference.

Mr. H. H. STEVENS, in a survey of the economic outlook, argued that the cause of the present depression was not over-production but mal-distribution. It was not that people were unable to consume what they produced, but they were unable to acquire it. Speaking in general terms, he submitted that the major cause of the world's difficulties lay in the fact that the banking and monetary systems had not functioned efficiently enough to enable the producer to get his supplies to the consumer.

Mr. Parker Moloney said that nobody could look on without feelings of apprehension at the amount of trade that was being frittered away to foreign countries, but which by a proper system of cooperation might be diverted for the benefit of the Empire family. He was not without hope that before the Conference closed they would be able to develop a plan that would to a very large extent realize the aims and the ambitions of everybody.

SOUTH AFRICA'S HOPES

Mr. Havenga pointed out that South Africa, which produced more than half of the world's gold supplies, could not be accused of hoarding gold. He had come prepared on behalf of South Africa to do what he could to secure closer economic cooperation between various parts of the Empire. He was afraid that if he and his colleagues did not succeed at this Conference many people in South Africa who in the past had advocated other policies would have a much better chance of succeeding in the future.

Mr. J. H. THOMAS, in proposing the toast of "The Chairman," said that when he read criticisms of the Imperial Conference attempting to show that no progress was being made, and when he saw advice being given to the Conference by people who knew least what was taking place, he felt tempted to point the moral of their difficulties. Replying to a remark that Australia had conceded preference to Britain for 23 years, Mr. Thomas said that for a longer period the Dominions had enjoyed the protection of the armed forces of Britain, while the trustee security extended to them had been invaluable to them. The Dominions were entitled to think of their own position first of all, and Britain on its side was equally entitled to think of the Old Country first. The problem was not quite so easy as that, because at this moment our trade could be divided into three parts—one-third Empire trade, one-third European, and one-third with the rest of the world. The problem was to see how much of that trade outside of the one-third in the Dominions could be exchanged to the mutual advantage of the Dominions as a whole.

Visitors from Australia, Mr. Thomas declared, said that their policy was one of tariffs and our Canadian friends said that their policy was one of tariffs, but their reasons for tariffs were entirely different. They made it perfectly clear that, against whomsoever the tariffs might have to be directed, they wanted to develop their secondary industries, and they were going to put a tariff on to do so. What they did not like was that when they came to these functions and tried to give expression to their own views, not what they said as a whole, but part of what they said should be exploited.

"I want to say quite clearly," Mr. Thomas continued, "that so far as the Imperial Conference is concerned, it is not true to say, as is alleged, that there is dissatisfaction. It is not true to say that there is mere conflict inside. On the contrary it is true to say that we are considering at this moment problems of vital interest to the future of the British Commonwealth. There are different views and different methods of bringing things about, but every Dominion will agree with me when I say that our policy up to this moment has not been to dogmatize that our particular view is the only view, but to see how far we can throw into the common pool all our ideas with the view that something shall emerge that will be to the advantage of all.

"I, like them, take a very serious view of this Conference. I have never hesitated to take my stand as one of those who believe that the British Commonwealth of Nations has been not only a force for good in the past, but that it must be, in my judgment, a real directing force for the world's progress. There was never an Imperial Conference held where people looked more for something material to come from it. I dread to think what will happen if they are disappointed."

Mr. Thomas pointed out that Australia and Canada both had their difficulties, and that Great Britain was anxious to help them. Our difficulties, he added, would not be solved by saying, "We are Labour men," or "We are Liberals," or "We are Tories." They could only be solved by a clear recognition that there was a heritage given to us of which we were proud. Not one of the Dominion delegates had come here as a Liberal, as a Conservative, or as a Labour man. They had come representing their Dominions. That was also the spirit in which the British Government had come into the Conference.

FIRE AT GLASGOW GARAGE

ONE HUNDRED MOTOR-CARS DESTROYED

Four hundred occupants of the Great Eastern Hotel, a working men's dwelling in Glasgow, had to hurry to safety during a fierce fire which destroyed 100 motor-cars in a large garage situated at the back of the hotel in Duke-street, Glasgow, last night. After over an hour's work firemen prevented the outbreak from spreading from the garage to the hotel.

The garage, which is the largest in the East-end of Glasgow, was almost destroyed, and at one time a chimney stack 300ft. high, petrol tanks, and several buildings were endangered. When the alarm was first raised the owner of one of the cars in the garage dashed inside to save it, and narrowly escaped serious injury when he drove at top speed through the flames into the street.

The fire started in a remote corner of the garage. The flames spread with extraordinary speed, and in less than 15 minutes after the first alarm the roof and walls fell in. The majority of the occupants of the Great Eastern Hotel, which is one of the biggest of its kind in the West of Scotland, were at tea when the alarm was given. The hotel was in danger of being involved, and the men at once rushed from the tables and out into the street. A tenement building also was threatened.

WOLFE'S CAMPAIGN RECALLED

Mr. Bennett, Prime Minister of Canada, will, on November 4, lay a wreath in Westminster Abbey on the grave in the Islip Chapel of Admiral Sir Charles Saunders, who served with General Wolfe in his campaign in Canada. When the monument to General Wolfe at Greenwich was unveiled in June last by the Marquis de Montcalm the attention of the Wolfe Memorial Committee was drawn to the fact that the grave of Admiral Saunders bore no distinguishing mark. The Dean of Westminster has now consented to the engraving of a suitable inscription on the stone over the grave, the expense of which has been defrayed by five Canadians—Mr. E. W. Beatty, K.C., Mr. F. E. Meredith, K.C., Mr. E. R. Peacock, Sir Campbell Stuart, and Dr. Clarence Webster. The brief ceremony on November 4 will follow immediately the half-hour service of Matins, which will begin at 10 a.m. Those who desire to attend are asked to be in their seats not later than that hour, and anyone seeking special information should communicate with Sir Campbell Stuart, 39, Princes-gate, S.W.7, and not with the Abbey authorities.

Irvine Cook, 21, of Waterscout Farm, Shibden, Halifax, whose gun went off while he was pulling it over a fence he had climbed while out shooting on Saturday, lived two hours and wrote a note stating, "Shot, pure accident." A verdict of "Accidental death" was recorded at the inquest yesterday.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

LORD SHANDON'S ESTATE

IGNATIUS JOHN, BARON SHANDON, P.C., of Newton Court, Church-street, Kensington, W., a former Lord Chancellor of Ireland, Solicitor-General in 1911 and Attorney-General in 1913, who died on September 10, aged 73, left estate of the gross value of £13,948, with net personalty £11,315. He left:—

£700 in trust for the children of Francis McDermott, his late chauffeur; two years' wages to his housekeeper, Mabel Hood, if still in his service; 12 months' wages to Horace Shaw, chauffeur, on like terms; £20 for masses to the parish priest of Our Lady of Victories, High-street, Kensington; £1,000 for a scholarship and his Bechstein piano and music to the Royal Irish Academy of Music; his patents, Chancellor's Purse, and the Freedom of the City of Cork in a silver case, to his nephew-in-law, Gerald Horan, K.C.

MR. FREDERICK WILLIAM UPSON, of Vale Mascal, Hollington-park, St. Leonards-on-Sea, who died on July 30, in his 90th year, has left estate of the value of £195,215, with net personalty £154,612. He left:—

£1,000 and a further £1,000 on the death of Mrs. Upson, to his wife's companion and friend of the family, Alice Robbins; £100 to the Rev. Arthur Taylor; £25 each to Daisy Bates, Annie Cockett, Ivy Mannering, Harry Boots, Tom Marchant, Bert Hyland, and Fred Crouch, members of the choir of Hollington Old Church; £50 to Leo Brett, organist at Hollington Old Church; £5 each to Bert Burt, organblower, and Jack Smith, assistant organblower; £25 each to Albert Cockett and William Hinkley, sidesmen there; £25 each to Georgina Foster, postmistress, and her sister, Kate Bourner; £100 to Albert Wood; £50 to George Blackburn; £20 to Olive Sargent; £25 each to Jack Phillips and Arthur Phillips; and small sums to other servants.

MR. GEORGE FRANK PADDOCK, of Hartwell Hall, Barlaston, Staffs, solicitor, who died on June 8, left unsettled property of the gross value of £88,591, with net personalty £48,008. He left:—

£100 to the North Staffordshire Infirmary; £100 between his cashier Haines, his cashier Dean, his manager Mayer, and his bill clerk Huson; to each of the clerks who have been in the employ of Paddock, Sons, and Orme for five years, £20; the following legacies to persons if still in his service:—£25 each to Wells and Fisher, gardeners; £25 to Birks, chauffeur; £10 each to Tabberer, cowman, and Miss Hall, maid; £15 to Miss Eardley, cook; and £5 to Hall.

MAJOR FRANCIS GIST, late 5th Dragoon Guards, of The Cottage, Kingscote, Tetbury, Glos, and the Army and Navy Club, a magistrate for the county, who died on August 26, aged 88, left estate of the gross value of £32,411, with net personalty £32,065. He left:—

The following legacies to servants if still in his employ:—£100 and his wearing apparel to George Pearce, butler; £50 to K. E. Easton, housekeeper; £50 to William Gulwell, groom; £5 and all gardeners' tools and implements to George William Richings.

MRS. CATHERINE EDITH GRAHAM, of Inces, Scaynes Hill, Sussex, who died on September 1, widow of Charles Whitbread Graham, late of Hale End, Woking, and New Square, Lincoln's Inn, left estate of the gross value of £17,390, with net personalty £11,678. She left:—

The income from £1,500 for life to Annie Lewis, "my children's nurse and our devoted friend of 40 years," and on her death to pay out of the said sum "all duties, costs, and expenses arising in connexion with the death of the said Annie Lewis," and the remainder upon trust for her niece, Marjorie Annie Cockerill, for life; £500 to her chauffeur, Fletcher Adams, "in gratitude for his long and faithful service"; £40 each to her servants, Ellen Fall, Harriet Beard, and Ethel Winn, if in her service at the time of her death and not under notice either given or received.

Miss LAURA ANSON, of Westhaven, Hastings-road, Bexhill-on-Sea, who died on August 8, aged 84, daughter of the late Rev. Sedgewick Anson, left estate of the gross value of £12,472, with net personalty £12,397. She left:—

£50 to each servant of two years' service; £15 each to Jane Fifield and Helen Griffin, formerly servants in her mother's service; £50 to the Compassionate Fund of the Society of Watchers and Workers; £50 to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel for the Edward Henry Mosse Memorial Hospital Fund.

ALDERMAN ARTHUR SCOTT, of Alexandra Villa, Park View, Heaton, Newcastle-on-Tyne, plumber, gas fitter, and engineer, who died on August 24, aged 82, left estate of the gross value of £8,387, with net personalty £923. He left:—

£150 to the Corporation of Newcastle-on-Tyne for the erection of a drinking fountain (or some other erection of public utility or ornament) to be erected in the main road leading through Heaton Park, Newcastle-on-Tyne (to be determined by the Park Committee), "in remembrance of my chairmanship of that Committee for a number of years."

Among other latest wills are the following:—

	Gross value
BLYTH, the Rev. Alan Gwyn (74), of North Repps Rectory, Norfolk, Rector of Northrepps (net personalty £3,846)	£3,878
CHERRY, Mr. Frederick Henry, of Ware-road, Hoddesdon, Herts, draper (net personalty £28,404)	26,531
FAIRBROTHER, Miss Edith Margaret, of Aingarth, Roumania-crescent, Carnarvon (net personalty £28,060)	31,499
FEARNSIDE, Colonel Clarence Forbes, I.M.S., retired, of Riverside North, Vancouver, British Columbia (net personalty £98,477)	43,367
FREELAND, Major Anthony Drage, late Royal Artillery, of the Manor House, Chesilbourne, Dorset (net personalty £12,055)	12,123
HEAVER, Mr. William Brown, of Kingsleigh, Hailsham, Sussex, and of the Devonshire Club, Eastbourne, brewer (net personalty £11,758)	25,398
HEWITT, Mr. George Southby, of North Audley-street, W.1, and of Messrs. Day, Son, and Hewitt, cattle medicine manufacturers, of Dorset-street, Baker-street, W. (net personalty £22,566)	28,328
HOPKINS, Mr. John Birdsey (81), of Broad Oak Farm, Soulbury, Bucks, farmer (net personalty £12,381)	17,690
JONES, the Rev. Canon Thomas Jesse (78), of the Rectory, Gellygaer, Glamorgan, Senior Canon and Precentor of Llandaff, Rector of Gellygaer since 1890 (net personalty £2,400, "so far as can at present be ascertained")	2,598
KELLER, Mr. Frederic Charles Bryant, of Seabreeze, West Wittering, near Chichester (net personalty £30,665)	31,070
KENYON, Mr. Harold Godfrey (49), of Highfield Lodge, Ware, Herts, and Stone-buildings, Lincoln's Inn, W.C., solicitor (net personalty £37,404)	30,000
LANGFORD-JAMES, Mr. John Wynn Lloyd, of Short-street, Calcutta, India, a member of the Calcutta Bar	35,292
LAWRIE, Mr. Stewart, F.C.I.I., of Dalcairnie, Leslie-road, Pollokshields, Glasgow, governor of the Glasgow and West of Scotland Commercial College (personal estate)	19,075
MALCOLM, Lieutenant-Colonel William Alastair, late Highland Light Infantry, of Bartletts, Holyport, Maidenhead, son of the late Colonel Malcolm, of Poltalloch (net personalty £7,530)	10,166
MORRIS, Mr. William, of Llandingat, Llandovery, Carmarthen, auctioneer (net personalty £18,060)	22,362
MURRAY, the Rev. William Gray, B.D., of Kingstreet Manse, Kirkwall, Orkney, formerly of Bailliestown, Glasgow, and Wigtown (personal estate)	1,222
REID, Mr. James Christie (83), of Mount Park-road, Ealing, W., and of Cornhill, E.C., stockbroker (net personalty £6,422)	7,288
SELDON, Mr. William Britton (64), of Bideford, Devon, solicitor (net personalty £1,271)	3,113
WILSON, Mr. Joseph William, M.I.C.E., of Herondale-avenue, Wandsworth Common, S.W., co-founder of the Crystal Palace School of Practical Engineering (net personalty £12,227)	12,317
WRIGHT, Mr. Frederic (84), of West Court Farm, Cliffe, Kent, farmer (net personalty £1,615)	16,015

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

The Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster has presented the REV. C. A. SHEKHAN-DARE to the rectory of Owmby with Normanby, Lincs.

The Rev. R. F. WRIGHT, vicar of Holy Trinity, Kilburn, has been appointed vicar of St. Mary's, Spring-grove, Isleworth.

The REV. J. C. FIELD, of Corsham, has been appointed vicar of Oakesey, near Malmesbury.

The REV. R. C. MACKROWN, vicar of Abingdon, has been appointed rural dean of Abingdon.

Mr. G. C. GRAY, Mus.Bac., F.R.C.O., organist at St. Mary-le-Tower Church, Ipswich, has been appointed organist at Leicester Cathedral.

AN APPEAL FROM BRUSSELS

The Rev. C. E. Jenkins, Chaplain of the Anglican Church of the

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ONE INCREASING PURPOSE

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GEORGETTE EVENING GOWN with flowing skirt and original treatment of waist. Finished with delicate cape behind. Lined crêpe de Chine. In Black. Price 12½ gns

We have just published a Catalogue on the subject of Woman's Dress from 4,000 B.C. down to the Present Day. This is an absorbing topic which will interest every woman. A copy of this catalogue will be sent free upon request.

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LACE EVENING GOWN with long circular underskirt and flying panels gauged for fullness; lined, crêpe de Chine. Black and all good shades. Price 12½ gns

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Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, OCT. 27

The King held a Council this morning at 11 o'clock. There were present:—The Lord Parmoor (Lord President), the Viscount Chelmsford and the Right Hon. William Adamson, M.P. (Secretary of State for Scotland).

The Right Hon. James Henry Scullin (Prime Minister of Australia), having been appointed a Privy Councillor on 27th February, 1930, was sworn in a Member of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

The Hon. Richard Bedford Bennett (Prime Minister of Canada), the Hon. George William Forbes (Prime Minister of New Zealand) and the Hon. Sir Richard Anderson Squires (Prime Minister of Newfoundland) were also sworn in Members of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

Colonel Sir Maurice Hankey was in attendance as Clerk of the Council.

The Lord Parmoor had an audience of The King previous to the Council.

Brigadier-General the Viscount Hampden (Lord in Waiting), the Master of the Household, Sir Harry Verney (Groom in Waiting) and Lieut.-Colonel the Lord Alastair Innes-Ker (Equerry in Waiting) were in attendance.

The Hon. Stafford Cripps (Solicitor-General) had the honour of being received by The King when His Majesty conferred upon him the honour of Knighthood.

Mr. Gerald Wollaston also had the honour of being received by The King when His Majesty conferred upon him the honour of Knighthood and invested him with the Insignia of his Office as Garter King of Arms.

The Right Hon. J. Ramsay MacDonald, M.P. (Prime Minister and First Lord of the Treasury) had an audience of The King this afternoon.

The Prince of Wales visited Their Majesties.

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, OCT. 27

The Prince of Wales gave a Dinner Party this evening. The following is a list of His Royal Highness's guests:—

(AUSTRALIA) The Right Hon. J. H. Scullin, M.P. (Prime Minister), the Hon. F. Brennan, M.P. (Attorney-General), and the Hon. Parker J. Moloney, M.P. (Minister for Markets and Transport); (INDIA) Sir Muhammad Shafi; Lieut.-Colonel the Marquess of Linlithgow, the Viscount Furness, the Viscount D'Abernon, Captain Lord Stanley, the Lord Leconfield, the Lord Abercorway, the Lord Darling, the Lord Lloyd, the Lord Camrose, the Lord Wakefield, Sir Laurence Philipps, Bt., Major Sir Harry Goschen, Bt., Air Marshal Sir John Higgins, Mr. John Buchan, M.P., Dr. Cyril Norwood, and Mr. H. Lloyd Thomas (Asst. Private Secretary to His Royal Highness).

The Norwegian Minister and Mme. Vogt have returned to London from Ireland.

The Marquess of Bute will arrive in London to-day on a short visit from Scotland.

Viscountess Harcourt has left 1, Belgrave-place for Bath.

Count Joseph Potocki and Countess Potocka returned to London from the Continent yesterday.

Lord and Lady Edward Hay have arrived at Claridge's from the country.

Lady Hermione Cobbold will return to Knebworth House to-day or to-morrow to stay with her parents, the Earl and Countess of Lytton. Mr. Cameron and Lady Hermione Cobbold will leave shortly for Italy.

Lord and Lady Templemore arrived at 26, Norfolk-crescent yesterday on a short visit from Upton House, Alresford, Hants. They will not take up residence in London until January.

Lady Mowbray and Stourton has arrived at Carter's Hotel, Albemarle-street.

General the Hon. Sir Neville Lyttelton is 85 to-day.

The Hon. Lady Abdy expects to return to 100, Eaton-square to-morrow or on Thursday from Scotland.

The Hon. Mrs. Algernon FitzRoy is entertaining the ladies of the delegation to the Imperial Conference and the wives of High Commissioners at dinner at Speaker's House on Friday evening.

The Hon. Mrs. Robert Linzee, wife of Lieutenant-Commander R. G. H. Linzee, Royal Navy, gave birth to a son on Saturday, October 25, at Stormont Castle, Ulster, the residence of her parents, Viscount and Viscountess Craigavon.

The Hon. Charles and Mrs. Baillie-Hamilton, who returned to England last month from abroad, arrived at 1, Montague-place yesterday.

Lady Tindal Atkinson wishes to thank all those who have written to her in her great sorrow. A little later she hopes to send her personal thanks.

Sir David and Lady Baird of Newbyth and Miss Baird have returned to 55, Cadogan-square from Scotland.

Sir Daniel and Lady Hall have returned to Merton from Rome, where Sir Daniel has been attending the Tenth Assembly of the International Institute of Agriculture.

Sir Tresham and Lady Lever have arrived at 88, Eaton-place, which they have taken for the winter. (Telephone, Sloane 2403.)

Lady (George) Armstrong has left 17, Cheyne-gardens to fulfil operatic engagements in Italy and Cairo.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad will arrive in London on November 1, and will stay at the Hotel Metropole. Sir Chimanlal will attend the Round-Table Conference.

The Counsellor of the American Embassy and Mrs. Ray Atherton have returned to London from the Continent.

Mrs. William Milburn and Miss Diana Fraser have sailed for New Zealand and expect to be away until May.

Mrs. Walter Burns sails to-day for New York, and will be away some months.

Mr. Minton-Beddoes left London yesterday to join the Orient Line steamship Orford at Toulon for an extended tour of India and Australasia. Letters to 61, Curzon-street, W., will be forwarded.

Mr. E. S. Edgar will return from the Continent to-morrow to 48, Albert-court, Kensington Gore, S.W.7.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wingfield and Miss Diana Wingfield have arrived from Oslo at 49, Thurloe-square, S.W.7. (Telephone, Kensington 2296.)

The East Sussex Hunt ball will be held on Monday, January 5, 1931, at the Drill Hall, Battle, Sussex.

The Queen of Spain paid a shopping visit to Fortnum and Mason's fashions department yesterday.

The Queen of Norway paid a shopping visit to Harrods yesterday afternoon.

The Countess of Pembroke and Montgomery has received a cheque for £450 from Viscount Hambleden towards the *Bal Masqué* which she is organizing, to be held at the Savoy Hotel on December 2, in aid of King's College Hospital.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGE

MR. C. H. SEAGER AND MISS PACKER

The engagement is announced between Cedric Herbert Seager, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Walker C. Seager, of Constantinople, and Mary Gertrude, eldest daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. William S. Packer, of Winchester, Mass., U.S.A.

CHRISTENING

The christening of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Mallet took place at St. Mark's, North Audley-street, yesterday afternoon. The Rev. the Hon. Caryl Lyttelton officiated, and the child was named John Valentine Granville. The godparents were Mr. Walter Monkton, Mr. John Mallet, Countess Granville, and Miss Spender-Clay.

DINNER

MRS. TE WATER

Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught were present at a dinner party which the High Commissioner for South Africa and Mrs. te Water gave at the May Fair Hotel last night to meet General Hertzog, Mr. Havenga, and Mr. Fourie.

The other guests included:—

The American Ambassador and Mrs. Dawes, the Japanese Ambassador and Mme. Matsudaira, the Governor-General-designate (the Earl of Clarendon) and the Countess of Clarendon, Mrs. Thomas and Miss Thomas, Countess Buxton, Lord and Lady Delamere, Mr. V. S. Srastri, Lord and Lady Glendyne, Lady Kylsant, Sir Afe and the Hon. Lady Bailey, Sir Robert and Lady Williams, Sir Roderick and Lady Jones, Vice-Admiral Sir Murray and Lady Anderson, Sir Herbert and Lady Baker, Mrs. Rupert Marsis, Sir Henry Strakosch, Dr. and Mrs. William Cullen, Mrs. W. J. Christie, Colonel Fitzwell and Miss Fitzwell, Mr. and Mrs. Hyndall, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Marsis, Mr. and Mrs. Robertson-Gibb, Major Wickham, and Mr. Naudé.

The Prime Minister, Earl Buxton, and the Earl and Countess of Selborne were unable to be present.

The dinner was followed by a reception, and among the guests were:—

The Spanish Ambassador and the Marquesa de Merry del Val, the French Ambassador and Mme. de Fleuriau, the Brazilian Ambassador, Mme. Régis de Oliveira and Mlle. Régis de Oliveira, the Turkish Ambassador, the Italian Ambassador, the Belgian Ambassador and Baroness de Cartier de Marchienne, the Argentine Ambassador and Mme. de Uriburu, the Soviet Ambassador and Mme. Sokolnikoff, the Chilean Ambassador and Mme. Villegas, the Polish Ambassador.

The Norwegian Minister, the Counsellor of the Swiss Legation, the Swedish Minister, the Swedish Minister and Baroness Palmstierna, the Venezuelan Minister, the Estonian Minister and Mme. Kallas, the Greek Minister, the Hungarian Minister and Mme. Hadik Mischeff and Mlle. Hadik Mischeff, the Hungarian Minister, the Latvian Minister and Mme. Veemans, the Cuban Minister and Mme. Rice and Mlle. Olga Patterson, the Yugoslav Minister, the Finnish Minister, the Minister of El Salvador, the Mexican Minister and Mme. Orta, the Persian Minister and Mme. Sae, the Egyptian Minister and Mme. Hafiz Afifi, the Nicaraguan Minister, the Parsquayan Chargé d'Affaires.

Captain and Mrs. Charles M. Egan, Sir Muhammad and Lady Shafi, Miss Shafi, Begum Shah Nawaz, Mrs. Brennan, General Thakur Jeoraj Singhji of Sandwa, Maharaj Kumar Bijay Singhji of Bikaner, Lieutenant-General the Maharajah of Bikaner, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Stephenson, Sir Claud and Lady Schuster, Mr. and Mrs. Westerwood Ismay, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Cahan, Sir Edward and Lady Harding, Mr. and Mrs. Carew, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Macready, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Howorth, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Overton, Mr. C. F. Flaxton, Sir Sydney and Lady Chapman, Mr. G. F. Steward, Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Parker Mobbey, Mr. Ian R. Macgregor, Mr. J. F. Walshe, Mr. and Mrs. Mollilljans, Mr. G. S. Baljal, Major Ulick Alexander, General McMahon, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hearne, Mr. Belton, Commandant Bryan, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hoare, Mr. and Mrs. Mildred Bennett, Dr. and Mrs. Marsden, Mr. and Mrs. Lunn, Mr. George A. Isaacs, Major E. N. S. Crankshaw, Sir Richard and Lady Squires, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bevenden, Mr. F. D. Thomson, Sir Thomas and Lady Barnes, Mr. F. L. McDougall, Sir Francis and Lady Flood, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Grigg, Mr. Tallents, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Upcott, Captain W. H. M. Ives, Mr. R. J. W. Stacey, Rear-Admiral and Mrs. Walwyn, Mr. and Mrs. Jeffery, Mr. D. Fitzgerald, the Hon. Gordon Campbell, Mr. L. Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Scullin, Mr. and Mrs. Simpson, Miss Brennan, Miss Elaine Squires, Sir Thomas and Lady Wilford, Sir Maud and Lady Butterfield, Mr. John McFarland, Professor and Mrs. T. A. Smiddy and the Misses Smiddy, Mr. Beckett Platt, Mr. and Mrs. H. Carranza, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Casey, Mr. P. Fahy, Major-General Brunker, Mr. and Mrs. Murphy, Mr. P. Hogan, Mr. and Mrs. Costello, Mr. O'Hegarty, Mr. du Plessis.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Abbott, Sir Samuel and Lady Maud Hoare, Group Captain J. L. Gordon, Major and Mrs. Attlee, Sir Maurice Gwyer and Miss Gwyer, Lieutenant-Colonel H. V. and Mrs. de Saigé, Colonel du Toit, Mr. and Mrs. Corbett, Mr. and Mrs. Acres, Earl and Countess Peel, Mr. and Mrs. Dawes, Major-General A. Brink, Miss Brink, Mr. Hurley, Mr. and Mrs. Griffiths, Mr. G. P. Jooste, Mr. and Mrs. Haddon, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Bisset, Sir William and Lady Jowitt, Sir Harry and Lady Batterbee, Colonel Sir Maurice and Lady Hankey, Mr. and Mrs. C. Hely-Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Longhurst, Mr. Lucien Pacaud, Mr. and Mrs. Martyn M. Threlfall, Mr. C. B. Carter, Miss Howorth, Mr. D. A. Macgibbon.

Sir John Fiett, Captain L. F. Burgis, Sir Charles and Lady Hipwood and Miss Hipwood, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Baker Wray, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. L. Bertram, Sir Walter and Lady Kinnear, Commissioner and Mrs. Mapp, the Mayor and Mayoress of the City of Westminster, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Mr. and Mrs. Dupré, Mr. W. Gilchrist, Mr. and Mrs. Fenwick, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Merritt, Lady Frances Ryder, General and Mrs. Byron, Sir Campbell Stuart and Mrs. Ernest Stuart, Sir Robert and Lady Garran, Sir Stanley Machin, Sir Robert and Lady Fox-Symes, Lord and Lady Parmoor, Colonel Sir Rhys and Lady Price, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Bristowe, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Atherton, Sir John and Lady Gilmour, Mr. Hugo and Mr. Hamilton-Owen, Mr. Ernest Bevin and Lady Crowe, Mr. Dudley Joel, Mr. and Mrs. Imroth and Miss Imroth.

Sir Frederick and Lady Flannery, Sir Granville and Lady Ryrie, Sir Sam and Lady Fay, Lady Bourne and Miss Bourne, Sir Geoffrey and Lady Corbett, Mr. and Mrs. Pethick-Lawrence, Major-General and Mrs. A. G. L. McNaughton, Sir Percy and Lady Thompson, Sir Sothern and Lady Holland, Sir Robert and Lady Kindersley, Sir Harry and Lady McGowan, Lord and Lady Baden-Powell, Colonel and Mrs. Weston Irvine, Mr. Charles Dyer, Sir Henry and Lady Birchenough, Dr. and Mrs. Oswald Crawfurd, Mr. Oppenheimer, Dr. John Gay, Lord and Lady Suffield, Mr. Gilbert Christy, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss McBride.

Field-Marshal Viscount and Viscountess Allenby, Mr. Percy A. Molteno, the Rev. T. B. Woodd and Miss Woodd, Sir Thomas and Lady Sidey, Sir Godfrey Lagden and Miss Lagden, Mr. R. E. and the Hon. Mrs. Kiernan, Colonel and Mrs. H. Balfour, Mr. and Mrs. Kiernan, Sir John and Lady Thornycroft, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Collyer, Lady Solomon, Sir Thomas and Lady Augusta Inskip, Mr. and Mrs. Fraser, the Hon. H. R. and Mrs. Brand, Sir Richard and Lady Hopkins, Sir Phillip and Lady Nash, Mr. and Mrs. Lionel Hichens, the Marquess and Marchioness of Willingdon, Viscount and Viscountess Stratford, Major-General Sir Fabian and Lady Ware, and the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress of London.

SERVICE DINNER

GREAT YARMOUTH AIR STATION

The eleventh annual reunion dinner of those officers who served at Great Yarmouth Air Station between the years 1913 and 1920 was held at the Café Royal on October 25. Among the large number of officers who attended were:—

Rear-Admiral A. A. Ellison, Air Commodore C. R. Samson, Air Commodore F. W. Bowhill, Group Captain C. L. Courtney, Wing Commander Robert Leckie, Squadron Leader A. S. Maskell, Flight Lieutenant S. D. Culley, Major Egbert Cadbury, Captain G. M. Fraser, Captain S. J. Fetherston, and Messrs. H. C. Armitt, B. E. Barwell, G. F. H. Harrison-Bloom, E. A. Bolton, C. F. Snowden Gamble, A. E. Hartley, John Hodson, A. C. Hosman, F. G. S. Musson, C. W. P. Parkhouse, A. E. Siddons-Wilson, and R. N. Walter.

FUNERAL AND MEMORIAL SERVICES

SIR JOSEPH DOUGHTY-TICHBORNE

A memorial service for Sir Joseph Doughty-Tichborne was held at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Farm-street, yesterday morning. Father Woodlock officiated, and among those present were:—

Lady Vaux of Harrowden, Kathleen Lady Falkiner, Lady Nelson, Major Sir Timothy and Lady O'Brien, Mrs. Phillipson, Mr. Richard Hirsch, Mr. Arthur Kennard, Miss A. Petre, Mr. Harvey Staunton, Mr. and Mrs. Williamson, Miss Violet Hibbert, Mr. Herbert Stourton, Mr. T. Thellusson, Mrs. F. Scott Murray, Mrs. C. Norton, Dr. Furber, Mrs. Philip Radcliffe, and Mr. L. R. Dunne.

The funeral party took place at Tichborne, Alresford, Hants, yesterday. Requiem Mass was conducted in the private chapel of Tichborne Park by Father A. P. Lion, and the body was afterwards placed in the family vault. The mourners included Lady Tichborne, Mr. Anthony Tichborne (son), Major Washington Hibbert, Colonel F. De R. Mauduit, Colonel and Mrs. H. F. Greville, Mr. Ronald Greville, and Mrs. F. A. Lort-Phillips.

Among others present were:—

The Countess of Rosslyn and Lady Mary St. Clair-Erskine, Canon Longnotto, Colonel and Mrs. O. H. P. Purvis-Petre, Mr. P. B. Petre, Major George Evans, Captain Nelson Zambra, Captain E. A. V. Stanley, Captain Phillipson, Captain Featherstone, Mr. J. A. Middleton, Dr. Jollye, Mr. D. Michie, and many retainers and villagers.

MR. ERNEST PAGE, K.C.

The funeral of Mr. Ernest Page, K.C., took place at Golders Green Crematorium yesterday. The Rev. H. Trundle officiated. The mourners included Dean Page and Mrs. Page, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Page, Colonel and Mrs. L. Bocker, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Page, Colonel and Mrs. Pelley, Sir John and Lady Barton, Mrs. Page, Mrs. Goodwin, Dr. S. Ecby, Mrs. Lane, Mrs. Slowby, Miss Williamson, and Mr. Urquhart. Among others present were:—

Mrs. Desmond, Serjeant Sullivan, K.C., Mr. Maurice Healey, Mr. Reginald T. Sparre, Mr. W. E. Middlemiss, Lieutenant-Colonel W. N. Donald, Colonel C. F. Grantham, Mr. A. Grantham, Mrs. Moore, Mr. A. E. James, Mr. C. P. Whitcombe, Mr. R. G. H. Woods, Sir Edward Boyle, and the Dowager Lady Boyle.

SIR EDWARD TINDAL ATKINSON

A memorial service for Sir Edward Tindal Atkinson was held at St. John's Church, San Remo, on Wednesday, October 15, at the same time as the one in the Temple Church, London. The service, which was conducted by the Rev. Guy Walmisley-Dresser, with the Rev. Walter Wale at the organ, was attended by a large and representative gathering.

Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, will open the annual bazaar in aid of the Princess Louise Kensington Hospital for Children at the Town Hall, Kensington, on Friday, November 7, at noon.

To commemorate the ascension in 1917 of King Fuad to the throne of Egypt, an official reception will be held to-morrow at the Egyptian Legation, South Audley-street. The reception was postponed from October 9 at the request of King Fuad, to mark his sympathy at the loss of the R 101.

The United Empire Circle of the Lyceum Club are giving an at home on Thursday afternoon at 138, Piccadilly to the wives of the delegates to the Imperial Conference. Viscountess Elibank will receive the guests.

EVE OF THE SESSION

DINNERS AND RECEPTIONS

On the eve of the opening of Parliament a number of dinners and receptions was given last evening.

LORD PARMOOR

Lord Parmoor entertained the following guests at dinner at 29, Wilton-crescent:—

The Lord Chancellor, Lord Amulree, Lord Arnold, Lord Marley, Lord Marks, Lord Passfield, Lord Ponsonby, Lord Gorell, Earl Russell, Lord Sanderson, and Earl De La Warr.

THE PRIME MINISTER

At 10, Downing-street the Prime Minister entertained the following at dinner:—

The Speaker, Mr. Philip Snowden, Mr. Arthur Henderson, Mr. J. H. Thomas, Mr. J. R. Clynes, Mr. Wedgwood Benn, Mr. Thomas Shaw, Mr. Vernon Hartshorn, Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Miss Margaret Bondfield, Dr. Christopher Addison, Sir Charles Trevelyan, Mr. William Graham, Mr. A. V. Alexander, Mr. William Adamson, Mr. George Lansbury, Mr. Thomas Kennedy, Mr. H. C. Charleton (mover), and Mr. W. B. Taylor (seconder).

NATIONAL LABOUR AND 1917 CLUBS

The National Labour and 1917 Clubs held a reception at the Friends' House, Euston-road, last night to meet the Prime Minister and the members of the Cabinet. Over 1,000 guests were present, including:—

The Lord Chancellor and Miss Sankey, Miss MacDonald, Mr. Stanley Hirst, Mr. George Lansbury, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Thomas, Lord and Lady Marley, Mr. Arthur Hayday, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Henderson, Lady Noel-Buxton, Sir Charles and Lady Trevelyan, Lord and Lady Parmoor, Earl Russell, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Greenwood, Mr. J. H. Scullin, Mr. and Mrs. Parker J. Maloney, Mr. and Mrs. F. Brennan, and Lord Ponsonby.

LORD SALISBURY

The Marquess of Salisbury entertained the following Peers at 21, Arlington-street last night:—

The Marquess of Bath, the Marquess of Londonderry, the Marquess of Zetland, the Earl of Albemarle, the Earl of Bradford, the Earl of Balfour, the Earl of Chanwilliam, the Earl of Crawford and Balcarres, the Earl of Denbigh, the Earl of Derby, the Earl of Donoughmore, the Earl of Feversham, the Earl of Halsbury, Earl Howe, the Earl of Iddesleigh, the Earl of Inchcape, the Earl of Ivemh, the Earl of Lucan, the Earl of Lytton, the Earl of Malmesbury, the Earl of Midleton, the Earl of Onslow, Earl Peel, the Earl of Plymouth, the Earl of Selborne, Earl Stanhope, the Earl of Wemyss, Viscount Astor, Viscount Burnham, Viscount Brentford, Viscount Bridgeman, Viscount Churchill, Viscount FitzAlan, Viscount Goschen, Viscount Hambleden, Viscount Lee of Fareham.

Lord Ampthill, Lord Ashfield, Lord Askwith, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Lord Banbury, Lord Bayford, Lord Carson, Lord Cranworth, Lord Danesfort, Lord Desborough, Lord Elphinstone, Lord Ernle, Lord Erskine, Lord Fairfax, Lord Farrington, Lord Hampton, Lord Hardinge of Penshurst, Lord Howard of Glossop, Lord Kynnet, Lord Lamington, Lord Mildmay of Flete, Lord O'Hagan, Lord Rayleigh, Lord Redesdale, Lord Somerleyton, Lord Southborough, Lord Templemore, Lord Weir of Eastwood, and Lord Wraxall.

MR. WALTER GUINNESS

The following dined with Mr. Walter Guinness at 10, Grosvenor-place last evening:—

Mr. Baldwin, Lieutenant-Colonel W. Ashley, the Duchess of Atholl, Sir R. Betterton, Sir George Bowyer, Lord Hugh Cecil, Sir Austen Chamberlain, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, Major W. E. Elliot, Sir John Gilmour, Colonel John Gretton, Sir George Hennessy, Major J. W. Hills, Sir Samuel Hoare, Mr. Sir Robert Horne, Mr. G. Lane-Fox, Mr. Godfrey Locker-Lampson, Captain D. Margesson, Sir Boyd Merriman, Sir W. Mitchell-Thomson, Sir Bolton Eyres-Monsell, Colonel W. G. Nicholson, Sir H. Nield, Sir Hugh O'Neill, Sir George Penny, Lord Eustace Percy, Sir Rennell Rodd, Mr. A. M. Samuel, Colonel H. Spender-Clay, Sir Arthur Steel-Maitland, Sir Frederick Thomson, the Marquess of Titchfield, Mr. C. Tryon, Captain Euan Wallace, Earl Winterton, Viscount Wolmer, Sir Kingsley Wood, Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, Sir E. Hilton Young, Sir Geoffrey Fry, the Hon. Charles Rhys, and Mr. Geoffrey Lloyd.

LADY LONDONDERRY

Among those who accepted invitations to attend the Marchioness of Londonderry's evening party at Londonderry House last evening to meet Mr. Baldwin were the following:—

The American Ambassador and Mrs. Dawes, the Argentine Ambassador and Mme. de Uriburu, the Austrian Minister, the Belgian Ambassador and Baroness de Cartier de Marchienne, the Brazilian Ambassador and Mme. Régis de Oliveira, the Chilean Ambassador and Mme. Villegas, the Danish Minister and Countess Ahlefeldt-Laurvig, the French Ambassador and Mme. de Fleuriau, the Hungarian Minister, the Italian Ambassador, the Netherland Minister and Mme. de Marees Van Swinderen and Mlle. de Marees Van Swinderen, the Polish Ambassador, the Spanish Ambassador and the Marquesa de Merry del Val, the Swedish Minister and Baroness Palmstierna, the Turkish Ambassador, Marquis and Mlle. Pallavicini, M. Satrov, M. and Mme. Stanislas Lisicki, M. Louis Michell, Comte and Comtesse de Limur.

The Marquess and Marchioness of Abergavenny, the Countess of Airlie, the Earl and Countess of Albemarle, Lord and Lady Ampthill and the Hon. Phyllis Russell, Lord and Lady Annaly, Lord and Lady Ashfield, Viscount and Viscountess Astor, the Duke and Duchess of Atholl, Lord and Lady Balfour of Burleigh, Lord Banbury, the Marquess of Bath, Earl and Countess Bathurst, Lord and Lady Bayford and the Hon. Vera Bateders, Viscount and Viscountess Bearsted, Admiral of the Fleet Lord and Countess Beatty, Lord Berners, Viscount and Viscountess Bertie of Thame, Lord and Lady Berwick, the Earl and Countess of Bradford, Viscount and Viscountess Brentford and the Hon. Griselda Joynson-Hicks, Viscount and Viscountess Bridgeman, Viscount and Viscountess Burnham, the Marquess and Marchioness of Bute and Lady Mary Crichton-Stuart.

Lord and Lady Camrose, Lord and Lady Carson, General the Earl and Countess of Cavan, Viscount and Viscountess Churchill, the Hon. Rowland Clegg-Openheimer, and Lady Joan Villiers, the Earl and Countess of Cottenham, Lord and Lady Cranworth and the Hon. Camilla Gordon, the Earl and Countess of Cromer, Lord Cushendun.

Lord and Lady Decies, Lord and Lady Deramore, the Earl of Desart, Lord and Lady Desborough and the Hon. Imogen Grenfell, Viscount and Viscountess Dunsany, the Earl and Countess of Dunmore, Lord Danesfort, the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire, the Earl and Countess of Donoughmore, Lord and Lady Dulverton.

Lord and Lady Ebbisham and the Hon. Margaret Blades, Lord and Lady Elphinstone and the Hon. Mary Elphinstone, Lord and Lady Erale, Lord and Lady Erskine and the Hon. Victoria Erskine, Lord Fairhaven, Viscount and Viscountess Falmouth, Lord and Lady Farnham and the Hon. Verena Maxwell, Viscount and Viscountess FitzAlan and the Hon. Magdalen Howard, Lady Glaborough and the Hon. Bruce Chaloner, Viscount Goschen, Lord and Lady Greenway, Lord and Lady Greenwood.

Viscount and Viscountess Hailsham, Lord Hampton and the Hon. Mary Pakington, Lord and Lady Hanworth, Viscount Harcourt, Lord Howard of Penrith, Lord Howard of Glossop and Baroness Beaumont, Earl and Countess Howe and Lady Georgiana Curzon, the Marquess and Marchioness of Huntly, the Earl and Countess of Iddesleigh, the Earl of Inchcape, the Earl and Countess of Ivesgh and Lady Honor Guinness, Lord and Lady Jessel and the Hon. Doreen Jessel.

Lord and Lady Kylsant, Lord and Lady Lamington, Lord and Lady Lawrence and the Hon. Catherine Lawrence, Lord and Lady Leconfield, Viscount and Viscountess Lee of Fareham, the Earl and Countess of Lindsay, Lord and Lady Lloyd, Lord Lovat, the Earl and Countess of Lucan, the Earl and Countess of Lytton and Lady Davina Lytton, the Earl and Countess of Malmesbury, the Earl and Countess of Mount Edgcumbe, Viscount and Viscountess Massereene and Ferrard and the Hon. Diana Skeffington, Lord and Lady Meldreth, the Earl and Countess of Midleton, Lord and Lady Monk Bretton.

Lord and Lady Newton and the Hon. Hilda Legh, the Marquess and Marchioness of Northampton, the Earl and Countess of Onslow and Lady Mary Onslow, the Marquess and Marchioness of Ormonde, Earl and Countess Peel, Lord and Lady Rayleigh and the Hon. Daphne Strutt, Lord and Lady Redesdale and the Hon. Nancy Mitford, Lord and Lady Remnant, Lord and Lady Rossmore.

Lord and Lady St. John of Bletso, the Marquess and Marchioness of Salisbury, Major-General the Earl and Countess of Scarbrough, the Earl and Countess of Shaftesbury and Lady Lettice Ashley-Cooper, Lord and Lady Sinclair and the Hon. Patricia St. Clair, the Marquess and Marchioness of Sligo, Earl and Countess Spencer, the Earl and Countess of Stair and Lady Jean Dalrymple, the Earl and Countess Stanhope, the Earl and Countess of Strafdrake and Lady Charlotte Rous, Lord and Lady Strathcona, Lord and Lady Swaythling, Lord and Lady Templemore, Viscount and Viscountess Ullswater, Lord and Lady Wraxall, the Marquess and Marchioness of Zetland.

The Marquess and Marchioness of Anglesey, Lord and Lady Askwith, Lord and Lady Biddulph, the Earl and Countess of Carlisle, Viscountess Coke, the Earl and Countess of Crawford and Balcarres, Lord and Lady Delamere, the Earl and Countess of Denbigh, the Earl of Feversham, Lord and Lady FitzWalter, Earl FitzWilliam, the Earl of Halsbury and Lady Flavia Gifford, Lady Hamilton of Dalzell, the Marquess and Marchioness of Hamilton, the Marquess and Marchioness of Headfort, Lord Hindlip, the Earl and Countess of Kenmare, Lord Largan, Lord Mildmay of Flete and the Hon. Helen Mildmay, Lord Richard Nevill, Lord and Lady Newborough, Lord O'Hagan and the Hon. Helen O'Hagan, the Earl and Countess of Portarlington, Viscount and Viscountess Sumner, Lord and Lady Weir.

The Mayor and Mayoress of Camberwell, the Mayor and Mayoress of Fulham, the Mayor and Mayoress of Hackney, the Mayor and Mayoress of Hampstead, the Mayor and Mayoress of Islington, the Mayor and Mayoress of Holborn, the Mayor and Mayoress of Kensington, the Mayor and Mayoress of Lambeth, the Mayor and Mayoress of Lewisham, the Mayor and Mayoress of Paddington, the Mayor and Mayoress of St. Marylebone, the Mayor and Mayoress of St. Pancras, the Mayor and Mayoress of Wandsworth, the Mayor and Mayoress of the City of Westminster.

The Dowager Countess of Airlie, Mr. and Mrs. W. Allen, Lieutenant-General Sir Hastings and Lady Anderson, Mrs. I. J. Andrews, Priscilla Countess Annesley, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Assheton.

Sir Frank and Lady Baddeley, Sir Adrian Baillie, Brigadier-General W. F. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ball, Mr. Harold Balmer, Sir Reginald and Lady Mitchell Banks and Miss Banks, Sir Brograve and Lady Evelyn Beauchamp, the Hon. Agatha Beaumont, the Hon. Rupert and Mrs. Beckett, Dr. and Mrs. Beckett-Overy, Miss Bell, Captain and Mrs. J. Alan Bell, Sir Arthur Shirley and Lady Benn, Sir Jon and Lady Hamilton Benn, Sir Reginald and Lady Bennett, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Benskin, Sir Gomer Berry, Sir Robert and Lady Bird and Miss Bird, Sir William and Lady Bird, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Charles Birkin, Prince and Princess Bismarck, Mr. W. G. Black, Sir Herbert Blain, Sir Reginald and Lady Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Blumenfeld, Sir Harold and Lady Bowden, Mr. Norman Bower, Sir Henry and Lady Bowles, Major Archibald and Lady Boyd-Carpenter, General Sir Walter and Lady Braithwaite, Miss Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bray, Sir Harry and Lady Brittain, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Brock'ebank, Sir William and Lady Bull, Lady Constance Butler.

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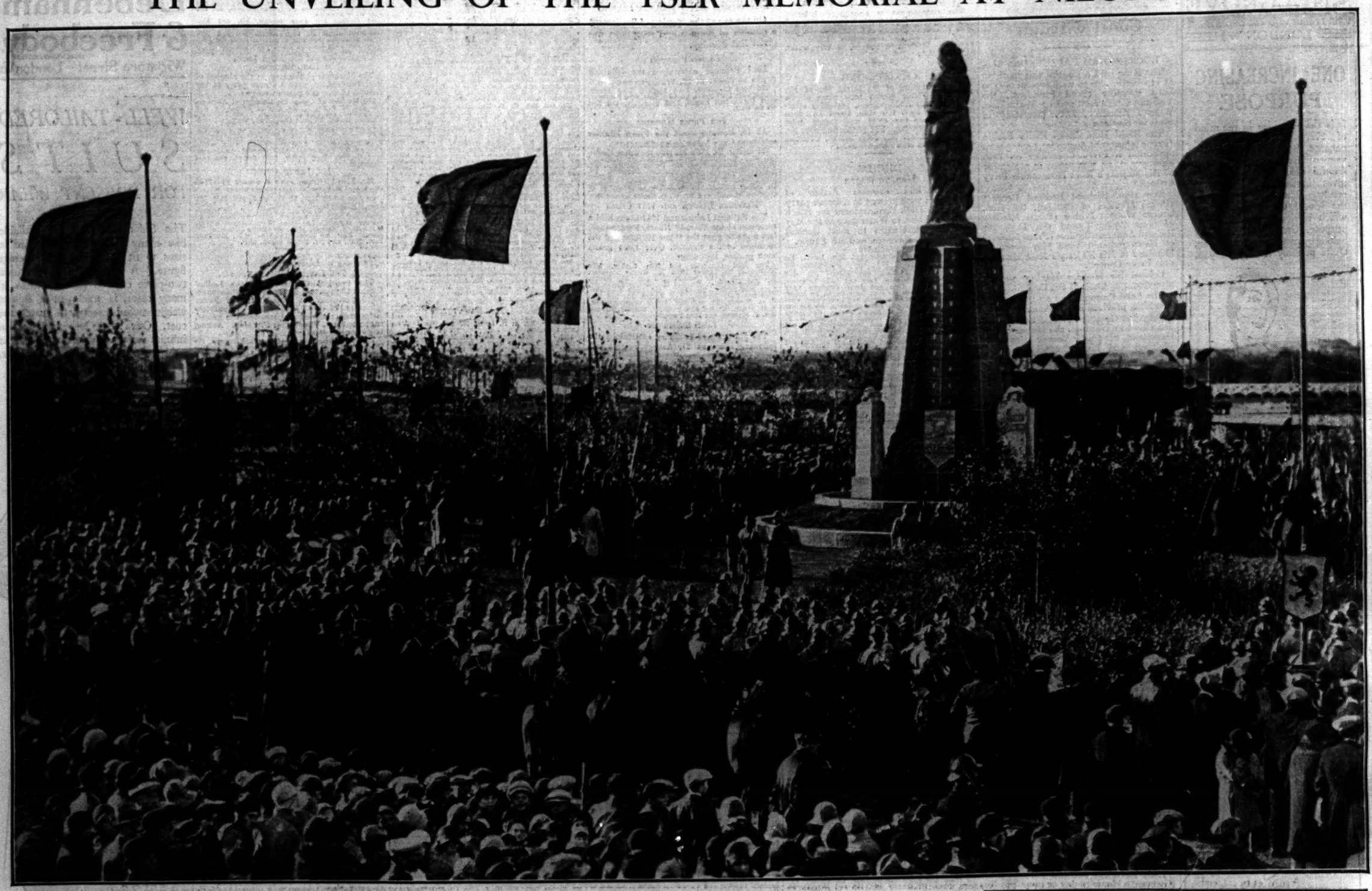
THE UNVEILING OF THE YSER MEMORIAL AT NIEUPORT



THE YSER MEMORIAL.—The ceremony at Nieuport on Sunday, when a memorial of the Battle of the Yser was unveiled. The battle began on the 10th of October, 1914, and culminated in the flooding of a great area of the Flanders front. The monument symbolizes Belgium keeping watch over her dead soldiers.

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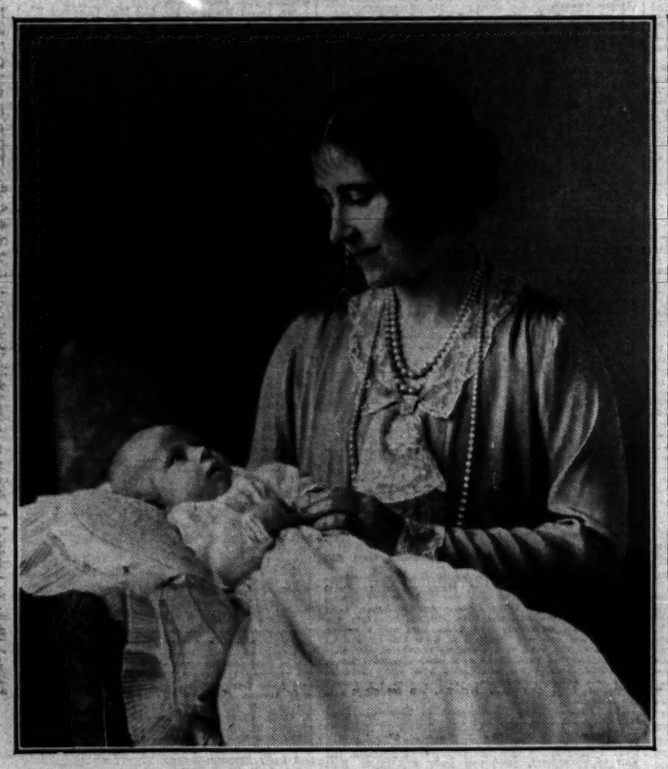
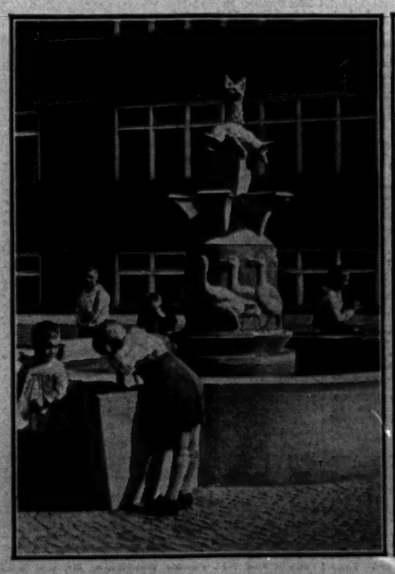
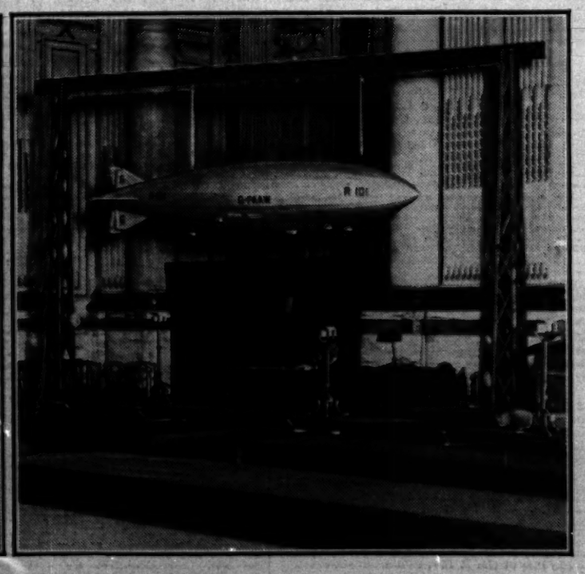


PRINCESS MARGARET ROSE.—An official portrait of the Duchess of York and the Princess Margaret Rose. The christening of the Princess will take place on Thursday next in the Private Chapel of Buckingham Palace.

MUSEUM ACQUISITION.—The gilt-copper figure of the goddess Tara, made in Nepal in the seventeenth century, bequeathed to the Victoria and Albert Museum by Lord Curzon of Kedleston.



SCHOOL FOUNTAIN.—The drinking fountain in the new Friedrich Ebert School at Luckenwalde. The sculpture is based on the German song, "Fuchs, du hast die Gans gestohlen."



R 101 INQUIRY.—The model of the R 101 which will be among the exhibits in the great hall of the Institution of Civil Engineers, Westminster, where the inquiry into the disaster will begin to-day.

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Books of the Day

PEPYS

MR. DRINKWATER'S STUDY

PEPYS. His Life and Character. By JOHN DRINKWATER. (Heinemann. 21s. net.)

Samuel Pepys has been regarded for so long as his own biographer that other biographers have fought shy of competing with one who may well be called the author of the greatest biography in any language. And yet the Diary, which is better known and perhaps more widely read than any book in English literature, not excepting Shakespeare, covers but a seventh part of the three-score and ten years of its author's life. Actually it would seem to cover far more ground, so minutely does it enter into every detail and circumstance of the trivial round and common task. There is no more complete nor more accurate record of the actual business of living in existence, but it is not the whole of life; it is life in miniature, built up piece by piece into a coherent whole, a synthesis not an analysis. Dr. Tanner's learned and valuable researches into the circumstances of Pepys's official career have done much to correct the popular view that Pepys spent his days in a round of harmless pleasures, flirtations, and domestic nagging; and the official career is more important, at any rate from the historical point of view, than a mountain of irrelevant, if amusing, detail, such as Pepys being caught by his wife with his arm round Deb's waist. For gossip is only interesting when the stuff of which it is made is hidden and therefore hard to come by. And the gossip of Pepys's Diary is interesting because it reveals what most men are at pains to conceal or do not consider worth recording. Indeed, if the truth were known, the domestic affairs of Civil servants at the present time might afford just as much innocent amusement to the rest of the world as Pepys's. As the servant of his country, Pepys was honoured in his generation, and posterity is grateful to Dr. Tanner for the reminder that without his presence at the Admiralty during a very dark period of England's history, we had all but lost our supremacy at sea. And now Mr. Drinkwater, with the assistance of the Diary and of Dr. Tanner's and his own researches into the Pepysian archives, has written a very entertaining and delightful biography, which combines, by a most skilful arrangement of material, the diarist and the man of affairs.

This was a book that had to be written, and Mr. Drinkwater has done it very well; it was a difficult task, and yet he has dealt with it dexterously. How easy it would be, one sees, to be overwhelmed with the entries in the Diary, and to quote them *ad nauseam* in default of other material! And yet how skilfully has Mr. Drinkwater resisted the temptation! Then there is the other temptation of concentrating all attention upon the records of Pepys's work at the Navy Office and at the Admiralty, to the exclusion of the occupations and the amiable foolery of his private life; this other temptation has been no less studiously avoided, with the happy result that we have here a more or less complete picture of Pepys as he stands in relation to the age which he did so much to adorn. Naturally it would be absurd to deny, in a book of this kind, the outstanding value of the positive evidence supplied by the Diary itself, but the great merit of Mr. Drinkwater's work is in the manner in which he has selected and disposed of its contents. He has chosen with skill and moderation, spreading his material carefully, and as far as possible over the whole span of Pepys's life. For, after all, the many interests which Pepys cultivated and made a daily record of while he was keeping his journal did not cease when, his eyes failing, he was forced to give up the arduous business of transcribing in shorthand. Many of them continued to the end. It is true that we are no longer regaled with such serious problems as a cure for snoring, but from his letters we know that his passion for music persisted long after he had ceased to record its effects in detail. And it is the same with his love for curious and learned conversation, which he enjoyed more and more as he grew older, though he was never able to take more than a humble share in it himself; and for collecting ephemeral literature and making scrap-books, which he did, we may be sure, with one eye on the future. In his middle age, his wife dead and his work at the Admiralty drawing to a close, he put away childish things with an ease that comes naturally to those whose lives are securely circumscribed by the safe walls of convention. Like many another Civil servant before him and since, he slowly but surely crystallized into the flawless respectability of age; and he was happy. For he had never known the misery of failure to come up to his own expectation, and as Mr. Drinkwater shows, with sympathetic understanding, he knew his station in life and performed his duties in it very well, so that when defeat came he was ready to meet it, and when death, ready to die with the satisfaction of having done more than he had ever hoped to do.

MR. MONTAGU'S INDIAN DIARY

The diary kept by Mr. Edwin Montagu, then Secretary of State for India, during the visit he paid to India in 1917-18 for the purpose of drawing up the Montagu-Chelmsford Reform scheme is now published under the title "An Indian Diary," edited by Venetia Montagu (Heinemann, 21s. net). Extracts from the diary were published in *The Times* of September 8-11.

SOME NEW BOOKS

VERDUN. By Marshal Pétain. Translated by Margaret MacVeagh. (Elkin Mathews and Marrot. 12s. 6d. n.)

COSIMA WAGNER. By Richard Count du Moulin-Eckart. Two volumes. (Knopf. 42s. n.)

A LIFE OF THOMAS CHATTERTON. By E. H. W. Meyerstein. (Ingpen and Grant. 30s. n.)

MOLIÈRE. By John Palmer. (Bell. 18s. n.)

THE EMPEROR KARL. By Arthur Count Polzer-Hoditz. Translated by D. F. Tait and F. S. Flint. (Putnams. 21s. n.)

GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS. By Lieut.-General Sir George Macmunn. (Hodder and Stoughton. 18s. n.)

THE HOUSING ACTS. By Arthur Henderson and Leslie Maddock. (Eyre and Spottiswoode. 27s. 6d. n.)

THE WORLD, THE HOUSE AND THE BAR. By the Right Hon. Sir Ellis Hume-Williams, Bart. (Murray. 12s. n.)

THE KING'S PICTURES FROM BUCKINGHAM PALACE, WINDSOR CASTLE AND HAMPTON COURT. By Sir Lionel Cust, K.C.V.O. (Fine Arts Publishing Company. 30s. n.)

SINCE THEN. By Philip Gibbs. (Heinemann. 15s. n.)

FICTION

THE SON AVENGER. By Sigrid Undset. Translated by Arthur G. Chater. (Knopf. 10s. 6d. n.)

JIM REDLAKE. By Francis Brett Young. (Heinemann. 10s. 6d. n.)

THE KNIFE. By Peadar O'Donnell. (Cape. 7s. 6d. n.)

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SOME DOG STORIES

THY SERVANT A DOG. Told by BOOTS. Edited by RUDYARD KIPLING. Illustrated by G. L. STAMPA. (Macmillan. 5s. net.)

The superior and the humourless may find Mr. Kipling's stories of dogs light or even trivial entertainment, but those who know how to enter into their spirit will be very well content with them. Light indeed they are; nor would one compare them with some of his best animal stories of old times. Yet they are deft and charming, bubbling with fun, touched with pathos, full of acute observation. Their cleverest feature is the limitation of the dogs' world. The human beings are seen through their eyes only.

There is waiting for Gods going walks. If it is nothing-on-their-tops, it is only round the garden and "get-off-the-flower-beds-you two!" If it is wet, it is hearth-rugs by fire, or "who-said-you-could-sit-on-chairs-Little-men?" It is always being-with Own Gods.

Mingled with the tale of the little terriers are episodes connected with the neighbouring pack of foxhounds and especially with Ravager, their friend and confederate. We meet Ravager first as a puppy at walk; then, after a long gap during which he has become one of the leading hounds of the pack, he comes back, crippled by a motor-car, to live as a pensioner in the company of his old friends. Poor Ravager's death brings the book to its end on a note of tragedy.

The other great character is Toby Dog, the disgraceful performer in a Punch and Judy show, who "held rat records at three pubz," and, after some shameful beginnings, proved himself a good and true temporary member of the household. Temporary only, because it was his "Own God's" method to sell him for the winter when times were slack and whistle him back again when he was needed. Of the truce which was made with Kitchen Cat, of the great run for a young human staged by the terriers and Ravager with an old lame fox of their acquaintance, of the undogful parlour-tricks of Toby Dog and their effect upon Ravager's base rival Upstart, of the terrible business when the same young human called his governess a boney old Lady-Hound and the terriers went to rescue him from the fate which he deserved, we must not tell. Readers young and old will far rather extract all these plums for themselves—if indeed one can use that simile of a pudding which is almost all plums. Among them we must not forget Mr. Stampa's illustrations.

LORD HEWART'S ESSAYS

ESSAYS AND OBSERVATIONS. By the RIGHT HON. LORD HEWART OF BURY, Lord Chief Justice of England. (Cassell. 12s. 6d. net.)

The range of thought exhibited by the Lord Chief Justice of England in these forty "Essays and Observations" is remarkable. An omnivorous student of both classical and modern authors, he derives principles from whatever he reads, and in these essays, whether he dwells on "the classics," on "modern oratory," on education, on law in many aspects, or on famous personages, he applies, sometimes humorously and sometimes in direct earnest, the method of thought which he has derived from reading. "The true object of education," he says, is to "stimulate the plasticity of the mind, not to pack it." Speaking of a classical training as an educational instrument he emphasizes "the incalculable advantage of a training ground which is perfect in itself, which is very definitely mapped out, and which in fact has afforded the training of nearly all the great minds of Europe." Of oratory Lord Hewart says: "Will it be denied that one of the secrets, if not the chief secret, is perfect simplicity of diction and the appeal to what is primeval in mankind—that is, to the primitive emotions?" Some of the sayings are memorable and full of wise reflection, such as:—

So far as there is a relation between law and ethics, the true function of law is to remove the obstacles which injustice and oppression of any kind put in the way of free development. And it goes without saying that free development means self-control quite as much as self-assertion.

In speaking of his Majesty's Judges, Lord Hewart says, after a characteristic epigram on Administrative Law,

our fellow-countrymen seem somehow to think not too unkindly of judicial decisions given in open Court upon real cases by periectly independent and impartial Judges, who are individually responsible, and who have heard both sides. Such and so great is our faith in liberty.

In speaking of Manchester Grammar School he says that the school

holds and will hold aloft the banner, and smites and will smite, hip and thigh, the Philistines who think that education means apprenticeship.

Lord Hewart's views on "Criminal Law and Insanity" and "the irresistible impulse" come at a very timely moment; and he sturdily upholds the principles underlying the answers given by the Judges to the House of Lords in the M'Naghten case in 1843.

NEW NOVEL

KATINKA. By IRENE FORBES-MOSSE. Translated from the German by OAKLEY WILLIAMS. (Lane. 7s. 6d. net.)

Those who remember "Don Juan's Daughters," Frau Irene Forbes-Mosse's earlier work, will turn with feelings of eager anticipation to "Katinka." They will not be disappointed. This new book of hers has the same magical delicacy of sentiment, the same glancing wit and irresistible play of fancy, the same sparkling allusiveness and colour of language, the latter reproduced by the translator with a skill that calls for very special praise. It would be tiresome and foolish to try to tell the story in so many words, for you cannot convey the livingness of the characters in a novel merely by insisting that they are very much alive. The background is a German provincial town during the years of the War and the following years, and against it a half-dozen or so people of all sorts and conditions live and move and have their being. There is a cat, too—not the domestic cat of the domestic novel, nor the philosophical cat of the learned Sylvestre Bonnard, nor the pampered cat of the romance of passion, but just an ordinary, insignificant cat, a vagrant, whose "partiality is more flattering than a dog's devotion, because it is based on taste rather than on fidelity." Frau von Rosendorp, who was melancholy and somewhat solitary, called the cat Katinka for some reason, perhaps because her strange, feline little maid, who was also of the vagrant type, was called Kätchen. The mon, as is proper, are slightly more consistent creatures, though in the critical affairs of existence rationality deserted both Bürschel Reichert, who was a doctor and something of a musician, and who had played with Kätchen in childhood, and the dependable, gallant, and adventurous Toblach, from whom Marianne von Rosendorp so persistently and perversely retreated. But this can hardly suggest the beauties and felicities of the story or its poetical grace of style.

A LOVER OF INDIA

SIR F. YOUNGHUSBAND'S ESSAYS

DAWN IN INDIA. By SIR FRANCIS YOUNGHUSBAND. (John Murray. 10s. 6d. net.)

Not the least attraction of Sir Francis Younghusband's book is the opportunity it gives a reviewer to express the esteem and affection felt for its writer. It is gentle, with a chivalrous love of India, that has behind it the intimacy of nights spent beside the campfire, in wild places where a British subaltern is alone with his soldiers. Francis Younghusband was born into a tradition of comradeship with Indians. Knowledge is inherited, as well as acquired; probably the world will never realize how much the British Empire has owed to what has been more than individual valour and probity—a strand of service to India that one life after another has enriched, each passing on the tolerance and fair-mindedness it had learned in action. The boy who came into this inheritance began his career as a political, in a Himalayan State almost abutting on Russia and owning "a very shadowy allegiance to both Kashmir and China." Its ruler had attained his position "by poisoning his father and throwing his two brothers over a precipice." His Resident passed on to other States almost equally medieval, if less brutally so; of his experiences in each he writes with the musing frankness that the Englishman with Indian memories will recognize as the habit of his race. To most readers this section will be the most fascinating part of the book. It is followed by character studies of Tagore, Gandhi, Ramkrishna, Sadhu Sundar Singh, and Professor Radhakrishnan. Each of these men attracts him because of his illumination of the spiritual side of India's life.

From Sir Francis Younghusband's family traditions and personal story comes his conception of the connexion that should exist between Britain and India. He holds it should be one of comradeship, as of proved brothers in arms and the quest for reality, not of brothers by blood. This conception has brought him to the political position with which he has become particularly associated. You can guess by the way he quietly passes over certain vexed episodes of Indian history and administration that he takes something approximating to what an Indian would call the "Imperialist" view of them, but refuses to mix with the anger and controversy that surround them. He is by nature deeply conservative. But the British in India are far more individuals than is commonly thought; where there is so much compulsory loneliness a wide latitude of nonconformity is inevitable and is respected. Every honest man is allowed to house at least one bee in his bonnet. And the young subaltern who read Tolstoy's "The Kingdom of God is Within You" when he was remote from his own folk, on the Chitral frontier, and was swept by it into an ecstasy of conviction and resolve, was bound to confront other men's convictions with humility and sympathy. Thus he considers Mr. Gandhi's actions often mistaken, but does not think him therefore dishonest. And he would implement his conception of comradeship, based on choice and not on compulsion, by announcing openly to Indians that they themselves will be asked to decide whether they will remain in the Empire or not. He holds that no other course is worthy of our own record or consistent with self-respect; and he argues on behalf of his contention with characteristic gentleness, tolerance, and courage.

THE MID-EIGHTEENTH CENTURY

ENGLAND IN THE AGE OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION. By L. B. NAMIER. (Macmillan. 25s. net.)

Mr. Namier here continues the work he began so well in his "Structure of Politics at the Accession of George III.," published in January of last year. In this, the first instalment of his history which will no doubt run into several volumes, he describes the political events from George III.'s Accession to the preliminaries of the Treaty of Paris. Once more he deals with the composition of the new Parliament of 1761, insisting on the fact that, contrary to the usual opinion, it differed very little from the previous Parliament. But the chief attraction of the book will be found in his masterly descriptions of most of the characters that appear prominently in the political proceedings of these three years: the King himself, Bute, Newcastle, Pitt, Count Viry, as well as of some of the less prominent personalities, such as Dodington, George Grenville, Hardwicke and his sons, Lincoln and the budding Charles Townshend. On the whole, as he would have been only too pleased to anticipate, the Duke of Newcastle dominates the book, not of course usually so as to increase his reputation for wisdom, but certainly so as to increase the reader's hilarity. As one is now bound to expect, this book is illuminated by the author's almost uncanny familiarity not only with all conceivable manuscript authorities, but also with even more remote references in long-forgotten pamphlets and books of the period. For a student of mid-eighteenth century history Mr. Namier must for the future be an indispensable guide, not only into the main channels but even more especially into the less-known backwaters of this period, so important for its results, so undistinguished for most of its personalities.

VERDUN

VERDUN. By MARSHAL PÉTAIN. Authorized translation by MARGARET MACVEAGH. (Elkin Mathews and Marrot. 12s. 6d. net.)

This translation draws attention to a little book, "La Bataille de Verdun," by Maréchal Pétain, which appeared serially in *L'Illustration* last year and is written obviously for the general reader. The Maréchal says very little about himself, except at the dramatic moment of taking over command about midnight of the fifth day of the German attack. He begins by giving the general situation at the opening of 1916, the Allied hopes and arrangements for a simultaneous offensive on all the fronts, the German plans, and the vague and contradictory intelligence which was obtained of the German preparations. There are full details of the attack, and the astonishing, almost incredible, resistance offered by two of the three French divisions in the line. He has no hesitation in saying that the Somme offensive "freed and saved" Verdun, but complains that France was left too long to hold the centre of the stage. He declines to believe that Falkenhayn chose Verdun as the front to attack merely to bleed white the French Army; the scheme was first attacking on the right bank of the Meuse and then on the left, to catch the French at Verdun in "a vast net, resembling a second Sédan." Events subsequent to July 15 are dealt with very briefly in 18 pages, and only nine are given to the organization of the roads and railways, so vital to the defence, about which one would like to have heard more. In general, the Maréchal makes few comments, except to praise his men.

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

PROFESSOR EINSTEIN TO BROADCAST

Professor Einstein and Mr. Bernard Shaw will broadcast in the National programme this evening at 9.40. Their speeches will be relayed from the Savoy Hotel on the occasion of a dinner to be given by the Joint British Committee of the Societies for Promoting the Economic and Physical Welfare of East European Jewry. Lord Rothschild will be in the chair, and the distinguished scientist the guest of honour.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for to-day, October 28, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME. — 193kc. (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30:—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. 10.45-11:—Some Cheap Washing Machines, by Mrs. D. D. Cottingham Taylor. 12:—Kathleen Lennard (soprano); Douglas Pemberton (baritone). 12.30:—Organ Recital. 1-2:—Orchestra, from the Piccadilly Hotel. 2.5:—East Anglian Herring Fishing Bulletin. 2.10-2.25:—For the Schools: Out of Doors Week by Week, 5—The Fall of the Leaf, by Mr. Eric Parker. 2.30-3.30:—Music. 4—The New Phrase: (a) Beginners' Lesson; (b) Miniature Concert; (c) Advanced Lesson, by Sir Walford Davies. 3.35-4:—Early Stages in French, 6—by M. E. M. Stéphan. 4.5-4.25:—Special Talk for Secondary Schools: Modern Scientific Achievements, 3—Explosives, by Captain G. I. Finch. 4.30:—Orchestra. 5.15:—Children: My Programme, by Lady Tree. 6:—Unpacking Persian Treasures, by Mr. Leigh Ashton. 6.15:—Weather: News. 6.35:—London Stock Exchange Report; Fat Stock Prices for Farmers. 6.40:—Bach's Miscellaneous Pianoforte Music, played by Maurice Cole. 7-7.20:—The Month in the North Country, by Mrs. M. A. Hamilton. 7.25:—Standing Room Only—A Study in Population, 5—by Professor A. M. Carr-Saunders, from Liverpool.

7.45:—The Wireless Military Band, conducted by B. Walton O'Donnell; The Masks. 8-8.30:—The Mind of a Child, 5—The Nervous Child, by Dr. Cyril Burt. 8.36:—The Wireless Military Band: The Masks (continued). 9:—Weather; News. 9.15:—Shipping Forecast; New York Stock Market Report. 9.20:—Music and the Ordinary Listener, by Sir Walford Davies. 9.40:—Mr. George Bernard Shaw and Professor Einstein, speaking after the Dinner organized by the Joint British Committee of the Societies for Promoting the Economic and Physical Welfare of East European Jewry, relayed from the Savoy Hotel. 10.10:—The Weiss String Quartet: Lili Weiss (violin); Lotte Selke (violin); Lotte Hammerschlag (viola); Frieda Krause (violoncello); John Armstrong (tenor). 11.15-12:—Band, from Grosvenor House.

LONDON NATIONAL PROGRAMME.—1,148kc. (261.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m.:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). 12-2:—National programme. 2.10-4.25:—National programme. 5.15:—National programme: Romances of Scottish Town Arms, 6.15:—National programme. 7:—See Glasgow. 7.25:—National programme. 7.45:—See Glasgow. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—Scottish News Bulletin. 9.20-12:—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 2.10:—National programme. 4.30:—Dance Music. 5.15:—Children. 6:—Stop Press. 6.15:—National programme. 7.45:—The Radio Trio: the Cathedral Quartet (St. Patrick's, Dublin); Maye Martin (soprano); John Gill (tenor). 9:—National programme. 9.15:—Regional programme. 9.20:—National programme. 9.40:—The Station Military Band, conducted by Mr. George Dean; Wesley Guard (bass). 11-12:—National programme.

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 12-1:—National programme. 2.10:—National programme. 4.45:—London National programme. 6-12:—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2.10:—National programme. 5.15:—Children. 6:—Dr. F. J. North: The Field Work of the National Museum of Wales; Research on Land and Sea, 2—The Rocks of Wales. 6.15:—National programme. 7:—A Welsh Interlude: Mr. Iorwerth Peate: Early Chapters in the History of Wales, 2—The Neolithic Age. 7.25:—National programme. 7.45:—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus) conducted by Warwick Braithwaite: Louis Levitus (violin), Frank Thomas (viola); Dennis Vaughan (baritone). 9:—National programme. 9.15:—West Regional News. 9.20-12:—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30-2:—Time Signal, Weather, Stock Report and Gramophone Records. 6:—Gramophone Records. 6.15:—Children. 7:—Gramophone Records. 7.15:—News. 7.30:—Time Signal. 7.32:—Leighescht Lieadhlige. 7.45:—Wireless Society Talk. 8:—Concert. 9.15:—Musical Talk. 9.30:—Sponsored Programme. 10.30:—Time Signal, News and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30:—National programme. 11-12:—Gramophone Records. 2.40:—See Glasgow. 3.30:—The Studio Orchestra: W. H. Richardson (violoncello). 4.30:—National programme. 5.15:—Children. 5.56:—Birthdays. 6:—National programme. 7:—See Glasgow. 7.35:—National programme. 7.45:—The Studio Orchestra, from Edinburgh: Croé Davidson (contralto); Alexander MacGregor (baritone); The Quean Dow: a play by George Heston Malloch, presented by the Scottish National Players; produced by Elliot C. Mason, from Glasgow. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—Scottish News Bulletin. 9.20-12:—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30:—National programme. 11-12:—See Edinburgh. 2.40:—For the Schools: Elementary French: M. Jean-Jacques Oberlin: Poetry—Les Prix (Louis Harlicome): Dictation. 3.5:—Music. 3.10:—English Literature: Mr. Alexander Haddow: Why We Like Poetry, 5—Jock o' Hazeldean, and Lochinvar—Sir Walter Scott. 3.30:—See Edinburgh. 4.30:—Organ Recital. 5:—Campbell Mackie (reciter). 5.15:—See Edinburgh. 6:—See Aberdeen. 6.15:—National programme. 7:—Mr. George Malcolm Thomson: New Lamps for Old, 4—The Universities. 7.25:—National programme. 7.45:—The Studio Orchestra, from Edinburgh: Croé Davidson (contralto); Alexander MacGregor (baritone): The Crusader, a play by George Heston Malloch, presented by the Scottish National Players, produced by Elliot C. Mason, from Glasgow. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—Scottish News Bulletin. 9.20-12:—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc. (376.4m.).

LEEDS (1,500kc.) (200m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 12:—Gramophone Records. 1-2:—The Northern Wireless Orchestra: J. E. Ramsey (mouth organ). 2.10:—National programme. 5.30:—Orchestra. 5.15:—Children. 6:—Miss Margaret Pilkington: Arts and Crafts of To-day. 6.15:—National programme. 7:—Mr. George Lockhart's Stampede. 7.25:—National programme. 7.45:—The Partners, a play in three periods, by Vincent Dampier: arranged for broadcasting by Victor Smythe: produced by B. E. Ormerod, with Betty Ashworth, Ida Churm, Hylda Metcalf, Sheila Palmer, James Bowler, Leo Channing, W. E. Dickinson, Murray Grabsia, A. G. Mitchenson, Charles Nesbitt and Michael Volpert. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—North of England News. 9.20-12:—National programme.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 12-1:—National programme. 2.10:—National programme. 5.15:—Children. 6:—National programme. 7:—Mr. F. Franklin Chambers: Plymouth and District in Modern Fiction. 3. 7.25:—National programme. 7.45:—London National programme. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.20-12:—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2.10:—National programme. 5.15:—See Cardiff. 6.15:—National programme. 7:—See Cardiff. 7.25:—National programme. 7.45:—See Cardiff. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—West Regional News. 9.20-12:—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—**LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.), (288.5m.), BRADFORD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 12-2:—See Manchester. 2.10:—National programme. 5.15:—See Manchester. 6.15:—National programme. 7:—See Manchester. 7.25:—National programme. 7.45:—See Manchester. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—North of England News. 9.20-12:—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are Greenwich Mean Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated:—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 8kw.—4:—Exchange, Trio Music, and News. 8.30:—Elementary English Lesson. 9:—Chimes, Weather, and Exchange. 9.5:—Orchestral Selections. 9.30:—Song Recital. 10:—News. 10.5:—Literary Programme. 10.15:—Soprano and Baritone Song Recital and Orchestral Concert. 11.15:—Gramophone Records.

BELGRADE (432m.), 3kw.—4:—See Prague. 9:—Time, News, and Sports Notes. 9.15:—Relay of Foreign Stations.

BERLIN (Königs Wusterhausen) (1,635m.), 35kw.—3.30:—See Leipzig. 4.30:—Talks. 6:—Elementary French Lesson. 6.30:—Forecast of the November Programme for Königs Wusterhausen. 6.55:—Weather for Farmers. 7:—Programme from Hamburg. 7.45:—Programme from Königsberg. 8.30:—See Langenberg. 9:—Gramophone Records. 9.15:—Political Newspaper Review and News from Berlin (Witzleben).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 1.5kw.—5.45:—Talk. 6.30:—Theatre Week Programme. Literary Talk. Young Dramatists of the Season. 7.30:—Donna Juanita, Operetta in Two Acts. (Suppe). 8.15:—(In an interval) News and Sports Notes. 9.15:—Political Newspaper Review, followed by Weather, News, and Sports Notes.

BERNE (403m., 1kw.—5.25:—Time and Weather. 6.30:—Reading. 7:—Polish Blood, Operetta in Three Acts (Wellal). In the interval at 8.45:—News and Weather.

BRATISLAVA (279m., 14kw.—5.25:—See Prague. 9.20:—Programme Announcements. 9.25:—Programme from Moravska-Ostrava.

BRESLAU (325m., 2kw., and GLEIWITZ (253m.).—6.3:—Orchestral Concert of Modern Operetta Music. 7.20:—Weather. 7.2:—Talk. 7.30:—Narcissus, a Virginal Play from the Drama by Brachvogel (Arbeiter). 8.45:—A Cabaret on Gramophone Records. 9.15:—Political Newspaper Review from Berlin (Witzleben). 9.40:—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Programme Announcements. 10:—Report of the Silesian Wireless Listeners' Association.

BRNO (342m.), 2kw.—5.25:—See Prague. 9.25:—News and Theatre Notes. 9.30:—Programme from Moravska-Ostrava.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 1kw.—6.30:—Trio Concert. 7.30:—La Journal Parlé. 8.15:—Orchestral Concert:—Ballet Music from Rosamunde (Schubert); Masques et Pierrots (Faure); Valse caprice (Rubinstein). In the intervals at 8.30:—Talk.—Belgium and Chemistry since 1830; and at 9:—Topical Review. 9.30:—Dance Music. 10.15:—News.

BUDAPEST (550m.) 23kw.—6:—The Letter Box. 6.45:—Orchestral Concert. 7.50:—Concert, followed by Programme by the Marci Tziganc Orchestra.

COPENHAGEN (281m., 6.75kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m., 10kw.—2:—Instrumental Concert. 4:—Children. 4.40:—Exchange and Fish Market Prices. 4.50:—Talk. 5.20:—German Language Lesson. 5.50:—Weather and News. 6.15:—Time Signal. 6.30:—Talk. 7:—Town Hall Chimes. 7.2:—The Red Cock—Play in three acts (Palle Rosenkrantz). 8.40:—News and Report of the Danish Radio Club. 9:—Concert of Spanish Music. 10:—Dance Music from the Palace Hotel. 11 (in the interval):—Town Hall Chimes.

CRACOW (254m., 1.5kw.—6.10:—Agricultural Report. 6.25:—Gramophone Records. 6.35:—Radio Journal. 6.55:—Gramophone Records. 7.15:—Talk; Concert and News.

FRANKFURT (390m.), 1.5kw., and CASSEL (244m.).—6:—Time and Programme Announcements. 6.5-10:—Programme from Stuttgart. 10:—News, Sports Notes and Weather.

HAMBURG—Call ha (in Morse) (372m.), 1.5kw., and BREMEN (315.8m.), FLENSBURG (218m.), HANOVER (296m.), KIEL (232.2m.).—6:—Talk. 6.50:—Exchange, Market Prices and Weather. 7:—The Rhenish Psalter,—for Baritone, Mixed Choir and Orchestra (Thomas), relayed from the Musikhalle. 7.40:—Choral Concert by the Hamburg Masons' Choral Society, from the Trade Hall. 8.45:—La Serva Padrona—Opera in one act (Pergolesi), relayed from the Municipal Theatre, Lübeck. 9.30:—Weather, Political, Sports, and Miscellaneous Notices. 9.50:—Orchestral Concert.

HILVERSUM (298m.), 8.5kw.—7.40 a.m.:—Time Signal. 7.41:—Gramophone Records. 9.40:—Time Signal. 9.41:—Daily Service. 10.10:—Quintet Concert. 11.40:—Time Signal. 11.41:—Concert by the Rotterdam Concert Orchestra. 1.40:—Talk for Women. 2.40:—Talk. 3.40:—Gramophone Records. 4.10:—Study Music for Pianoforte, with Introductory Talk. 4.40:—Concert by a Children's Choir. 5.10:—Orchestral Concert:—Overture, La Cenerentola (Rossini); Prelude (Rachmaninoff); 'Cello Solos—(a) Adagio from the Concerto for 'Cello (R. Schumann); (b) Minuet (Handel); (c) Allegro spiritoso (Sesalli); Selection from Samson and Delilah (Saint-Saëns); 'Cello Solos—(a) Chant russe (Lalo); (b) Serenade (Cassado); (c) Tarantelle (Popper); Serenade (Gounod). 6.40:—English Language Lesson. 7.10:—Talk. 7.40:—Time Signal. 7.41:—William Tell—Opera in four acts (Rossini), relayed from the Carré Theatre. 10.40:—Gramophone Records.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 8.5kw.—7.40 a.m.:—Gramophone Records. 11.10:—Divine Service. 11.40:—Police Notes. 11.55:—Trio Concert. 1.25:—Gramophone Records. 1.40:—Talk for Women. 2.40:—Dressmaking Lesson. 3.10:—Programme to be announced. 4.40:—Gramophone Records. 5.40:—Time Signal and Technical Talk. 5.55:—Gramophone Records. 6.28:—Writing Lesson. 6.35:—Agricultural Talk. 7.25:—Police Notes. 7.40:—Orchestral Concert:—Overture, Così fan tutte (Mozart); Aria from 'Il re pastore (Mozart); Invitation to the Dance (Weber); Soprano Solos—(a) Noël (Holmes); (b) Après (Fauré); (c) Aubade (Fauré); Aria from Oberon (Weber); the Third Symphony (Brockner). 9 (in the interval):—News. 10.10:—Gramophone Records.

LAHTI (1,796m.), 54kw., and HELSINGFORS (221m.).—6:—Orchestral Concert. 7:—Gramophone Concert. 7.45:—Time, Weather, News in Swedish.

LEIPZIG (253.2m., 2.5kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—3.30:—Concert. 4.55:—Economic Report, Weather, and Time. 5.5:—Talk for Women. 5.30:—French Language Lesson. 6:—Talk. 6.25:—Economic Report. 6.40:—Concert of Light Music. 7:—Talk. 7.30:—Concert, relayed from Weimar. 9.15:—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Dance Music.

MADRID (Unión Radio—Call EAJ7 (430m.), 2kw.—7:—Chimes, Exchange, Market Prices, and Topical Review. 7.30:—Dance Music. 8.25:—News. 9.45:—English Language Lesson. 10:—Chimes, Time, Exchange, and First Concert from the Works of Contemporary Spanish Composers—Manuel de Falla, followed by News.

MILAN—Call 1MI (501m.), 8.5kw. Relayed by TURIN (272.3m.) and GENOA (301m.).—4.30:—Gramophone Records. 6.30:—Concert from the Fiaschetteria Toscana. 7.15:—Giornale radio and Weather. 7.30:—Time Signal. 7.32:—Literary Notes. 7.40:—Relayed from the Politeama Chiarella, Turin—Mason, opera (Mascagni), followed by Dance Music.

MUNICH (533m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (346m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (276m.), NUREMBERG (239m.).—6.15:—Talks. 7:—Orchestral Concert. 8:—Readings. 8.30:—String Quartet in A minor, op. 132 (Beethoven). 9.20:—Time, Weather, News, and Sports Notes.

**OSLO (1,071m., 7.5kw., and FREDRIKSTAD (365m.), HAMAR (587m.), NOTODDEN (445m.), PORSGRUND (453

The List will be closed on or before Friday, 31st October, 1930.

LONDON AND NORTH EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

Issue of £3,000,000 4½% Sinking Fund Debenture Stock At £90 per Cent.

The Interest upon this Stock will be payable half-yearly on 1st January and 1st July. A full half-year's interest of £2 5s. less tax for each £100 Stock allotted will be paid on 1st July, 1931, in respect of the period to that date.

A Cumulative Sinking Fund will be set aside and applied each year in the redemption of Stock by purchase on the market at or under par or by drawings at par so that the whole of the Stock will be repaid by the 1st July, 1970. The first application of this Sinking Fund will be made in respect of the year ending 31st December, 1931.

(A copy of the Resolution of the Directors creating the above Stock and authorising its issue is appended.)

The above Stock, which as to security ranks *pari passu* with the existing Debenture Stocks of the Company, is part of a sum of £7,000,000 authorised to be raised under the powers granted by the London and North Eastern Railway (Works) Act, 1930.

The proceeds are required towards meeting the expenditure on works now being executed in connection with the Railway Passenger Duty Scheme and the Development (Loan Guarantees and Grants) Act, 1929.

The Company was relieved from payment of Passenger Duty (approximately £80,000 per annum) in consideration of the spending of the capitalised value thereof upon works approved by the Minister of Transport.

The Company is undertaking certain new works with the assistance of the Development (Loan Guarantees and Grants) Act, 1929, under which the Company will receive certain grants from the Government in aid of interest on capital expenditure for various periods.

It is believed that the rebated Passenger Duty, the Government grants under the Development (Loan Guarantees and Grants) Act, 1929, and the net earnings from the new works, will provide sufficient revenue to cover the interest on the Stock now offered for subscription and upon such further Stock as may be issued in connection with other works under the Development Act, so that no additional burden will have to be borne by the Company, while the facilities provided should make for more economical working in congested areas of the Company's system.

The Directors are prepared to receive applications for the Stock, payment for which is to be made as follows:—

5 per cent. on application,
40 per cent. on allotment (14th November, 1930),
45 per cent. on 13th February, 1931.

No application for less than £50 Stock will be accepted.

Application must be made on the enclosed form, and forwarded to the Company's Bankers, Messrs. Glyn, Mills & Co., 67, Lombard-street, [London, E.C.3, accompanied by a deposit of £5 per cent.

Special consideration will be given to applications received from the Proprietors and Debenture Stockholders if made on the pink form provided.

In the event of a partial allotment, the balance of the amount paid upon application will be applied towards the payment due on allotment.

Payment of the balance in full may be made on allotment under discount at the rate of £2 per cent. per annum.

Interest at the rate of £5 per cent. per annum will be charged on instalments in arrear.

Failure to pay any instalment when due will render the previous payments liable to forfeiture and the allotment to cancellation.

Allotment Letters, after payment in full, must be sent to the Company for registration. No interest will be payable until such registration has taken place.

A form of renunciation will appear on such Allotment Letters.

A commission of 5s. per cent. will be allowed to Bankers and Stockbrokers upon allotments made in respect of applications bearing their stamp.

By Order of the Board,
JAMES McLAREN,
Secretary.

MARYLEBONE STATION,
LONDON, N.W.1.
27th October, 1930.

Copies of this Prospectus and Forms of Application may be obtained from Messrs. Glyn, Mills & Co., 67, Lombard-street, London, E.C.3; Messrs. Greenwood & Co., 28, Austin Friars, London, E.C.2; the Secretary of the Company, at Marylebone Station, London, N.W.1; or from the Registrar, Hamilton Buildings, Liverpool Street Station, London, E.C.2.

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD PASSED ON THE 24TH OCTOBER, 1930.

RESOLVED:—

1. That, in exercise of the powers conferred by the London and North Eastern Railway (Works) Act, 1930, 4½ per Cent. Sinking Fund Debenture Stock of an amount of £3,000,000 be hereby created and issued for the purpose of raising part of a sum of £7,000,000 authorised to be raised by the said Act (such Stock being created and issued in respect of the expenditure on capital account incurred or to be incurred since the date on which the standard charges under the Railways Act, 1921, were fixed in the first instance—viz., 6th July, 1927).

2. That the price of issue of such Stock be £90 per cent.

3. That such Stock as to security shall rank *pari passu* with the Debenture Stocks of the Company and shall carry interest as from the 1st day of January, 1931, such interest being payable half-yearly on the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July in each year.

4. That there shall be created and set aside out of the available net revenue of the Company in each year commencing with the year 1931 a Cumulative Sinking Fund which shall be applied annually in the redemption of an aliquot amount of the said Stock either by purchase on the market at or under par or by drawings at par so that the whole of the said Stock shall be repaid by the 1st day of July, 1970, and that the first application in manner aforesaid of the said Sinking Fund be made in respect of the year ending the 31st day of December, 1931.

5. That the Company hereby reserve the right at any time or times to create and issue for the purpose of raising the whole or any part of the balance of the said £7,000,000 further 4½ per Cent. Sinking Fund Debenture Stock to rank *pari passu* with all then existing 4½ per Cent. Sinking Fund Debenture Stock of the Company and carrying the benefit of the said Sinking Fund provisions.

6. That in the event of the Directors determining to redeem any of the said Stock by drawings as aforesaid, such Stock shall be ascertained by drawings to be held at such time and place and in such manner as the Directors may determine and the Company shall thereupon give to the holders of the Stock drawn for redemption not less than one month's previous notice of its intention to redeem such Stock and fixing the time and place for payment of the Stock so drawn.

7. That at the time and place so fixed each Stockholder to whom such notice shall have been given shall be bound to surrender to the Company the Certificate of his Stock to be redeemed for cancellation and thereupon such Stock shall be paid off at par together with accrued interest, and the Company shall issue to each such Stockholder a fresh Certificate for the balance (if any) of his Stock remaining outstanding.

8. That no Stock drawn for redemption shall bear interest after the day fixed for the redemption thereof.

Applications should be forwarded direct to Messrs. GLYN, MILLS & Co., 67, Lombard-street, London, E.C.3.

No. .....

ISSUE OF £3,000,000 4½ PER CENT. SINKING FUND DEBENTURE STOCK AT £90 PER CENT.

(1)

To the LONDON & NORTH EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, Care of Messrs. GLYN, MILLS & Co., 67, LOMBARD-STREET, LONDON, E.C.3.

I/we hereby request you to allot to me/us £..... of the above-mentioned Stock in terms of your prospectus dated 27th October, 1930, and I/we hereby agree to accept the same or any less amount that may be allotted to me/us. The sum of £..... being the amount of the required deposit at the rate of £5 for every £100 applied for, is enclosed herewith, and I/we hereby engage to pay the balance when due on any allotment that may be made in respect of this application, as provided by the said circular letter.

Usual Signature .....

Name in full .....

Address .....

.....

Occupation or Description .....

Date ..... 1930.

(BLOCK LETTERS PLEASE.)

* Applications must be for not less than £50 Stock, and must be for multiples of £50.

All Cheques to be made payable to Bearer and Crossed, and when altered from "Order to Bearer" the alteration must be signed by the Drawer. A separate Cheque must accompany each application.

An acknowledgment will be forwarded in due course, either by Allotment Letter or by return of the Deposit.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

NORTH EASTERN ISSUE

AUSTRALIAN SECURITIES

The prospectus is published to-day of the London and North Eastern Railway Company's issue of £3,000,000 of Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Sinking Fund Debenture stock, which is offered for subscription at 90 and gives a flat yield of £5 per cent., and a redemption yield of £5 1s. 10d. Five per cent. is payable on application, 40 per cent. on allotment (November 14), and the balance on February 13. A full half-year's interest will be paid on July 1. Special consideration will be given to applications from stockholders. An attractive feature of the issue is the provision of a cumulative sinking fund which will repay the stock at par within 40 years. The first application of this fund, which will be applied by purchases or drawings, will be made in respect of next year. This is the first railway Debenture stock to carry a sinking fund, and this feature will undoubtedly attract many subscriptions to the issue. It would have been better for railway finance if sinking funds had been attached to earlier issues. The stock will rank *pari passu* with existing Debenture stocks, and the amount forms part of a total of £7,000,000, the raising of which has been authorized this year. The proceeds will be spent on works now being executed in connexion with the Railway Passenger Duty Scheme and the Development Act, 1929. It is believed that the rebated passenger duty (about £80,000 per annum), the grants to be received from the Government under the Development Act, and the net earnings from the new works will provide sufficient revenue to cover the interest on the stock now offered and upon any further stock that may be issued in connexion with other works under the Development Act. Consequently, no additional financial burden should fall upon the company. As was explained in this column on Saturday, the decision to provide a sinking fund for the stock is connected with the statutory regulation which limits the borrowing powers of the railways to one-third of their capital. The railway has been empowered temporarily to depart from this limitation in connexion with these particular expenditures, but when the new stock has been redeemed the statutory proportion of Debenture debt to capital will be restored.

Fall in Australian Stocks

More than one of the investment markets yesterday felt the influence of Mr. Lang's victory in the New South Wales elections. It even served to reduce the volume of business in the gilt-edged market and to check the upward movement, which was an agreeable and prominent feature last week. There was little change in prices, and War Loan, which will be dealt in ex dividend this morning, was actually a shade higher at 105½, but the tone was subdued. Australian securities suffered a setback the sharpness of which is to be measured not by the decline shown in prices but by the attitude of dealers. Last Friday Australian securities were quoted on a 1 point basis, but yesterday the spread between buying and selling limits was as much as 5 points, which indicates the scarcity of buyers and the difficulty of transacting business. The Commonwealth Five per Cent. Stock (1945-75), which is the leader of the market, was dealt in down to 79. Yesterday's movements in a number of Australian securities are shown in the subjoined table:—

Stock	Price	Fall on the day
Commonwealth 6%. 1931-41 ..	91–86	2
Do., 5%. 1945-75	80–65	3
N.S.W., 5%. 1935	77–82	3½
Do., 5½%. 1930-50	84–82	3½
Do., 4%. 1933	87–95	3½
Do., 5%. 1945-65	77–82	2½
Do., 5½%. 1947-57	79–84	4
Queensland, 5%. 1940-60	78–83	3
Do., 4%. 1940-50	65–70	2
S. Aust., 5%. 1945-75	78–83	3½
Tasmania, 5½%. 1940	79–81	1½
Victoria, 5%. 1945-75	78–83	3½
Do., 5½%. 1929-49	58–63	3½
W. Aust., 5%. 1945-75	79–84	3½
Do., 5½%. 1929-55	81–86	3½
Do., 4%. 1942-62	61–66	2

The other feature of note in markets was a recovery in Brazilian securities, but towards the close the market was again unsettled by conflicting reports from Brazil regarding the situation there. Some days may elapse before the political position becomes properly clarified.

Mr. Scullin's Statement

Last evening Mr. Scullin, the Prime Minister of Australia, issued a statement which appears on page 14 and is designed to reassure holders of Australian securities. The investing public does not entertain any fear that any of the Governments of Australia will ever repudiate their obligations, but some of Mr. Lang's statements have given them an impression that he fails to realize the necessity for economy, and will therefore delay the restoration of Australian credit. Consequently they feel that his victory may encourage those elements in Australia which are opposed to the programme of retrenchment and reform, even though independent and friendly observers have satisfied themselves of its absolute necessity. Mr. Lang is emphatic in his view that the standard of living must be maintained. No investor or capitalist wishes to see that standard reduced. On the contrary they would be gratified to learn that it had been increased, for they realize it could not be increased permanently except by harder work and increased productivity. But the standard of living must be earned and not borrowed. Unfortunately, in the past, it has been artificially raised by excessive borrowing, but it is impossible indefinitely to borrow a part of the cost of the standard of living since sooner or later the borrowed part must be repaid. Anglo-Australian business men believe that Mr. Lang will be compelled to realize the necessity for economy when he reaches the Treasury and finds there a relatively small amount of cash with which to meet unpaid bills.

Entre Rios Railway Outlook

The progress made in the last few years by the Entre Rios Railway compares favourably with that of any of the other Argentine lines, and at the annual meeting yesterday Mr. Follett Holt (the chairman) was able to speak hopefully about the company's prospects. He showed that the absence last year of a reduction in expenses, to offset the smaller gross receipts, was due to the heavier cost of working the direct Buenos Aires traffic, which is only at the beginning of its development. The board, he said, were very satisfied with the preliminary results of the new terminal enterprise, and in its absence receipts would probably not have been so well maintained during such a bad year for the Republic. Referring to road competition, the chairman said that the company, in order to meet it, was gradually increasing the use of self-propelled passenger cars for auxiliary services on the railway with satisfactory results, and in addition had already some 30 cargo lorries on the roads serving their customers, and with these were gaining valuable experience. After pointing out that the company had not lost ground in the first three months of the current financial year—which makes its position exceptional among the Argentine lines—Mr. Holt read a telegram which indicated a favourable condition of the crops and of the grazing camps and livestock. It is expected that shipments of the latter will be resumed early in December.

V.O.C. Interim Dividend

The directors of Venezuelan Oil Concessions, Limited, have declared an interim dividend of 5 per cent. in respect of the financial year which ends on December 31. This will be payable on both the Preferred and Ordinary shares. The announcement is in accordance with the promise made by the chairman at the general meeting held in June that the board would consider the question of making an interim distribution. In respect of 1929 the company paid 20 per cent., which was paid in one sum. The present dividend will be payable on a capital of over £7,000,000, this including the 1,800,000 Ordinary shares issued in March last. Shareholders are informed that so far as can be ascertained at present the aggregate profit for the year 1930 will be approximately the same as that earned during the previous year.

Trust Companies' Results

Two trust companies, the Second Scottish Investment Trust and the Second Industrial Trust, issued favourable reports yesterday. Both trusts are controlled by groups of proved skill and reliability in the conduct of trust finance, and the reports show further expansion in revenues, dividends being unaltered in each case. The income of the larger of the two companies, the Second Scottish Investment Trust Company, increased from £255,023 to £286,605, the expansion being evidently due in part to the further increase of £283,815 in the Debenture debt, which on October 1, the date of the balance-sheet, stood at £1,914,989. The maintenance of the Ordinary dividend at the previous rate of 10 per cent. required a somewhat larger sum owing to the bonus issue last year, but after allocating £19,077 to the expenses of new share and Debenture issues and £10,000 to the capital reserve a slightly larger balance is carried forward. New capital and Debenture issue expenses incurred in the previous year were provided out of the profits realized on investments sold during the year, while from the same source £150,000 was added to the capital reserve. It is not surprising to find that this feature is absent in the report for 1929-30. The directors of the Second Industrial Trust state that the balance-sheet valuation of the investments is "more than represented" by market and estimated values; the previous report stated that it was "amply represented." For the third successive year this trust is paying 7½ per cent. on the Ordinary capital and again places £5,000 to reserve.

Brewery Debenture Issue

Another company that is taking advantage of the prevailing cheapness of money to effect a reduction in the annual cost of its prior charges is Frank Myatt, Limited, the brewers, who to-morrow will make an issue of £400,000 of Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Guaranteed Mortgage Debenture stock at 98 per cent. The company has an issued capital of £280,000, and there are at present outstanding £307,200 of Six per Cent. (free of income-tax up to 6s. in the pound) First Mortgage Redeemable Debentures. All of the latter, however, will be paid off by May 1 next out of the proceeds of the present issue or satisfied by the issue of Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Guaranteed Mortgage Debenture stock, holders of the old Debentures having the right to convert their holdings into an equivalent amount of the new stock, together with a cash payment of £5 10s. per cent., and in addition £2 per cent., free of tax, representing the interest accrued up to November 1 on the stock so converted. From January 1, 1928, the trading of Frank Myatt was merged in that of the Holt Brewery Company, which is guaranteeing the present issue, and profits of the two companies together for the past two years averaged £117,850 per annum. This sum covers the service of the new Debenture stock more than four times.

Prospects for Life Assurance Bonuses

The inaugural address at the Institute of Actuaries last night of Mr. H. M. Trouncer, the president, took the form of a speech, instead of a printed paper, and it lost nothing in weight by the effective way in which it was delivered. A report of the speech appears on page 8. The attention of the managements of all life offices is likely to be directed especially to, among many important points, a warning note—evidently carefully considered—respecting the future of bonuses on participating life policies. The president pointed out that, since the War, life assurance had been carried on in the favourable circumstances of large reserves, light mortality, and high interest earnings. Consequently, rates of bonus had been much increased, and, in many cases, they now were so large that unless the premium rates for new entrants had been revised for the purpose these would not alone provide the current rates of bonus. He submitted that, in the difficult times through which the offices were passing, reserves would need to be drawn on, either to meet depreciation or possible loss from default in connexion with investments, and that managements must anticipate a lower rate of interest on new investments than they had been earning. If he was right it would be difficult to maintain the high rates of bonus of to-day, and, if, for reasons of competition, rates of premium for new entrants had not been revised it was inevitable that bonus rates must be reduced, although this result might be gradual and might be delayed.

Terms of Non-Participating Policies

The president recognized that the financial effect of declaring too high a rate of bonus was very different from that of issuing contracts at unremunerative rates, because adjustment could be made in subsequent declarations of bonus. Yet the volume of business effected on the basis of the maintenance of current rates of bonus was so large that it became a matter of good faith and was thus of equal, if not of greater, importance. That remark indicated the high standard of professional conduct which, to their credit, British actuaries maintain. As regards non-participating business and pension schemes competition was, the president declared, gradually forcing rates down, and if this tendency was not checked the business might suffer, as marine insurance was suffering, through being transacted at unremunerative rates. A loss on non-participating life business would diminish the surplus available for distribution among the participating policyholders, while in some shareholding companies the dividend would furnish a similar safety valve. These comments suggested that at present the public has the opportunity of assuring on very favourable terms. The president referred critically to standard methods of valuation, saying that, in his view, the net premium valuation, which was so largely adopted, was not sufficiently scientific and was now out of date.

STOCK EXCHANGE

EASIER AT THE CLOSE

AUSTRALIAN LOANS WEAK

The course of the stock markets yesterday failed to fulfil the hopes aroused by developments in the closing days of last week. In the Miscellaneous market prices were raised all round at the outset, but when it was found that the expected buying orders had not materialized professionals who had bought in anticipation were inclined to sell, and values went back in tame fashion. The result of the elections in New South Wales depressed the market for Australian securities. Quotations of the Commonwealth and State loans fell from 2 to 4 points, and the wide prices made by the dealers testified to their unwillingness to add to their commitments. The news received from Brazil over the week-end brought in buyers of Brazilian bonds, and prices of South American securities as a whole improved, though the market was waiting not altogether without anxiety for further news of developments following the establishment of the self-appointed provisional Government at Rio.

Little change occurred in British Government securities. The Five per Cent. War Loan was firm at 105¼; the stock will be dealt in ex dividend this morning, and dealers expect the price in the new form to be about 102¾ to 103¾. The Three-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loan closed ¼ easier at 80½, but other long-dated stocks remained virtually at Friday's prices. Treasury Five per Cents and Four-and-a-Half per Cents, 1932-34, each rose ¼. A general fall of 2 to 4 points took place in Australian stocks, and dealers quoted prices very wide. The HOME RAILWAY market was weak, the coming re-opening of Parliament being assigned as the reason. Great Western at 70½ showed a fall of ½. London Midland and Scottish gave way ½ to 34¼. London and North Eastern Preferred fell ½ to 17½, and declines of ½ to 1 took place in Southern Deferred and Preferred. The shares of the Underground Railway were dull at 23s. 10½d.

In the FOREIGN market a fair amount of business took place in Brazilian bonds, prices of which were quoted 2 to 5 points higher all round. The rise was due to the confirmation of reports circulating on Friday as to the resignation of the President, and to the further news of the formation of a new provisional Government. Brazilian 1914 Funding rose 3 to 73, while the Six-and-a-Half per Cents at 73, 1889 Fours at 45, and the Four per Cent. Rescission at 49 each recorded gains of 2 points. San Paulo Seven-and-a-Half per Cent. Coffee bonds recovered 5 points to 76, and the Seven per Cent. Coffee Loan rose 3 to 84. Gains of a point occurred in several Chilean loans. Peruvian Corporation Preference rose 1 to 33. Chinese bonds were quoted ½ to 1 higher, and rises of ½ took place in Japanese Six per Cents, 1924 (101½), and Tokyo Five-and-a-Half per Cents (94½). Among Foreign railway stocks San Paulo showed a recovery of a full 10 points at 160, and Leopoldina were quoted ½ higher at 27. Argentine railway stocks were strong; B.A. Great Southern rose 1½ to 76½, and the stocks of the other loans each improved to the extent of a point.

The news of a further cut in American oil prices was responsible for dullness in the OIL market; prices gave way to a small extent all round, with the exception of V.O.C., these shares hardening to 1 29-32 on the announcement of an interim dividend. Royal Dutch fell 7-16 to 27 11-16, Anglo-Persian went back ½ to 3 3-32, and Shell at 4½ and Burmah at 4 each lost 1-16. Eagle shares were quoted 3d. lower, Canadian being 8s. 3d. and Mexican 9s. 1½d. English stocks of rubber showed an increase last week of 250 tons, which was a rather smaller figure than was expected. The market was firm, a number of leading shares showing small gains. Anglo-Dutch rose 1s. to 24s. 6d., Malayalam put on 9d. to 16s. 9d., and United Sua Betong closed 3-32 higher at 2. Allied Sumatra at 9s. 3d. and Rembau Jelei at 15s. 7½d. were other firm features.

REACTION IN INDUSTRIALS

The INDUSTRIAL market had an appearance of firmness at the start, but the early rise which took place in prices was not held, and after the first half-hour an easier tendency prevailed. The International group lost ground during the afternoon, International Nickel falling to 18½, Hydro Electric to 29½, and Brazilian Traction to 27½, after being 28½. United Molasses gave way to 21s. 3d., and Turner and Newall fell 2s. to 56s. 3d. Columbia Graphophone closed 7-32 lower at 2 9-16, and H.M.V. lost ½ to 2 13-32. In the Tobacco group Imperial were offered, falling to 4 23-32, but prices of B.A.T. and Carreras were maintained. Imperial Chemical closed 7½d. lower at 20s. 4½d., and the Deferred went back to 6s. Courtaulds were steady, and a rise took place in American Celanese, the shares closing at 3¾ after being 3½. Dunlop Rubber weakened to 11s. 6d., and in the Motor group Leyland at 60s. and Dennis at 40s. both lost ground. Joseph Lucas was firm, rising to 70s. Distillers recovered to 61s. 9d. In the Store group Harrods were firm, rising to 59s., and Boots Pure Drug moved up to 5½. A further rise took place in insurance shares, a feature being North British and Mercantile, which advanced to 35. Australian bank shares were dull on the result of the New South Wales election, but Bank of London and South America and Anglo-South American were firmer in sympathy with South American stocks generally. Hudson's Bay showed a small recovery to 2½.

The MINING markets were dull. In the Kaffir group Gold Fields fell to 1 5-32, and small declines took place in Randfontein Estates (13s. 6d.), Robinson Deep B (8s. 3d.), West Rand (7s. 3d.), and West Springs (13s. 3d.). The Rhodesian copper group was heavy. Bwana gave way to 9s., N'Changa to 2 1-16, and Chartered to 29s. 9d. The Broken Hill group was also out of favour, Broken Hill Proprietary falling 1s. to 11s. 6d. On the other hand, tin shares reflected a recovery of 15s. in the metal; Southern Malayan rose to 10s. 9d., London Tin to 9s. 3d., and Ayer Hitam to 10s.

OTTOMAN DEBT

GOVERNMENT REPLY TO COUNCIL

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 27.—Replying to the recent communication from the Ottoman Debt Council, in which the payment of the coupons due on November 25 was insisted upon, the Government of Angora has stated that it was impossible, owing to the present financial and economic situation of Turkey, to agree to this demand. The Government will, however, continue to pay one-third of the annuities in accordance with the arrangements reached in May last.—*Reuter.*

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MONTREAL, Oct. 27.—The market was dull and featureless to-day, reflecting a temporary suspension of speculative interest pending enlightenment on the developments in the business situation. News of a rally at New York improved the tone in the afternoon, and the close was steady but quiet.

REUTER'S QUOTATIONS

—	Oct. 27	Oct. 25	—	Oct. 27	Oct. 25
Abitibi ..	12	10¼	Dom. Glass ..	100½	100½
Asbestos ..	½	½	Dom. Textile ..	76½	73¼
Do., Pref. ..	1	1	Fmrs. Flavers	No bid	No bid
B.C. Packers ..	3¼	2½	Fraser Cos. ..	3½	3
Brax. Tract. ..	27	23¼	Hollinger ..	5½	5½
B.C. Fer., A ..	—	35	Int. Nickel ..	18	18
Do., B ..	12¼	No bid	Massey, H. ..	13¾	13½
Brit. Emp. Steel ..	No bid	1	Montreal L'h ..	57	58
Do., 1st Pf. ..	No bid	No bid	Natl. Brew. ..	25½	26
Do., 2nd Pf. ..	2½	No bid	Nat. Steel Car	33	33
Calgary	150	130	Ogilvie Flour	231	231
Can. Car	18¾	19¼	Port Alfred Pulp, Pref.	No bid	No bid
Do., Pref. ..	24	23½	Power Corp.	23½	23¾
C. Cement ..	15	15	Price Bros. ..	45	45
Do., Pref. ..	91½	91½	Quebec Pwr.	49	47½
C. Cottons ..	No bid	No bid	St. Law'ce C.	3¼	3
Indus. Alcohol, A ..	3¼	2½	Shawinigan ..	52½	53
Do., B	1½	1½	S. Canada Power ..	27¼	27½
C. Power	5¼	6½	Steel Co. of Canada ..	38½	39
C. Steamship ..	8¾	8¼	Wpeg Elec. ..	20	20
Do., Pref. ..	20	20	Bk. Montreal	280	285
Cockshutt ..	12¼	12½	Can.Bk. Com.	236	236
Cons. Mining ..	173½	134	Royal Bank ..	297	297
Dom. Bridge ..	140½	140½			

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2½	1½-2
New York	2½	2-1½	2
Paris	2½	2	1½
Berlin	5	4½	4½-4¾
Swiss Bank places	2½	1½	—
Milan	5½	5½	—
Amsterdam	3	1½	1½
Brussels	3½	2½	1

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FIRM CLOSE

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Trading on the Stock Exchange to-day was of moderate volume and mainly professional. Sales were returned at 1,808,000 shares.

The market opened narrowly irregular, but soon eased. Profit-taking on recent purchases was again noticeable in Steel, Westinghouse Electric, and Radio, accompanied by professional selling of issues which are considered to have poor earnings prospects. These included oil stocks, following reductions in the price of Mid-Continental crude oil ranging from 7 cents to 38 cents per barrel, and farm implement companies, which are being adversely affected by the home depression and the foreign political disturbances. The suspension of C. Clothier Jones and Co. for insolvency by the Stock Exchange and the Curb Exchange helped the decline, though the speculative leaders yielded grudgingly.

The irregularity continued during the afternoon, but the rallying tendency shown in sections of the market prompted more covering. The failure of selling efforts to force out further liquidation tended to dissipate the fears expressed in some quarters that further liquidation was overhanging the market. The close was firm.

EXCHANGE	Method of Quoting	Parity	Oct. 27	Oct. 25
MONTREAL on—		$	$	$
London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85⅛	4.85¼
NEW YORK on—				
London, sight	£1	—	4.85 11-16	4.85⅝
Cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85 15-16	4.85 29-32
60 days' sight	£1	—	4.83 1-32	4.83 29-32
Grain bills sight	£1	—	4.85 11-16	4.85⅝
Seven days	£1	—	4.85⅛	4.85 1-16
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¼	3.92½	3.92½
Rome, cables	100l.	5.26	5.23⅜	5.23⅝
Amsterdam, short sight	100fl.	40.20	40.26	40.25¾
Oslo, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.75⅞	26.76
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.84½	26.85
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.75¾	26.76
Prague, cheques	100cr.	—	2.96⅞	2.96⅞
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.83	23.85½
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.94½	13.94½
Berne, cables ..	100f.	19.30	19.41½	19.41⅝
Madrid, cables ..	100pe.	19.50	10.86	10.77
Vienna, cables ..	100sch.	14.00	14.11¼	14.11¼
Budapest, cables	100pen.	17.49	17.51½	17.51½
Belgrade, cables	100din.	19.30	1.77½	1.77½
Athens, cables ..	100dr.	1.29½	1.29¼	1.29¾
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	33.91	33.77
Rio, cables ..	1 mil.	32.45	10.70	10.70

RAILWAYS

—	Closing Prices Oct. 27	Oct. 25	—	Closing Prices Oct. 27	Oct. 25
Atchison ..	201	199	Int. Amer. ..	10	10
Atl. Coast Line	118¼	119	Kansas City ..	46	47
B. & O. ..	81½	82	Louisville ..	108	108
Do., Pref. ..	75	75	Min. St. P. ..	—	—
Brooklyn M. T. ..	69	68	Miss. Pac. ..	42⅛	42¼
Can.P.(New) ..	45⅜	45¾	Do., Pref. ..	101⅜	101
Cent., N.J. ..	210	210	N.Mex.I. Pf.	1	1
Ches. & O. ..	43	43¼	Do., 2 Pf. ..	½	½
Ch. G.W. ..	7⅛	7⅛	N.Y. Cent. ..	141¼	139
Do., Pref. ..	26⅜	26¼	Norfolk	215¼	215
Ch. I.W. ..	47	46¼	N. Pacific ..	80	58⅜
Ch.Mil.St.P. ..	8¼	8¼	Pennsyl'a ..	66⅞	66⅝
Ch.Rock Is. ..	72¼	72⅜	Reading	95	96
Del. & Hud. ..	145	143	S.L. & S.F. ..	72	72
Del., Lack. ..	99	97	S.L.& S.W. ..	42	45
Erie	54	53	S. Pacific ..	104	104⅛
Do., 1 Pf. ..	46½	49	Southern ..	74	75
G.N., Pref. ..	67	66¼	Do., Pref. ..	86	86
Illinois	99½	99¼	Un. Pacific ..	195	196
Interboro ..	—	—	Do., Pref. ..	86¼	86¼
Rapid Tr. ..	29¼	28⅜	Wabash	20	19
			Wh. R. & A.	52	53

INDUSTRIALS

Air Reduct.	109	105	Int. Nickel ..	18½	18¼
AlliedChem.	217	213	Int. Paper ..	9½	9¼
Amer. Agr. ..	21¼	21½	Int. T.&T. ..	31¼	30⅝
Do., Pref. ..	153¼	141½	Kennecott ..	29	28¾
Am.Bt.Sug. ..	10¾	11	Liggett&M. ..	86¼	87¾
Am. and F. Power ..	43⅝	42½	L'gett & M. ..	86¼	88
Am. Can. ..	121⅝	119	Loose Wiles ..	53¾	52½
Am. Loco. ..	51	50	Mack Tcks. ..	45	44½
Am.Rolling Mills ..	37⅝	37½	Mengel Co. ..	10½	10¼
Am. Smelt. ..	54⅞	54	Nash. Mtrs. ..	29½	29¾
Am.Sug. R. ..	43	43	Nat. Biscl. ..	80⅜	79¼
Am. Tel.	199	199¾	Nat.Cash R. ..	32	32
Am. Tob.	113½	113	Nat. Dairy ..	44⅜	44¼
Am.Wat'ks ..	8	8	N. Amer.	9	9⅛
Anaconda	34¼	34½	Packard	9	9⅛
Armour Pf. ..	70	72	Pan A. Pet. ..	46⅝	46⅜
As.Dry Gds. ..	30⅝	30⅜	Pub. Ser. N.J. ..	85½	84⅜
At'tic Ref. ..	22½	22⅛	Pullman	55¾	55¼
Baldwin	26¼	26	Radio Corp. ..	22⅛	22⅞
BarnadallA ..	16⅛	15⅞	R'm'g'n Rd. ..	19	18⅞
Beth. Steel ..	75¼	75¼	Ryl. Dutch ..	44¼	44⅝
Celanese	17	19	Sears R'b'k ..	51½	51½
C. dePasco ..	31	31	Shell Trans. ..	37⅛	37⅜
Chile Copp. ..	29⅛	29⅜	Shell U. Corp.	10¼	10¼
Chrysler	17⅜	17¼	Sloss S.Sl. ..	20	18
Col. Fuel	27	27½	Std.Brands ..	16⅝	16⅝
Colum. Gas ..	45½	45	Std. Gas	77	75½
Col. Graph. ..	2	2	Std. Oil of Cal. ..	51⅛	51½
Comm. Gas ..	58½	58	Do., N.J. ..	54¾	54½
Cont. Can. ..	49¼	49	Do., N.Y. ..	26¾	26⅛
Cont. Oil	15⅝	15	Studebaker ..	21⅞	21¼
Corn Prod. ..	81½	80¼	Texas Corp. ..	43⅜	43⅝
Crucible	63½	63½	Texas G. Sul.	53½	53½
DavisonCh. ..	18½	19⅜	Transamer. ..	9⅛	10¼
Deeg. Inc. ..	75½	75⅜	Trans Amer Corp. ..	18½	18¼
Du Pont	97¼	96⅛	Tr.Cont.Cp. ..	10⅜	10⅝
EastmanK. ..	191	189½	Un.Carbide ..	64½	64¼
Elec.P.& L. ..	53	51¼	Un. Corp.	22¼	22⅜
Elec. Stor. ..	53½	53	Un. Fruit	65½	67
Fox. Films ..	39	38½	United Gas ..	31⅝	30½
Gen. Elect. ..	54⅝	53¼	U.S. Ind. Alc.	64	64
Gen. Foods ..	52⅞	51⅞	U.S. Leather	6⅜

MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK EXCHANGE LOWER

MORE GOLD FOR FRANCE

The most interesting developments in the Money Market yesterday were a decline in the New York exchange to $4.85 27-32 and the sale of £229,000 in bar gold by the Bank of England. The gold appeared to have been taken for France on account of a forward purchase made some little time ago and now executed in view of the lower level of the French exchange, which further declined yesterday to 123.81f. The Swiss exchange remained at a low level, and while it continues at about the present figure small amounts of gold are likely to be taken from the Bank of England for Switzerland from time to time in accordance with the minting facilities available in that country. Money was fairly plentiful in the short loan market, in spite of the absence of Treasury Bill maturities. For fresh day-to-day advances from lenders other than the clearing banks the rate ranged from 1¼ down to 1¼ per cent., old loans being again renewed at the lower rate. Discount rates were usually unaltered, leading brokers quoting 2 1-16 per cent. for three months fine bank bills and reporting a few sales to the Continent at 2 1-32 per cent. The rate for six months bills was weaker.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent., and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).				
Day to day.	For short periods.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
1½–2	1¾–2	2 3/32	2 1/16	2⅛	2⅛–2 3/16
Discount (Treasury Bills).		(Fine Trade Bills).			
2 Mths.	3 Mths.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.	
%	%				
2 3/32	2 1/16–2 3/32	3–3⅛	3⅛–3⅜	3½–4	

NATIONAL BANK OF BELGIUM

—	Oct. 23	Inc. or Dec.
	Belgas	Belgas
Coin and bullion	2,065,750,000	– 103,777,000
Sterling, Belgium and abroad	730,332,000	+ 744,000
Notes in circulation	2,107,100,000	– 17,355,000
Current accounts	154,562,000	+ 11,174,000

SWISS NATIONAL BANK

—	Oct. 23	Inc. or Dec.
ASSETS	Francs	Francs
Gold holdings	664,541,902	– 58,253
Gold exchanges	356,184,379	+ 307,844
Domestic bills	54,323,714	– 259,155
Advances against securities	37,667,617	+ 1,350,046
Security holdings	100,023,202	+ 870,010
Due from banks	24,640,315	– 13,058,597
Other assets	23,043,181	– 812,784
LIABILITIES		
Capital reserve	54,500,000	unchanged
Bank notes in circulation	918,923,820	– 4,191,445
Other sight liabilities	247,880,835	– 10,389,394
Other liabilities	34,128,685	+ 168,657

Reuter.

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

The New York exchange closed at the lowest point of the day—namely, $4.85 27-32, a decline of 3-32c. Dollars appeared to be in demand on London account for end-of-the-month contracts, and there was little call for sterling from New York. Forward dollars at one month were quoted at 1-32c. discount, but three months' dollars were quoted at par. A feature was the strong inquiry for Canadian dollars, the Montreal rate being finally $4.85 1-16, compared with $4.85½ on Saturday. The Paris rate continued to move against sterling, and closed 1c. lower at 123.81f. Belgian currency appreciated, the Brussels rate being 34.84½b., against 34.85½b., and the Italian exchange was also lower at 92.81l., while the Amsterdam rate declined ½c. to 12.06⅛f. There was a further improvement in the peseta, the Spanish exchange moving 45c. in favour of pesetas. Both Norwegian and Swedish crowns appreciated, the Oslo rate being 18.15½kr. The Swiss rate at first moved in favour of sterling, but subsequently reacted, and finished at only 25.02½f. Rupees weakened slightly to 1s. 5 25-32d. A further setback to 37 15-16d. occurred in the Buenos Aires exchange. A few dealings were reported in the Rio exchange, which was quoted at 4 13-16d.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported yesterday :—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exch'nge	Oct. 27	Oct. 25
New York	$ to £	4.8666	4.85 31/32–4 15/16	4.85 7/8–31/32
Montreal	$ to £	4.8666	4.85–4.85 1/16	4.85 1/32–85 3/32
Paris	Fr. to £	124.21	123.78–123.85	123.80–123.85
Brussels	Bel. to £	35.00	34.84 1/32–85 1/32	34.84 1/32–85 1/32
Milan	Lire to £	92.46	92.30–92.34	92.30–92.34
Switzerl'd.	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.02 1/32–03 1/32	25.02–25.03
Athens	Dr. to £	375	374 3/4–375 1/4	374 3/4–375 1/4
Helsingfors	M. to £	193.23	192 5/8–193 1/8	192 7/8–193 1/8
Madrid	Pts. to £	25.2215	44.50–45.20	45.05–45.30
Lisbon	Escu. to £	—	108 1/2–108 3/4	108 1/2–108 3/4
Amsterdam	Fl. to £	12.107	12.06–06 1/4	12.06–06 1/4
Berlin	M. to £	20.43	20.38 1/2–39 1/4	20.38 1/2–39 1/4
Vienna	sch. to £	34.56½	34.43-34.47	34.43-34.48
Budapest	Pen. to £	27.82	27.75-27.79	27.73-27.80
Prague	Kr. to £	164.2527	163 5/8–163 7/8	163 5/8–163 7/8
Warsaw	Zloty to£	43.38	43 3/8–43 1/2	43 3/8–43 1/2
Riga	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17-25.27	25.20-25.25
Bucharest	Lei to £	813.6	817-819	817-819
Constant.	Pst. to £	110	1.02 5/8	1.02 5/8
Belgrade	Din. to £	25.2215	274–274 1/2	274–274 1/2
Kovno	Lit. to £	43.66	43 3/4–43 7/8	43 3/4–43 7/8
Sofia	Lv. to £	675.9	675–675	675–675
Reval	E.Kr.tot.	18.159	18.15-18.25	18.15-18.27
Oslo	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15 1/2–16 1/4	18.15 5/8–16 1/4
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.159	18.09 1/4–16 1/2	18.09 1/4–16 1/4
Copenh'g'n	Kr. to £	18.159	18.12 3/4–16 1/4	18.13 1/4–16 1/4
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97.03	97 1/2–97 7/8	97 1/2–97 7/8
Bombay	Per rup.	18d.	1 5/8–1 5/16	1 5/8–1 5/16
Calcutta	Per rup.	18d.	1 5/8–1 5/16	1 5/8–1 5/16
Madras	Per rup.	18d.	1 5/8–1 5/16	1 5/8–1 5/16
Hong-kong	Per dol.		1 3/16–1/4	1 3/16–1/4
Kobe	Per yen	24.58d.	2 9/32–3/32	2 9/32–3/32
Shanghai	Per tael	—	1/7–1/7¼	1/7–1/7¼
Singapore	Per dol.	2/4	2 3/4–2 3/7	2 3/7–2 7/32
Batavia	Fl. to £	12.107	12.06 1/2–07	12.07–07 1/2
Manila	Per peso	24.66d.	2.09 1/8	2.09 1/8
R. de Janr.	Per mil.	5.999d.	—	—
B. Aires	Per dol.	47.37d.	37 13/16–38 1/16	38 1/16–38 1/8
V'paraiso†	$ to £	40	39.96	39.96
M'video	Per dol.	51d.	38 1/4–38 3/4	38 1/4–38 1/4
Lima†	Soles to £	12.166	16.07 1/2	16.15
Mexico	Pesos to £	9.76	10.15-10.55	10.15-10.35

† 90 days. ‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

Buying Rates per £100			
—	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight
On :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia*	109 18 3	110 7 6	110 16 9	111 10 0
New Zealand	93 17 6	93 6 3	92 15 6	92 3 9
Africa and Rhodesia	98 15 0	98 2 6	97 10 0	96 17 6

Selling Rates	Cable Transfers	Demand
On :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia	108 10 0	108 17 6
New Zealand	93 7 6	93 15 0
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9

* Rates for 100 London pounds.

SOUTH AMERICAN EXCHANGES

Country	Method of quoting	Parity	Latest sight rate	Previous sight rate
Ecuador	Sucres to £	24.3235	24.55	24.80
Venezuela	Bolivares to £	25.25	27.20	26.73
Colombia (Bogota)	Pesos to £	5.00	5.04½	5.04½
Nicaragua	Cordobas to £	4.87	4.92	4.92
Salvador	Colones to £	9.73	10.02	10.07
Bolivia	Bolivianos to £	13.39	13.41	13.45

The Bank of England yesterday announced the sale of £228,947 in BAR GOLD and the withdrawal for export of 2,000 SOVEREIGNS. Since Wednesday last there has been a net influx of £572,943, as shown below :—

ARRIVALS		WITHDRAWALS	
Oct. 23—	£	Oct. 23—	£
Sovs.	1,000,000	Bar gold	17,284
Foreign gold coin	818	Sovs.	2,000
Oct. 24	Nil	Oct. 24—	
		Bar gold	32,769
Oct. 25	Nil	Oct. 25—	
		Bar gold	139,985
		Sovs.	5,000
Oct. 27	Nil	Oct. 27—	
		Bar gold	228,947
		Sovs.	2,000
		Net inflow	572,943
Total	£1,000,818	Total	£1,000,818

Net influx for 1930 to date, £11,660,562 ; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

In the bullion market the price of bar gold remained at 84s. 11½d. per oz. The South African mail steamer due to reach this country on November 10 has on board £467,879 in bar gold and £500,000 in sovereigns.

Silver was a quiet market, and the price remained at 16 7/16d. per oz. for both spot and forward delivery.

BANK OF PERU AND LONDON

LIMA, Oct. 27.—Local banks, including branches of the Anglo-South American Bank and of the Royal Bank of Canada, have agreed to make a loan of $6,000,000 to the Bank of Peru and London so as to permit of the payment of the savings depositors. Such payments began to-day.—*Reuter.*

COMPANY MEETINGS

THE ARGENTINE NORTH EASTERN RAILWAY

INCREASED RECEIPTS AND NET EARNINGS

FAVOURABLE PROSPECTS

The FORTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Argentine North Eastern Railway Company, Limited, was held yesterday at River Plate House, Finsbury-circus, London.

Mr. FOLLETT HOLT (chairman of the company) presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. W. J. George) having read the notice convening the meeting,

The CHAIRMAN proposed :—"That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended June 30, 1930, now submitted, be received and adopted."

Mr. B. H. BINDER, F.C.A., seconded the motion.

The CHAIRMAN said :—Gentlemen,—Since our last meeting we have to lament the death of Percy Clarke, who had been a director of the company for 11 years. During some 40 years he had been concerned in the work of developing Anglo-Argentine enterprises, a work which has carried with it so many advantages to the two countries. His great railway experience and intimate knowledge of Argentina made him a most valuable member of the board. He had the complete confidence and affectionate esteem of us all, and we deplore his loss.

DIVERSIFIED TRAFFICS

The report has been in your hands for some days, and I propose that it be taken as read. (Agreed.) Unique among the Anglo-Argentine railways, our company, the Cinderella, is able to show not only increased receipts but a small increase in net earnings for the year. (Hear, hear.) Our traffic, although still small in volume as compared with other Argentine railways, is very diversified, and this fact has helped to carry us through a bad period for the country. We were able to hold our own with passengers and parcels, livestock, yerba, and even to increase to the somewhat amazing total of 61,000 tons the traffic in oranges. Cereals at present make up between them no very large volume, and it is here that we have hopes for the future.

Traffic in total judged by ton-miles constituted a record in the company's long history. As the result of the railway's earnings, after placing £53,000 to the renewal reserve, being £4,000 more than in the previous year, and providing a non-recurring amount of £21,800 to cover a settlement of mileage charges for the past six years, also meeting a loss of £16,900 on exchange, we were able to meet our "A," "B," and "C" Debenture charges in full and carry forward £30,780 to our next accounts. In the circumstances of the present time I think this is not a bad performance, though we do not lose sight of the fact that there is over 2½ millions of money invested in the Ordinary stock of the company which receives no remuneration whatever.

To put this right is the somewhat difficult task you have set us to perform, and to succeed we must still, I think, have some years of grace and normal events. We know that as trade develops and traffics increase we must expand more on the railway, but we also know that in both Corrientes and Misiones there is ample room for more population and more enterprise.

PROGRESS OF CULTIVATION WORK

In Entre Rios we have been doing a great deal of work on the cultivation of wheat and other seeds appropriate to varying soils and climates, and Mr. Amos, who is our consulting expert, recently told me that we were not far off being able to produce a seed which would enable a large area of land in Corrientes to be placed under cultivation.

The missionary work we have done at Pindapoy in the plantation industry during the past five years has well repaid the effort, as the example to others has had its good effect. We have spent there a considerable amount of money, but the citrus and yerba trees on the company's property are now coming into bearing, and we hope soon to be well paying our way, and that other planters who followed our example will be doing the same. Both citrus and yerba have, we believe, a promising future in Corrientes and Misiones.

On account of excessive imports into Argentina from neighbouring countries, yerba has suffered a setback in price, but this, I think, is only a passing trouble. We carried on our line last year 28,000 tons of this tea, whilst Argentina consumes annually from home and foreign plantations approximately 70,000 tons, which is evidence of its popularity and good quality. It is used just like our tea, but it has very different properties, and I advise people who want to keep fit and live long to try it and enjoy it, as I do myself. Our friend Mr. Gostling, a planter, of Pindapoy, imports it here, and his Misiones tea can be purchased from A. W. Pettigrew and Co., Hambro Wharf, Upper Thames-street, at 2s. 6d. per lb., or less for a quantity; so now you all know the right thing to do.

IMPROVED LOCAL SERVICES

Road competition in our zone is not likely to harass us greatly for some time to come, for roads are still poor and distances are long. We are improving local passenger and parcel services by the use of self-propelled rail coaches with good results, and have made experiments with road lorries. The whole situation is being very carefully watched by the members of our road transport organization, who know that they will get into very great trouble if they allow us to be left behind in any serious development on the roads prejudicial to our business as public carriers.

The railway is quite an interesting proposition ; when one remembers what a bad financial position it was in a few years ago and its rather antiquated operating elements, the way it has extricated itself shows that not only the zone it serves but the property has merits. It is worked, as you know, very closely with the Entre Rios Railways and by degrees will reach, we hope, the same standard of physical condition. It exchanges a good deal of traffic with that company, but with the Central Paraguay, its northern neighbour, no doubt due to the slower development of that Republic, interchange traffic does not show the same resilience, and I sometimes wonder if even closer relations with that railway would not be for the common good.

You have heard a good deal of late about the Buenos Aires Exhibition, which his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has graciously consented to open in March next. It has grown by healthy steps into a great, and I might almost say national, undertaking, in which his Majesty's Government and the Canadian Government are taking a prominent part. I advise you to see the wonders of the exhibition and of Argentina, for both will give you a thrill. When you are there Major Loewenthal will do his best to show you something of the interesting and, to you probably, novel country through which our railway passes.

MANAGER'S CABLE

Although we are a little behind in our traffic for the first three months of the current year, I do not think this need alarm us. What the remainder of the year has in store I dare not prophesy, but the manager in a cable received on Saturday reports :—

"General outlook fair. Cattle and pasture camps improving in condition, growth cereals progressing favourably with favourable weather. Yerba traffic well maintained, but expect falling off timber due to unsettled state Brazil. Fruit prospects are good."

This telegram I consider quite a favourable one, so I hope we shall be able to come to you with a satisfactory account of our stewardship next year. (Hear, hear.)

The resolution was carried unanimously.

The retiring directors, Mr. Follett Holt and the Rt. Hon. Lord Farrer, were unanimously re-elected, and the proceedings terminated with a cordial vote of thanks to the chairman, directors, and staff.

HAMBURG COFFEE MARKET

HAMBURG, Oct. 27.—The market opened irregular with March ¼ lower, and other positions ¼ to ½ higher, but afterwards ruled steady and closed with quotations ¼ to ½ higher on the day. Quotations (Reichsmarks per 50 kilos) :—Dec., 34½ (33¾) ; March, 29¼ (29½) ; May, 29¾ (29½) ; July, 28¼ (28). Saturday's sales, all

ENTRE RIOS RAILWAYS COMPANY

FEATURES OF THE PAST YEAR

SOME ADVERSE FACTORS

MR. FOLLETT HOLT ON THE OUTLOOK

The ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Entre Rios Railways Company, Limited, was held yesterday at River Plate House, Finsbury-circus, London, E.C.

Mr. FOLLETT HOLT (chairman of the company) presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. W. J. George) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said :—Gentlemen,—The resolution before the meeting which I propose and will ask Lord Farrer to second is : "That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended June 30, 1930, now submitted, be received and adopted."

The RT. HON. LORD FARRER seconded the motion.

The CHAIRMAN.—Last January our friend and colleague J. Percy Clarke passed away. For many years he had given keen attention to your affairs and showed to the full that attachment to the railway which meant so much. On many occasions and for quite long periods in the absence of the chairman abroad he took charge of the company and always held it to the right course and secured the good will and respect of every one connected with it. We have lost a well-balanced and valuable mind and a good friend. The peace that has come to him has been indeed well earned.

TRAFFICS

When I addressed you last year I had just returned from Argentina and was able to tell you after a personal inspection that Entre Rios had not suffered from the drought so severely as other parts. The wheat crop, however, was affected and did not give a good yield either in quantity or quality, but fortunately the linseed turned out well. Our passenger and livestock traffics were satisfactory, but the commercial depression ruling throughout the country affected general receipts, although to a much less degree than it affected the larger railways operating in other parts of the Republic.

It is difficult to compare the happenings of the year with those of the previous period owing to changes which occurred in the origin and routing of part of our traffic. We were deprived of the important grain and other tonnage arising from the Hasenkamp line, which on the first day of the 12 months passed over to the State, although, on the other hand, we had the use of the money received as part of the sale price. Then, again, we placed into service the Carmen Avellaneda, the third of the new Diesel train-ferry ships, and we had to carry the heavy cost of working this additional vessel as well as the expense of our important terminal in Buenos Aires.

In result the saving in the cost of working the fully developed Hasenkamp line was more than offset by the heavier cost of working the direct Buenos Aires traffic, which is only at the commencement of its development. If it had not been for these changes I have no doubt that the fall in our receipts would have been met, in some measure, by a reduction in operating expenses.

We are very satisfied with the preliminary results of the new terminal enterprise, and in its absence I doubt very much whether our receipts would have held so well during such a bad year for Argentina.

RESERVES AND DIVIDEND

Although as the result of the 12 months' work we were able to allocate the usual proportion of the gross receipts to renewals reserve, we were not able to make a transfer to general reserve, which in the previous year, you will remember, received £100,000. We must always expect in a cereal district to have ups and downs in receipts ; so I think that the only real adverse feature of our accounts is the loss of £31,717 on remittances, and this loss, with what it might mean in the future, had a considerable bearing on our recommendation to you to reduce the dividend for the year on the Ordinary stock from 7 per cent. to 6 per cent., although the carry-forward is increased by some £8,000.

The present devalorization of the currency and its remedy is one of the urgent problems before the new Government. The country is faced also with other most interesting, but, I think, not too difficult, problems, and in the new national determination to deal with these I need hardly say that Argentines will find ranged with them all those foreigners, if we can be so described, who as a result of long and happy experience share the fullest confidence in the future of their wonderful country.

ROAD COMPETITION

The heavy rains in October and May helped to throw hundreds of miles of earth roads—and, incidentally, our competitors who use them—temporarily at least, out of business. To meet competition we are gradually increasing the use of Sentinel-Cammell self-propelled passenger cars for auxiliary services on the railway, with satisfactory results, and in addition have already some 30 cargo lorries on the roads serving our clients, and with these we are gaining valuable experience. Our observance of the laws of maintenance, coupled with the organizing faculties possessed by our staff, will help us, I am sure, to continue to hold our important share in the transport world of Entre Rios.

You will have received with the report a circular referring to the British Empire Exhibition in Buenos Aires next March, which the Prince of Wales has graciously consented to open. I hope that many stockholders will be able to visit it, for it will give wonderful and inspiring evidence of the resource and skill of British manufacturers and their determination to hold their share of the markets of the world. When you are in Argentina Major Loewenthal will do his best to make a journey over our railway informative and a pleasure to you.

LATEST NEWS

I am pleased to be able to report that we have not lost ground for the first three months of the new financial year. A cable advice on Saturday from our general manager informs us :—"Prospects generally to-day showing some improvement over those obtaining during several months past. Harvest coming along satisfactorily under favourable climatic conditions, but will be later than usual owing to delay sowing. Marked advance condition grazing camps and livestock ; resumption shipments latter expected early December."

If the crops turn out well, as anticipated, then much will depend on the course of exchange, and here we must hope for the best, and I trust that when we meet you next year we shall be able to report that the company is still maintaining and even improving its position.

The resolution was carried unanimously, without question or comment from shareholders.

The dividends as proposed were approved ; the retiring directors, Mr. Arthur Cook and Count Charles Cahen d'Anvers, were re-elected ; the auditors, Messrs. Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths and Co., were reappointed ; and the proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman, directors, general manager, officials, and staff in Argentina and London.

CABLES AND WIRELESS TRAFFIC RECEIPTS

The September traffic return of Imperial and International Communications shows a slight recovery from the low level recorded for August. The estimated traffic receipts for last month amounted to £424,138, as against £411,090 for the preceding month. The receipts, however, remain on a lower level than those for 1929, the September figure showing a decline of £59,847 compared with September, 1929. The August receipts were £81,270 less than for the corresponding month.

For the first nine months of 1930 the estimated aggregate traffic receipts of the company total £4,080,171, which compares with £4,599,488 for the similar period of 1929, the fall of £519,317 being equal to 11.3 per cent.

A sub-branch of Lloyds Bank is now open at Station-square, Petts Wood, Kent.

OERTZ INTERNATIONAL STREAMLINE RUDDER

A SATISFACTORY FIRST YEAR

The FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Oertz International Streamline Rudder Company, Limited, was held on Friday last at Winchester House, London, E.C.

SIR WILLIAM GARTHWAITE, Bt., the Chairman, in the course of his speech said :—It is probable that some of the shareholders may imagine that we have fallen a long way behind the prospectus estimates when they see that we are showing a profit of £25,000. This is, however, hardly the case. In the first place, the estimate which was made in the prospectus of profits was £40,000 gross, whereas our figures represent profits actually earned and paid or payable, but a feature of our accounts is that, although we carry forward £2,394, yet we have an invisible carry forward constituted by a large number of unexecuted orders on hand, and the amount of these is nearly £20,000 gross; so I think we can therefore claim to have fairly well lived up to our prospectus estimates.

SHIPOWNERS AND THE RUDDER

So far as our business is concerned, we are affected by the universal depression and the general spirit of disinclination to incur expenses of any nature in a business like the shipping business, where profits are cut so fine that they are either at vanishing point or vanish completely if something untoward happens during a voyage to incur extra expense. Nevertheless, there is, both in Great Britain and abroad, a considerable number of enlightened shipowners who fully realize that whether the times be prosperous or otherwise it is in their interests to adopt an improvement such as the Oertz rudder offers, in order to reduce their working expenses, and I beg leave to suggest to those shipowners in this country who have not yet tried our rudder that when their competitors at home and abroad find that it pays them to convert their present rudders to the Oertz principle or to have their new ships built with Oertz rudders, then those shipowners should look into this device more fully than they have done.

Already the British shipowner is burdened by more expensive crews and heavier taxation than many of his competitors. If he allows his Continental competitor also to get the additional advantage which is represented by an increase of about 10 per cent. in efficiency in the propelling of a steamer, which can be translated either by greater speed or reduced coal consumption, how can the British shipowner expect to compete on equal terms with the competitor who has such an advantage over him? Part at least of the difficulty felt by this country in competition is due to our not adopting the most scientific and efficient methods of doing so.

We have had some striking successes with many steamers, both liners and tramp steamers, some of them so striking that we have given up speaking about them, as some shipowners think we are over-describing our article, and we have had no failures.

SUCCESSFUL APPLICATION TO LINERS

I should like to refer to liners. The Bremen, which broke the Atlantic record, so long held by the good old Mauretania, was fitted with the Oertz rudder, and we claim that some part of the credit for having beaten that record is due to the Oertz rudder. The mammoth 50,000-ton liner Rex, now under construction by the famous yard of Ansaldo, of Genoa, for Italian account, which is to compete for the Blue Riband of the Atlantic, will be fitted with the Oertz rudder. Our French friends, who have already tried the rudder on some of their liners, are also negotiating with us for the fitting of the Oertz rudder to the giant French liner which will shortly be laid down.

In this country we are very hopeful of having our rudder specified for the mammoth liner which one of our great steamship companies has decided to lay down. During the past few months many of our recent orders have come from the liner companies, one of the reasons being, no doubt, that they have more money to spend than the tramp steamer owners pure and simple.

Our scope of activities is the whole world, with the exception of a few countries, and we are busy creating an organization which should, in the course of time, bring us in orders from all parts of the world where ships are built.

The report and accounts were unanimously adopted, and a dividend of 10 per cent., less tax, was declared.

TALTAL RAILWAY

THE CHILEAN NITRATE INDUSTRY

The FORTY-NINTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Taltal Railway Company, Limited, was held yesterday at River Plate House, London, E.C.

Mr. FRANK HENDERSON (the chairman) said that the gross receipts for the past year amounted to £162,336, as against £164,055 in the previous year, there having been a net reduction of 6,100 tons in the chief items of traffic, equal to about 3 per cent. While they had gained in bulk traffic at ordinary goods rates, they continued to lose small consignments at parcel rates and passengers. The working expenses, at £95,397, showed an increase of £789, and the net receipts were £66,939. The directors recommended a final dividend of 4 per cent., making 6 per cent., free of income-tax, the same as for the previous year. The actual earnings, including income from investments, represented just about 5½ per cent. on the capital after providing for income-tax, but the directors on this occasion felt justified in maintaining the dividend—first, because they saw no reason to anticipate that the current year would not be as good as the past year, and, secondly, because of the very large reserves shown in the balance-sheet. If, however, the receipts should not be quite maintained, they did not think it would be wise again to recommend a dividend in excess of the rate actually earned.

Referring to the fact that a national company had been formed under Chilean law to acquire the interests of all the nitrate concerns in Chile and reorganize the industry from top to bottom, the Chairman said that the abolition of the nitrate export duty—which was part of the scheme—would have a very important effect upon the cost of nitrate delivered in consuming markets. Other economies should follow, and it was hoped that when the new company was fully established in control the Chilean nitrate industry would be given a new life in its struggle for existence.

It was rather difficult to give an idea of the prospects for the coming year because there were many unknown factors. A "bull" point for the railway was the existence of an unusually large stock of nitrate in the interior. He was hopeful that their receipts would not be less than in the year just closed.

The report was unanimously adopted.

BERLIN BOURSE

BERLIN, Oct. 27.—Closing quotations :—Deutsche Erdoel 66.75 (previous, 68) ; Kali Industrie Kassel, 137.75 (142) ; Salzdetfurth, 269 (272) ; Rheinbraunkohlen, 180.50 (182.50) ; Rhein. Westfael. Elekt., 155.75 (156.50).

Reuter's quotations :—German Loan Liquidation Debt, 6.60 (6.60) ; Mexican Consols, — (19.25) ; Reichsbank, 226.62 (226.50) ; Berliner Handels Ges., 153.50 (134) ; Commerz and Privat Bank, 120.00 (121.50) ; Darmstadter and National Bank, 157.25 (159) ; Deutsche Bank and Disconto Ges., 114.60 (115.50) ; Dresdner Bank, 114.25 (115.50) ; Gelsenkirchen Bergwerke, 90.50 (91.25) ; Harpener, 88 (—) ; Allgemeine Elekt. Ges., 121.50 (122.25) ; Farbenindustrie, 140.50 (140.75) ; Farbenindustrie, 6% Debentures, 95 (94.50) ; Hamburg Amerika, 78.30 (78.75) ; Norddeutsche Lloyd, 79.30 (79.25) ; A.K.U., 65.50 (65.25) ; Vereinigte Stahlwerke, 69.25 (70.50) ; Svenska Tandsticks, 283 (284) ; Polyphon, 153 (154.50) ; Siemens and Halske, 180.75 (180.50) ; Schuckert, 136 (136) ; Ford Motors, 185 (187). Exchange on London, 20.38½ (20.38⅞) ; on Paris, 16.46¼ (16.46⅝) ; on Amsterdam, 169.00 (168.95) ; on New York, 4.19⅛ (4.19⅛). Short term (30-55 days), 4⅞% (4⅞%) ; long term (55-90 days), 4⅞% (4⅞%). Call money, 4¼%–6¼% (5⅛%–5½%).—*Reuter.*

(Other Bourses will be found on page 24)

TRAFFIC RECEIPTS

Company	Receipts for week to date given*	Inc. or Dec.	Aggregate Inc. or Dec. from April 1*
Bengal and N.W. (39 days to Sept. 30)	Rs.6,79,315	– 1,64,519	– 12,38,685
Bengal - Dooars (Oct. 4)	Rs.50,076	– 17,215	– 2,12,042
Bombay, Baroda, and C. India (Oct. 18)	Rs.18,47,000	– 1,53,000	– 41,82,000
Can. Pacific (Oct. 21)	$3,806,000	– 1,070,000	– 28,031,000 (Jan. 1)
Ct. S. of Spain (Oct. 18)	Pts.82,977	+ 3,914	– 917,165 (Jan. 1)
Madeira-Mamore (Sept.)	Contos 106	+ 6	– 24 (July 1)
Mexican (Oct. 21)	$221,000	– 31,500	– 147,000 (July 1)
Robilkund and Kumaon (10 days to Sept. 30)	Rs.1,21,372	+ 5,048	+ 1,47,405
	TRAMWAYS, &C.		
Barcelona Tractn. (Sept.)	Pts.8,584,917	+ 459,908	+ 4,842,527 (Jan. 1)
Do. (net)	Pts.5,043,537	+ 771,758	+ 4,797,364
Egyptian Delta Light (10 days to Oct. 10)	£8,975	– 2,607	– 17,578

* Unless otherwise shown

COMPANY RESULTS

VENEZUELAN OIL CONCESSIONS

Malkin Tiles (Bursdem).—Interim dividend of 6 per cent. (same as last year) on the Ordinary shares, payable October 30.

Stanton Ironworks.—Interim Ordinary dividend of 4 per cent., actual, free of tax payable December 10. Same as last year.

Cinzano, Limited.—Dividend of 9 per cent. on both the "A" and "B" Ordinary shares, payable on October 30. The dividend for the year ended September 30, 1929, was the same.

Power Corporation of Canada.—Dividend of 50c. per share, being at the rate of $2 per annum, on the no par value common stock for the quarter ending October 31 payable November 20.

Enfield Cycle.—Dividend of 10 per cent., less tax, on the Seven per Cent. Participating Cumulative "B" Preference shares and Ordinary shares for the year ended August 31 last. It has hitherto been the practice of the company to pay the dividend on these shares free of tax. The dividend for the previous year was at the same rate.

Venezuelan Oil Concessions.—At the last general meeting the chairman said that the board would consider the question of paying an interim dividend. The board, having before them the figures for the first half of the present year, have decided to pay on November 3 an interim dividend of 5 per cent., less tax, on the Preferred and Ordinary shares. So far as can be ascertained at present the aggregate profit for the year 1930 will be approximately the same as that earned during the previous year. A dividend of 20 per cent. was paid for 1929 in June last : the Ordinary capital on which that dividend was paid, however, amounted to £4,399,130, whereas the dividend now declared is payable on Ordinary capital of £6,199,130.

PATINO MINES AND ENTERPRISES

The earning statement of Patino Mines and Enterprises Consolidated, Incorporated, for the nine months ended September 30, as presented to the New York Stock Exchange, shows a net loss of £106,368, after deducting depreciation and depletion amounting to £306,360.

JOHORE PARA RUBBER

The Johore Para Rubber Company earned a profit of £1,082 for the year ended June 30 (against £7,355 for 1928-29), and £11,286 was brought in, making a total of £12,648, which the directors propose to carry forward. A dividend of 3 per cent. was paid last year. The crop of rubber amounted to 338,641lb. (against 385,467lb.). Meeting, November 4.

REALIZATION CORPORATION OF SCOTLAND

The Realization and Debenture Corporation of Scotland reports that for the year to August 31 last, after providing for income-tax and expenses of management, the revenue was £132,258. Interest on Debenture stock, Debentures, and deposits, less tax, requires £34,181. Preference dividend for the year requires £22,250, and interim on Deferred shares requires £21,700. The board recommend a final dividend on the Deferred shares of 11 per cent., making 18 per cent. for the year (unchanged), and leaving a surplus of revenue for the year of £20,027. The balance from last year was £41,847, and the carry-forward is £61,874.

SUNGKAP PARA PLANTATIONS

The Sungkap Para Plantations harvested 609,224lb. of rubber during the year to June 30 (against 594,921lb. for 1928-29), which realised an average price of 8.05d. per lb., London landed terms (against 10.30d.). Costs per lb. are not shown separately in the report. The profit for the year was £5,963 (against £12,071), and £3,290 was brought forward. No dividend is recommended (against 15% per cent.), but £5,000 (the same) has been transferred to general reserve and £500 (the same) to buildings and machinery reserve, while £600 (against nil) is reserved for income-tax. The carry-forward amounts to £6,183. Meeting, November 4.

ANDHRA VALLEY POWER

The net profit of the Andhra Valley Power Supply Company amounted to Rs.18,78,071 for the year ended June 30 (against Rs.17,09,183), to which the balance added Rs.29,189 brought forward. A sum of Rs.1,35,000 (the same) has been set aside as a provision for depreciation on investments, and Rs.1,15,523 (against Rs.7,777) has been written off against loss on investments, while Rs.1,00,000 (against nil) is reserved for bad and doubtful debts, and Rs.30,635 (against nil) for special repairs. A dividend of 3 per cent., tax free (against 2 per cent), is to be paid on the Ordinary shares, which will leave Rs.2,12,071 to be carried forward. The number of power units sold amounted to 137,000,000 (against 114,000,000).

EGYPTIAN CONSOLIDATED LANDS

The report of the Egyptian Consolidated Lands states that during the year to June 30 sales were made totalling approximately 239 feddans (against 244 feddans), at an average net price of £61.85 per feddan (against £870.84). The aggregate area unsold on June 30, including about 60 feddans, which reverted to the company by foreclosure, amounted to 1,720 feddans. At the date of the balance-sheet £48,231 of non-interest bearing Debenture stock had been redeemed at an average price of 58.86 per cent. The profit of £1,036 has been transferred to development suspense account, reducing it to £36,858. Meeting, November 6.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC

The report of the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company states that the net profit for the year ended June 30 amounted to Rs.23,47,722, to which is added Rs.1,55,122 brought forward. The directors have applied Rs.28,333 towards writing off the annual proportion of brokerage on Debenture issues, Rs.1,40,167 has been provided for loss on investments, while Rs.1,35,000 has been set aside towards depreciation on investments. The sum of Rs.82,820 is reserved for special repairs, and after providing for the Preference dividend a final payment of 4 per cent., tax free, is recommended on the Ordinary shares, making 7 per cent

OFFICIAL RECORD OF DEALINGS

In the following statement are shown the prices at which business in officially quoted stocks was transacted yesterday as shown in the list issued by the Stock Exchange. Appended to each section will be found prices at which business was done in securities which, under the order of the Stock Exchange Committee, are included in the Supplementary List of unquoted securities. The sequence of marking is not necessarily that in which the bargains were done.

The meaning of the signs used is as follows :—

‡. Exceptional bargains, including those done free of stamp duty ; △. bargains done with or between non-members ; ††, bargains done during unofficial hours or on the previous day ; A, the purchaser pays the accrued interest in addition to the price ; ‡††, income-tax free up to 6s. in the pound ; ‡‡‡, income-tax free up to 5s. in the pound ; ‡‡‡, income-tax free up to 3s. in the pound.

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

2½% Annu., 55½ ½ ½ ½
2½% Annu., 60
2½% Cons., 57½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ¼ 7 ½ 8 7 7 ½ ¼ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½ ½

STOCK EXCHANGE DEALINGS—continued from page 23

"Shell" (Regd.), 6s/9†† -/3¼ -/1½ 2/9¼ 1/10½ 2/7½ -/6 6/0½ 2/9¼ -/2¼ 3/1½ -/9 3/- 2/9¼ 3/1½ 2/6 1/10½ 2/2¼ -/9 77/6½ 82/9 1/10½ 3/3¼ 2/6 -/2¼ -/9¼ 3/9

Do. (Bearer), 82/9¼ 3/3¼ -/1½ -/9 -/9 -/3¼ -/9 -/5¼ 3/9½

! Do., 5% Pref., 10½

Do., 5% Pref., 25 1/3 -/1½ -/1½ -/2¼ -/9¼ 5/- 4/11¼ 5/0¼ 5/- 5/- -/9¼ -/2¼ 4/11¼

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Apex, 15/8¼ -/9 -/7½
Brit. Controlled, 1/6
Do., 7% Pref'd., 3/11½†† -/11¼†† 4/9¼
N. Caucasian, -/7
Pan-American, "B," 46¼
Petroleum Storage and Finance Corp., Defd., 2/3
Royal Dutch, 577½
Standard, 5% Pref'd., 104½
Steaua Romana, 6/-
Trinidad Leaseholds, 26/3†† -/6††
Ud. Brit. of Trinidad, 6/1½ -/10½ 6/-
Venezuelan Consolidated, 27/9½ 7/- 6/10½ 7/6 -/9¼ -/2¼ 6/6¼ -/10½ -/10½ 7/4½†† -/6

RUBBER

Allied Sumatra, 9/6 -/6 -/9 -/4½ -/6 -/3
Anglo-Dutch of Java, 23/4½ 4/3 3/9 4/- 3/9 4/- 5/6 4/6 -/10½ 5/0
Anglo-Javas, 1/3½ -/1 -/2 -/1½
Do., 7% Deb., 60½ 60 59¾ 60½ 60
Ayer Kuning, 17/9 15/1½
Batang Kali, 2/-
Bukit Rajah, 9/4½
Cheroneses, 1/7½
Craigielea, 2/-
Dilsinga, 9/4½
Dunlop Plants, 6% Pref., 18/4½††
Elphinstone, 4/-
Grand Cent., 11/-
Gula-Kalumpang, 11/3 12/9
Highlands and Lowlands, 20/-
Kasintoe, 5/-
Kimanis, 5/-
Larut, -/8½ -/8½
Linggi, 14/3 -/6 13/4½ 12/3½
Lond. Asiatic, 2/11 -/11
Malacca, 14/6 -/9 15/- 15½
Merlimau Perak, 1/3½ -/3¼ -/4½ 1/4
Seaport, 7/6 6/6†† 7/0¼
Sumatra Para, 1/4½
Tanjong Malim, 3/6
Tebrau, 9/4½ 10/6
Tekoredio Ud., 12/3 11/10½
Ud. Serdang, 2/7½ -/8½ -/6¼ -/4½ -/6¼ -/6
Ud. Sua Betong, 41/3 40/- 40/- 39/4½ 40/-
Ud. Sumatra, -/10

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Allagar, -/10½
Anglo-Johore, -/2½ -/1
Assam, 4/- 3/6††
Badek, 16/-
Bandarsarie, 10/- 8/6 -/9 -/6 10/-
Bangawan, 1/10 pd., -/2½ -/3 -/3
Do., 7½% Deb., 70
Bantardawa, 4/- 4/-
Bantong, 13/9
Batu Tiga, 12/6
Bekoh Cons., -/7 -/7 -/8 -/8 -/8½ -/8½ -/7½
Bertam Ext'd., 4/6
Brit. Ests. of Java, -/9 -/9
Bukit Mertajam, 1/3½
Bukit Pulai, -/3
Bukit Rimau, 5/7½ -/9 7/- 7/- 5/7½
Buntar, 3/9
Burma, 1/7½
Chersonese, 2/0½
Chertot, 3
Chota, -/9½††
Damasara, 5/-
Dominion Tin, -/7½ -/7½
Dupcers, -/5
Eastern Sumatra, 1/8
F.M.S. Planters, 10/7½†††
Gadjah, 2/5½ -/5½
Golconda Malay, 13/3 12/-
Golden House, 9/-††
Gordon (Malaya), 1/9 -/2
Heawood, 1/7½
Jong-Landor, 15/- 15/-
Kali (Java), -/9½
Kamuning, 2/1 2/- 2/- 1/10‡
Killinghall, 25/-
Kinta Kellas, 1/7½ -/7½
Kombok, 1/6½
Kota Tinggi, 1/1½
Kuala Muda, 7
Layang, -/3½ -/9½ -/1½ -/2½
Lewa, Def., 29/10††
Do., 10% Pref., -/4½
Linggi, 7% Pref., 12/7½ 13/1½
Lit. Rokoh, 9
Malaya General, 22/-††
Malayalam Plant'ns., 17/- 16/6 17/- 16/9 17/- 16/6 -/3‡ 16/- 7/- 17/1½
Mariapoera, -/8½ -/8½
Mergui Crown, -/7½
Mutah, -/8½ -/8½
Pahang Para, 5/- 4½
Patani Para, 1/0 -/10½ -/11¼ -/9
Pelepah Valley, 1/9†† -/9¼ -/10½
Pet. Dist. Non-Liabs., 1/-5 -/6†† -/2¼‡
Rambutan, -/9½
Sanawak, -/8 -/9¼
Sentul, 11/-††† -/6†† 12/6
Sepetah, 8/3
Selangor U., -/10½‡
Sengei, 1/-
Siginting, -/4½ -/4½
Soember Alee, 1/6½
Sonsekar, 8/3
Sungkai, 6/-‡
Strathisla, 1/-
Sungei Ceka, 8/0
Sungei Tekong, -/7
Tambra, 15/3
Tempeh (Java), -/10‡
Tillyfour, -/3‡
Tormeau, 15/6
Ud. Batu Belong, ls. at 60/-, 40/- pd., 15/9
Vallambrosa, 8/6
Waterfall, -/5†† -/5

SHIPPING

Argentine Navign., 22/9 -/9 3½ -/3 -/3 2/9 3/6 3/- -/1½ -/3
Do., Pref. (6% Pkg.), 21/9 -/9 2/- 1/9 -/10½
Brit. India Steam, 41¾ Deb., 82½ 1½
Cunard, 17/10½ -/6‡ -/10½ -/9 -/10½
Do., 5% Pref., 86 6
Do., 5% Deb., 97 8 71½
Elder, Dempster, 51% Pref., 2/6
Do., 5% Deb., 49‡
Do., 5% "A" Deb., 50
Furness, Withy, 33/3 -/6 -/6
Do., 5% Pref., 91½ 1½
Lamport and Holt, 5% Deb., 29¼ 1½
Orient, 6% Pref., 104½††
P. and O., 5% Pref., 97
Do., Deferred, 43/3 -/3 -/2.3/-
Do., 5½% Deb., 100 100 100
Do., 5% Deb., 99½ 1½ 1¼ ¼
R.M.S.P., 5% Deb., 1917 17
Do., 5% Deb., 45 5 2
Union-Castle, 6% Deb., 82½
Walford, -/4½‡
White Star, 6½% Pref., 9/4½ -/4½ 8/10½††

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Manchester Liners, 23/- 5/-
Tankers, -/1
Do., 6% Certs., 17¾
Ud. British, 6/9 -/9
Do., 6% Deb., 66

TEA AND COFFEE

Amalgamated, 16½ 17 1½
Anglo-Amer. Dev. Trdng., 6% Pref., 9½
Assam Cons., 8/6
Do., 8% Pref., 18/- 17/3
Assam Frontier, 21/9 20/10½ -/10½
Assam Prairie, 59/9
Darjeeling Co., 57/6
Dimbula Valley, 57/6
Empire of India and Ceylon, 35/-††
Imperial, 5% Pref., 15/3 -/9
Jokai, 63/9
Nuwara Eliya, 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½
Rajawella Prod., 14/-

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Adams Peak, 22/3 -/3
Anglo-Ceylon Tea, 44/3 6/3
Bowlana, 14/9
Bodia Beta, 62/3¼ 1/3
Bog. Ceylon, 22/6 -/6
Palestine, 5% Pref., 19/-††
Poonmudi, 1/7½ -/9
Ramila, 61/3
Ud. Planters', Ceylon, 22/-

TELEGRAPHS AND TELEPHONES

American, 206††
Anglo-Amer. Tel., Def., 23½†† 5 ¼
Anglo-Portuguese, 19/- -/1½
Cables and Wireless, 7% Pref., 25¾ ¼ 6¼ 5¾ 3 2 4½ 5 5 5 ¼ ¼ 6¼ 6 7/8 5¾ 6¼ 6¼
De., 6% Pref., 14¼ 15 14¼ 14 14 15 14¼ 1½ 14 14 ¼
Do., 5½% Pref., 70¼ 1 ¼ 1 70¼ ¾ ¾ 70 ¾ 1 ¾ 1 70 ¾ ¾ 70 ¾ ¾ ¼
Constantinople, 40/- 2½
Eastern Extension, 7½% Pref., 6¾
Eastern Exten., 4% Deb., 73½ 6½
Eastern, 3½% Pref., 62
Internat., 4% Deb., 2 1½ 1
Marconi Intl. Marine, 37/- 6/6¼ -/3 -/3 -/6¼ 7/-

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Radio Corp. of Amer., 8 23¼ 2½ ¼ ¼ ¼ 4†† 3¼ ¼ 4 3½ 3 ¼ ¼ ¼ 1
Western Un., 145 3

TRAMWAYS AND OMNIBUS

Anglo-Argentine, 41½ Deb., 67½ 1½
Brazilian Tract., 26 ¼ ¼ ¼ ¼ ¼ 9†† 8½ ¾ ¾ ¾ 9¼ 8¼ ¼ ¾ ¾ ¾

MAILS AND SHIPPING—continued from page 24

NAGOYA .. .. For Ldn., left Colombo 25th.
NAGPORE .. .. For Ldn., left Yokohama 25th.
NAVARA .. .. For Ldn., left Pt. Said 26th.
RANPURA .. .. For Bombay, left Aden 26th.
RAWALPINDI .. .. For Yokohama, left Colombo 27th.
RAZMAK .. .. For Wellington, left Colombo 28th.
BRITISH INDIA
KARAPARA .. .. For Pt. Natal, arr. Zanzibar 27th.
JANUS .. .. For Calcutta, left Melbourne 25th.
MUSSARA .. .. For Ldn., left M'sailles 25th.
NICOBARA .. .. For Hongkong, left Colombo 28th.
TAKADA .. .. For Moji, left Calcutta 27th.
TALAMBA .. .. Fm. Calcutta, arr. Shanghai 25th.
NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING
HUMETAI .. .. For Hull, left Adelaide 25th.
TUPAIKA .. .. For Auckland, left Curacao 26th.
FEDERAL
WESTMORELAND .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Colon 23rd.
UNION OF NEW ZEALAND
NARRADA .. .. Fm. Dunedin, arr. Singapore 26th.
RED STAR
PENNLAND .. .. For Antwerp, left N.Y. 24th.
ROYAL HOLLAND LLOYD
GELRIA .. .. For B. Aires, left Lisbon 26th.
ZEELANDIA .. .. For Amsterdam, left Stlmtn. 26th.
ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET
ALCANTARA .. .. For Brazil, left Vigo 26th.
ALMANZORA .. .. For R. Aires, left Rio Janeiro 26th.
ARLANZA .. .. For Stlmtn., left Corunna 26th.
ASTURIAS .. .. For Stlmtn., left Rio Janeiro 23rd.
ATLANTIS .. .. For Cruise, left Pt. Said 26th.
LOCHKATRINE .. For Ldn., left Portland Ore 25th.
NETHEROY .. .. For N. Pacific Ct., left R'dam 27th.
SEVEN .. .. Fm. Pto. Alegre, arr. Antwerp 25th.
ROYAL NETHERLANDS STEAMSHIP
VAN RENSSELAER .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Curacao 22nd.
UNION-CASTLE
ARMADALE CASTLE .. Fm. England, arr. Pt. Natal 26th.
DUNBAR CASTLE .. For Beira, left Algoa B. 26th.
EARTH CASTLE .. For Ldn., left Las Palmas 26th.
GRANTULLY CASTLE .. Fm. England, arr. Pt. Natal 26th.
LLANDAFF CASTLE .. For E. Africa, left Pt. Sudan 28th.
LLANDOVERY CASTLE For Ldn., left Mozambique 28th.
WALMER CASTLE .. Fm. Table B., arr. Stlmtn. 27th.
WHITE STAR
ASTERIC .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. N.Y. 27th.
BALTIC .. .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Mersey 27th.
BRITANNIC .. .. For N.Y., left Queenstown 27th.
DORIC .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Montreal 26th.
YEOWARD LINE
AGUILA .. .. For L'pool, left Las Palmas 26th.
AVOCETA .. .. Fm. Las Palmas, arr. L'pool 27th.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS

(FROM OWNERS AND LLOYD'S)

ALONDRA .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Madeira 27th.
AMERICAN FARMER .. Fm. Ldn., arr. N.Y. 27th.
ARANDORA STAR .. Fm Med. Cruise, left Galata 27th.
ATHONIA .. .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Montreal 27th.
BALMORAL CASTLE .. Fm. Pt. Natal, arr. Table B. 27th.
BENARTY .. .. For Far East, arr. Ldn. 28th.
BENLOMOND .. .. For Japan, arr. Hong-kong 25th.
BETHANIA .. .. For N.Y., stg. 100 miles West of Fastnet 1.40 p.m. 27th.
CAMBRONIA .. .. For N.Y., left Boston 26th.
CARNARVON CASTLE .. Fm. Stlmtn., arr. Table B. 27th.
CEDRIC .. .. For L'pool, left Boston 26th.
CID .. .. For Cristobal, left Guayaquil 24th.
CILICIA .. .. For L'pool, left M'sailles 25th.
CITY OF AGRA .. .. Fm. Norfolk, arr. Singapore 26th.
CITY OF BEDFORD .. For U.K., left Fremantle 22nd.
CITY OF CORINTH .. For Hong-kong, left M'sailles 26th.
CITY OF DELHI .. .. For Ldn., left Boston 28th.
CITY OF EVANSVILLE .. Fm. N.O., arr. Melbourne 27th.
CITY OF HARVARD .. Fm. Philadel., arr. Calcutta 26th.
CITY OF HONGKONG .. Fm. Calcutta, arr. N.Y. 23rd.
CITY OF JOHANNESBURG .. Fm. Tees, arr. Moji 26th.
CITY OF KARACHI .. Fm. Tees, arr. R'dam 26th.
CITY OF LINCOLN .. Fm. Pt. Chalmers, left Natal 25th.
CITY OF LUCKNOW .. For Australia, left Stlmtn. 26th.
CITY OF LUSAKA .. For Australia, left Stlmtn. 28th.
CITY OF PARIS .. .. For Bombay, left Suez 27th.
CITY OF PITTSBURG .. For Baltimore, left Pt. Said 25th.
CITY OF POONA .. .. Fm. Tees, arr. Algoa B. 27th.
CITY OF SALISBURY .. For N.Y., left Pt. Said 25th.
CORINTH .. .. For Ldn., left Gib. 27th.
DUNBAR CASTLE .. Fm. Ldn., arr. E. Ldn. 27th.
DUNROSS OF RED-HOUSE .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Montreal 26th.
DURBAN MARU .. .. For Yokohama, left Suez 27th.
ELMO .. .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Valp'so 25th.
EMBESTRO .. .. Fm. Valp'so, arr. N.Y. 24th.
FRANKLIN .. .. Fm. Amsterdam, arr. B. Aires 25th.
HAIDE .. .. Fm. Macassar, arr. Aden 27th.
HOLLAND MONARCH .. For Ldn., left M'video 25th.
HOLYROOD .. .. For L'pool, cld. Madeira 25th.
IONIC STAR .. .. For Far East, arr. Shanghai 28th.
KAMLOOPS .. .. Fm. Vancouver, arr. N.Y. 27th.
KANDA .. .. For Pt. Natal, left Beira 25th.
KEELUNG .. .. Left L. Marques 27th.
KENNEMERLAND .. For Hamburg, left B. Aires 25th.
LAGONDA .. .. Fm. N.Y., arr. L'pool 27th.
LANCASTRIA .. .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Ldn. 27th.
LA PAZ .. .. Fm. Valparaiso, arr. Havre 26th.
LEICESTERSHIRE .. For Ldn., left Bassein 27th.
LETITIA .. .. Fm. Clyde, arr. Montreal 26th.
LIVADIA .. .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Tenerife 25th.
MACGREGOR LAIRD .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Tenerife 25th.
MAMILIUS .. .. Fm. Tenerife 26th.
MARIA REPORTER .. Fm. Baltimore, arr. Mchstr. 27th.
MARUNOUMO MARU .. Left Hamburg 25th.
MONTCALM .. .. Fm. Antwerp, arr. Montreal 25th.
NAUCRATIS .. .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Pt. Natal 27th.
NEVADA .. .. For Vancouver, left Los Angeles 22nd.
NIASSA .. .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Table B. 27th.
ORANJE NASSAU .. Fm. Amsterdam, arr. Madeira 27th.
OSTORIA .. .. For L'pool, left Cristobal 24th.
OSWOOD .. .. Fm. Dunkirk, arr. Seattle 22nd.
OXFIA .. .. For L'pool, arr. Valparaiso 22nd.
PACIFIC SHIPPER .. For Vancouver, left Clyde 27th.
PAPANUI .. .. Fm. Pt. Pirie, arr. St. Nazaire 25th.
PIZARO .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Gladstone 28th.
PORT ALMA .. .. Fm. Napier, arr. Dunkirk 25th.
PORT HOBART .. For N.Z., left Ldn. 26th.
SCYRA .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. N.Y. 27th.
SEMPERITE .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Colombo 27th.
TABARKA .. .. Fm. Bombay, arr. Clyde 26th.
TEMPERO HALL .. For Ldn., left Tenerife 24th.
TRANSYLVANIA .. Fm. Clyde, arr. L'pool 27th.
UMONA .. .. Fm Pt. Natal, left Beira 25th.
VENDULA .. .. For Pto. Cabello, left Curacao 23rd.
YASUKUNI MARU .. For Ldn., left Pt. Said 25th.

CASUALTY REPORTS

(FROM LLOYD'S)

CATHERINE G. SUDDEN.—Astoria, Oct. 26.—American s. Catherine G. Sudden floated with pumps after divers stopped excessive leaks. Proceeded Portland in tow, pumping continuously.

GRANLI.—See London.

HELGA FERDINAND.—Aabenraa, Oct. 26.—German s. Helga Ferdinand, from Seaham, aground outside Barsoe. Salvage steamer ordered. Lighters sent. Lloyd's agent is on board. Aabenraa, Oct. 27.—German s. Helga Ferdinand got off at high water. Discharged 35 tons into lighters. Steamer now in port.

LONDON.—Lloyd's agents at Dundee telegraph Oct. 27:—At 3.40 a.m. to-day steamer London (belonging to Dundee, Perth, and London Shipping Company), inward bound for Dundee, collided with Norwegian s. Granli, lying at anchor. Starboard bow of Granli stove in and fire broke out in forecastle and spread to deck cargo of timber. Two members of crew injured. Fire now extinguished and steamer alongside wharf. London does not appear extensively damaged.

MAYASAN MARU.—Yokohama, Oct. 27.—Japanese s. Mayasan Maru, reported ashore at Saghalien, Oct. 25.

RAVENSDALE.—Guernsey, Oct. 27.—British s. Ravensdale, loaded stag for Jersey, struck at Grande Havre Bay, North Island, last night. Vessel in precarious position. Master and crew remaining on board. Guernsey, Oct. 27.—Steamer Ravensdale, master throwing bunkers overboard. Cargo must be discharged to ascertain damage and effect repairs.

SUJA.—Falmouth, Oct. 27.—German m.-v. Zulia, from Hamburg, arrived here yesterday with defective machinery.

Salcombe, Oct. 27.—Severe storms on the coast. Shipping much injured. Twenty-one lighters mixed cargo damaged, two sailing vessels, many small craft destroyed.

FREIGHT MARKETS

On the Baltic Shipping Exchange yesterday the charter market opened with few new orders in circulation, and rates of freight in many sections were unaltered. The Australian branch, however, was steady, with 32s. 6d. paid for December-January and 32s. for January-February shipment from Southern ports to Med./U.K./Continent. The Black Sea was inactive line, but it is understood that Norwegian tonnage has been fixed in Italy on the Continental basis of 10s. 9d. The North American section was again very slow, and little or no business was possible for sugar from Cuba. The River Plate was easier for early loadings. Owners of medium and large steamers being anxious to get business, with the result that rates down to 12s. 6d. was accepted from up-river ports to the Continent. The demand for new year loadings was again in abeyance.

Fixtures included:—Santa Fe or Concepcion.—Christiansborg, 4,300 tons, 10 per cent., U.K./Continent, 16s. 6d., early November. San Lorenzo.—Miguel de Larrinaga, 6,700 tons, 10 per cent., U.K./Continent 13s., early November; Inverlyle, 6,900 tons, 10 per cent., Havre-Amsterdam range, 12s. 6d., early November. Chile.—Selje, 11,300 tons maximum, Continent, 19s., Dec. South Australia or Victoria.—Sagaland, 8,000 tons, 10 per cent., Med./U.K./Continent, 32s., Jan.-Feb.; steamer, 7,000 tons, 10 per cent., Med./U.K./Continent, 32s. 6d., Dec.-Jan. Black Sea.—Steamer (Italian), 6,000 tons, 10 per cent., Continent, 10s. 9d., with full options, mid-Nov.

AIRCRAFT MOVEMENTS

IMPERIAL AIRWAYS

CITY OF KARACHI .. Fm. Jask, arr. New Delhi 27th.
CITY OF KHARTOUM .. For Salonica, left Alexandria 26th.

ARGENTINE NAVIGATION'S FUTURE

A notice has been issued stating that an Anglo-Argentine syndicate has acquired a controlling interest in the Argentine Navigation Company (Nicolás Mihanovich) by purchasing over 50 per cent. of both the Ordinary and Preference shares belonging to a group of British shipping companies. It is understood that those who represent this new controlling interest have in view the winding-up of the company as now constituted and the formation of a new company to be registered in the Argentine.

This notice follows the announcement in September of the acquisition by Messrs. Dodero Brothers, of Buenos Aires, of the Ordinary and Preference shares in the Argentine Navigation Company (Nicolás Mihanovich).

Reports of proceedings under the heading "Company Meetings" are inserted as advertisements, but care is taken to ensure that they are trustworthy.

PROSPECTUSES AND ISSUES

15s. *per line*

THE COLNE VALLEY WATER COMPANY

(Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament, 1873).

Notice is hereby given that the Directors are prepared to RECEIVE TENDERS for

£250,000

SEVEN PER CENT. "E" ORDINARY STOCK.

MINIMUM PRICE OF ISSUE, £120 PER £100, YIELDING at that PRICE £5 16s. 8d. PER CENT.

THIS ISSUE WILL RANK FOR DIVIDEND UP TO 7 PER CENT. WITH ALL EXISTING ORDINARY STOCKS.

The Stock will be allotted to the highest bidders.

The Company supplies an area of about 90 square miles adjacent to North-West London, which includes Harrow-on-the-Hill, Wembley, Wealdstone, Harrow Weald, Kingsbury, Pinner, Ruislip, Northwood, Stanmore, Bushey, Edgware, Elstree, Radlett, Aldenham, Shenley, parts of Hendon (comprising Mill Hill and The Hyde), Watford, Northolt, Ridge, and St. Stephen's, near St. Albans.

Owing to the exceptional transport and railway facilities in the district served by the Company, extensive building operations are taking place in all directions; the very large number of houses, factories and shops already established is constantly being augmented, and at present the supply and demand show no signs of diminution. From these sources considerable additional revenue will be obtained by the Company, which is continually called upon to extend its plant, mains and other services.

At the present time the population supplied is approximately 250,000.

The Water Rental has increased during the past 19 years by £154,916, and in 1929 it was £292,659.

Last day for receiving tenders, 10 a.m., Monday, 3rd November, 1930.

Prospectus and form of tender to be obtained from the Westminster Bank, Limited, 41, Lothbury, E.C., and Watford; also at all the London and principal provincial branches, or of the undersigned.

By Order of the Directors,
C. P. SINCLAIR, General Manager and Secretary.
Colne Valley Water Company,
Aldenham-road, Watford.
16th October, 1930.

By Order of the Directors.

THE FOLKESTONE WATERWORKS COMPANY

(Incorporated 1848).

Messrs. A. and W. RICHARDS are instructed to offer for SALE by TENDER

£33,558

FIVE per CENT. PERPETUAL DEBENTURE STOCK. Minimum Price of Issue £98 per £100. Yielding at that price £5 2s. per cent.

Prospectus and form of tender (which latter must be sent in by 11 o'clock on Tuesday, 4th November) may be obtained of A. and W. RICHARDS, 37, Walbrook, E.C.4.

DRAWING OF BONDS

4 *lines* 16s. (*minimum*)

DOMINGO TOMBA ESTATES (SOCIEDAD ANONIMA BODEGAS Y VINEDOS DOMINGO TOMBA).

ISSUE of £300,000 6 per CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE DEBENTURES.

Notice is hereby given that, in conformity with the stipulations contained in the Trust Deed dated 30th May, 1911, for securing the above issue, the following BONDS were DRAWN for redemption on the 21st October, 1930, at the offices of the Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd., 117, Old Broad-street, E.C., in the presence of Joshua Dawson Watts (of the firm of Duff Watts and Co.), Notary Public, and in the presence of a representative of the Trustees:—

112 DEBENTURES of £100 EACH.

12	15	19	30	35	54	57	75
76	82	90	92	98	115	120	123
137	147	156	161	181	183	207	221
223	227	234	246	268	279	285	289
297	363	368	407	422	423	424	425
445	538	544	546	555	582	591	596
605	673	700	739	797	805	808	811
817	829	833	846	847	848	861	873
874	960	1092	1103	1131	1419	1487	1593
1594	1600	1604	1606	1609	1614	1616	1724
1725	1747	1748	1782	1786	1795	1848	1867
1868	1872	1892	1919	1920	1943	1946	2018
2087	2089	2092	2093	2133	2141	2145	2197
2201	2206	2233	2254	2264	2286	2288	2295

50 DEBENTURES of £50 EACH.

19	39	42	54	62	63	71	73
80	94	97	98	101	106	121	122
134	136	166	168	191	227	263	268
280	348	357	358	360	376	379	382
431	468	486	497	498	573	575	767
843	847	862	879	941	943	953	958
961	963						

61 DEBENTURES of £20 EACH.

2	3	42	51	116	122	131	134
144	145	151	153	170	171	177	180
187	189	191	215	216	241	249	251
255	256	258	316	337	338	339	344
378	398	400	401	448	449	455	505
556	561	565	588	597	681	686	690
696	730	741	801	821	827	829	838
860	935	955	987	988			

The Bonds thus drawn will become due for redemption at 102 per cent. on the 1st January, 1931, when interest thereon will cease to accrue.

For the Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.,
E. DUDLEY RIPLEY, Manager.

October 21st, 1930.

CITY of BERGEN 5½ per CENT. LOAN of 1922. Hambros Bank Limited hereby give notice that the following BONDS of the above-mentioned Loan were DRAWN in Bergen on the 15th October, 1930, for R.E. PAYMENT on the 1st January, 1931, and may in due course be presented at their office, 41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2:—

LETTER A.—Nos.:—

45	66	87	235	607	613	629
731	956	964	973	1190	1244	
13 at £20	..	..	..	..	..	£260

LETTER B.—Nos.:—

1419	1734	1850	1988	2308	2363	2429
2431	2442	2757	2810	2840	3096	3428
3469	3526	3559	3575	3609	3764	3765
3869	4036	4057	4233	4615	4839	4845
5073	5199	5525	5585	5857	6023	6270
6508	6574	6584	6874	7149	7278	
41 at £100	..	..	..	..	..	4,100

LETTER C.—Nos.:—

8044	8170				
2 at £500	..	..	..	..	1,000
					£5,360

41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2. 28th October, 1930.

TRANSFER BOOKS

4 *lines* 20s. (*minimum*)

BURBERRYS Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS for the Ordinary Shares of the Company will be CLOSED from the 14th October to the 6th November, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
GEOFFREY BOSTOCK, F.C.A., Secretary.

DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS

4 *lines* 20s. (*minimum*)

CITY of GOTHENBURG FOUR per CENT. LOAN of 1909.

The COUPONS falling due on the 31st October, 1930, on these Bonds may be presented for PAYMENT between the hours of 10 and 2 (Saturdays excepted) at Hambros Bank Limited, 41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, where lists may be obtained.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.

41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2. 28 October, 1930.

MOGYANA RAILWAY COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 6 per CENT. BONDS, 1906.

Messrs. Morgan Grenfell and Co. and the Bank of London and South America, Ltd., are informed by cable that owing to conditions existing in Brazil the above railway is unable to obtain the sterling remittance necessary to pay the interest coupon due on the 1st November, 1930. The railway has, however, deposited with the Sao Paulo branch of the Bank of London and South America, Ltd., the sum of Rs.1,220,000$000 (one thousand two hundred contos of reis), enough at the last normal rate of exchange to cover the interest. Such deposit does not relieve the railway of its obligations to provide sterling in London so soon as conditions permit.

N.V. VAN DEN BERGH'S FABRIEKEN.

Notice is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND on the (5 per Cent. Preferred) Ordinary "A" shares is PAYABLE on and after 1st November, 1930.

The dividend is represented by certificates issued by the N. V. Maatschappij tot Uitgifte van Certificaten van Aandeelen in Van den Bergh's Ondernemingen, after deduction of Dutch Dividend Tax and administration charges, will be at the rate of 6.715 per cent.

Holders of Sub-Share Certificates in the name of Midland Bank Executor & Trustee Company Limited to obtain Dividends should lodge their certificates at the Midland Bank Limited, Poultry, London, E.C.2, to be marked for Dividend. Listing forms can be obtained from the aforementioned bank, and certificates must be left three clear days for examination.

The Dividends on Sub-Shares are payable in sterling at the rate of £1 = Fl.12.00½. The amount payable per Sub-Share of Fl.5 (5s.) is 4.0810d., less income tax at 4s. 6d. in the £.

London Transfer Office for certificates of N. V. Maatschappij tot Uitgifte van Certificaten van Aandeelen in Van den Bergh's Ondernemingen, Union House, St. Martins-le-Grand, E.C.1. 27th October, 1930.

SPORT AND GARDEN

3 *lines* 7s. 6d. (*minimum*)

A BARGAIN in BULBS.—Hyacinths to colour, 12s. per 100s.; Lilium Candidums (Old Madonnas Lily), 30s.; Scarlet Single and Double, 3s.; Galanthus Elwesii, Single Snowdrop, extra large, 4s.; Aconites, 2s.; Crocus, White, Blue, Striped, 3s.; Yellow, 3s.; Daffodils, Emperor, Sir Watkin, Horsefieldii, Barri Conspic., Princeps, Ornatus, Queen of the North, White Lady, Double Van Zion, Double White, all at 5s.; Pheasant Eye, Leni Lily (Eng. Double White, all at 5s.; Mixed Daffs. and Narcissi, 4s.; Irish Wild Daff., 4s.; Mixed Daffs. and Narcissi, 4s.; Tulips, Early Flowering Red, White, Yellow, to name, 4s.; Mixed, 5s.; Double Red, White, Yellow, to name, 5s.; Mixed, 5s.; Darwin Tulips, Clara Butt, Farncombe Sanders, Pride of Haarlem, Rev. Ewbank, Edmee, Baron de La Tonnaye, Bartigon, Princess Elizabeth, all at 5s.; Cottage Tulips, Inglescombe Yellow, Pink, Mixed, 4s.; Iris, Spanish, named, 4s.; Mixed, 3s. All Caledonia Bouton d'Or, Macrospathia, Picotee, Parisian Yellow, La Merveille, Salmon Queen, 5s.; Mixed, 4s.; Bloeolana, 4s.; Iris, Spanish, named, 4s.; Mixed, 3s. All per 100, carriage paid on orders £1 and over. Hundreds of other bargains in Bulbs, Herbaceous Plants, Fruit Trees, and everything for the garden will be found in our 80 page illustrated Catalogue, sent post free on request.—Cross and Co., Elm-road House, Wisbech.

DAFFODILS and NARCISSI, mixed, all flowering bulbs, 2gns. 1,000, £7 5,000, £12 10,000. List of bargains at half-price.—A. Leon, St. Mary's, Scilly Isles.

LANDSCAPE GARDENING.—Gardens designed and constructed by D. Leanoz-Shannon, 36, St. James's-square, W.11.

FOREIGN RESORTS AND HOTELS

3 *lines* 6s. (*minimum*)

FRANCE

MENTONE.—ALEXANDRA HOTEL, now open. Beautiful sunny garden; tennis. The ideal Home Palace. Phone every room. Terms from 45frs. incl.

A COMPLETE LIST of CONTINENTAL and FOREIGN HOTELS APPEARS on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY each week.

LONDON HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

3 *lines* 6s. (*minimum*)

ABBEY COURT, 11-17, Netherhall-gardens, Hampstead.
This well-appointed Residential Hotel is within a few minutes' walk of Finchley-road Metropolitan Station, North London Railway, and bus routes. Hot and cold running water and gas fires in all bed rooms. Central heating. Billiards.

THOROUGHLY COMFORTABLE QUIET HOTEL. Accommodation for over 100 guests.

ALEXANDER HOTEL,
35-39, Queen's-gardens, Lancaster-gate, W.2.
Two minutes Kensington Gardens, Tubes and Buses. Inclusive weekly terms from £2 17s. 6d. single. From £5 5s. double, or from 10s. 6d. per day.
PROVERBIALLY EXCELLENT FARE.
Billiards, Bridge. Gas fire in every bed room. Constant hot water. Night porter. NO EXTRAS. Tariff on application. Paddington 5760, 5761.

WHERE YOU ARE A GUEST, NOT A NUMBER.

Overlooking Hyde Park and within a few yards of Hyde Park Corner, the ALEXANDRA, now modernized in every feature, is chosen by all who wish to look upon their Hotel as their Home.

Recent structural alterations, which have made the Alexandra one of the most up-to-date hotels in the Metropolis, include the installation of gas or electric heating, telephone, and running hot and cold water in each of the 140 bed rooms. Private bath room with many bed rooms, and a number of self-contained suites.

Bed room, bath, and breakfast from 14s. 6d. Inclusive terms from a guinea a day.

Write for profusely illustrated brochure.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL,
HYDE PARK CORNER, S.W.1.
Telephone: Sloane 4521 (10 lines).
Telegrams: "Alexotel, Knights, London."

ASHBURN HOTEL,
111, CROMWELL-ROAD, S.W.7.
EXCELLENT CATERING with every modern comfort, hot and cold water, gas fires and telephone in all bed rooms; central heating; lift; 3½gns. single, 7gns. double. Frobisher 4704.

INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED.

ASHLEY COURT HOTEL,
199, 200, QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.
The NEW HOTEL de Luxe of Kensington Gardens, facing Park gates and adjoining Albert Hall. Newly furnished and decorated throughout. The moderate inclusive terms are from 12s. 6d. daily or from 4 guineas weekly. Also private suites.
All rooms fitted hot and cold water, telephone, gas fires; beautifully furnished lounges and electric passenger lifts to all floors.
First-class service and cuisine. Large garage next to premises. Night porters. Telephone, Kensington 6615 (5 lines).

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
The reorganisation of
THE ALWIN HOTEL,
Gloucester-road, S.W.7.
has been completed and old and new patrons can now enjoy the advantage of central heating, hot water, an electric fire and a telephone extension in each bed room; spacious and comfortable public rooms; central heating ensuring perfect comfort during winter months. Excellent and varied cuisine. Lift. Terms inclusive from 4gns. per week, affording outstanding value. Western 3274-5.

ROYAL RICHMOND,
LONDON'S LOVELIEST SUBURB.
18 minutes from Waterloo or Charing Cross.
BINGHAM HOUSE HOTEL,
Petersham-road, Richmond. 'Phone, Richmond 1381.
Overlooking the incomparable river view.
The Hotel is well furnished and enjoys a happy home-like atmosphere. Spacious Public Rooms; gas fire in bed rooms, quite exceptional cuisine. From 3gns. per week inclusive. No extras. Inspection invited.

TO DISCRIMINATE
is not only to "select carefully" but to "note the difference." Discerning visitors whose choice falls on the
BRITISH EMPIRE HOTEL,
28-30, DE VERE-GARDENS, KENSINGTON, W.8,
are quickly aware of the differences which have built up its outstanding reputation at home and abroad.
Country produce from Hotel's own farm.
Very quiet (within one minute of Kensington Gardens), yet within easy reach of Barkers, Harrods, &c. Always freshly decorated. Nearly 100 rooms and suites most comfortably furnished. Every bed has box-spring and hair mattress. RUNNING WATER and TELEPHONE in ALL BED ROOMS. Much patronized by quiet family people.
Rates from 5 guineas weekly or 16s. 6d. daily.
Telephone Nos.: Western 1461 (3 lines).
THE FIRST OF MR. GEO. CROSS'S HOTELS.

WHEN TAXATION IS HIGH
take advantage of this hotel's fully inclusive terms, which are guaranteed. No extras are charged. Convenient for the theatres.
COBURG COURT HOTEL
BAYSWATER-ROAD, LONDON, W.2.
Hot and cold running water throughout. 50 bath rooms; lifts to every floor; three fire-escape staircases. Beautifully decorated suites of rooms with double bed room, private bath room and sitting room. Breakfast, bed room and bath from 8s. a day. Inclusive daily charges are guaranteed.
'Phone: Park 2402. Telegrams: Kitchening, London.

Central heating, hot and cold running water, and gas fires and rings in all bed rooms.
DAWSON PLACE MANSIONS HOTEL,
PEMBRIDGE-SQUARE, HYDE PARK, W.2.
Healthy situation. Large lofty rooms. Passenger lift. Unrivalled cuisine. Own farm produce. From 10/6 daily, 3gns. weekly, including all meals. 'Phone, Park 2369. 'Grams, Manetipo, Nottarch, London.

EMBASSY COURT HOTEL,
91, JERMYN-STREET, S.W.1.
Two minutes from Piccadilly-circus.
BED, BREAKFAST, AND PRIVATE BATH ROOM, FROM 12s. 6d. EACH DOUBLE.
FROM 17s. 6d. SINGLE.
ALSO PRIVATE SUITES FROM 17s. 6d. DOUBLE.
High-class cuisine and service.
Gerrard 1035-6-7.

FORD'S HOTEL,
MANCHESTER-ST., MANCHESTER-SQ., W.1.
High-class Family Hotel; bed rooms fitted hot and cold water and electric fires; self-contained suites, quiet position; fully licensed. 'Phone, Welbeck 4184.

HEART OF THE WEST END.
GROSVENOR COURT HOTEL,
DAVIES-STREET, BERKELEY-SQUARE, W.
Bright, cheerful bed rooms (hot and cold water), charming suite of rooms (double and single), bath enclosed; comfortable reception rooms. Unique roof restaurant. Excellent cuisine. Fully licensed. Lift. Moderate inclusive terms.
Telegrams: "Yourend, London." Telephones: Mayfair 7172 and 7173. Office, Mayfair 8095.
Lex Garage for 150 cars adjoins.

HAMPSTEAD.
ATTRACTIVE HOTEL, quiet position. 3 minutes Finchley-road Met. Station; beautiful garden; central heating, running water, gas fires all bed rooms; storage visitors' trunks.—Frognal Court. Hamp. 3433.

HENDON HALL HOTEL,
HENDON, N.W.4.
70 bed rooms. Hot and Cold Water. Gas Fires and Telephones in all bed rooms. Central Heating. Spacious Lounge and Billiards Room. Three hard Tennis Courts. 9-hole Mashie Course. Lock-up Garages.
Bus No. 104 passes Hotel entrance.
DANCE EVERY SATURDAY.
Apply Manager. 'Phone, Hendon 1457-8-9.
(Adjoins Hendon Golf Club.)

HOW'S HOTELS, LONDON.
Founded 1900 by H. E. HOW, Managing Director.
PALACE HOTEL, Bloomsbury, W.C. Ideal for Business Men. 'Phone, Museum 4050.
MANDEVILLE HOTEL, 8-10, Mandeville-place, W.1. "Heart of Mayfair." 'Phone, Welbeck 8187. All licensed. Terms for Bed, Bath and Breakfast from 10s. 6d. En pension from 5 guineas weekly.
LINDEN HALL HOTEL, 131-7, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. 'Phone, Frobisher 0632.
KENSINGTON-GARDEN HOTEL, 104-8, Queen's-gate, S.W.7. 'Phone, Kensington 0645.
LINDEN-GARDENS HOTEL, 63-5-7-9, Linden-gardens, W.2. 'Phone, Park 5819.
2min. from Queen's-road and Notting-hill-gate Stn.
Terms: Bed, Bath, and Breakfast, from 8s. 6d. En pension from 3gns. weekly.

KENSINGTON PALACE MANSIONS, KENSINGTON, LONDON, W.8. (Facing Kensington Gardens.)
RESIDENTIAL HOTEL.
In comfort, satisfactory service, and food this hotel is unequalled.
PRIVATE SUITES.
Prices have again been revised and reduced for the winter season.
For particulars apply Manager, address as above. 'Phone, Kens. 3475 (10 lines).

FOR COMFORT, CONVENIENCE, AND ACCESSIBILITY.
MASCOT HOTEL,
YORK-STREET, BAKER-STREET, W.1.
Telephone and running water in bed rooms. Always freshly decorated. Every bed fitted with box spring and hair mattress. Electric lift. Near Regent's Park, Hyde Park, Oxford-street shopping centre, &c. Within easy reach of main line termini.
Terms from 4½ guineas per week, or 12s. per day en pension. Illustrated brochure sent free.
ONE OF MR. GEO. CROSS'S HOTELS.

LONDON HOTELS (continued)

LONDON'S FOUR UP-TO-DATE RESIDENTIAL HOTELS.
Close to Hyde Park and Kensington Gardens. Within three minutes of Tube.
No noise though Central.
All bed rooms have hot and cold water, gas fires, Exchange telephones, central heating; garage; night porters.

HOTEL INVERNESS COURT,
1-9, INVERNESS-TERRACE, HYDE PARK, W.2.
Accommodation 120 guests. Special terms for winter residence.
Winter garden. Palm court. Louis Seize drawing room and lounge. Tudor smoke and billiard rooms. Special Dinner Dances. Wedding Receptions and Afternoons a speciality. Single rooms from 4 guineas. Double from 7½ guineas. Telephone, Park 9901.

LANCASTER COURT HOTEL,
66-69, LANCASTER-GATE, HYDE PARK, W.2.
Established over 25 years. New extensions of 50 rooms now ready. This Hotel has been artistically decorated throughout and offers unusually spacious and attractive reception rooms. Terms from 4gns. Telephone, Paddington 9121.

PARK ROYAL HOTEL,
25-28, LEINSTER-GARDENS, HYDE PARK, W.2.
This charming Hotel offers terms from 3gns. per week. First-class reception rooms and cuisine. Inspection invited. Accommodation for 90 guests. Delightful home for residents. Tele., Paddington 9712.

BERKELEY COURT HOTEL,
29-31, LEINSTER-GARDENS, HYDE PARK, W.2.
Recently acquired, newly decorated and refurnished, delightful reception rooms. Refinement guaranteed, with youth and cheerful society. Tele., Padd. 8022. Terms from 3 guineas.
The above hotels are under the personal supervision of the Managing Director, Mrs. J. E. Stevenson.

LOFTUS HOTEL, TEMPLETON-PLACE, EARL'S COURT.
Tele., Frob. 0491. Ideal spot for Overseas Visitors and City men. En pension terms from 2½gns.

MONTAGUE HOTEL,
14, 15, 16, MONTAGUE-STREET, RUSSELL-SQUARE, W.C.1. (overlooking gardens). A quiet private Hotel. Central for all parts. Bed room and breakfast from 7/6 En pension 3gns. Telephone: Museum 4660.

MOSTYN HOTEL,
PORTMAN-STREET, MARBLE ARCH, WELBECK 2361 to 8.
Every modern convenience, hot and cold running water telephones and electric fires all bed rooms. Five large reception rooms, billiard rooms, magnificent ball room. Dances twice weekly. Fully licensed. Lifts to all floors. Terms moderate.

MOST CONVENIENTLY SITUATED AND WELL EQUIPPED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL.
HOTEL NORMAN,
CARLTON-ROAD, PUTNEY-HILL, S.W.15.
Close to Putney Heath. Lawn Tennis (two excell

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London."

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Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

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FAMILY RESIDENCE WITH GARAGE.

HOLLAND PARK.

MAGNIFICENTLY appointed and beautifully panelled large rooms; central heating; three reception on ground floor, 12 bed rooms, four bath rooms, excellent offices; garage for four cars.

RENT £420. LONG LEASE.

Recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

NON-BASEMENT FREEHOLD.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE (CLOSE TO).

DESIRABLE NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE; central heating, lavatory basins in bed rooms, parquet flooring, white-tiled domestic offices; run as easily as a flat; within a few minutes of the Park, Knightsbridge, Tube, &c. Containing six bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, white-tiled offices on the ground floor.

FREEHOLD, PRICE £6,800 or offer.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

TO BE SOLD, an excellent medium-sized HOUSE, having direct access to gardens in rear; eight bed rooms, three reception rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c.; parquet floors; constant hot water.

PRICE £2,150.

Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.

SLOANE-SQUARE (adjoining).

VERY ATTRACTIVE and easily run RESIDENCE with bed rooms on two floors and gardens at rear; seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception, white-tiled offices. Rent £260 per annum. Low premium for Lease.

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HYDE PARK, S.W.

(Partially overlooking.)

UNFURNISHED FLAT DE LUXE; choice position; exceptionally well decorated; every modern convenience; must be inspected to appreciate; six bed and dressing rooms, two reception, lounge hall, two excellent bath rooms, model domestic offices. Lease 5½ or 12½ years. Offers invited as to rental.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

QUEEN'S-GATE, NEAR PARK.

TO BE LET.

UNFURNISHED, First-Floor MANSION FLAT. No premium; newly decorated; no fittings; cash allowance to tenant to complete final decorations; comprising four bed rooms, two receptions, bath room, kitchen, &c.; passenger lift; resident porter. &c.—Owner's Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

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SPACIOUS MANSION FLAT with large, lofty rooms overlooking Kensington Gardens; expensively fitted; constant hot water, central heating; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception.

RENT £750 PER ANNUM.

Recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

LOW RENT FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

QUEEN'S-GATE.

BALCONY FLAT, full of sunshine; constant hot water, central heating; passenger lift; four bed rooms, two bath rooms, two large reception, kitchen, &c.

RENT 10 TO 12 GUINEAS

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MAPLE & CO.

'Phone Museum 7000.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION AT THE LONDON AUCTION MART, on the 12th NOVEMBER NEXT (unless previously disposed of).

12, BERKELEY-ROAD,
BARNES.

AN IDEAL LABOUR-SAVING HOUSE ON TWO FLOORS ONLY. Central heating. Lavatory basins in four bed rooms, parquet floors, five bed rooms, tiled bath room, three reception rooms. Detached garage. Large garden. Long Lease at a Ground Rent.—Auctioneers: MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

119, HORNSEY-LANE,
HIGHGATE, N.6.

This FREEHOLD, detached, double-fronted RESIDENCE, with carriage drive. Suitable for conversion into two flats or as a private school; contains bed rooms, two bath rooms, four entertaining rooms; large garden; good garage. The whole property occupying an area of about one acre.

Auctioneers, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

On the 19th NOVEMBER NEXT.

31, CUMBERLAND-TERRACE,
REGENT'S PARK.

A delightful CORNER HOUSE with leaded light windows; seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, double drawing room with parquet floor, two other reception rooms, fitted lavatory basins to principal bed rooms; service lift. Good garage with rooms. Whole with possession. Direct Crown Lease at £172 per annum.—Auctioneers: MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

AT A VERY LOW RESERVE TO ENSURE A SALE.

11, YORK-GATE,
REGENT'S PARK.

Practically abutting the Park. Direct Crown Lease at £190 per annum; seven bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms. Light basement; service lift; private garden at the rear.—Auctioneers, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

TO be LET, Unfurnished, or the Freehold might be Purchased, a detached, double-fronted RESIDENCE, favourite Holland Park district; eight bed rooms, dressing room, four bath rooms, oak-panelled lounge hall and three other reception rooms, all on the ground floor; domestic offices, butler's bed room, servants' hall; garage for four cars and Flat of four rooms over. Flat and space for one car let until next year. Service lift, independent hot water, secondary staircase; garden. Premium for Lease of 15 years to include fixtures and fittings.—Agents, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

PUTNEY HEATH (near to).—To be SOLD, FREEHOLD, a detached NON-BASEMENT CORNER HOUSE designed partly in the Early English style; eight bed rooms on two floors only, tiled bath room with fitted lavatory basin, three good reception rooms, one with parquet flooring, large hall, and offices; pretty garden, with lawn, flower borders, and ample space for the erection of a garage.—Apply MAPLE and Co. Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

RENT £420 P.A.

PRICE, FREEHOLD, £4,500.

BRYANSTON SQUARE

(NEAR TO).

An unusual opportunity owing to owner going abroad.

Licence granted for Suite or Guest House or suitable for Private Residence.

LEASE for DISPOSAL of an exceptionally well-fitted, well-furnished, modernized RESIDENCE; nine bed rooms, four bath rooms, double dining room with parquet floor, drawing room, good domestic offices, servants' bed rooms in addition. Lease about 50 years. Ground-rent only £25 per annum. The excellent furniture and effects would be Sold.—Price and further details from the Agents, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1, who have personally inspected the Property.

CENTRAL HEATING. INDEPENDENT HOT WATER. FITTED BASINS IN A NUMBER OF ROOMS.

AVENUE ROAD (close to). To be SOLD, an attractive RESIDENCE of six bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms. Old world garden, including a full sized tennis lawn. Space for garage. Full particulars of MAPLE & CO., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

PRICE £2,500

TOWN HOUSES

(Continued from Page 25)

REALLY CHEAP HOUSES.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—In fashionable square; nine bed, three bath, &c.; excellent order. £225 per annum; unfurnished.

BELGRAVE-SQUARE (off).—With garage; nine bed, three bath; new; 19 years; £450 per annum.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE District.—Seven bed; two bath, good reception; central heating; perfect order; 31 years; £25 per annum; £3,650 or offer only.

CADOGAN-GARDENS (off).—Seven bed (on two floors); two bath, &c.; new; 21 years; £225 per annum.

ONSLOW-SQUARE (off).—With Garage; five bed two bath; three reception; 20 years; £153 per annum.

WALTON-PLACE.—Six bed, two bath, &c.; electric power; new; £170 per annum.

CADOGAN-SQUARE (off).—Five bed, bath, two reception; 75 years; £150 per annum.

Further particulars as to the strictly moderate premiums asked, &c., of the Sole Agents,

ADAMS & WATTS,

39, SLOANE STREET, S.W.1. Sloane 6208-9.

A BARGAIN

SOUTH KENSINGTON (close).—Delightful NON-BASEMENT GEORGIAN COTTAGE in walled garden; well furnished; three bed rooms, two reception, bath; 6gns. per week for six months; immediate inspection invited.—J. SWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—A SMALL GEORGIAN HOUSE in favourite Square, close to Park; Unfurnished; four bed, two reception, bath, &c. Rent £250 per annum; possible premium for good lessee.—Sole Agents, J. SWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

HAMPSTEAD (open position 1min. Met. Station).—A delightful LITTLE RESIDENCE to be SOLD; in perfect condition and ready to step into; five bed, bath, two reception; good garden. Only £1,200.—MATCH and Co., Ltd., 14/15, College-crescent, Swiss Cottage, N.W.3.

HARTS LTD.

FOR HAMPSTEAD HOUSES AND FLATS.

HEATH-DRIVE, N.W.3.

'PHONE, HAMPSTEAD 0029.

HEART OF MAYFAIR.

LEASE of BIJOU CORNER HOUSE for SALE.

Term five years. Rental £400 per annum. Rates about £66.

In excellent repair throughout.

Drawing room, dining room, double bed room, small bed room, bath room, kitchen, and maid's bed room.

Premium for Lease and the whole of the excellent furniture, fixtures, fittings, &c., the low price of £2,000.

Ready to walk into. Possession December, 1930.

Garage near by. £300 per annum inclusive. Space for one large or two small cars. Three rooms over.

Apply HAROLD BROWN, F.A.L.P.A., 61a, Pall Mall, S.W.1. Regent 0628.

HOLLAND PARK.—An attractive corner double-fronted RESIDENCE with large Garage. Close to Avenue. £2,200 FREEHOLD, with possession.—SLADDEN and STUART, 44, Royal-crescent, Holland Park-avenue, W.11. Park 7511.

HYDE PARK

(North side).

FACING SOUTH AND OVERLOOKING GARDENS. DELIGHTFUL RESIDENCE, containing:—

Eleven bed rooms. Three bath rooms.
Two reception rooms. Maid offices.

Parquet flooring, service lift, independent hot water. RECONSTRUCTED GARAGE for THREE CARS with THREE ROOMS OVER.

LONG LEASE for DISPOSAL at MODERATE FIGURE.

Agents:—

NORFOLK & PRIOR,

14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1.

KENSINGTON.

IN the Campden Hill district, a quiet road facing South.—Well-arranged RESIDENCE having six bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, and good domestic offices. Ground-rent £12 a year. Trust Lease. PRICE £3,500 for quick sale.—CHESTERTON and SONS, 116, Kensington High-street, W.8.

KENSINGTON, off Church-street.—Small COTTAGE; four rooms; FREEHOLD VACANT. Bargain £750. Suitable for modernizing.—LUFF, 34, Marsham-street, Westminster. Tele., Victoria 4106.

KENSINGTON.—FREEHOLD.—For SALE, Double-fronted DWARF HOUSE; two large reception rooms, greenhouse, and stable, all parquet, six bed rooms, bath, &c., roomy kitchen premises; garage; paved gardens.—Write Box W.1857, The Times, E.C.4.

KENSINGTON GARDENS.

TRUST LEASE FOR SALE OF A WELL-EQUIPPED MEDIUM-SIZED RESIDENCE,
OWN PRIVATE GARDEN IN REAR.
Nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, and excellent domestic offices.
Ground rent only £40 p.a.
REASONABLE PRICE
FOR QUICK SALE.

Personally inspected and strongly recommended by owner's agents, RALPH PAY and TAYLOR, 3, Mount-street, W.1. Gro. 1032.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE (close).—An excellent modernized BIJOU HOUSE; four bed rooms, tiled bath room, two reception rooms, ideal boiler. Sole Agents, STUART HEPBURN and Co., 39-41, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Kensington 9230.

LOVELY HOUSE AND GARDEN.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE, S.W.1 (just out of the Park).—The LEASE for SALE of a delightful PROPERTY, modernized throughout; five bed rooms three reception rooms, two bath rooms. Apply M. MALTBY, 93, Knightsbridge, S.W.1. Sloane 4340.

LEASE for SALE.—HOUSE, 37, PETERSBURGH-PLACE, BAYSWATER. Close Park, quiet. Three reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, usual offices; good lawn and flower border. Unexpired term 5½ years, Rent £175. Premium and fixtures £250. Inspection by arrangement. No agents.—Write Box 00000, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

TOWN HOUSES (continued)

EGERTON-GARDENS, S.W.3.

A Tastefully decorated and very well FURNISHED HOUSE to be LET for four to six months or possibly longer; nine bed, two bath, three reception rooms; central heating, dinner lift, &c.; usually let at 20gns. but will take 18gns. a week for long let.—Recommended by W. A. ELLIS, 176, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 2164-5.

WELL FURNISHED HOUSE in BROMPTON-SQUARE to be LET for long period at 8gns. a week; five bed, two bath, three reception rooms; every convenience.—Keys with W. A. ELLIS, 176, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 2164-5.

ONE of the SMALLER HOUSES in CADOGAN-PLACE to be LET FURNISHED for four, six, or nine months at very moderate rent; facing South over the Gardens; six bed, two bath, three reception rooms; central heating, &c.; very attractive.—Apply W. A. ELLIS, 176, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 2164-5.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD.—Attractive RESIDENCE in good order; five bed rooms, bath room, two large reception rooms; nice garden; INDEPENDENT HOT WATER SUPPLY. Lease seven years. Rent £150 per annum, or premium only £160.—Apply BRITTON, POOLE and Co., 2, Wellington-road, N.W.8.

HAMPSTEAD.—Modern low-built RESIDENCE; six rooms (PARQUET FLOORS); nice garden; extensively redecorated. Lease 75 years. Price only £3,300 or offer. —Apply BRITTON POOLE and Co., as above.

HYDE PARK-GATE, W.8.

LOW-BUILT, COUNTRY-STYLE RESIDENCE in this quiet cul-de-sac, yet only a stone's throw from the Park; seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, three ground-floor reception rooms, and panelled hall; available on favourable lease of 7, 14, 21 or 28 years, at £350 per annum; moderate sum for fixtures and improvements.—Sole Agents:

LAWRENCE, HISGROVE and GALSWORTHY, 5, Kensington-square, W.8.

SUITABLE FOR PRIVATE OR PROFESSIONAL USE. *Light and convenient corner house, well fitted and decorated, with outlook over charming gardens, close to*

MARBLE ARCH.

Hall, three ground-floor reception rooms, large drawing room, three bath, eight bed rooms, tiled offices. Valuable direct lease. Very moderate price. Personally recommended by CURTIS and HENSON, 5, Mount-street, W.1. (Grosvenor 1400-1401.)

SLOANE-SQUARE (Near to).

NON-BASEMENT HOUSE and GARAGE, replete with all modern conveniences, can be secured on advantageous terms; five or six bed rooms, two bath rooms, two reception rooms, and offices.—Sole Agents, GEO. BERRY and STUTTERS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

PLEASANTLY situated FREEHOLD RESIDENCE in favourite position close to Campden Hill; two ground-floor reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, bath room, &c.; parquet floors; good piece of garden. PRICE £4,000.—Apply FRANK SWAIN, Estate Offices, 170, Notting Hill-gate, W.11.

READY TO OCCUPY.

QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.

Overlooking fine ornamental gardens.

THIS LUXURIOUS and PERFECTLY APPOINTED HOUSE, with GARAGE

To be SOLD at a sacrifice of price.

11-12 bed, four bath, four reception, lounge hall.
Central heating. *Valuable fireplaces.*
Parquet floors. *Service lift to third floor.*
Electric power. *Independent hot water.*
Tiled bath rooms. *Faultless decorations.*

These garages with excellent flat over.

This property offers everything which the most exacting housekeeper could require. The direct lease from the Freeholders at only £20 per annum is on offer and inspection is strongly recommended by W. A. ELLIS, 176, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6208 (3 lines).

SLOANE-SQUARE (close to).—FREEHOLD HOUSE; eight rooms and garage; VACANT; £2,500.—LUFF, 34, Marsham-street, Westminster. Tele., Victoria 4106.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Opening on to charming ornamental gardens. South aspect, for SALE at a low price, ONE of the best of these favourite compact RESIDENCES, comprising seven bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, usual domestic offices; service lift. Strongly recommended.—Apply

KNIGHT & CO.,

14, Cromwell-place, S.W.7. Facing South Kensington Station. Western 3424 (three lines).

NO PREMIUM.

SUMNER-PLACE, S.W.7.—To be LET, attractive HOUSE, containing seven bed, bath, three reception rooms, and usual offices. Private garden.—Apply to W. A. ELLIS, 176, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

£250 P.A.

EXECUTORS' SALE. ABSOLUTE BARGAIN.

EGERTON-GARDENS, S.W.3.

BED ROOMS ON TWO FLOORS ONLY.

TO be SOLD, the long LEASE of an attractive RESIDENCE of low elevation; eight bed, two baths, three reception, square hall, compact offices. Ground-rent only £2 per annum.—Strongly recommended by the Sole Agent, W. A. ELLIS, 176, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

WELL-FURNISHED MAYFAIR HOUSE, in quiet position; six bed, three bath, three reception rooms; 12 guineas a week.—Agents H. LIDINGTON and CO., 87, Duke-street, Grosvenor-square. Mayfair 0737.

SALE THURSDAY NEXT.
BY ORDER OF THE COURT.
Magnificent Views over Hyde Park.

4, HYDE PARK-GARDENS, W.

AND GARAGE, 4, HYDE PARK GARDENS MEWS.

This important RESIDENCE, having been completely modernized and embracing all procurable requirements; nine bed rooms, three bath rooms, four-five reception rooms, ample domestic offices. Garage for two or three cars and excellent flat above.

Central Heating and Hot water. Electric Power. Passenger and Service Lifts. Parquet flooring, mahogany doors, marble-paved hall, &c.

LEASE 63 YEARS for SALE by AUCTION by

WILLIAM WILLETT, LTD.,

in the Estate Sale Room, The Willett Building, Sloane-square, S.W.1, on

THURSDAY NEXT, 30th OCTOBER, 1930,

at 2.30 o'clock precisely (unless previously sold privately).

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had of the Solicitors: Messrs. William Sturges and Co., Caxton House, Westminster, S.W.1; Messrs. Lucas, Hutchinson and Meek, Darlington; and at the Auctioneer's Offices, Sloane-square, S.W.1.

TOWN HOUSES (continued)

DELIGHTFUL COUNTRY STYLE RESIDENCE.

THE BOLTONS, SOUTH KENSINGTON (adjoining). Charming low-built HOUSE, with seven bed rooms and bath room on the two upper floors, three beautiful reception rooms on the entrance floor, and usual domestic offices, nice private garden; now being redecorated throughout; all modern conveniences and improvements; very moderate price for good lease at low ground-rent.—Sole Agents, KNIGHT and Co., 14, Cromwell-place, South Kensington. Western 3424.

WESTMINSTER.—"PERIOD HOUSE" to be LET on lease; five bed rooms, two bath, four reception rooms; old wood panelling; central heating.—Agents, H. LIDINGTON and Co., 87, Duke-street, Grosvenor-square. Mayfair 0737.

ABSOLUTE QUIETUDE.
GARDENS FRONT AND REAR.
CLOSE TO KNIGHTSBRIDGE AND THE PARK.

THE DIRECT LEASE of a delightful, low-built HOUSE for DISPOSAL; six bed, bath, three reception, and excellent domestic offices. Rent £180 per annum. Reasonable premium.—Recommended by the Sole Agents, W. A. ELLIS, 176, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

£150 PER ANNUM.—Attractive unfurnished HOUSE close to Finchley-road; five bed, two reception, &c.; in good decorative order.—Keys with S. and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. (Welbeck 2975.)

FLATS AND CHAMBERS

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

LONDON AND SUBURBS

SLOANE-SQUARE, S.W.—To be LET immediately a spacious MANSION FLAT, fitted with all modern conveniences, including central heating and constant hot water; accommodation four or five bed rooms, two reception, large lounge hall, tiled bath room, and excellent domestic offices.

RENT £700 P.A.

Apply London County, 116, Park-street, W.1. Mayfair 5366.

CAVENDISH-SQUARE, W.—A spacious Unfurnished MANSION FLAT to be LET in this much-sought-after situation, overlooking gardens; all modern conveniences, including central heating and constant hot water; accommodation four or five bed rooms, two reception, lounge hall, tiled bath room, and excellent domestic offices.

RENT £650 P.A.

Apply London County, 116, Park-street, W.1. Mayfair 5366.

IN A FAVOURITE MANSION BLOCK.

CHELSEA, S.W.—An opportunity of immediately obtaining an Unfurnished FLAT in this fashionable locality; accommodation four bed rooms, two reception, bath room (hot and cold), and usual domestic offices.

RENT £225 P.A.

Apply London County, 116, Park-street, W.1. Mayfair 5366.

RENT £200 PER ANNUM.

W.C. DISTRICT.—Attractive MANSION FLAT to be LET immediately; convenient situation close to stations and Theatreland, &c.; accommodation two bed rooms, two reception, bath room (hot and cold), and excellent domestic offices.

Apply London County, 116, Park-street, W.1. Mayfair 5366.

RENTS £100 to £135 PER ANNUM.

WEST HAMPSTEAD.—Several MANSION FLATS available for letting Unfurnished in this convenient situation; accommodation two and three bed rooms, one and two reception, &c., modern conveniences.

Apply London County, 116, Park-street, W.1. Mayfair 5366.

RENTS £100 to £225 PER ANNUM.

MAIDA VALE.—Several MANSION FLATS available for letting Unfurnished in this convenient position; two to four bed rooms, one and two reception rooms, &c.

Apply London County, 116, Park-street, W.1. Mayfair 5366.

SAUNDERS.

KENSINGTON and HAMPSTEAD.

For all available HOUSES and FLATS.

£275 PER ANNUM.—FOURTH-FLOOR FLAT; electric lift; constant hot water; *new* yards Kensington Gardens (South side); four bed, bath, two reception rooms; bright, sunny rooms in perfect repair. Premium £50, including fixtures.

£210 PER ANNUM.—FIRST-FLOOR MAISONNETTE; four bed, two bath, two reception rooms; quiet and secluded position overlooking Gardens; near Gloucester-road. Premium £175 for seven years lease.

For further particulars apply CHARLES SAUNDERS and SON, 40, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. Western 6611-2.

A. B. CHESNEY, LTD.,

LARGE SELECTION of WEST END FLATS.

28, Eastcastle-street, Oxford-circus, W.1. Museum 4603.

5½ GNS. PER WEEK.—A well FURNISHED MAISONNETTE. OVERLOOKING NEW PHOENIX THEATRE; two bed, two reception, kitchen, bath.

7-7½ GNS. PER WEEK.—CAVENDISH and PORTMAN SQUARES.—Two excellently furnished MAISONNETTES; three to four bed, two reception, kitchen, bath.

WESTMINSTER.—Partly FURNISHED MANSION FLAT; two bed, reception, kitchen, bath; 4gns. per week.

BAKER-STREET (close).—Attractive newly decorated MANSION FLAT; two reception, two bed rooms, bath room, kitchen. No premium.—CLYMO and Co., 19, Baker-street, W.1.

£170 P.A.

PORTMAN-SQUARE (close).—A newly decorated, well FURNISHED SELF-CONTAINED FLAT with constant hot water supply; two reception rooms, bed room, bath room, kitchen; piano, plate, and linen. Lowest rent 4½gns. per week.—CLYMO and Co., 19, Baker-street, W.1.

MAYFAIR.

AN excellent MANSION FLAT in favoured situation; passenger lift; porter; constant hot water; comprising hall, two reception rooms, four bed rooms, bath room, and convenient domestic offices. Reasonable premium for good lease and fittings.—Agents, ROBINSON, WILLIAMS and BERNARD, 89, Mount-street, W.1. Grosvenor 2430.

£400 P.A. INCLUSIVE.

BEDFORD-SQUARE (Adjoining).

A Delightful MODERN FLAT in a high-class Mansion Building, facing South.

Four bed rooms, bath rooms, two reception rooms, kitchen, &c.; constant hot water; Electrolux Frigidaire; white-tiled offices; passenger lift; nominal ground-rent for eight years' lease only.

RENT ABOUT £260 P.A.

Sole Agents, TURNER LORD and DOWLER, 127, Mount-street, W.1.

ALBANY.

A QUIET BACKWATER in PICCADILLY.—Sunny FURNISHED FLAT; two reception, two bed, bath, kitchen; good servants' quarters; 12gns.—Write Box E.1881, The Times, E.C.4.

ASHLEY-GARDENS. Four or five bed rooms, bath room, &c.; eight guineas a week will probably be accepted for furnished tenancy until middle January (water service could remain if desired).—Apply WALLER and Co., 3, Grosvenor-gardens, S.W.1.

ALEXANDRA COURT, 171/5, QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.—FLATS, Unfurnished, every convenience; light, quiet situation; four and five bed rooms &c., &c.; from £400 per annum.—Apply Office.

KENSINGTON.

A Spacious well arranged FLAT in one of the most popular Mansion Buildings, having a constant hot water supply; four bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms. Rent £500 a year. Lease just over five years. Nominal premium to include fixtures and fittings.

CHESTERTON and SONS, 116, Kensington High-street, W.8.

CLOSE TO HYDE PARK.

AN excellent MANSION FLAT to be LET, Unfurnished; constant hot water, lift, parquet floor. Accommodation: two reception rooms, six bed rooms, two bath rooms, kitchen, &c. Reasonable premium for lease and tenant's fittings.—Agents, ROBINSON, WILLIAMS and BERNARD, 89, Mount-street, W.1. Grosvenor 2430.

ONLY £300 P.A. INCLUSIVE.

AVENUE-COURT (near), CADOGAN-GARDENS.—A few FLATS still remaining in this magnificent newly erected building; palatial entrance hall in green and white marble, three-four bed rooms, two reception rooms, kitchen, marble panelled and tiled bath rooms, two w.c.s; passenger and service lifts; resident porter; constant hot water in each bed room; central heating, lounge halls, doors, electric refrigerators, parquet floor boards fitted to suit tenants; rents £300-£450; big reduction for first year of tenancy.—Apply Managing Agents, DAVID AINSLIE and Co., 35, Panton-street, S.W.1. Regent 2301.

A SPECIAL CHANCE. Off BOND-STREET.—An Unfurnished self-contained FLAT to be LET, three rooms, bath, kitchen. Rent £200. No premium. Vacant.—Keys with Messrs. STOKES and STOKES, 213, Piccadilly (opposite Swan and Edgar's). 'Phone 9149 Gerrard.

A CHARMING FLAT.

A Delightfully FURNISHED HOME in the vicinity of Baker-street, facing South; four bed rooms, two reception and bath rooms; passenger lift; constant hot water; restaurant in building. Rent only 12gns. per week.—BAXTER, PAYNE and LEPPER, 14, Sackville-street, W.1. Ger. 0016.

ST. JAMES'-COURT, BUCKINGHAM-GATE, S.W.1. Most attractive FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT to be LET immediately until February next. Recently redecorated and never previously sub-let; three bed rooms, two reception rooms, two bath rooms. Rent 10 Guineas weekly.—Telephone

For further particulars as to the Catering and Service charges and to view, apply Manager, Estate Office, Victoria 2702.

A FEW OF LONDON'S FINEST FLATS at Country Rentals may still be secured by approved tenants at Surbiton Court (18 minutes Waterloo). Grouped round an old-world courtyard and sunken garden, these Sunshine Flats enjoy the boon of the latest labour-saving plans, central heating, constant hot water, the upkeep of lawns and gardens, optional domestic service, optional restaurant, 50 garages, guest rooms, and freedom from rates, at low inclusive rentals.—Apply for booklet at once to Surbiton Court, St. Andrew's-square, Surbiton, Surrey.

'Phone: Elmbridge 2580.

142, PICCADILLY.

Beautiful up-to-date THIRD-FLOOR FLAT to be LET; large entrance hall, two reception, four bed rooms, two marble shower bath rooms, tiled kitchen, built-in cupboards; central heating all rooms, constant hot water; Frigidaire, electric passenger service lifts. Views Green and Hyde Parks. Moderate rental.—Apply Resident Porter.

AN EXCLUSIVE POSITION, ST. JAMES'.—Well FURNISHED self-contained First-floor MANSION FLAT; bed room, reception room, bath room, kitchen; 'phone, &c. Vacant now. Any period.—Keys with Messrs. STOKES, 213, Piccadilly (opposite Swan and Edgar's). 'Phone 9149 Gerrard.

KENSINGTON.

A Newly-erected BLOCK of FLATS, with every up-to-date convenience, 11 nearing completion.

Constant hot water and central heating.
Lavatory basins in all bed rooms.
Hardwood floors. Electrolux refrigerators.
Passenger lift. Garage accommodation.

Accommodation: Two to three bed rooms, one to two reception rooms and large lounge, bath room, kitchen, &c.

RENT £700 to £400 per annum inclusive.

Plans and particulars with HUGHESDON and HINDS, 4, Abingdon-road, Kensington High-street.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

A newly-decorated and well FURNISHED FLAT in choice building adjoining REGENT'S PARK; lounge hall, two reception rooms, three bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c.; CONSTANT HOT WATER; 10gns. weekly or offer for six months or longer. Or unfurnished at rent and small premium equal to £240 per annum inclusive.

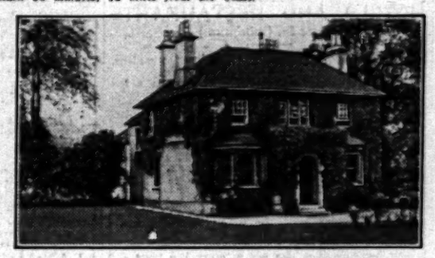
Agents, FOLKARD and HAYWARD, F.A.I., 119 Baker-street, W.1. (Welbeck 8181).

MAYFAIR SERVICE FLAT.

A BEAUTIFUL FLAT, OVERLOOKING PARK. Two bed rooms, tiled bath room. Handsome spacious reception rooms, square hall. Central heating, constant hot water; parquet floors. Fitted lavatory basins; lifts; telephone; piano. Full and excellent service, valeting and cuisine. Silver plate and linen. Moderate rent.—Write Box B.1159, The Times, E.C.4, or 'phone Grosvenor 1874.

SUSSEX.

London 50 minutes, 12 miles from the Coast.



TO BE SOLD.
THIS CHARMING GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, situated in beautiful country. *Seven bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, domestic offices. Garage.* Lawns, tennis court, orchard, kitchen garden, in all
ONE-AND-A-QUARTER ACRE.
To be SOLD privately, or by AUCTION on the 6th November, 1930, at The Old Ship Hotel, Brighton, by Messrs.

GRAVES and SON,
42, Church-road, Hove, and 117, North-street, Brighton, from whom illustrated particulars may be obtained.

THE BURHILL ESTATES

COMPANY, LTD.

Chairman:—The EARL OF IVEAGH.

16 MILES FROM HYDE PARK CORNER.

Freehold houses from £2,000 upward now being built. Varied sites, woodland or open, available. Before settling elsewhere read our booklet explaining Lord Iveagh's novel Estate Development Scheme on this large property of 1,300 acres, whereby the Landowner CONTRACTS TO PRESERVE THE RURAL BEAUTIES OF THE ESTATE. Invest where your property is safeguarded from depreciation. Consider the social charm of life in this oasis of quiet homes.

TWO-ESTATE GOLF COURSES. TENNIS, SQUASH RACQUETS AND BADMINTON COURTS.

COMPANY'S SCHOOL. GIRLS UP TO 14, AND BOYS UP TO 10.

Write for booklet.

BURHILL ESTATE OFFICE, COBHAM, SURREY.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS (continued)

WAY & WALLER,

For all the Best Flats.

5, Hanover-square, W.1. Delightful Mayfair 8022 (10 lines).

IN MAYFAIR'S PREMIER BUILDING.

FAMILY FLAT

offering a particularly fine and spacious suite of reception rooms, ideal for entertaining, six bed rooms (extra rooms available), two principal bath rooms, and complete domestic offices. All the latest requirements, central heating, constant hot water, day and night porters.

Telephone, Mayfair 8022 (Extn. 1)

for plan showing sizes of all rooms, or call upon WAY and WALLER, 5, HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1.

MARBLE ARCH.

EXTREMELY LIGHT CORNER FLAT with South and West aspect, in modern building with all the latest improvements. Two bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath room, and kitchen. Advantageous lease at only £250 per annum. Reasonable sum for fittings, carpets, &c. Mayfair 8022 (Extn. 1).

WAY and WALLER, 5, HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1

PARK-LANE.

MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT, having central heating, constant hot water, and every possible modern comfort; bed room, reception room, kitchenette, and bath room. Rent reduced to 12gns. per week, including full service. Mayfair 8022 (Extn. 1).

WAY and WALLER, 5, HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1

A VERY RARE CHANCE.

KENSINGTON (off Queen's-gate).—Valuable seven years' lease, without premium, can be secured of a delightful FIRST FLOOR FLAT; five bed rooms, bath room, two w.c.'s, two reception rooms, kitchen and nice hall; constant hot water. Rent only £250 per annum inclusive.—Sole Agents, MASON and MASON, 2A, Kensington High-street, W.

OVERLOOKING EXTENSIVE GARDENS.

KENSINGTON (between High-street and Gloucester-road Stations).—Just vacant, a really charming well-contained MAISONNETTE on two floors only; three double bed rooms, bath room, two w.c.'s, two reception rooms, good light kitchen, square hall; constant hot water; resident caretaker; decorations to tenant's taste. Rent £250 per annum inclusive. No premium.—Sole Agents, MASON and MASON, 2A, Kensington High-street, W.

DELIGHTFUL FLAT.

PRACTICALLY OVERLOOKING KENSINGTON GARDENS.

Two bed rooms, bath room, large reception room; constant hot water; newly decorated. Rent £140 per annum. No premium. Service at nominal charges.

MASON and MASON,
2A, Kensington High-street, W.

UNFURNISHED FLATS.

MODERATE RENTS.

BAKER-STREET.—COMPACT FLAT; two bed, reception, bath, kitchen. No premium ... £165
CLARENCE GATE-GARDENS.—MANSION FLAT; two bed, two reception, bath, kitchen; constant hot water; fittings £75 ... £200
ST. JOHN'S WOOD.—MANSION FLAT; two bed, two reception, bath, kitchen; constant hot water; fittings £75 ... £205
NEW CAVENDISH-STREET.—NEWLY DECORATED FLAT; three bed, two reception, bath, kitchen; fittings £175 ... £250

Full particulars and orders to view apply

DRUCE & Co.,

55, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 8191.

ATTRACTIVE FURNISHED FLAT, tiled and fitted bath room, kitchen, one sitting, two bed rooms; 'phone, porters; 6gns., three or six months.—24, Churchfield, Church-street, Kensington (adjoining Gardens).

AT BUCKINGHAM-GATE.—Modernly FURNISHED FLAT; two bed rooms, one reception, kitchen, bath room; constant hot water, central heating, internal services, lift, Hoover, Regd's beds. Only 6gns. per week.—Call WARD and DAVIS, 95, Mortimer-street, W.1. Langham 3054.

BAKER-STREET.—Spacious well-arranged UPPER MAISONNETTE; five bed, two reception, &c. Rent £500 per annum. No premium.—Keys with S. and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. (Welbeck 2975.)

BAYSWATER.—A Commodious and well FURNISHED MAISONNETTE, newly decorated; six bed, bath, two reception rooms, offices; independent hot water. Rent 11 guineas.—ROW and SON, 35A, Kensington High-street, W.8.

BLOOMSBURY-SQUARE, W.C.1.—Quaint newly decorated UNFURNISHED FLAT, overlooking gardens; one bed, one reception, bath room and kitchen; every convenience. Rent £156 inclusive. Nominal premium.—Sole Agents, BUCKLAND and SONS, 4, Bloomsbury-square, W.C.1. Holborn 7536.

BRYANSTON-SQUARE, W.

(Close to).

Fine MODERN FLATS.

Passenger Lifts. Day and night porters
Central Heating. Decorations to choice
Two sitting rooms, two bath rooms, two, three or four bed rooms.

Inclusive rentals £400 to £525 per annum.

Dreyer's Agents, Ltd.,
GIFFORD and SONS,
26, North Audley-street, Mayfair 1802-3.

CENTRAL LONDON.

UP-TO-DATE FLATS.

Two reception, four beds, bath, and kitchen, £262.
One reception, two beds, bath, and kitchen, £191.
Quiet position. Light and airy. Bath and kitchen tiled and completely refitted, constant supply of REALLY hot water; lifts and every convenience.

Estate Office, G

CHRISTIE, MANSON & WOODS

respectfully give notice that they will hold the following SALES by AUCTION

AT THEIR GREAT ROOMS, 8, KING-STREET, ST. JAMES'S, S.W.1,

COMMENCING EACH DAY AT ONE O'CLOCK PRECISELY.

On WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, and following DAY.

FINE WINES, the property of SIR EDWARD CURRIE, BART., C.B.E., deceased, removed from Tilney Court, Clapham Common, S.W., including Ports shipped by Cockburn, Sandeman, and Dow; Champagne, Sherry, &c.; Champagne, Port, Burgundy, and Claret, sold by order of the Executors of the late BARCLAY WALKER, ESQ., deceased, late of Hazelwood, Kings Langley, Herts; Champagne, the property of the RIGHT HON. VISCOUNT FRIEDBERG, C.B.E., of Carlton-gardens, S.W.; Vintage Ports from the cellars of the RIGHT HON. LORD CHESHAM, Latimer, Chesham, Bucks.; GARSHAM ROPER, ESQ., C.B., Lilling Hall, York, and CAPT. R. L. AGNEW, Bears House, Cambberley; Fine Old Vintage Clarets, the property of a Gentleman, deceased, and Champagnes, Ports, Burgundy, and other Fine Wines from various sources.

Also upwards of 12,000 Choice Cigars, the property of a gentleman going abroad, and from other sources.

Samples of the wines may be had, on paying for the same, the week preceding the end of the cigars on the Monday and Tuesday preceding.

On TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 18.

PORCELAIN and POTTERY, from the Collection of the late Mrs. M. A. EVANS, comprising Old English, Continental, and Oriental Porcelain, Staffordshire Pottery, and Wedgwood Ware; also Porcelain and Eastern Rugs and Carpets, from various sources.

May be viewed on the FRIDAY and MONDAY preceding.

On WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19.

OLD ENGLISH SILVER PLATE, the property of a Gentleman and from various sources, including Georgian Teacots, Coffeepots, Salvers, Bread-baskets, and other decorative and useful Silver, and old Sheffield plated articles.

May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding.

On THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20.

DECORATIVE FURNITURE and PORCELAIN, the property of the RIGHT HON. the EDITH COUNTESS of HARDWICKE, deceased, late of 54, Albert Hall Mansions, S.W., including old English and Continental Porcelain, Chippendale and Sheraton Furniture, and a Louis XV. Commode; also Decorative Furniture and Porcelain, from various sources, including Chippendale and Hepplewhite Mahogany Furniture, Queen Anne Walnut-wood and a few pieces of French Furniture.

May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding.

On FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21.

OLD PICTURES, the property of the REV. RONALD LEES, M.A., of Thurland Castle, Burton-in-Lonsdale; also old Pictures from various sources, including works by or attributed to M. Chamberlin, R.A., G. Clint, R.A., E. Wilson, R.A., J. Zoffany, R.A., F. Zuccarelli, R.A., G. Stubbs, A.R.A.,

N. Berchem	F. Van Heemskerk	P. Naamyth
P. Bol	C. Ibbetson	J. Neefs
R. Brakenburgh	N. Maes	I. Van Ouwater
T. Butterworth	H. Mommers	G. P. Pannini
A. F. Desportes	P. Monamy	J. Wynants

May be viewed THREE DAYS PRECEDING.

On TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25.

PORCELAIN and DECORATIVE FURNITURE, the property of a LADY, including Chelsea Porcelain scent bottles and bonbonnières, Chelsea, Worcester, and Dresden Porcelain, Chippendale, Sheraton and Jacobean Furniture; also Porcelain and objects of art from various sources; and embroideries and fabrics, the property of a Lady.

May be viewed on the FRIDAY and MONDAY preceding.

On WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26.

JEWELS, from various sources, including pearl and diamond necklaces, brilliant brooches, rings and pendants, emerald, ruby and sapphire ornaments.

May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding.

On THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27.

DECORATIVE FURNITURE and OBJECTS of ART, the property of the late Miss CLARISSA MILES, the property of a Lady of Title, and from various sources, including Chippendale, Sheraton, and other old English Furniture, French, Dutch, and other foreign Furniture.

May be viewed TWO DAYS preceding.

On FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28.

MODERN PICTURES and WATER COLOUR DRAWINGS, the property of the RIGHT HON. LADY ASHTON; the property of SIR PATRICK FORD, Bart., M.P.; also Ancient and Modern Pictures and Drawings from other sources, including works by or attributed to:—Sir William Llewellyn, P.R.A., Frank Brangwyn, R.A., Sir D. Y. Cameron, R.A., E. W. Cooke, R.A., T. S. Cooper, R.A., Sir Alfred East, R.A., Peter Graham, R.A., J. C. Hook, R.A., J. Hoppner, R.A., Richard Jack, R.A., J. P. Lewis, R.I., J. MacWhirter, R.A., J. Opie, R.A., Sir William Orpen, R.A., W. Owen, R.A., Bertram Priestman, R.A., Clarkson Stanfield, R.A., J. M. W. Turner, R.A., Jacob B. Yeats, R.H.A., G. L. Brockhurst, A.R.A., R. Sickert, A.R.A., G. Barret, T. Girtin, Wm. Nicholson, David Cox, H. Hargraves, J. Stark, Joseph Crawhall, J. F. Herring, R. Thorne-Waite, Copley Fielding, W. Hunt, F. W. Watts, Birket Foster, J. C. Ibbetson, E. M. Wimperis, Walter Gay, J. Lamy, F. de Wint

May be viewed THREE DAYS preceding.

TELEPHONES: GERRARD 3716 AND 3717. ESTABLISHED 1794

PUTTICK & SIMPSON

WILL HOLD THE FOLLOWING SALES BY AUCTION AT THEIR SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS GALLERIES, 47, LEICESTER-SQUARE, LONDON, W.C.2.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30th.

The property of LADY KNAPP-FISHER, of 21, Dean's-yard, Westminster, S.W., of the late TIVADAR SCHERR, Esq., of the late Rt. Hon. H. C. E. CHILDERS, of H. WORSLEY, Esq., of Old Forge, Horsley Common, Ockley, of the late FRANK SUTCLIFFE, Esq., &c.

VALUABLE VIOLINS and VIOLONCELLOS, including examples by or ascribed to:—

Amati	Gofriller	Prosenda
Banks	Gabrielli	Rauber
Ehrlich	Gimbernal	Testore
Forster	Klotz	Thibout
Furber	Lavazza	Ventapane
Gagliano	Mailliaume	Vuillaume, &c.

Gold and Silver Mounted Bows by F. Tourte, J. Tubbs, F. N. Vuirin, W. E. Hill and Sons, Peccatte, Lupot, and others. An old Italian Clavichord and other Antique Instruments.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31st.

The property of Mrs. FRANK SARTORIS, of 51, South-street, Park-lane, of Mrs. THOROWGOOD, of 32, Cadogan-road, S.W., and part of an IMPORTANT COLLECTION to be sold without reserve:

OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE of the Queen Anne period, comprising walnut bureau bookcases, tables with oyster inlay, mirrors, &c., Chippendale mahogany armchairs, a carved oak refectory table, small oak bureau, a pair of card tables, sets of Hepplewhite mahogany chairs, a secretaire bookcase, Sheraton inlaid furniture of mahogany and rosewood, a set of eight shield-back chairs, a set of seven Pembroke tables, painted work tables, cabinets, and fitted dressing tables, Georgian sofa tables, tall clocks, and a few pieces of Jacobean oak. OLD ENGLISH PORCELAIN, principally comprising Bow and Chelsea figures, choice Worcester vases and mugs of the Dr. Wall period, others of Flight, Barr and Barr, and Chamberlain's, specimens of Spode, Rockingham, Crown Derby, &c. OLD ENGLISH POTTERY, being Ralph Wood and Whieldon Toby jugs, Staffordshire figures, Wedgwood vases, old Delft, &c. EASTERN CARPETS and RUGS.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31st.

The COLLECTION of GOLD and SILVER COINS of England, formed by MAJOR J. DUDLEY SHERWOOD, of 115, Park-lane, W.1., FINE GOLD MEDALS, &c.

FORTHCOMING SALES.

POSTAGE STAMPS, including the collection of Leeward Islands, the Property of C. H. Isitt, Esq., of Christ College, Brecon, and Others ... ... NOV. 4th and 5th.
BOOKS and MANUSCRIPTS ... ... NOV. 6th
OLD ENGLISH and FRENCH FURNITURE, OLD CHINESE and CONTINENTAL PORCELAIN, GLASS, and OBJECTS of ART ... ... NOV. 7th
OLD ENGRAVINGS, JAPANESE COLOUR PRINTS, MODERN ETCHINGS, &c. ... ... NOV. 10th
OLD ENGLISH and FRENCH SILVER and JEWELLERY, the Property of the late RALPH NEVILL, Esq., ... NOV. 13th
OLD ITALIAN "VIOLINS" and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS ... ... NOV. 13th
OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE, PORCELAIN, and OBJECTS of ART, EASTERN CARPETS and RUGS ... ... NOV. 14th
POSTAGE STAMPS, the Property of W. J. E. BINNIE, Esq., of Perth ... ... NOV. 17th and 18th
PICTURES by OLD MASTERS, MODERN PICTURES and DRAWINGS, the Property of the late J. SQUIRES, Esq., of Hartlebury Grange, Four Oaks, Birmingham, of the late RALPH NEVILL, Esq., &c. ... ... NOV. 19th

(The Sales may be viewed, and will take place at half-past one o'clock each day.)

Telephone: GERRARD 4725 and 3505. Telegrams: WILLIS'S ROOMS, LONDON.

ROBINSON, FISHER & HARDING

ANNOUNCE THE FOLLOWING SALES BY AUCTION AT

WILLIS'S ROOMS, KING-STREET, ST. JAMES'S, S.W.1,

COMMENCING EACH DAY AT ONE O'CLOCK.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29th.

OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE; Queen Anne chests of drawers, winged easy chairs, two Georgian secretaire wardrobes, several leather screens, painted in Chinese subjects, bureau bookcases, an 11ft. refectory table, Sheraton satinwood sofa table, a Stock pianola piano, old English bracket clocks, music canterburys, Chinese glass pictures, Turkey and Persian carpets and rugs, porcelain, cut glass, bronzes, &c.; also

OLD ENGLISH SILVER and SHEFFIELD PLATE, including a George I. Skittleball teapot, 1720, 12 George I. three-pronged forks, 11 George I. rat-tail spoons, a George II. tea kettle, George II. candlesticks, coasters, salt cellars, &c.; Georgian table services, silver pistol-handled knives, a two-handled cup and cover by PAUL STORR, &c., the property of SIR RICHARD ROOPE BAKER, and LADY ROOPE, of LADY DOGHTY, of Riversdale House, Esher, Surrey, and from other sources. On view.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30th.

OLD and MODERN PICTURES and DRAWINGS, the property of a Lady, and from other sources, comprising examples by or attributed to:—

A. Cuyp		A. Schelfhout
A. Carracci	Sir P. Lely	D. Serres, R.A.
J. Clevely	W. Owen, R.A.	C. Towne
W. Delamotte	Z. Quaglio	C. Vacani
T. Dutton	D. G. Rossetti	R. Wilson, R.A.

Also ENGRAVINGS and PRINTS. On view.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5th.

OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE of the Stuart, Chippendale, Sheraton and Hepplewhite periods, Persian carpets and rugs, porcelain, cut glass, &c. On view two days prior.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6th.

OLD and MODERN PICTURES and DRAWINGS from various sources, comprising examples by or attributed to:—

Van Aelst	A. Fraser	Sir P. Lely
H. Barlow	A. Kauffman, R.A.	N. Maes
J. H. Drooghtoot	Sir G. Kneller	F. Pannini
P. Wyck	P. Lely	E. Da Troll

Also ENGRAVINGS and PRINTS. On view three days prior.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, NOV. 12th and 13th.

THE PENRUDDOCKE HEIRLOOMS:

OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE,

including a Wm. Kent carved and gilt suite of 12 chairs and two settees, a pair of Adam side tables, a set of 12 Chippendale chairs and other period pieces, English and Continental porcelain, cut glass, weapons, &c.

A small LIBRARY of BOOKS,

THE FAMILY and other PORTRAITS,

comprising examples by or attributed to:—T. Beach, J. Everth, W. Dobson, Sir A. Vandyck, J. Highmore, H. Holbein, Sir G. Kneller, Sir P. Lely, W. Wissing, &c.

Removed from COMPTON PARK, SALISBURY, and sold by direction of CAPTAIN G. W. PENRUDDOCKE, under the Authority of the Court. Catalogues in preparation.

ESTABLISHED 1793. 'PHONE GERRARD 4921-4922.

W. & F. C. BONHAM & SONS,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,

14, NEW BURLINGTON-STREET, W.

Spacious Galleries on the Ground, First and second Floors, OPEN DAILY for the reception of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, works of art, pictures, china, wines, silver, and stocks-in-trade.

If preferred, goods purchased and risks of Sale undertaken by the Auctioneers.

SALES AT PRIVATE HOUSES UNDERTAKEN.

VALUATIONS FOR PROBATE, TRANSFER, AND INSURANCE PURPOSES.

MESSRS. BONHAM AND SONS BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT IN ADDITION TO THEIR USUAL TUESDAY AND THURSDAY FURNITURE SALES THE FOLLOWING SALE WILL TAKE PLACE TOMORROW, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 29.

CARPETS, RUGS AND LINOLEUM.

Removed from Private Residences, Depositories, and Manufacturers' Warehouses, comprising LARGE AND MEDIUM-SIZED BORDERED Turkey, Persian, Chinese, Sparta, and Indian carpets, bordered, planned, plain stained and figured LINOLEUM by MAPLE, CORTICENE AND WILTON PILE ditto, STAIR, CORRIDOR AND LANDING CARPETS, PERSIAN, ORIENTAL, CORRIDOR AND OTHER RUGS, 20 ROLLS OF NEW INLAID PIGURED LINOLEUM.

ON VIEW TO-DAY (TUESDAY).

SUBURBAN HOUSES
(Continued from Page 26)

HADLEY COMMON (few mins.).—Convenient main line station.—Attractive detached HOUSE; four beds, bath, two reception, lounge hall; charming garden; brick garage. Price only £1,430 FREEHOLD.—Agents, BARTY AND STEVENS, 9, High-street, Barnet (Barnet 2060).

HAMPSTEAD GARDEN SUBURB PROPERTIES.—Specially appointed Agents, COPARTS, Ltd., Golders Green, N.W.11 (opposite Tube).

HERNE HILL (in best residential part, five minutes' station; two minutes buses).—Semi-detached RESIDENCE; seven bed and dressing rooms, bath, three reception, range offices; large garden; good lease. £1,195.—CHAS. O. NORWOOD-ROAD AND SON, 2, Norwood-road, S.E. (HIT. 4466).

SUERTON, FREEHOLD, Vacant Possession.—WIMBORNE, 56, CLAREMONT-ROAD, the Harley-street of Surbiton; suit doctor, dentist, solicitor; double-fronted semi-detached; large garden; four reception rooms on ground floor, 7 bed; £2,250. May be viewed any time.—C. C. WELCH, 15, Maiden-road, Surbiton. 'Phone 1337.

WIMBLEDON COMMON (close to).—Gravel soil.—RESIDENCE to be LET; five bed rooms, bath, three reception, servants' sitting; garage; rent £110; lease free; excellent condition; £60 for certain fixtures.—Recommended CROSSE and PRIOR, 54, High-street, and 54, Hill-road, Wimbledon.

WIMBLEDON.—FREEHOLD £3,050.—Enjoying delightful parkline views, exceedingly choice, well-built, labour-saving HOUSE; lounge hall, panelled dining room, charming drawing room, four bed, marbled bathroom, separate w.c.'s; beautiful garden; garage.—PEARSON, "Meadow View," Worcester Park. Malden 0972.

WIMBLEDON.—A HOUSE of CHARACTER specially built for the present owner on the Southern slope of the hills; artistic, half-timbered, gabled RESIDENCE, with fine lounge hall, two reception, loggia, bath, and ideal offices; garage; charming garden. FREEHOLD PRICE only £3,000gns.—Recommended by HAWES and Co., facing Wimbledon Station. 'Phone 1000.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

AN EXCEPTIONAL PROPERTY, SURREY.

In the Leith Hill district, about a mile from a station and 41 miles from Dorking.

A Very Choice RESIDENCE in a beautiful situation on high ground, with South aspect and grand views; lounge hall, four reception, 11 bed and dressing, three baths, good offices; garage, stabling, cottage, &c.; lovely grounds of 18 ACRES.—Particulars and price from CHAS. ORENTON and Co., Dorking. Tele. 185.

COBHAM.—A MODERN RESIDENCE in a pleasant secluded situation, close to heath and pine-woods; two sitting, four bed, bath; garage; about ONE ACRE; low price of £1,650.—CHAS. ORENTON and Co., Portsmouth-road, Cobham. Tele. 39.

BEACONSFIELD & DISTRICT.

BAILEY-DENTON and Co., Chief Agents. B'field 329.

BEAUTIFUL OLD PROPERTY IN WILTSHIRE.—Three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, offices; buildings; delightful grounds; central heating, electric light, telephone; massive oak beams, open fireplaces; cottage. 4 acres.

BURFORD.—Attractive RESIDENCE; seven bed and dressing rooms, bath, three reception, range offices; large garden; good lease. £1,195.—CHAS. O. NORWOOD-ROAD AND SON, 2, Norwood-road, S.E. (HIT. 4466).

CUERDEN, FREEHOLD, Vacant Possession.—WIMBORNE, 56, CLAREMONT-ROAD, the Harley-street of Surbiton; suit doctor, dentist, solicitor; double-fronted, semi-detached; large garden; four reception rooms on ground floor, 7 bed; £2,250. May be viewed any time.—C. C. WELCH, 15, Maiden-road, Surbiton. 'Phone 1337.

DETACHED RESIDENCE on southerly slope; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception; tennis ½ acre; modern conveniences. Nearest offer to £1,500.—HEATH and SALTER, F.A.I., Land Agents, Guildford.

FOR ALL

HOUSES IN DEVON.

CONNOLLY, RICKEARD and GREEN, 83, QUEEN-STREET, EXETER.

EASTBOURNE HOUSES.

KILLICK and DAVIES, the Local Agents.

BOURNEMOUTH AGENTS,

A. Y. WELCH and Co., Est. 1892.
95, Old Christchurch-road, Bournemouth.

BROADSTAIRS.—At low reserve, AUCTION Wednesday, 29th October.—Charming detached RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms; garage; room for garage. VACANT POSSESSION.—Particulars of the Auctioneer, B. J. PEARSON, Broadstairs. 'Phone 189.

FOR SALE, OR TO BE LET AT £200 PER ANNUM.

BOUGHTON HALL,

CHESTER.

Situate 1½ mile Chester; hunting Cheshire and Sir Watkin Wynne packs; 13 bed rooms, one dressing, five bath rooms; electric, gas; two tennis courts; excellent garage, stabling, paddock, kitchen garden. (8,1182.)

Full particulars BROWN and Co. (Chester), Ltd., Auctioneers and Estate Agents, 34-40, Eastgate-row, Chester.

BUCKS.—Between TRING and CHESHAM, adjoining Hawridge Common, high up on the beautiful Chiltern Hills, one of the healthiest spots in the district.—FARMHOUSE BUILDINGS, TWO COTTAGES, and 157 ACRES of LAND; a property which lends itself for conversion into a most charming little residential estate. For SALE by AUCTION (if not previously disposed of by private treaty) with VACANT POSSESSION, at Chesham, on November 12th.—Full particulars from the Auctioneers, Messrs. W. BROWN and Co., Tring, Herts.

BUCKS.—An CIRCA 1690 FAVOURITE CHENIES AREA. interesting old FARMHOUSE, oak beams; four to five bed rooms, two reception, bath (hot and cold); company's water; central heating; electric light shortly; garage; old-fashioned gardens (three-quarters acre).—STUART HEPBURN and Co., 99-41, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Kensington 0220.

£1,400 OR NEAR OFFER.

SURREY—PITCH HILL DISTRICT.

DETACHED RESIDENCE on southerly slope; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception; tennis ½ acre; modern conveniences. Nearest offer to £1,500.—HEATH and SALTER, F.A.I., Land Agents, Guildford.

FOR ALL

HOUSES IN DEVON.

CONNOLLY, RICKEARD and GREEN, 83, QUEEN-STREET, EXETER.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)

INTERESTING SURREY PROPERTIES.

KINGSTON-HILL, a favourite residential locality.—Charming, well-built RESIDENCE; two reception, five bed, bath room, good offices (semi-basement of four rooms converted into self-contained flat); garage and stabling, gardener's cottage; all modern conveniences; in excellent order; lovely garden with tennis court, orchard, &c. FREEHOLD £2,250.—NIGHTINGALE, PAGE and BENNETT.

CLAYGATE, amidst delightful rural surroundings.—A really attractive and splendidly planned MODERN HOUSE of pre-War construction; three large reception, five bed, bath room, complete offices; garage and stabling; all conveniences; glorious garden with fine trees, ¾ acre; PRICE £2,650.—Crown lease 83 years; ground-rent £16 10s.—NIGHTINGALE, PAGE and BENNETT, Eagle Chambers, Kingston-on-Thames. 'Phone, Kingston 3256-7.

LOWEST RATED TOWN IN ENGLAND.

BOURNEMOUTH.—A new illustrated Property Register of Houses in Bournemouth and the Southern Counties, with views of about 100 available properties and particulars of many others, and including map of Bournemouth showing public parks and open spaces.

Post free on application to FOX and SONS, Estate Agents and Auctioneers, Bournemouth.

BOURNEMOUTH AGENTS,

A. Y. WELCH and Co., Est. 1892.
95, Old Christchurch-road, Bournemouth.

BROADSTAIRS.—At low reserve, AUCTION Wednesday, 29th October.—Charming detached RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms; garage; room for garage. VACANT POSSESSION.—Particulars of the Auctioneer, B. J. PEARSON, Broadstairs. 'Phone 189.

FOR SALE, OR TO BE LET AT £200 PER ANNUM.

BOUGHTON HALL,

CHESTER.

Situate 1½ mile Chester; hunting Cheshire and Sir Watkin Wynne packs; 13 bed rooms, one dressing, five bath rooms; electric, gas; two tennis courts; excellent garage, stabling, paddock, kitchen garden. (8,1182.)

Full particulars BROWN and Co. (Chester), Ltd., Auctioneers and Estate Agents, 34-40, Eastgate-row, Chester.

BUCKS.—Between TRING and CHESHAM, adjoining Hawridge Common, high up on the beautiful Chiltern Hills, one of the healthiest spots in the district.—FARMHOUSE BUILDINGS, TWO COTTAGES, and 157 ACRES of LAND; a property which lends itself for conversion into a most charming little residential estate. For SALE by AUCTION (if not previously disposed of by private treaty) with VACANT POSSESSION, at Chesham, on November 12th.—Full particulars from the Auctioneers, Messrs. W. BROWN and Co., Tring, Herts.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)

GEERING & COLYER, F.A.I.,

Auctioneers, Land Agents, and Valuers.

ASHFORD, KENT (Tele. 25),

Hawkhurst, Kent (Tele. 19), and Rye, Sussex (Tele. 55).

KENT, lovely district near Ashford and Canterbury. High and healthy situation.—Exceptionally choice STOCK and SHEEP FARM, 169 ACRES, all grass with few acres pretty woodland. Gentleman's ELIZABETHAN FARM RESIDENCE, excellent order; five bed, bath, and three reception; 3 cottages, 2 oasts; water available; two cottages, excellent buildings. FREEHOLD, ONLY £2,900. POSSESSION. Would be sold with less land.

RYE, SUSSEX, beautiful position. S. aspect, glorious views.—Attractive MODERN RESIDENCE (chalet style); five bed, bath, three reception, hall, &c.; pretty gardens with greenhouses. POSSESSION. FREEHOLD. THE KNOLL, RYE. For SALE privately or by AUCTION in November.

KENT WEALD.—Fine OLD MOATED XVIIth CENTURY RESIDENCE in beautifully timbered grounds. 66 ACRES; 10 bed and dressing, two bath, three reception rooms; electric light, petrol gas; excellent farmery. FREEHOLD, £4,250. POSSESSION.

KENT, delightful rural situation, two miles important market town with junction station.—Gentleman's exceptionally charming and well-designed RESIDENCE, approached carriage drive; garage, outbuildings; electric light, central heating, co.'s water, telephone; attractive gardens, fruit plantations, and rose-garden, 16 ACRES. FREEHOLD, £2,100. POSSESSION. Admirably suited for gentleman's poultry farm.

SUSSEX HIGHLANDS, near delightful village.—Fine old-fashioned COUNTRY RESIDENCE; six bed, two bath, three reception; central heating, all main services; garage; delightful old-world grounds TWO ACRES. "THE GRAVEL PIT," TICEHURST. AUCTION Nov. 28th, or privately. POSSESSION.

CHANCE OF A BARGAIN.

KENT and SUSSEX BORDERS, close favourite village.—Fine old stone-built TUDOR-STYLE RESIDENCE, in beautifully timbered grounds, 21 ACRES; S. aspect, wonderful panoramic views; nine bed and dressing, three bath, four reception; winter garden; central heating, fitted basins, co.'s electric light and water; garage, four cottages; tennis lawn, hard court, paddock, kitchen and fruit gardens. FREEHOLD, ONLY £4,750. Photos.

GEERING and COLYER, as above.

BERKS (in the £950. TWO ACRES. BUCKLAND and SONS, 154, Friar-street, Reading.

STAGGERING BARGAIN.

SALE, very Attractive Leasehold RESIDENCE, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, four reception; electric light, gas, company's water; garage. (3801.)

BERKS (within easy distance Twyford and Reading Stations).—For SALE, interesting 16th CENTURY RESIDENCE; four bed rooms, bath room, three reception, 10 ACRES. garage; excellent order. For BUCKLAND and SONS, 154, Friar-street, Reading. (3641.)

BETWEEN READING and GORING (600ft. up).—£1,250. 2½ ACRES. BUCKLAND and SONS, 154, Friar-street, Reading.

FOR SALE, pretty Detached RESIDENCE, four bed rooms, bath room, three reception; tennis court, orchard, lawn; heavily timbered. (3584.)

BERKHAMSTED, 40min. London.—Detached HOUSE, exceptionally well built, pre-War; five bed rooms, three reception; stabling, garage, inspection pt, greenhouse; beautifully situated high ground, close golf, station, schools. Low price, £2,500, or let £130.—Falkland House.

GUILDFORD.—An exceptionally attractive detached RESIDENCE; three reception, five bed, &c.; charming garden, tennis, fruit, asparagus. Apply CLARKE, GAMMON and EMERYS, High-street, Guildford. Tel. 306.

HANTS AND SUSSEX BORDERS.

In a first-rate sporting neighbourhood and near a station.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY COMFORTABLE LOW-BUILT RESIDENCE of GEORGIAN CHARACTER.

Very easy to run and in perfect order; three reception, six bed rooms, bath room; electric light, good water supply, modern drainage; garage for three cars, good stabling; charming old garden and two paddocks; about

4½ ACRES. £3,250.

Strongly recommended by the Agents,

NORFOLK & PRIOR,

14, HAY-HILL, BERKELEY-SQUARE, W.1.

KENT, between Tunbridge Wells and coast.—Charming GEORGIAN RESIDENCE; seven bed and dressing, bath, 3 reception rooms; electric light and water; central heating; finely timbered grounds sloping to charming lake with boathouse; tennis lawn, fruitful gardens, orchard; 19 ACRES. FREEHOLD £4,500; or with 70 Acres, £5,500. POSSESSION.—GEERING and COLYER, Hawkhurst, Kent.

NEAR NEWBURY, on high ground.—Detached RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, three reception £825. rooms, offices, bath room; large garden; electric light and company's water available.—THAKE and PAGINTON, Land Agents, Newbury.

THE PERFECT COTTAGE RESIDENCE.

OWNER wishes to SELL. Designed by Gerald Unsworth; combined drawing-dining room (20ft. by 13ft. by 11ft. 6in. square), three bed rooms, bath room, &c., maid's sitting room, usual offices; oak woodwork throughout; expensively fitted and built; garden partly laid out by Miss Gertrude Jekyll. ONE ACRE; strongly recommended; carefully chosen furniture at valuation if desired.—Write Box B.1119, The Times, E.C.4.

OXFORD (10 miles).—Old-fashioned RESIDENCE in small pretty village; has three reception rooms, three-four bed rooms, bath room; orchard and meadowland; garage; excellent order. For SALE.—Apply Messrs. NICHOLAS, Reading.

3½ ACRES. £1,585.

XVIth-CENTURY RESIDENCE.

PENN, on the Common, 800ft. up with open views.—An attractive OLD-WORLD RESIDENCE in unique setting and exceptionally oak timbered; five bed, bath room, three reception (one 25ft. long); garage; lovely old garden.—FROST, Beaconsfield, Bucks. ('Phone 600.)

SOMERSET
(NEAR TAUNTON).

OLD-FASHIONED COUNTRY RESIDENCE in sporting centre, with fine views over Taunton Dene; three reception and eight bed rooms, and maids' rooms; excellent water, new drainage, electric light and pumping; well-timbered grounds, tennis courts; lodge at entrance and second cottage; garages and stabling; pasture field; TOTAL 7¾ ACRES; very inexpensive to run; outgoings low. PRICE £3,400 FOR WHOLE, or £2,800 if taken with one cottage only and without field. Vacant possession at once.

Apply Estate Dept., ARMY and NAVY STORES, 105, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

STOKE POGES, Close to the noted Golf Course.—A Charming COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, two reception, billiard room, and lounge hall; delightful gardens; central heating; garage and other outbuildings. Moderate price Freehold.—BUCKLAND and SONS, Slough, and at Windsor. (3610.)

A SUPER BARGAIN.
RECENT COST £8,000.
ASKING PRICE £4,500.

SURREY (35 minutes London), ideal open situation near several golf courses, sandy soil.—A perfectly appointed HOUSE of CHARACTER with an unusually charming interior, beautifully decorated; central heating, co.'s electric light and water, main drainage; elegant lounge hall, three spacious reception, eight or nine bed rooms, two bath rooms; large garage for two cars; chauffeur's rooms; lovely matured gardens of nearly TWO ACRES, well timbered on grounds alone, and although the price has been drastically reduced to £4,500 FREEHOLD.

an offer would be entertained, as a sale must be effected at once.—Illustrated Brochure from

F. L. MERCER and CO., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6775.

NOMINAL RENT £50 PER ANNUM.

SURREY-SUSSEX BORDERS.—Quaint old 16th CENTURY OAK-BEAMED FARMHOUSE with 12 ACRES gardens, orchards, &c.; four bed, two large sitting rooms, offices; minimum £250 for non-repairing lease 20 years.—CLIFFORD and SONS, 26, North Audley-street, Mayfair 1802-3.

SUSSEX, BALCOMBE FOREST.—To be SOLD, a picturesque MODERN RESIDENCE of CHARACTER, 450ft. above sea level and facing South on light soil, commanding magnificent views; three reception rooms, six or eight bed rooms, two bath rooms; company's water, electric light; telephone; cottage with six rooms and bath; stabling, garage, &c.; about two acres; finely timbered grounds of about NINE ACRES and easy to maintain, tennis courts and well-stocked flower and kitchen gardens and orchard. On main line, with excellent service to Victoria.—HERBERT PAGE and Co., Manor, Balcombe, Sussex.

TO be LET Unfurnished at TANKERTON-on-SEA, HOUSES, BUNGALOWS, and FLATS at rentals from £50 per annum.—Full particulars of S. J. COVENEY, Estate Agent, Whitstable.

XVIth-CENTURY FARMHOUSE, North-West of London, charmingly restored, in rural surroundings; London 16 miles; lounge hall, large lounge and dining room, six bed rooms, two bath rooms; large barn; electric light, main water; tennis court and garden, in all 2½ ACRE. PRICE FREEHOLD £5,500.—DAVIS and DAVIS, Estate Agents, Ltd., 310, High Holborn. W.C.1.

16 MILES N.W. of LONDON.—Family RESIDENCE in select part; eight bed, two baths, four reception, &c.; garage; tennis; ¼ acre; to be LET or for Sale.—Sole Agents, BROAD and PATEY, Watford.

£1,250. near SALISBURY.—Stone TUDOR HOUSE; 15 rooms, bath; 980 sq. ft.; oak panelling; THREE ACRES.—Driver, Stratton, Circencester.

DON'T BUY A HOUSE.

Build a house to meet your exact requirements in the district of your choice. Our complete and inclusive building service operates in all districts.—Write for brochure A, with prize-winning designs.

Universal Housing Co., Ltd., Rickmansworth.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

AT ST. LEONARDS.—To be LET, well FURNISHED MODERN COTTAGE; two reception, three bed; electric light, constant hot water, every modern convenience; large garage; garden backs on golf course; close sea and station; 3gns. per week or near offer, to careful tenant.—Apply Box R.1682, The Times, E.C.4.

BEXHILL-ON-SEA & COODEN.

FURNISHED HOUSE AGENTS, STEVENS and SONS.

BEXHILL & COODEN BEACH.

Furnished and Unfurnished Houses.—STAINES and Co., 23, Devonshire-road. 'Phone 319.

CHIPSTEAD, overlooking Golf Course, close to station, beautifully FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE; four bed, bath, two reception, complete offices, all conveniences; garage; charming garden.—H. B. BOND and SHERWILL, 134, Brighton-road, Coulsdon.

HANTS.—FRESHFIELD District.—Lady's charming modern RESIDENCE to be LET FURNISHED; five (or six) bed, bath, two reception, offices; electric light, company's water, modern drainage; garage; garden rooms 25 acres paddock; moderate rent for six months.—Apply REGLE, 3, Bevenett, Estate Agent, Haslemere (tele. 10); also at Hindhead and Farnham.

HOVE.—Charming detached FURNISHED HOUSE facing sea, Hove Park; three reception, six bed, bath room; garden.—Apply 7, Holland-road.

HYTHE, KENT and District. DENTON & Co., Furnished Houses. Telephone 320.

NEWMARKET 4½ miles.—Comfortable modernised MANSION, in its own park, to be LET Furnished for a year or longer (or would be sold); 2,300 acres first-class SHOOTING; bag 1929 1,100 PARTRIDGES, 1,400 PHEASANTS; land adjoins gallops; 10 or 12 principal bed, three bath, four reception rooms; electric light, central heating, excellent water; prolific fruit, flower, and vegetable gardens; hard tennis court.—Apply Agent, Chippenham Park, Ely.

HURCOMBS, PICCADILLY, W.1

It is not generally known that I have made my mark in the auctioneering of books as well as jewels, silver, &c. I have sold a first edition of Whitman's "Leaves of Grass." This rare work has figured very prominently in the Press during the last few days. I collected some valuable books from Worcester when on one of my rural rambles last week. I sold Dickens's "Christmas Carol" for £200 this month and at earlier sales:—

Gibbon's "Decline and Fall" for	£250
Egan P. "Life in London" for	£360
Lamb's "Tales from Shakespeare"	£220
Molière J. B. P. "Quevres"	£390
Thackeray, an 8vo. letter	£150
A book of Washington letters	£750

The great sale at the Grafton Galleries will be historic: (1) Because five auctioneers will be selling at one and the same time; (2) there will be at least 1,500 bona fide buyers present apart from the sightseers; (3) I think everyone will agree that the Grafton Galleries are not one of the best but the finest Auction Rooms in the world. My success in selling jewels and silver is known all over the world, but I have sold a Refectory Chippendale and Carlton table £2,800, a Chippendale and two Queen Anne settees £4,100; 16 Chippendale or Adam chairs £4,500, and recently the bit of Old Chelsea £2,230, and only this month two bits of Petit Point £5,000. In August a picture of a lady £4,000, in July a picture of a man £4,600, and not so very long ago two Vanpoyens £3,100. Thus you see I excel at any kind of property, and I hope next week to announce three important sales on the Premises for the Exors. of three notable people who have recently passed away. The Historic sale will take place early in December, and seeing that my Deputy and I sold 741 lots last Friday—26 of the more important realising £2,291—it is safe to forecast that 2,000 lots at least will be sold with five auctioneers wielding their hammers at the same time. As always (apart from a few lots of jewels and silver), all pictures, books, porcelain, antique furniture, engravings will be from

AUCTIONEERS,
ESTATE AGENTS,
SURVEYORS,
VALUERS.

HAMPTON & SONS,

20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.

Branches { HEATH STREET, HAMPSTEAD Telephone: 2727 Hampstead. WIMBLEDON COMMON Telephone: 0080 Wimbledon.

Correspondents in all the chief towns in the British Isles.

SOLD NOTICES

SOLD.
"REDHOUSE" ROEHAMPTON.
Attractive FREEHOLD RESIDENCE with garage, cottage, and richly timbered grounds of 2¼ ACRES.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above at their recent auction.

SOLD.
THE CRICKLEWOOD DANCE HALL AND SKATING RINK, N.W.2.
Fully equipped, FURNISHED and fitted for the business.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above (as a going concern) prior to the Auction advertised for TO-DAY.

SOLD.
23, ROYAL OAK-PLACE, EATON-SQUARE, S.W.
Exceptional GARAGE PREMISES with flat over.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above privately, prior to the Auction advertised for TO-DAY.

SOLD.
"HOLDERS HILL HOUSE," HENDON.
A Valuable FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL or BUILDING PROPERTY extending to 2¾ ACRES.
HAMPTON and SONS (in conjunction with Messrs. F. H. EDWARDS, Ltd.) announce they have SOLD the above since their recent auction.

SOLD.
The Valuable Unrestricted FREEHOLD BUILDING SITE comprising 13, ABBEY-ROAD and 39, ABERCORN-PLACE, ST. JOHN'S WOOD, having extensive frontages and containing an area of 19,600 sq. ft.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above since their recent Auction.

SOLD.
36, EATON-SQUARE AND GARAGE, S.W.1.
Spacious RESIDENCE, with all modern conveniences.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above by private treaty.

SOLD.
25, DRAYCOTT-PLACE, S.W.
An Attractive Corner Freehold RESIDENCE.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD and RESOLD the above by private treaty.

SOLD.
"ARBORFIELD," MEOPHAM, KENT.
Well-placed FREEHOLD COUNTRY RESIDENCE, garage, and grounds of nearly 2½ ACRES.
HAMPTON and SONS (in conjunction with Messrs. HENRY PARKER and Co.) announce they have SOLD the above since their recent Auction.

SOLD.
"RIVERBANK," SHEPPERTON.
An attractive LEASEHOLD RESIDENCE, with cottage, garage, and 2¼ ACRES of delightful grounds.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above since their recent Auction.

SOLD.
31, QUEEN'S-TERRACE-MEWS.
LEASEHOLD GARAGE and WORKSHOP PREMISES, with living rooms over.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above by private treaty.

SOLD.
THE GREY WOOD ESTATE, NEAR UCKFIELD, SUSSEX.
A charmingly placed small ESTATE, comprising nine cottage residences, complete with laundry, power station, &c., together with 25 ACRES of woodlands.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above by private treaty.

SOLD.
"MIDDLE COURT," HAMPTON COURT.
Delightful old-fashioned RESIDENCE overlooking Bushey Park.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above by private treaty.

SOLD.
"MAURY'S MOUNT," WEST WELLOW, HANTS.
Choice small Freehold RESIDENCE, with garage and grounds of nearly 7½ ACRES.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above since their recent Auction.

SOLD.
"THORNTON," PINNER, MIDDLESEX.
An Artistic Freehold Family RESIDENCE, with commodious garage and delightful gardens of over ½ an ACRE.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above since their recent Auction.

SOLD.
89, IFIELD-ROAD, WEST BROMPTON, S.W.10.
FREEHOLD SHOP PREMISES and dwelling house.
HAMPTON and SONS announce they have SOLD the above by private treaty.

AUCTION SALES
AT THE ST. JAMES' ESTATE ROOMS
20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.

ORDER OF SALE TO-DAY
AT 2.30 P.M.

1. SURREY. "CROYLANDS," SURBITON. Imposing FREEHOLD HOUSE, with beautiful and well-wooded gardens, in all nearly 3 ACRES.
2. SUSSEX. "BRAEMAR," BEXHILL-ON-SEA. Attractive FREEHOLD FAMILY RESIDENCE, with charming pleasure grounds.

By order of the Public Trustee.

3. BUCKS. "BACOMBE RISE," WENDOVER. Small modern FREEHOLD HOUSE; garage and grounds of about 1 ACRE.
4. CHANNEL ISLANDS. "LA HAYE DU PUITS," GUERNSEY. A small ESTATE of distinction with granite-built house, cottage, garages, &c., and beautifully timbered grounds in all nearly 24 ACRES. Also 5¼ ACRES of choice building land, in two or three lots.

Upset Price 2,000Gns.

5. SURREY. "CULMER FARM HOUSE," WITLEY. A picturesque TUDOR RESIDENCE, rich in oak timber, with old barn or garage and old-world gardens of nearly 2¼ ACRES.

BURGESS HILL, SUSSEX.
10 MILES FROM BRIGHTON.
42 MILES FROM LONDON.
200 *feet up, accessible and enviable position.*
"BICTON CROFT."
LUXURIOUSLY-FITTED MODERN FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, with up-to-date conveniences.
Central and independent heating. Telephone. Parquet flooring. Fitted basins in bed rooms. Artistic fireplaces. Company's electric light, main water and gas. Main drainage.
Approached by drive and containing hall, three reception rooms, lounge, conservatory, terrace, five principal bed and dressing rooms, guests' suite, three servants' bed rooms, three baths, and offices.
Chauffeur's accommodation. Garage.
GARDENS with forest and ornamental timber, choice flowering shrubs, tennis and bowling lawns, &c., in all about
3 ACRES.
Also
A Modern Villa Residence,
"CEYLON," JUNCTION-ROAD.
Vacant possession on completion.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 18th NOVEMBER (unless previously sold), in Two Lots.
Solicitors: Messrs. DOWN, SCOTT and DOWN, 72, High-street, Dorking, Surrey.
Particulars from the Auctioneers:—
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

RESIDENTIAL & SPORTING ESTATES

NORFOLK.
A SHORT DRIVE FROM THE COUNTY TOWN.
FOR SALE AT REDUCED PRICE.
A very attractive Freehold Residential and Sporting Estate.
OF ABOUT 823 ACRES,
PROVIDING VERY GOOD SHOOTING.

CHARMING TUDOR STYLE RESIDENCE, occupying a fine position commanding extensive views in its WELL-WOODED PARK OF ABOUT 230 ACRES.
Hall, six reception rooms, 16 bed rooms, dressing rooms, three fitted bath rooms, complete domestic offices.
AMPLE STABLING, GARAGE, &c.
BEAUTIFUL TERRACE GARDENS.
Gross rental (exclusive of house and garden) about £1,000 per annum.
Full particulars from the Agents:—HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

HAMPSHIRE.
Between Andover and Newbury.
FOR SALE.
A FIRST-RATE SMALL SPORTING ESTATE
OF NEARLY 350 ACRES
(ABOUT 60 ACRES WOODLAND).
ATTRACTIVE STONE-BUILT TUDOR STYLE RESIDENCE.
Occupying a picked position some 500ft. up with beautiful views.
Hall, three receptions, billiard room, seven best bed rooms with elaborate fitments, three bath rooms, four other bed rooms, offices, &c.
Electric light. Central heating. Independent hot water service. Ample water supply. Telephone. Approved drainage.
Capital stabling, garage, &c.
INEXPENSIVE PLEASURE GROUNDS.
FARMERY WITH BAILIFF'S HOUSE.
THREE LODGES.
Mainly pasture. Soil mostly loam and chalk. (Additional shooting adjoining might be obtained.)
VERY MODERATE PRICE.
Full particulars from the Agents,
HAMPTON and SONS, 29, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

AT TO-DAY'S MARKET PRICE
AN EXCEPTIONAL SPORTING ESTATE
OF ABOUT
800 ACRES,
together with a
SMALL MANOR HOUSE.
PRICE just over £11 PER ACRE.
About three hours from Town.
THE MANOR FARMHOUSE contains: Lounge hall, dining room, billiards room, conservatory, offices, five bed rooms, bath room, &c.
SUBSTANTIAL FARMBUILDINGS.
THREE COTTAGES.
Second farm with old farmhouse, range of buildings, and two cottages.
Bounded by river; fishing and wild fowling are obtained.
IN ONE OF THE BEST SHOOTING DISTRICTS.
Game bags on application.
Full particulars from the Agents,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

FOR SALE,
A remarkably fine Small Estate
IN SUSSEX.
EXCEPTIONAL SHOOTING FOR ITS SIZE.
NEARLY 400 ACRES.
The Residence contains hall, three good-sized reception rooms, two smaller sitting rooms, billiards room, 16 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, offices, &c.
Electric light. Central heating.
Stables. Garages. Ample Cottages.
FINELY TIMBERED GROUNDS.
FIRST RATE FARMS WELL LET.
VERY MODERATE PRICE.
Full particulars from the Sole Agents,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

NEAR
STRATFORD-ON-AVON.
FOR SALE.
A BEAUTIFUL PERIOD HOUSE,
partly dating from the Tudor period, but mostly rebuilt in the reign of Charles II., and retaining the exquisite panellings and other features.
Hall, four reception, 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, offices.
LOVELY OLD PLEASURE GROUNDS,
only to be described as a fit setting to the House.
Ample Stabling. Garage. Four Cottages.
WELL-TIMBERED AND UNDULATING PARK, about
155 OR 400 ACRES.
Particulars from the Agents,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

SOMERSET.
WITHIN EASY REACH OF BRISTOL.
FOR SALE.
Well-placed small RESIDENTIAL and FARMING PROPERTY with 100 or 230 ACRES.
Substantial stone-built and slated RESIDENCE replete with modern conveniences.
Entrance hall, four reception, six bed rooms, bath room with lavatory basin, offices, &c.
Electric light. Modern drainage. Telephone available.
ARTISTICALLY PLANNED PLEASURE GROUNDS WITH TENNIS COURT, &c.
Substantial farm buildings at a convenient distance from the house, including excellent range of cowhouses for 30 cows (with asphalted floors, water bwl cs, and electric light), &c., &c. Two cottages. First-rate meadow and pasturelands.
Excellent Hunting. Golf Courses within easy reach.
Full particulars from the Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

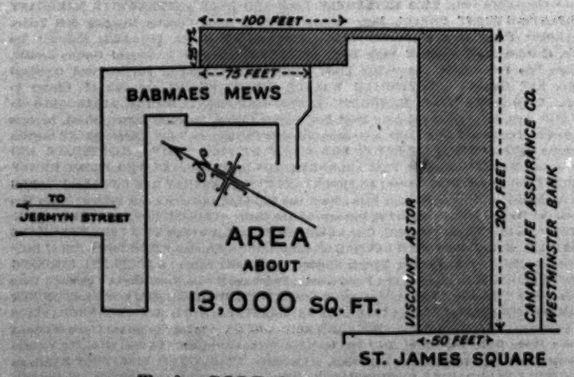
AUCTION SALES

SURREY, DORKING.
On the Western outskirts of delightful old Town. Golf and Hunting available.
"MILTON HEATH."
Luxuriously appointed FREEHOLD RESIDENCE in high position with lovely views. Long carriage drive with entrance lodge, lounge hall, four reception rooms, billiards room, nine family bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, staff accommodation and complete domestic offices.
Central heating. Constant hot water. Company's electric light, gas and water.
Garages. Stables. Cottage. Model Farmery. Exquisite gardens and parkland, in all about
22¼ ACRES.
"SONDES PLACE."
Adjoining.—A Comfortable Residence with ample accommodation, suitable for private occupation or an institution. Useful outbuildings and old established grounds of 6¼ ACRES.
Also three pieces of VALUABLE FREEHOLD BUILDING LAND of 13½, 3¼, and 5½ Acres, with long frontages to Westcott-road and Milton Heath-lane.
All with vacant possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 18th NOVEMBER (unless previously sold), in One or Five LOTS.
Solicitors: Messrs. Lumley and Lumley, 37, Conduit-street, W.1.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, Messrs. ARNOLD and SON, of Dorking, Surrey; and HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

IN THE LOVELY COUNTRY NEAR TO DORKING, REIGATE, AND HORSHAM.
PRACTICALLY SURROUNDED BY
HOLMWOOD COMMON.
300*ft. up, good views, close to golf courses. Accommodation on only two floors, thus reducing the domestic servant problem to a minimum.*
"THE ELMS."
Old-fashioned UNRESTRICTED Freehold Family RESIDENCE, containing hall, four reception rooms, conservatory, ample offices, five bed rooms, dressing or box room, bath room.
Garage, Stabling, &c., with Man's Rooms.
Established grounds with verdant lawns, kitchen and fruit garden.
Co.'s gas and water. Own electric light. Telephone. Main drainage.
With Vacant Possession and the inclusion of Common Rights.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 18th next (unless sold privately).
Solicitors: Messrs. A. D. and L. J. D. Brockham 12, Cheriton-place, Folkestone, Kent.
Particulars of the Auctioneers: HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

In the Beautiful Locality of
OXTED, SURREY.
340*ft. up. Sheltered, yet open, position. Golf course one mile.*
"THE SHAW."
Artistic Small FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, containing sitting hall, two reception rooms, compact offices, seven bed rooms, bath room.
Co.'s electric light, gas and water. Main drainage.
Pretty Pleasance with sunken formal garden. Excellent site for garage. Vacant possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, December 2nd (unless sold privately).
Solicitor: Arthur Hunt, Esq., 24, Haymarket, S.W.1.
Particulars from the Auctioneers: HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

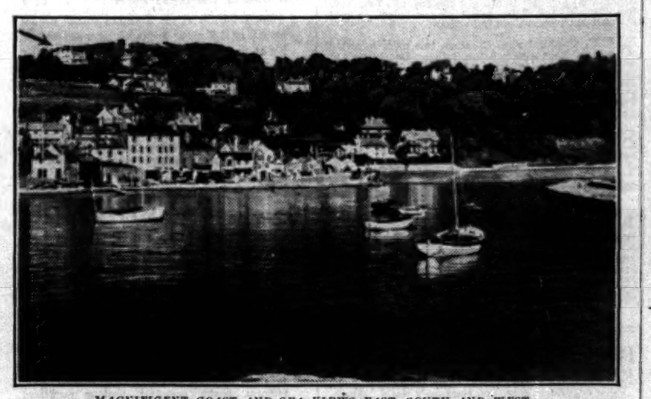
NO. 3, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.
ONLY A FEW YARDS FROM
PICCADILLY AND REGENT-STREET.
IMPORTANT UNRESTRICTED
FREEHOLD SITE.



To be SOLD by AUCTION.
ON TUESDAY, 2ND DECEMBER NEXT (UNLESS PREVIOUSLY SOLD).
Solicitors: Messrs. Simmons and Simmons, 1, Threadneedle-street, E.C.2.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

COUNTRY PROPERTIES

OLD GEORGIAN HOUSE—LYME REGIS.
THE FINEST POSITION ON THE DORSET COAST



MAGNIFICENT COAST AND SEA VIEWS EAST, SOUTH AND WEST.
The climate is warm in winter and cool in summer. Camellias and Mimosa growing in the open.
EIGHT MINUTES' WALK OF STATION AND SEA.
The accommodation includes four large reception rooms, three panelled and with fine ceilings, full-sized billiard room, with bay—all five rooms have open sea and coast view. Eleven bed rooms, eight with sea view. Two bath rooms. Ground-floor kitchens, compact and modernized, with gas cooking. Hot water heating throughout. Hot and cold fixed basins in the best bed rooms.
Company's gas. Public services—water, gas, electricity, and drainage.
THE HOUSE HAS BEEN NEWLY DECORATED BY AN ARCHITECT, AND IS READY TO GO INTO.
THE GARDEN, ABOUT AN ACRE AND A HALF,
a one-man garden, is most picturesque, terraced and stone-walled.
THERE IS A GARAGE SITE AND A GARAGE WILL BE PROVIDED.
SOME BEAUTIFUL PERIOD FURNITURE COULD REMAIN.
PRICE, FREEHOLD, £9,000, OR NEAR OFFER.
Agents:—Messrs. A. Paul and Son, 40, Silver-street, Lyme Regis; or HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

Famed for its warm and congenial climate.
TORQUAY.
Magnificent position with views over Tor Bay.
Golf and Yachting in district.
For SALE, picturesque and well-appointed RESIDENCE, in sunny situation; hall, four reception, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, two staircases, and offices.
MAIN WATER, GAS, and ELECTRIC LIGHT.
The Residence is exceptionally light and airy, very carefully maintained and in good order.
Nice grounds with lawn and kitchen garden.
Stabling for five. Garage for two.
Very specially recommended by the Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.12057.)

To City Men and others.
In a very choice position between
WITHAM & COLCHESTER.
About 2½ miles from main line station.
For SALE, a most conveniently arranged COUNTRY RESIDENCE, well placed in grounds, &c., of about 6¼ ACRES.
Large hall, three reception rooms, 10 bed rooms, gentlemen's cloak room.
Electric light. Two bath rooms.
Two garages. Other useful outbuildings.
Delightful gardens in first-class order; tennis and other lawns, kitchen garden, flower beds and borders, in all about 2¾ ACRES. Also a field of about 3½ Acres.
Additional land can be had.
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (M.14044.)

DISTINGUISHED RESIDENCE (of moderate size) on a VALUABLE SITE.
GUERNSEY.
Suitable for private or development purposes.
Four reception, 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms.
Electric light, water, and oil conveniences.
STABLING AND GARAGE.
BEAUTIFULLY TIMBERED GROUNDS, walled kitchen garden.
NEARLY 5 ACRES.
About 1,000ft. road frontage.
FOR SALE AT A LOW FIGURE.
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (H.11017.)

Close to ASCOT HEATH.
Five minutes from Golf Course.
TO BE LET UNFURNISHED, WELL-APPOINTED RESIDENCE ON TWO FLOORS ONLY. Entrance and inner halls, three fine reception rooms, boudoir, 12 or more bed and dressing rooms, THREE BATH ROOMS, servants' hall, &c.
Electric light. Company's water. Sandy soil.
STABLING. GARAGE.
VERY BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS.
Extensive lawns, herbaceous borders, large kitchen garden, pretty walks, in all about
5 ACRES.
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (B.32468.)

HASLEMERE, SURREY.
SITUATE 700FT. UP WITH FINE VIEWS AWAY TO THE SOUTH DOWNS AND HAMPSHIRE HILLS. ON DRY GRAVEL AND SAND SOIL.
A SHORT DISTANCE FROM HINDHEAD GOLF COURSE.

For SALE, this beautifully appointed HOUSE, having RADIATORS IN EVERY ROOM; ELECTRIC LIGHT; FOUR FINE BATH ROOMS.
The accommodation includes charming hall, four reception rooms, including a beautiful lounge or music room with polished floor for dancing, 12 bed and dressing rooms, &c.
GARAGES, COTTAGE.
LOVELY GARDENS.
Hard tennis court, grass court, and fine woodlands affording delightful walks, in all nearly
17 ACRES.
STRONGLY RECOMMENDED BY OWNER'S AGENTS, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.26256.)

HERTFORDSHIRE
ACTUALLY ADJOINING THE
MOOR PARK GOLF COURSE
PRICE £3,000 FOR QUICK SALE.
A well-planned FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,
in first-rate order throughout.
Lounge hall, two reception rooms, five bed rooms, two baths, offices.
Company's water. Electric light. Gas. Telephone. Main drainage.
Nicely laid-out grounds, &c. GARAGE.
Further details from (B.1564.)
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

For the City man.
LOW PRICE FOR QUICK SALE.
LOUGHTON.—On fringe of lovely
EPPING FOREST.
High situation. Commanding views.
WELL-PLANNED, SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, with hall, dining and drawing rooms, study, billiard room, offices, five bed rooms, bath room, &c.
Co.'s electric light, gas, and water.
Two garages. GARDEN nearly ¾ ACRE.
Inspected and recommended by (M.28761.)
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

To City Men and others.
NEAR FIRST-CLASS GOLF.
PRICE £5,500 or offer.
Executors most anxious to close Estate.
ENFIELD.
UNIQUE COUNTRIFIED POSITION ON THE RIDGEWAY.
ONLY 10 MILES NORTH OF CITY.
WONDERFUL VIEWS.
For SALE, Gentleman's well-arranged and fitted RESIDENCE, with carriage drive approach; entrance and lounge halls, three reception, billiard, nine bed and dressing, two bath rooms, and offices.
ON TWO FLOORS ONLY.
Electric light. Gas. Central Heating. Main drainage. Constant hot water.
Excellent garage for four or five cars, two smaller garages, glass-covered washing space, workshop, man's rooms. Useful outbuildings.
UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE GROUNDS, QUITE A FEATURE.
Tennis lawn, fruit and kitchen gardens, rose and rock gardens, range of glass, paddock, in all about
6 ACRES.
Inspected and recommended by
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (M.14360.)

SURREY.
In a nice Village a mile from Epsom, with splendid service of electric trains
FOR SALE.

This Fine Old COUNTRY HOUSE, standing right away from the road with long drive. It has all modern conveniences, and the rooms are large and lofty. Accommodation includes hall, panelled in oak, fine drawing room, loggia, dining room, morning room, billiard room, 12 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, servants' sitting room, fine offices.
Company's Electric Light, Gas and Water. Telephone.
GARAGE FOR FOUR CARS.
Stabling. Chauffeur's house.
TWO LODGES.
BEAUTIFULLY-TIMBERED GROUNDS, with wide spreading lawn, tennis court, rose gardens, prolific kitchen garden with fine old wall, three greenhouses, and other useful outbuildings, in all
3¼ ACRES.
MODERATE PRICE.
Recommended by the Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.15786.)

IN ONE OF THE FINEST POSITIONS IN
SUSSEX.
Commanding most beautiful views.
One mile from Station, few minutes from Village.
For SALE, a delightful COUNTRY RESIDENCE, ORIGINALLY A TUDOR COTTAGE, added to and modernized at great expense. Hall, cloak room, gent's lavatory, four good reception rooms, seven bed rooms, bath-dressing room, bath room, very good offices.
Electric light. Central heating.
Constant hot water supply. Excellent repair.
Good garage. Useful outbuilding.
Genuine stone and thatched Sussex cottage.
Well-matured grounds, tennis and other lawns, fine rose garden, kitchen garden, orchard, three enclosures of meadowland, in all about
20 ACRES.
Inspected and very strongly recommended by HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.44883.)

HERTS & BUCKS BORDERS
GREATLY REDUCED PRICE
FOR QUICK SALE.
DELIGHTFUL FREEHOLD COUNTRY HOUSE IN BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS ABOUT
2¼ ACRES.
Accommodation on two floors only.
Lounge hall and South verandah, drawing and dining rooms, fine music or billiard room with wood block flooring, six bed rooms, two bath rooms, servants' sitting room; garage and outbuildings; electric light, central heating, company's water and gas; telephone; independent hot water supply; hard and grass tennis courts, orchard, kitchen garden, &c.
Golf at Sandy Lodge, Chorley Wood, and Moor Park.
Strongly recommended by SOLE AGENTS, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (R.707.)

ONLY £2,500 FREEHOLD.
In beautiful district adjacent to
RICKMANSWORTH.
Within 1¼ miles from station.
Fast train service to Town.
An artistic and well-planned FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, occupying a fine position with extensive views. Hall, cloak room, two large reception and compact offices, six bed rooms, two bath rooms, heated linen cupboard.
Central heating. Company's services. Maple flooring.
Large garage and workshop.
SITE ABOUT ½ AN ACRE.
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (R.871.)

BEACONSFIELD.
UNDER 40 MINUTES FROM TOWN.
MODERN COUNTRY RESIDENCE.
Entrance hall, panelled lounge, three reception rooms, loggia, nine bed and dressing rooms, bath, &c.
Company's water, gas, and electricity; radiators; parquet flooring; telephone.
GARAGE for three cars. Excellent COTTAGE. MOST ATTRACTIVE GROUNDS, lawns, kitchen garden, &c., about 2½ ACRES.
FOR SALE, FREEHOLD, £4,500.
Inspected and recommended by the Sole Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (B.26990.)

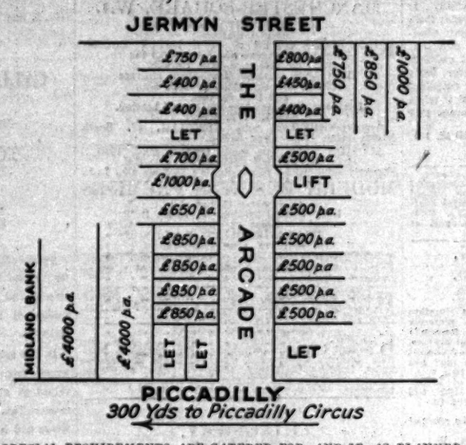
SOUTH DEVON.
BEHIND DAWLISH.
Wonderful situation. A mile from sea.
TO BE LET ON LEASE.
GENUINE GEORGIAN HOUSE,
designed by Nash.
Very tastefully appointed throughout.
Paved lounge hall with Regency staircase, three reception, 11 bed and dressing rooms, billiard, two bath rooms, servants' hall.
Company's water, electric light and gas.
LOVELY GARDENS with lawns, flower beds, unique rock garden with rare plants, woodland, walled kitchen garden and trout stream, in all
12 ACRES.
STABLING. GARAGE. COTTAGE.
Most strongly recommended by (C.31735.)
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

30 MINUTES FROM CITY.
Easily worked House and very pretty gardens.
KENT.
(Rural Position.)
To be SOLD, a compact Modern HOUSE of most substantial construction, on which a great deal of money has been spent; three reception, eight bed and two bath rooms; main drainage; company's water, gas and electric light; garage; shady gardens, tennis court, kitchen garden and paddock, in all about
4½ ACRES.
PRICE MUCH REDUCED.
A place far removed from the cheaply constructed places of to-day.
Apply Messrs. DANN and LUCAS, Estate Agents, Dartford, or (K.2927.)
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

SURREY & SUSSEX BORDERS
NEAR THREE BRIDGES AND CRAWLEY.
To be SOLD, a most charming little PROPERTY of about
16 ACRES
with excellent HOUSE, in first-class order; three reception rooms, including large lounge, six bed and dressing, two bath rooms, offices, &c.
Electric light. Central heating in every room.
Garage and chauffeur's quarters; stabling and farm buildings; very choice grounds.
Inspected and strongly recommended.—Apply HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.22188.)

GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.
OFFERS INVITED.
BUSHEY HEATH.
Actually adjoining Stanmore Common.
480*ft. up. Close to various golf courses.*
ONLY 12 MILES FROM LONDON.
A well-built, medium-sized Residence, containing hall, three reception rooms, boudoir, conservatory, offices, seven bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.
Parquet floors. Central heating. Company's electric light, gas and water.
Garage. Chauffeur's flat. Greenhouses. Outbuildings.
GARDENS OF REMARKABLE CHARM with lawns, broad terrace, kitchen garden, &c., in all
OVER 2½ ACRES.
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (M.13473.)

PRINCES HOUSE—PRINCES ARCADE
CONNECTING
PICCADILLY AND JERMYN-STREET.
TO LET
MAGNIFICENT SHOPS, SHOWROOMS AND OFFICES



SHOPS
ARE TO BE LET IN PICCADILLY, JERMYN-STREET, AND THE ARCADE, AS SHOWN IN THE ACCOMPANYING SKETCH, AT MODERATE EXCLUSIVE RENTS, BEING WITHIN A FEW YARDS OF PICCADILLY CIRCUS, THE HUB OF LONDON, WITH EVERY FORM OF QUICK ACCESS TO ALL PARTS. STAMPS IT AS ONE OF THE BEST POSSIBLE BUSINESS POSITIONS.
PRINCES ARCADE IS THE GREAT FEATURE OF THE PROPERTY, FORMING A MOST ATTRACTIVE AVENUE OF SHOPS, BRILLIANTLY LIGHTED, WITH CLASSIC FOUNTAIN AS A CENTRE TREATMENT.

OFFICES
ARE AVAILABLE ON ALL FLOORS OF THE UPPER PART IN LARGE AND SMALL SUITES. THIS ACCOMMODATION IS EXCEPTIONALLY WELL LIGHTED AND FITTED WITH ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES, INCLUDING TWO SPEEDY LIFTS, CENTRAL HEATING, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER, CONSTANT HOT-WATER SUPPLY, DAY AND NIGHT PORTERS, &c., GIVING TENANTS A MINIMUM OF TROUBLE WITH A MAXIMUM OF CONVENIENCE.

AS FAR AS POSSIBLE TENANTS' SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS ARE CATERED FOR, AND IF, AS PLANNED, THE ACCOMMODATION APPEARS UNSUITABLE, THE ARCHITECT WOULD WELCOME SUGGESTIONS TO BRING IT WITHIN THEIR SPECIAL NEEDS.

FOR ILLUSTRATED BROCHURE, PLANS, AND FULL PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE AGENTS,
HAMPTON & SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1 (Telephone Regent 7500),
or to the Owners, the PICCADILLY DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD., at their Letting Office on the premises, Room 22, Second Floor, 35, Jermyn-street (Telephone, Regent 0120).

CHOICE TOWN HOUSES
FOR SALE BY AUCTION
AT THE ST. JAMES' ESTATE ROOMS, S.W.1.

27, GREEN-STREET,
CLOSE TO THE PARK.
MAYFAIR.
A MODERN RED BRICK HOUSE IN QUIET POSITION.
FACING SOUTH.
Hall, four reception rooms, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, white-tiled offices.
Beautifully appointed and in excellent order. Electric power. Independent hot water. Service lift.
LEASE OVER 50 YEARS AT ONLY £80 P.A.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 18th NOVEMBER (UNLESS PREVIOUSLY SOLD).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Becke, Green, and Stops, Westminster Bank Chambers, Northampton.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

AN ATTRACTIVE MEDIUM-SIZED HOUSE IN A SPLENDID POSITION
FACING REGENT'S PARK
and
opening with access to Gardens.
2, CUMBERLAND-PLACE.
Lounge hall, three reception rooms, six bed rooms, three bath rooms, excellent offices.
The rooms are of good size, exceedingly well proportioned, and modern conveniences are installed, including independent hot water; service lift; polished oak floors.
THE CROWN LEASE OF 18 YEARS, AT A RENT OF £165 PER ANNUM.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 18th NOVEMBER (UNLESS PREVIOUSLY SOLD).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Allen and Son, 17, Carlisle-street, Soho-square, W.1.
Full particulars from the Auctioneers:—
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

A HOUSE OF CHARACTER.
18, CHESHAM-PLACE, S.W.1,
occupying a fashionable position practically adjoining Belgrave-square.
FACING GARDENS.
Exceptional hall, four very fine reception rooms, 10 bed rooms, three bath rooms, excellent offices.
GARAGE and ROOMS.
Modern decorations and conveniences.
LEASE ABOUT 42 YEARS. GROUND-RENT ONLY £75 PER ANNUM.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 2nd DECEMBER (UNLESS PREVIOUSLY SOLD).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Sanderson Lee and Co., 7, Moorgate, E.C.
Particulars from the Auctioneers:—
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

81, SOUTH AUDLEY-STREET,
FACING AUDLEY-SQUARE.
MAYFAIR.
A BOW-FRONTED HOUSE OF EXCEPTIONAL CHARM.
Modernized ready for occupation.
Hall, panelled dining and drawing rooms, study, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, excellent white-tiled offices.
Beautifully fitted and enjoying every convenience including electric power, parquet floors, service lift, independent hot water, choice fireplaces, modern bath rooms, &c.
LEASE OVER 30 YEARS AT LOW GROUND RENT, £92 P.A.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 18th NOVEMBER (UNLESS SOLD PRIVATELY.)
Solicitors: Messrs. Digby and Co., 104, Victoria-street, S.W.1.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

63, TUFTON-STREET,
Close to the Houses of Parliament.
WESTMINSTER.
A MODERN RED-BRICK RESIDENCE PRACTICALLY NON-BASEMENT.
Lounge hall, three reception, five-six bed rooms, two bath rooms, ground-floor offices.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 18th NOVEMBER (UNLESS PREVIOUSLY SOLD).
Solicitors: Messrs. Ingledew, Sons and Brown 78 and 79, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

8, LYGON-PLACE,
Close to Eaton-square, S.W.
A distinctive "WILLETT"-built House in a fashionable position.
FIRST-FLOOR BED-ROOM SUITE.
Lounge hall, dining, morning and billiards rooms on ground floor, drawing room, 10 bed rooms, four bath rooms.
Tiled offices—a model of perfection.
PASSENGER LIFT.
Beautifully fitted and enjoying every convenience including Central Heating.
LEASE OVER 70 YEARS. GROUND-RENT ONLY £42 PER ANNUM.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 18th NOVEMBER (UNLESS PREVIOUSLY SOLD).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Hore, Pattison and Bathurst, 48, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

HOLLAND PARK.
An unusually fine detached double-fronted COUNTRY-STYLE HOUSE.
Splendidly appointed and most tastefully decorated.
Wonderful oak hall, three magnificent panelled ground floor reception rooms, 12 or 13 bed rooms, four luxurious baths, model offices, fine garage and rooms over. Small private garden.
CENTRAL HEATING, PARQUET FLOORS, &c.
Rent £420. Long Lease. Small Premium.
Very highly recommended by the SOLE AGENTS, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

A lavishly appointed House recently overhauled.
OPEN ON THREE SIDES, AND
FACING REGENT'S PARK.
Three reception rooms, six bed rooms, two bath rooms.
Remodelled offices as light as day.
PRIVATE GARDEN, tastefully laid out with lily pond, &c.
Central heating. Independent hot water. Service lift.
CROWN LEASE FOR SALE.
SOLE AGENTS,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

OVERLOOKING HAMPSTEAD HEATH EXTENSION.
Sylvan views safeguarded for ever.
DETACHED RESIDENCE.
Only a few minutes' walk from Golders Green Tube Station.
Six bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, lounge hall, sun-parlour, studio, non-basement offices.
Garage for two cars.
PRICE £5,000 or offer.
Also
Slightly SMALLER RESIDENCE adjoining.
PRICE ONLY £3,000 OR OFFER.
The two properties could be used in conjunction as one Residence.
Sole Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, The Clock Tower, 49, Heath-street, Hampstead, and 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

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